WAC 246-945-001 Definitions. The definitions in chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW and those in this section apply throughout this chapter unless otherwise stated.

1. "ACPE" means accreditation council for pharmacy education.
2. "Active ingredient" means any component that is intended to furnish pharmacological activity or other direct effect in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, or to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or other animals. The term includes those components that may undergo chemical change in the manufacture of the drug product and be present in that drug product in a modified form intended to furnish the specified activity or effect.
3. "Adulterated" refers to a drug that was produced and the methods used in, or the facilities or controls used for, its manufacture, processing, packing, or holding do not conform to or are not operated or administered in conformity with WAC 246-945-550 as to safety and has the identity and strength, and meets the quality and purity characteristics, which it purports or is represented to possess.
4. "Animal control agency" means any agency authorized by law to euthanize or destroy animals; to sedate animals prior to euthanasia or to engage in chemical capture of animals.
5. "Approved legend drugs" means any legend drug approved by the commission for use by registered humane societies or animal control agencies for the sole purpose of sedating animals prior to euthanasia, when necessary, and for use in chemical capture programs.
6. "Audit trail" means all materials and documents required for the entire process of filling a prescription, which shall be sufficient to document or reconstruct the origin of the prescription, and authorization of subsequent modifications of that prescription.
7. "Blood" means whole blood collected from a single donor and processed either for transfusion or further manufacturing.
8. "Blood component" means that part of the blood separated by physical or mechanical means.
9. "Central fill pharmacy" means a pharmacy contracting with an originating pharmacy, or having the same owner as an originating pharmacy, that provides centralized prescription filling on behalf of the originating pharmacy pursuant to these rules.
10. "Chemical capture program" means wildlife management programs registered under RCW 69.41.080 and 69.50.320 to use approved legend drugs and controlled substance for chemical capture. Chemical capture includes immobilization of individual animals in order for the animals to be moved, treated, examined, or for other legitimate purposes.
11. "Collaborative drug therapy agreement" or "CDTA" means a written guideline or protocol previously established and approved by a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs that enables a pharmacist to exercise prescriptive authority.
12. "Controlled substances" has the same meaning as RCW 69.50.101.
13. "Controlled substance wholesaler" means a wholesaler licensed under RCW 18.64.046 to possess and sell controlled substances to a licensed pharmacy or other legally licensed or authorized person.
15. "Counterfeit" means a drug which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness there-
of, of a drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other
than the person or persons who in fact manufactured, processed,
packed, or distributed such drug and which thereby falsely purports or
is represented to be the product of, or to have been packed or dis-
tributed by, such other drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or dis-
tributor.

(16) "CPE" means continuing pharmacy education accredited by the
ACPE.

(17) "Consultation" means:
(a) A communication or deliberation between a pharmacist and a
patient, a patient's agent, or a patient's health care provider in
which the pharmacist uses professional judgment to provide advice
about drug therapy.
(b) A method by which the pharmacist meets patient information
requirements as set forth in WAC 246-945-325.

(18) "Credential" means a license, certification, or registration
under the chapters specified in RCW 18.130.040 issued to a person to
practice a regulated health care profession. Whether the credential is
a license, certification, or registration is determined by the law
regulating the profession.

(19) "DEA" means the United States Drug Enforcement Administra-
tion.

(20) "Delegated tasks" means tasks that are performed pursuant to
a pharmacist's direction, without the exercise of the pharmacy ancil-
lar personnel's own judgment and discretion, and which do not require
the pharmacy ancillary personnel's to exercise the independent profes-
sional judgment that is the foundation of the practice of the profes-
sion of pharmacy.

(21) "Department" means the Washington state department of
health.

(22) "Dose" means the amount of drug to be administered at one
time.

(23) "Drug(s) of concern" are those drugs identified by the com-
mission as demonstrating a potential for abuse by all professionals
licensed to prescribe, dispense, or administer such substances in this
state.

(24) "Drug price advertising" means the dissemination of nonpro-
motional information pertaining to the prices of legend or prescrip-
tion drugs.

(25) "Drug product" means a finished dosage form (e.g., tablet,
capsule, solution) that contains an active drug ingredient generally,
but not necessarily, in association with inactive ingredients. The
term also includes a finished dosage form that does not contain an ac-
tive ingredient but is intended to be used as a placebo.

(26) "Drug sample" means a unit of prescription drug that is not
intended to be sold and is intended to promote the sale of the drug.

(27) "Drug standard and information sources" means industry rec-
ognized reference and resources.

(28) "Drug storage area" means an area where legend drugs, con-
trolled substances, or other restricted items are stored, compounded,
or dispensed.

(29) "Drug utilization review" includes, but is not limited to,
the following activities:
(a) Evaluation of prescriptions and patient records for known al-
lergies, rational therapy-contraindications, appropriate dose, and
route of administration and appropriate directions for use;
(b) Evaluation of prescriptions and patient records for duplication of therapy;
  (c) Evaluation of prescriptions and patient records for interactions between drug-drug, drug-food, drug-disease, and adverse drug reactions; and
  (d) Evaluation of prescriptions and patient records for proper utilization, including over- or under-utilization, and optimum therapeutic outcomes.

(30) "Electronic means" an electronic device used to send, receive, and/or store prescription information, including computers, facsimile machines, etc.

(31) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a contract or other record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.

(32) "Enrolled student" means a student who has accepted an offer of admission in writing and the student has made the appropriate deposit securing admission to an accredited school or college of pharmacy.

(33) "Equivalent manager" means an individual authorized to act on behalf of a pharmaceutical firm not licensed as a pharmacy to serve as the primary contact for the department and is responsible for managing the facility operations which includes, but is not limited to, actively involved in and aware of the daily operations of the facility.

(34) "Export wholesaler" means any wholesaler authorized by the commission to export legend drugs and nonprescription (OTC) drugs to foreign countries.

(35) "FDA" - United States Food and Drug Administration.

(36) "Full-line wholesaler" means a drug wholesale distributor that is licensed under RCW 18.64.046 to possess and sell legend drugs, controlled substance and nonprescription drugs to a licensed pharmacy or other legally licensed or authorized person.

(37) "FPGEC" means foreign pharmacy graduate examination committee.

(38) "FPGEE" means foreign pharmacy graduate equivalency examination.

(39) "Generic substitution" means the act of switching between a branded drug and its therapeutically equivalent generic version.

(40) "HIPAA" means Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

(41) "Hospital" means any institution licensed under chapter 70.41 or 71.12 RCW or designated under RCW 72.23.020.

(42) "Hospital pharmacy" means that portion of a hospital licensed under RCW 18.64.043 which is engaged in the manufacture, production, preparation, dispensing, sale, or distribution of drugs, components, biologicals, chemicals, devices and other materials used in the diagnosis and treatment of injury, illness and diseases.

(43) "Hospital pharmacy associated clinic" or "HPAC" means an individual practitioner's office or multipractitioner clinic owned, operated, or under common control of a parent hospital or health system, where the physical address of the office or clinic is identified on a hospital pharmacy license.

(44) "Immediate supervision" means supervision by a pharmacist who is immediately available at all times the delegated tasks are being performed; who is aware of delegated tasks being performed; and
who provides personal assistance, direction and approval throughout the time the delegated tasks are being performed.

(a) "Immediately available" means the pharmacist and pharmacy ancillary personnel or interns are on the same physical premises, or if not, technology is used to enable real time, two-way communications between the pharmacist and technician(s).

(b) Use of technology: A pharmacist, as an adjunct to assist in the immediate supervision of the pharmacy ancillary personnel or intern, may employ technological means to communicate with or observe the pharmacy ancillary personnel or intern. A pharmacist shall make certain all applicable state and federal laws including, but not limited to, confidentiality, are fully observed when employing technological means of communication and observation. If technology is being used to provide immediate supervision of pharmacy ancillary personnel or intern such technology shall be sufficient to provide the personal assistance, direction and approval required to meet the standard of practice for the delegated tasks.

(45) "Inoperable" means a credential status indicating that an individual cannot practice because he or she is not actively participating or enrolled in a required training program when this condition is a requirement of the credential. Inoperable status is not the result of enforcement action. The health care professional can resume practice when appropriately enrolled in a required training program and the credential is reactivated.

(46) "Internal test assessment" means, but is not limited to, conducting those tests of quality assurance necessary to ensure the integrity of the test.

(47) "Investigational drug" means any article drug that has an investigational drug application (INDA) that has been approved by the FDA.

(48) "Key party" means immediate family members and others who would be reasonably expected to play a significant role in the health care decisions of the patient or client and includes, but is not limited to, the spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent, child, guardian and person authorized to make health care decisions of the patient or client.

(49) "Law enforcement" means any general or limited authority Washington peace officer or federal law enforcement officer or tribal officer.

(50) "License transfer" means the process used by licensed pharmacists to transfer their existing pharmacist license to Washington using NABP's Electronic Licensure Transfer Program® (e-LTP™).

(51) "Lot" means a batch or a specific identified portion of a batch having uniform character and quality within specified limits, or in the case of a drug product produced by continuous process, it is a specific identified amount produced in a unit of time or quantity in a manner that assures it is having uniform character and quality within specified limits.

(52) "Manual signature" means a printed or wet signature.

(53) "Misbranded" applies to all drugs the package or label of which bears any statement, design or device regarding such article or the ingredients or substances contained therein which is false or misleading in any particular way, and drug product which is falsely branded as to the state, territory or country in which it is manufactured or produced.

(54) "NABP" means the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.
(55) "NDC" means National Drug Code.
(56) "Nuclear pharmacy" means a pharmacy providing radiopharmaceutical services.
(57) "Nuclear pharmacist" means a pharmacist licensed under RCW 18.64.080 who holds an endorsement that meets the requirements of WAC 246-945-180.
(58) "Originating pharmacy" means a pharmacy that receives a prescription from a patient, the patient's agent, or a prescriber, outsources prescription filling or processing functions to another pharmacy, and ultimately dispenses the prescription drug or device to the patient or the patient's agent. This does not include pharmacies engaged in shared pharmacy services in accordance with RCW 18.64.570.
(59) "Over-the-counter drugs" or "OTC" means "nonlegend" or "non-prescription" drugs, and any drugs which may be lawfully sold without a prescription.
(60) "Over-the-counter only wholesaler" means any wholesaler licensed under RCW 18.64.046 to possess and sell OTC drugs to any outlets credentialed for resale.
(61) "Pharmaceutical firm" means a business engaged in the dispensing, delivering, distributing, manufacturing, or wholesaling of prescription drugs or devices within or into Washington state.
(62) "Pharmacy intern" means a person who is registered with the commission under RCW 18.64.080(3) as a pharmacy intern.
(63) "Pharmacy services" means any services provided that meet the definition of the practice of pharmacy, RCW 18.64.011.
(64) "Plan of correction" is a proposal devised by the applicant or credential holder that includes specific corrective actions that must be taken to correct identified unresolved deficiencies with time frames to complete them.
(65) "Precursor drugs" as defined in chapter 69.43 RCW.
(66) "Prescription drug" means any drug, including any biological product required by federal statute or regulation to be dispensed only by a prescription, including finished dosage forms and bulk drug substances subject to section 503(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
(67) "Protocol" means a written set of procedures, steps or guidance.
(68) "Radiopharmaceutical service" means, but is not limited to:
(a) The preparing, compounding, dispensing, labeling, and delivery of radiopharmaceuticals;
(b) The participation in radiopharmaceutical selection and radiopharmaceutical utilization reviews;
(c) The proper and safe storage and distribution of radiopharmaceuticals;
(d) The maintenance of radiopharmaceutical quality assurance;
(e) The responsibility for advising, where necessary or where regulated, of therapeutic values, hazards and use of radiopharmaceuticals; or
(f) The offering or performing of those acts, services, operations or transactions necessary in the conduct, operation management and control of a nuclear pharmacy.
(69) "Radiopharmaceutical" means any substance defined as a drug in section 201(g)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act which exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei with the emission of nuclear particles or photons and includes any nonradioactive reagent kit or nuclide generator which is intended to be used in the preparation of any such substance but does not include drugs such as
carbon-containing compounds or potassium-containing salts which contain trace quantities of naturally occurring radionuclides. The term "radioactive drug" includes a "radioactive biological product."

(70) "Radiopharmaceutical quality assurance" means, but is not limited to, the performance of appropriate chemical, biological and physical tests on radiopharmaceuticals and the interpretation of the resulting data to determine their suitability for use in humans and animals, including internal test assessment authentication of product history and the keeping of proper records.

(71) "Readily retrievable" means a record that is kept by automatic data processing systems or other electronic, mechanized, or written recordkeeping systems in such a manner that it can be separated out from all other records in a reasonable time.

(72) "Reverse distributor" means a pharmaceutical wholesaler that receives drugs for destruction, return credit, or otherwise disposes of drugs received from a registrant that holds a credential to dispense or possess drugs.

(73) "Secretary" means the secretary of the Washington state department of health.

(74) "Strength" means:
(a) The concentration of the drug product; and/or
(b) The potency, that is, the therapeutic activity of the drug product as indicated by appropriate laboratory tests or by adequately developed and controlled clinical data.

(75) "U.S. jurisdiction" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(76) "USP" means the United States Pharmacopeia.

(77) "Therapeutic substitution" means the act of dispensing an alternative drug that is believed to be therapeutically similar but may be chemically different, in a different category, or with different pharmacokinetic properties. This substitution is based on the premise that the substituted drug will provide similar clinical efficacy, desired outcome, and safety profile.

(78) "TOEFL iBT" means an internet based test which measures the ability to use and understand English. It evaluates the combined use of reading, listening, speaking and writing skills.

(79) "Virtual manufacturer" means an individual or facility that sells his or her own prescription drugs, but never physically possesses the drugs.

(80) "Virtual wholesaler" means an individual or facility that sells a prescription drug and/or device, but never physically possesses the product.

(81) "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient, but does not include:
(a) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase or trade a drug, or the dispensing of a drug pursuant to a prescription;
(b) The lawful distribution of drug samples by manufacturers' representatives or distributors' representatives;
(c) The sale, purchase, or trade of blood and blood components intended for transfusion;
(d) Intracompany sales, being defined as any transaction or transfer between any division, subsidiary, parent and/or affiliated or related company under the common ownership and control of a corporate
entity, unless such transfer occurs between a wholesale distributor and a health care entity or practitioner; or

(e) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug for emergency medical reasons, for purposes of this section, "emergency medical reasons" includes transfers of prescription drugs by retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy or practitioner to alleviate a temporary shortage, except that the gross dollar value of such transfers shall not exceed five percent of the total prescription drug sale revenue of either the transferor or transferee pharmacy during any twelve consecutive month period.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 18.64.005, 18.64.080, 18.130.075, 18.64.043, 18.64.044, 18.64.045, 18.64.046, 18.64.370, 18.64.460, 69.50.310, 18.64.011, 18.64.245, 18.64.470, 18.64.255, 18.64.205, 18.64.253, 18.64.410, 18.64.500, 18.64.590. WSR 20-12-072, § 246-945-001, filed 6/1/20, effective 7/1/20.]