SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5853

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Pedersen, Warnick, Frockt, Bailey, Carlyle, Zeiger, Dhingra, Becker, Wellman, Walsh, King, Liias, Wagoner, Palumbo, Hobbs, Rivers, Keiser, Hunt, Darneille, Rolfes, Hasegawa, Conway, Braun, Billig, Kuderer, Salomon, Cleveland, McCoy, Nguyen, Short, Das, Hawkins, Takko, Saldaña, Randall, O'Ban, Wilson, C., Van De Wege, and Wilson, L.)

READ FIRST TIME 03/01/19.

1 AN ACT Relating to the school construction assistance program; 2 amending RCW 28A.525.166; creating new sections; providing an 3 effective date; and declaring an emergency.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the 2017-2019 6 omnibus capital appropriations act established a joint legislative 7 task force on improving state support for school construction. The task force, through multiple public hearings and visits to schools 8 around the state, developed recommendations for improvements to the 9 school construction assistance program. This act implements consensus 10 11 recommendations of the task force that relate directly to the school 12 construction assistance program, including: (1) Adjusting the square 13 footage per student allocation to reflect what is actually getting 14 built; and (2) increasing the state match floor from twenty percent to thirty percent. It also implements a majority recommendation of 15 16 the task force to remove policy disadvantages to preservation of 17 historic buildings. This act also calls for the development of 18 methods project the need for state financing of to school construction and ways to reduce the school construction costs to 19 state and local taxpayers before fully implementing state funding 20 21 improvements.

1 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.525.166 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 3 s 7018 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

Allocations to school districts of state funds provided by RCW 28A.525.162 through 28A.525.180 shall be made by the superintendent of public instruction and the amount of state funding assistance to a school district in financing a school plant project shall be determined in the following manner:

(1) The boards of directors of the districts shall determine the 8 total cost of the proposed project, which cost may include the cost 9 of acquiring and preparing the site, the cost of constructing the 10 11 building or of acquiring a building and preparing the same for school 12 use, the cost of necessary equipment, taxes chargeable to the project, necessary architects' fees, and a reasonable amount for 13 14 contingencies and for other necessary incidental expenses: PROVIDED, That the total cost of the project shall be subject to review and 15 approval by the superintendent. 16

17 (2) The state funding assistance percentage for a school district18 shall be computed by the following formula:

19 <u>(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the ratio of</u> 20 the school district's adjusted valuation per pupil divided by the 21 ratio of the total state adjusted valuation per pupil shall be 22 subtracted from three, and then the result of the foregoing shall be 23 divided by three plus (the ratio of the school district's adjusted 24 valuation per pupil divided by the ratio of the total state adjusted 25 valuation per pupil).

26		District adjusted	Total state	
27		3-valuation ÷	adjusted valuation	
28	Computed	per pupil	per pupil	State
29	State =		= - %	Funding
30	Ratio	District adjusted	Total state	Assistance
31		3+valuation ÷	adjusted valuation	
32		per pupil	per pupil	

((PROVIDED, That)) (b) In the event the state funding assistance percentage to any school district based on the above formula is less than ((twenty)) thirty percent and such school district is otherwise eligible for state funding assistance under RCW 28A.525.162 through 28A.525.180, the superintendent ((may)) must establish for such district a state funding assistance percentage not in excess of 1 ((twenty)) thirty percent of the approved cost of the project((, if 2 the superintendent finds that such additional assistance is necessary 3 to provide minimum facilities for housing the pupils of the 4 district)).

5 (3) <u>In addition to the computed state funding assistance</u> 6 percentage developed in subsection (2) of this section, a school 7 district shall be entitled to five additional percentage points if 8 the project renovates a school building that has been listed on the 9 national register of historic places, the Washington heritage 10 register consistent with chapter 27.34 RCW, or listed on a local 11 register of historic places.

12 <u>(4)</u> In addition to the computed state funding assistance 13 percentage developed in subsection (2) of this section, a school 14 district shall be entitled to additional percentage points determined 15 by the average percentage of growth for the past three years. One 16 percent shall be added to the computed state funding assistance 17 percentage for each percent of growth, with a maximum of twenty 18 percent.

(((-4))) (5) In computing the state funding assistance percentage 19 in subsection (2) of this section and adjusting the percentage under 20 subsection (((3))) (4) of this section, students residing outside the 21 22 school district who are enrolled in alternative learning experience 23 courses under RCW 28A.232.010 shall be excluded from the count of total pupils. In lieu of the exclusion in this subsection, a district 24 25 may submit an alternative calculation for excluding students enrolled in 26 alternative learning experience courses. The alternative 27 calculation must show the student headcount use of district classroom 28 facilities on a regular basis for a reasonable duration by out-ofdistrict alternative learning experience students subtracted by the 29 headcount of in-district alternative learning experience students not 30 31 using district classroom facilities on a reqular basis for a 32 reasonable duration. The alternative calculation must be submitted in a form approved by the office of the superintendent of public 33 instruction. The office of the superintendent of public instruction 34 must develop rules to define "regular basis" and "reasonable 35 duration." 36

37 (((5))) (6) The approved cost of the project determined in the 38 manner prescribed in this section multiplied by the state funding 39 assistance percentage derived as provided for in this section shall 40 be the amount of state funding assistance to the district for the

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financing of the project: PROVIDED, That need therefor has been 1 established to the satisfaction of the superintendent: PROVIDED, 2 FURTHER, That additional state funding assistance may be allowed if 3 it is found by the superintendent, considering policy recommendations 4 from the school facilities citizen advisory panel that 5 such 6 assistance is necessary in order to meet (a) a school housing emergency resulting from the destruction of a school building by 7 fire, the condemnation of a school building by properly constituted 8 authorities, a sudden excessive and clearly foreseeable future 9 10 increase in school population, or other conditions similarly emergent in nature; or (b) a special school housing burden resulting from 11 projects of statewide significance or imposed by virtue of the 12 admission of nonresident students into educational programs 13 established, maintained and operated in conformity with 14 the 15 requirements of law; or (c) a deficiency in the capital funds of the district resulting from financing, subsequent to April 1, 1969, and 16 17 without benefit of the state funding assistance provided by prior state assistance programs, the construction of a needed school 18 building project or projects approved in conformity with the 19 requirements of such programs, after having first applied for and 20 21 been denied state funding assistance because of the inadequacy of 22 state funds available for the purpose, or (d) a condition created by the fact that an excessive number of students live in state owned 23 housing, or (e) a need for the construction of a school building to 24 25 provide for improved school district organization or racial balance, or (f) conditions similar to those defined under (a), (b), (c), (d), 26 27 and (e) of this subsection, creating a like emergency.

28 (((6) For the 2015-2017 biennium, schools determined to have a lack of sufficient space to provide science classrooms or labs, to 29 30 meet the requirements of law, have a special housing burden condition 31 similar to those defined under subsection (5) (b) of this section, creating a like emergency. For the 2015-2017 biennium, school 32 districts are entitled to additional percentage points for school 33 34 construction projects that have a special housing burden condition only and have received private donations in the form of cash, in-35 kind, or equipment of more than one hundred thousand dollars. The 36 37 additional percentage points are determined by (a) school district student enrollments in the free and reduced-price meals program, (b) 38 39 school district class as defined by RCW 28A.300.065, and (c) the 40 funding assistance percentage as calculated in subsection (2) of this

1 section. The additional percentage points under (a) of this subsection are twenty percent of the percent of student enrollments 2 eligible and enrolled in the free and reduced-price meals program. 3 The additional percentage points under (b) of this subsection are ten 4 for second class school districts. The additional percentage points 5 under (c) of this subsection are ten for school districts with 6 funding assistance percentages of more than fifty percent.)) (7) If 7 the estimated total state general obligation bond appropriation for 8 the school construction assistance program exceeds one-third of the 9 10 total state general obligation bond appropriations, the state construction cost allocation used in calculating state funding 11 assistance in the construction of school facilities shall be reduced 12 in the omnibus capital appropriations act so that the total state 13 general obligation bond appropriation for the school construction 14 assistance program does not exceed one-third of the total state 15 16 general obligation bond appropriations. (8) State funding assistance in the construction of school 17 facilities for grade kindergarten through grade twelve and classrooms 18 19 planned for the exclusive use of students with disabilities shall be based on a space allocation per enrolled student and shall be 20 21 provided as follows: 22 (a) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022: 23 (i) One hundred ten square feet maximum per student in kindergarten through grade six; 24 25 (ii) One hundred seventeen square feet maximum per student in grades seven and eight; 26 (iii) One hundred thirty square feet maximum per student in 27 28 grades nine through twelve; and (iv) One hundred forty-four square feet maximum per student in 29 30 any grade for classrooms for students with developmental 31 disabilities; 32 (b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023: (i) One hundred twenty square feet maximum per student in 33 34 kindergarten through grade six; (ii) One hundred seventeen square feet maximum per student in 35 36 grades seven and eight; (iii) One hundred thirty square feet maximum per student in 37 38 grades nine through twelve; and

1	<u>(iv) One hundred forty</u>	-four sq	<u>uare fee</u>	<u>t maximum</u>	per s	student	in
2	any grade for classro	oms for	studer	nts with	dev	elopmer	<u>ntal</u>
3	disabilities; and						
4	(c) For fiscal year end	ing June	30, 2024	, and there	after	•	
5	(i) One hundred thir	<u>ty squar</u>	re feet	<u>maximum p</u>	er s	tudent	in
6	kindergarten through grade	six;					
7	<u>(ii) One hundred thirty</u>	square	<u>feet maxi</u>	<u>mum per st</u>	<u>udent</u>	in gra	<u>ades</u>
8	<u>seven and eight;</u>						
9	<u>(</u> iii) One hundred forty	square	feet maxi	<u>mum per st</u>	<u>udent</u>	in gra	<u>ades</u>
10	nine through twelve; and						
11	<u>(iv) One hundred forty-</u>	six squa	re feet m	aximum per	stud	ent in	any
12	grade for classrooms for st	udents wi	th develo	opmental di	<u>sabil</u>	ities.	
13	<u>(9) Space allocations</u>	for stat	<u>e fundinc</u>	g assistand	<u>ce pu</u>	rposes	for
14	districts with fewer than	four l	nundred	<u>students i</u>	<u>n ki</u>	ndergar	<u>rten</u>
15	through grade eight or fewe	er than f	four hund	red studen	<u>ts in</u>	senior	or
16	four-year high schools shal	<u>l be prov</u>	vided as :	follows:			
17	Number of Hea	<u>idcount</u>	Maximum Spac	<u>e</u>			
18	Students-Gra	des	Allocation				
19	Kindergarten –	8	Per Facility				
20	<u>1-200</u>		<u>42,000 square f</u>	eet			
21	<u>201-300</u>		<u>48,000 square f</u>	eet			
22	<u>301-399</u>		<u>52,000 square f</u>	eet			
23	Number of Hea	udcount	Maximum Spac	e <u>e</u>			
24	Students—Gra	des 9-12	Allocation				
25			Per Facility				
26	<u>1-200</u>		42,000 square f	eet			
27	<u>201-300</u>		<u>48,000 square f</u>	eet			
28	<u>301-399</u>		<u>52,000 square f</u>	eet			
29	NEW SECTION Sec 3	(1) The	office	of the su	norin	tondont	of

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1) The office of the superintendent of 29 30 public instruction must develop a plan to implement further 31 improvements in funding school construction. The plan must build upon 32 improvements enacted in this act, and recommendations of the joint 33 legislative task force on improving state funding for school 34 construction established in section 7009, chapter 298, Laws of 2018. The plan must be developed in consultation with the school facilities 35 36 technical advisory committee, and other technical experts. The plan 1 must be submitted to the governor and appropriate committees of the 2 legislature by June 30, 2022.

(2) The plan must include a program to preserve and renew school 3 facilities constructed or modernized and accepted as complete by 4 school boards of directors after January 1, 1994. The program must 5 6 include provisions for school districts to nominate school facilities built and accepted before January 1, 1994, for eligibility for the 7 preservation and renewal program, provided the facility meets 8 specified criteria for inclusion in the program. The program is 9 intended to reduce the costs for school facility preservation and 10 renewal, compared to the existing modernization program for older 11 school facilities. School facilities that receive funding under the 12 preservation and renewal program are no longer 13 eligible for modernization funding unless the school facility has suffered 14 catastrophic loss from a natural or other disaster. The preservation 15 16 and renewal program is intended to replace or renew school facility 17 major building systems that have reached their expected life. The plan must include definitions of major building systems and their 18 19 expected lives. The plan must: (a) Provide incentives to school districts to provide effective building system preventative 20 21 maintenance programs; and (b) maximize long-term value from state and local investment in school facilities. 22

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(3) The plan must include:

(a) A projection of the amount of space and expected costs
necessary to meet the projected student enrollment growth over a ten year period;

(b) A projection of the cost to modernize school facilities built before 1994 that are likely to require comprehensive modernization or replacement over a ten-year period;

30 (c) A projection of the cost for the school facility preservation 31 and renewal program specified in subsection (2) of this section over 32 a ten-year period;

(d) A projection of the cost to modernize school facilities
eligible for small schools preservation funding under Substitute
Senate Bill No. 5572 (2019) over a ten-year period;

36 (e) A projection of required state funds based on the existing 37 financial assistance percentage for the projections in (a) through 38 (d) of this subsection. To the extent that the sum total of required 39 and necessary state funds exceeds the ten-year projection of common 40 school construction account revenue plus thirty-five percent of

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1 projected state bond capacity, the plan must present options for 2 closing the shortfall.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate 4 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of 5 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes 6 effect July 1, 2019.

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