## SENATE BILL 5803

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senators Rivers, Rolfes, Walsh, Takko, Warnick, Zeiger, Palumbo, Schoesler, Liias, King, Kuderer, McCoy, and Wilson, C.

Read first time 02/04/19. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

- AN ACT Relating to the use of career and technical education 1
- 2 resources; amending RCW 28A.150.265; and creating a new section.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 3
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature that 4
- dedicated funds for the enhancement of career and technical education 5
- 6 be used for those expenditures specific to the implementation of
  - career and technical education above and beyond general education
- 8 requirements and allocations.

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- 9 RCW 28A.150.265 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 409 are each amended to read as follows:
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- (1) To the extent that career and technical education funding 11
- 12 allocations under RCW 28A.150.260 (4)(c) and (9) exceed general
- education funding allocations under RCW 28A.150.260, school districts 13
- ((may)) must use the difference only for the career and technical 14
- 15 education purposes, defined as follows:
- 16 (a) Staff salaries and benefits ((for)) associated with providing
- 17 time and resources to oversee required extended learning components
- of high quality career and technical education ((program delivery)). 18
- For the purposes of this subsection, "extended learning" means 19
- learning activities that extend beyond the scheduled school day and 20

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1 school year under the direction of career and technical education
2 certificated staff;

- (b) Materials, supplies, and operating costs;
- (c) Smaller class sizes;

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- (d) Work-based learning <u>and work-integrated</u> programs such as internships and preapprenticeship programs, including coordination tied to career and technical education coursework;
- (e) ((New high quality career and technical education and expanded learning program development in high-demand fields;
- 10 <del>(f)</del>)) Certificated work-based learning coordinators and career 11 guidance advisors;
  - ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u> School expenses associated with career and technical education community partnerships with a career discovery focus including research or evidence-based mentoring programs and expanded learning opportunities in school, before or after school, and during the summer, and career-focused education programs with private and public K-12 schools and colleges, community-based organizations and nonprofit organizations, industry partners, tribal governments, and workforce development entities;
- 20  $((\frac{h}{h}))$  <u>(g)</u> Student fees for national and state industry-21 recognized certifications; and
- 22 ((<del>(i)</del>)) <u>(h)</u> Course equivalency development to integrate core 23 learning standards into career and technical education courses.
  - (2) A school district's maximum allowable indirect cost charges for approved career and technical education programs funded by the state may not exceed the lower of five percent or the cap established in federal law for federal career and technical education funding provided to school districts, as the federal law existed on September 1, 2017.

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