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SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5317

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wellman, Nguyen, Zeiger, Kuderer, Cleveland, Padden, Das, Frockt, Hunt, Saldaña, and Wilson, C.)

READ FIRST TIME 03/01/19.

- AN ACT Relating to nonfirearm measures to increase school safety 1 2 38.52.040, 28A.320.125, student well-being; amending RCW 3 28A.300.273, 28A.300.490, 28A.320.126, and 28A.320.1271; adding new sections to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4 5 28A.310 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.320 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 28A.310.505; and providing an expiration 6 date.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. INTENT. (1) The legislature recognizes 10 that school safety supports effective teaching and learning by 11 and promoting a physically, emotionally, socially, behaviorally, and academically secure climate for students, staff, 12 13 and visitors. Keeping a school safe involves planning for the 14 prevention of, intervention in, mitigation of, protection from, 15 response to, and recovery from various natural, physical, social, 16 emotional, biological, and technological threats and trauma to an 17 individual, the school, and the community.
 - (2) The legislature has taken steps over the years to improve the safety of public school students by, for example: (a) Requiring schools and school districts to have school safety plans in place; (b) requiring school districts to have plans for recognition, initial

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screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in students, including indicators of possible substance abuse, violence, youth suicide, and sexual abuse; (c) requiring the use of a statewide first responder building mapping information system; (d) requiring school districts to adopt policies and procedures to prevent harassment, intimidation, and bullying, including cyberbullying; and (e) prohibiting firearms and other dangerous weapons on school premises.

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- (3) The legislature finds that many school districts need additional supports to keep their schools safe. The legislature intends to establish a statewide network of the structural components necessary to enhance student safety in schools so that students have a sense of well-being and can focus on learning. This network, or system, of comprehensive school safety supports is based on the work of the state school safety center, which supports the regional school safety centers at each educational service district. The regional school safety centers, in collaboration with community school safety stakeholders, support the efforts of the local school districts and schools to bring best practices in school safety to every school and classroom in the state. The school safety and student well-being advisory committee provides ongoing advice to the state and regional school safety centers, as well as public and private schools. The state and regional school safety centers, together with the school safety and student well-being advisory committee, bring together caring adults, including those who work directly with students every day, to define school safety problems at the state and local levels and identify solutions to those problems, such as creating needed programs and identifying necessary supports. Creating a system of comprehensive school safety supports will maximize the use of state and local resources so that every student can attend a school with a safe, healthy, and supportive learning environment.
- (4) The legislature further finds that on February 14, 2018, a former student at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School in Florida is alleged to have returned to that high school and carried out one of the nation's worst school shootings by killing seventeen people and injuring many more. The legislature further finds that this student's past revealed a pattern of disciplinary issues and unnerving behavior. His attorney stated that this student has ". . . been through a lot of trauma. He has suffered significant mental illness, and significant mental trauma."

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- 1 (5) The legislature intends to increase student health and well-2 being by requiring each school building to have a primary contact who 3 is trained in recognizing, screening, and responding to emotional or 4 behavioral distress in students.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 6 RCW to read as follows:
- 7 STATE SCHOOL SAFETY CENTER. (1) Subject to the availability of 8 amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the superintendent of 9 public instruction shall establish a school safety center as provided 10 in this section.
- 11 (2) The center, working in conjunction with the regional school 12 safety centers established in section 3 of this act, forms a 13 statewide network for school safety.
- 14 (3) The center, in collaboration with staff in the office of the superintendent of public instruction, must:
- 16 (a) Serve as a clearinghouse for information regarding comprehensive school safety planning and practice;
- 18 (b) Disseminate information regarding school safety incidents in 19 Washington and across the country;
- 20 (c) Develop and maintain a public web site to increase the 21 availability of information, research, and other materials related to 22 school safety;
- 23 (d) Serve as the lead school safety center, and work in 24 conjunction with the regional school safety centers, to support 25 school districts efforts to meet state requirements regarding school 26 safety including the development and implementation of:
- 27 (i) Comprehensive safe school plans as required by RCW 28 28A.320.125; and
- (ii) Plans for recognition, initial screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in students as required by RCW 28A.320.127;
- 32 (e) Develop model school safety policies and procedures and 33 identify best practices in school safety;
- 34 (f) Work in conjunction with the regional school safety centers 35 to plan for the provision of school safety trainings and to provide 36 technical assistance;
- 37 (g) Hold an annual school safety summit as required by RCW 38 28A.300.273;

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- 1 (h) Support the required activities of the regional school safety 2 centers, established in section 3 of this act; and
- 3 (i) Perform other functions consistent with the purpose of the 4 center, as described in this section.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.310 6 RCW to read as follows:

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REGIONAL SCHOOL SAFETY CENTERS. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, each educational service district must establish a regional school safety center as provided in this section.

- (2) The regional school safety centers working in collaboration with one another and the state school safety center, established in section 2 of this act, form a statewide network for school safety. The purpose of this statewide network is to provide coordination of school safety efforts throughout the state and to provide school safety resources to the school districts in each educational service district region.
- 18 (3) Working in collaboration with the office of the 19 superintendent of public instruction and the statewide network, each 20 regional school safety center must provide to the school districts in 21 its region:
- 22 (a) Comprehensive school safety planning coordination that, at a 23 minimum, includes:
 - (i) Support for school districts' efforts to meet state requirements regarding school safety, including the development and implementation of school-level and district-level comprehensive safe school plans as required under RCW 28A.320.125;
 - (ii) Facilitating collaboration between school districts and community school safety stakeholders in order to strengthen comprehensive school safety planning;
 - (iii) Providing training and technical assistance to school districts and public schools regarding best practices in comprehensive school safety planning;
- (iv) Assisting, as necessary, with needs assessments and gap analyses as school districts develop emergency plans;
- 36 (v) Developing and coordinating a regional system of response and 37 recovery for school districts and public schools when emergencies or 38 crises occur; and

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1 (vi) Providing technical assistance to school districts that are 2 considering the purchase of, or implementing, school safety 3 technology;

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- (b) Behavioral health coordination that, at a minimum, includes:
- (i) Providing support for school district development and implementation of plans for recognition, initial screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in students as required by RCW 28A.320.127;
- (ii) Facilitating partnerships and coordination between school districts, public schools, and existing regional and local systems of behavioral health care services and supports in order to increase student and family access to the services and supports;
- (iii) Assisting school districts and public schools in building capacity to identify and support students in need of behavioral health care services and to link students and families with community-based behavioral health care services;
- 17 (iv) Identifying, sharing, and integrating, to the extent 18 practicable, behavioral and physical health care service delivery 19 models;
 - (v) Providing medicaid billing related training, technical assistance, and coordination between school districts; and
 - (vi) Guidance in implementing best practices in response to, and to recover from, the suicide or attempted suicide of a student;
- 24 (c) School-based threat assessment coordination that, at a 25 minimum, includes:
 - (i) Providing training and technical assistance regarding the use of the model policy and procedure to establish a school-based threat assessment program, developed under section 7 of this act;
 - (ii) Assisting with ongoing identification and implementation of best practices for school-based threat assessment programs, described under section 5 of this act; and
 - (iii) Building partnerships with community partners, such as behavioral health providers, law enforcement agencies, emergency responders, juvenile justice organizations, and child welfare agencies, for the purpose of implementing school-based threat assessment programs that comply with best practices;
- 37 (d) Assistance with coordinating other entities in the region to 38 provide support to school districts before emergencies occur;

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(e) Plan, coordinate, and deliver the trainings required by this subsection (3), and other school district staff trainings related to school safety, in order to maximize quality professional learning;

- (f) Technical assistance to school districts seeking funding for first aid, health, and safety and security resources;
- (g) Information about systems and programs that allow anonymous reporting of student concerns;
- (h) Real-time support and assistance for school districts in crisis, such as offering information, technical assistance associated with best practices, and staff trained in responding to school emergencies;
- (i) Develop collaborative relationships with community organizations, private schools, businesses, and others interested in supporting safe schools; and
- 15 (j) Other duties consistent with state and federal school safety 16 requirements.
 - (4) The regional school safety centers may, based on the needs of the school districts in their region, and in collaboration with emergency responders, provide assistance to, and facilitate communication between, emergency responders and schools or school districts impacted by emergency situations.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
 - SCHOOL SAFETY AND STUDENT WELL-BEING ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the school safety and student well-being advisory committee is established within the office of the superintendent of public instruction. The purpose of the committee is to advise the superintendent, the office of the superintendent of public instruction's school safety center, the regional school safety centers, school districts, and public and private schools on all matters related to comprehensive school safety and student well-being.
 - (2) The superintendent of public instruction must appoint the members of the committee. The members must represent the following sectors, agencies, and organizations, at a minimum: The various state education associations, including teachers associations and associations for educational staff associates; the educational service districts; the state ethnic commissions; the governor's

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- 1 office of Indian affairs; parent organizations; student
- 2 organizations; private schools; emergency management; behavioral
- 3 health; public health; law enforcement; and emergency first 4 responders.
- 5 (3) The committee shall:

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- 6 (a) Make recommendations to those it advises on policies and 7 strategies to improve school safety and student well-being;
- 8 (b) Identify emerging issues and best practices for consideration 9 and implementation, particularly as these relate to the integration 10 of student well-being and school safety;
- 11 (c) Establish priorities for training, funding, statewide data 12 collection, and other forms of support for students, schools, and 13 school districts;
- 14 (d) Engage the public on school safety and student well-being; 15 and
 - (e) Perform other duties as required by law.
 - (4) By November 15, 2020, and by November 15th every even year thereafter, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, the committee must coordinate with the office of the superintendent of public instruction's school safety center to submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature. The report must summarize the committee's activities during the past biennium, include recommended state policies and strategies for improving school safety and student well-being, provide an estimate of the cost to implement each recommendation, and prioritize the recommendations.
 - (5) Staff support for the committee must be provided by the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
 - (6) The committee must meet at least quarterly.
- (7) Members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses if they are elected officials or are participating on behalf of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any reimbursement for other members is subject to chapter 43.03 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:
- 35 SCHOOL-BASED THREAT ASSESSMENT PROGRAM. (1) At a minimum, a 36 school-based threat assessment program must:
- 37 (a) Provide for timely and methodical school-based threat 38 assessment and management;

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1 (b) Be prompted by the behavior of a student rather than some 2 combination of a student's demographic and personal characteristics;

- (c) Convene a multidisciplinary, multiagency team, including special education teachers and practicing educational staff associates, to:
- (i) Identify and assess the behavior of a student that is threatening, or potentially threatening, to self, other students, staff, school visitors, or school property;
- (ii) Gather and analyze information about the student's behavior to determine a level of concern for the threat that focuses on situational variables, rather than the student's demographic or personal characteristics;
- (iii) Depending on the determined level of concern, develop and implement intervention strategies to manage the student's behavior in ways that promote a safe, supportive teaching and learning environment, without excluding the student from the school; and
- (iv) In the case of the threatening, or potentially threatening, behavior of a student with disabilities, align intervention strategies with the student's individualized education program or plan developed under section 504 of the rehabilitation act of 1973 by coordinating with the student's individualized education program or section 504 plan team;
- 23 (d) Create guidelines for each threat assessment team to collect, 24 report, and review quantitative data on its activities; and
 - (e) Prohibit suspension or expulsion based merely on threat assessment referral or performance.
 - (2) By the beginning of the 2020-21 school year, each school district shall adopt a policy and procedure to establish a school-based threat assessment program that meets the requirements of subsection (1) of this section. The school district policy and procedure must be consistent with the model policy and procedure developed under section 7 of this act, and with other school district policies, procedures, and plans addressing safe and supportive learning environments.
 - (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "School-based threat assessment" means the formal process, established by a school district, of evaluating the threatening, or potentially threatening, behavior of a student, and the circumstances

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- surrounding the threat, to uncover any facts or evidence that the threat is likely to be carried out.
 - (b) "School-based threat management" means the development and implementation of a plan to manage or reduce the threatening, or potentially threatening, behavior of a student in a way that increases the physical and psychological safety of students, staff, and visitors, while providing for the education of all students.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 9 RCW to read as follows:
- 10 (1) Beginning in the 2019-20 school year, school districts must 11 identify one person in each school district as the student health and 12 well-being primary contact.
 - (2) The primary contact must be appointed by the school district superintendent and may be a mental health counselor or other professional that is trained in recognizing, screening, and responding to emotional or behavioral distress in students and identifying students who are at risk for substance abuse, violence, or youth suicide.
 - (3) At a minimum, the primary contact must:
- 20 (a) Build trusting relationships with students;
- 21 (b) Educate students about the conditions that should trigger 22 communicating concerns;
 - (c) De-escalate tension;

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- (d) Observe classrooms upon request by a teacher or student;
- 25 (e) Collaborate with the primary contact regarding the 26 antiharassment, intimidation, or bullying policy required by RCW 28A.300.285;
- (f) Coordinate the implementation of plans for recognition, initial screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in students as required by RCW 28A.320.127;
- 31 (g) Participate in the professional collaboration with school 32 counselors, social workers, and psychologists required by RCW 33 28A.320.290; and
- 34 (h) Facilitate partnerships with qualified health, mental health, 35 and social services agencies in the community to whom school 36 personnel may make referrals.
- 37 (4) This section does not create any civil liability on the part 38 of the state or any state agency, officer, employee, agent, political 39 subdivision, or school district.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
- 3 MODEL SCHOOL-BASED THREAT ASSESSMENT POLICY AND PROCEDURE. (1) The Washington state school directors' association, in collaboration 4 with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, shall 5 6 develop a model policy and procedure to establish a school-based 7 threat assessment program that meets the requirements of section 5 of this act. The model policy and procedure must be posted on the web 8 site of the state school safety center, established in section 2 of 9 this act, by January 1, 2020. 10
- 11 (2) In developing the model policy and procedure, the Washington 12 state school directors' association and the office of the 13 superintendent of public instruction must:

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- (a) Consult with the school safety and student well-being advisory committee, established under section 4 of this act, and other organizations with expertise in school safety, behavioral health, the rights of students with disabilities, and protecting civil liberties; and
- 19 (b) Consider multilevel threat assessment programs implemented in schools in Washington.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
 - DATA COLLECTION AND MONITORING. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, in order to ensure that public schools and school districts are meeting the requirements of RCW 28A.320.125 relating to comprehensive safe school plans, RCW 28A.320.127 related to plans for recognition, initial screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in students, and section 5 of this act relating to school-based threat assessment programs, the superintendent of public instruction shall monitor these programs no less than once every five years.
 - (2) The superintendent of public instruction must consult with interested stakeholders to develop data collection and submission requirements for school districts as they relate to RCW 28A.320.125 relating to comprehensive safe school plans, RCW 28A.320.127 related to plans for recognition, initial screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in students, and section 5 of this act relating to school-based threat assessment programs.

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- 1 (3) By December 1, 2020, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, 2 the office of the superintendent of public instruction must report to 3 the appropriate committees of the legislature regarding the office's 4 plans for data collection and monitoring under this section and 5 describing any implementation issues that could be fixed through 6 legislation.
- 7 (4) The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules 8 under chapter 34.05 RCW to implement this section.
- 9 Sec. 9. FIRST RESPONDER BUILDING MAPPING NEW SECTION. INFORMATION SYSTEM STUDY. (1) The joint legislative audit and review 10 committee shall conduct a study of school districts' use of the first 11 responder mapping information system under RCW 36.28A.060. The office 12 13 of the superintendent of public instruction and the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall provide advice and 14 15 assistance to the committee's effort to collect information from 16 school districts, law enforcement, and emergency first responders.
 - (2) The study must seek to identify:

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- 18 (a) Which school districts are using the system under RCW 19 36.28A.060;
- 20 (b) Which law enforcement, emergency first responder, and 21 emergency management agencies have access to the system;
 - (c) Whether, and to what extent, law enforcement, emergency first responder, and emergency management agencies use the system when responding to actual safety or security incidents at or around schools;
 - (d) How school districts use the system, including whether it is used in school safety-related drills required under RCW 28A.320.125;
 - (e) Whether school districts are using alternative methods consistent with the system, as allowed under RCW 28A.320.125(2), and, if so, why these districts are not using the system;
 - (f) What are the school districts' costs for using the system or any alternative methods;
- 33 (g) Whether the system is interoperable with other systems used 34 by school districts and educational service districts;
- 35 (h) What training school district staff receive on using the 36 system;
- 37 (i) Whether it would be efficient and effective to coordinate use 38 of the system through the educational service districts; and

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- (j) What aspects of the system school districts, law enforcement agencies, and emergency first responder agencies find helpful and what aspects, if any, could be improved, including technology updates.
- 5 (3) By January 31, 2020, and in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, 6 the committee must provide a report to the appropriate committees of 7 the legislature that describes the results of the study.
 - (4) This section expires August 31, 2021.

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- 9 **Sec. 10.** RCW 38.52.040 and 2015 c 274 s 17 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT COUNCIL CONSULTATION WITH EDUCATION EXPERTS. 11 (1) There is hereby created the emergency management council 12 (hereinafter called the council), to consist of not more than 13 ((seventeen)) eighteen members who shall be appointed by the adjutant 14 15 general. The membership of the council shall include, but not be 16 limited to, representatives of city and county governments, sheriffs 17 and police chiefs, the Washington state patrol, the military department, the department of ecology, state and local fire chiefs, 18 seismic safety experts, state and local emergency management 19 20 directors, search and rescue volunteers, medical professions who have expertise in emergency medical care, building officials, ((and)) 21 22 private industry; and the office of the superintendent of public instruction. The representatives of private industry shall include 23 24 persons knowledgeable in emergency and hazardous materials management. The councilmembers shall elect a chair from within the 25 council membership. The members of the council shall serve without 26 27 compensation, but may be reimbursed for their travel expenses incurred in the performance of their duties in accordance with RCW 28 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended. 29
 - (2) The emergency management council shall advise the governor and the director on all matters pertaining to state and local emergency management. The council may appoint such ad hoc committees, subcommittees, and working groups as are required to develop specific recommendations for the improvement of emergency management practices, standards, policies, or procedures. The council shall ensure that the governor receives an annual assessment of statewide emergency preparedness including, but not limited to, specific progress on hazard mitigation and reduction efforts, implementation of seismic safety improvements, reduction of flood hazards, and

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coordination of hazardous materials planning and response activities. The council shall review administrative rules governing state and local emergency management practices and recommend necessary revisions to the director.

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- (3) The council or a council subcommittee shall serve and periodically convene in special session as the state emergency response commission required by the emergency planning and community right-to-know act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 11001 et seq.). The state emergency response commission shall conduct those activities specified in federal statutes and regulations and state administrative rules governing the coordination of hazardous materials policy including, but not limited to, review of local emergency planning committee emergency response plans for compliance with the requirements in the emergency planning and community right-to-know act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 11001 et seq.). Committees shall annually review their plans to address changed conditions, and submit their plans to the state emergency response commission for review when updated, but not less than at least once every five years. The department may employ staff to assist local emergency planning committees in the development and annual review of these emergency response plans, with an initial focus on the highest risk communities through which trains that transport oil in bulk travel. By March 1, 2018, the department shall report to the governor and legislature on progress towards compliance with planning requirements. The report must also provide budget and policy recommendations for continued support of local emergency planning.
 - (4)(a) The intrastate mutual aid committee is created and is a subcommittee of the emergency management council. The intrastate mutual aid committee consists of not more than five members who must be appointed by the council chair from council membership. The chair of the intrastate mutual aid committee is the military department representative appointed as a member of the council. Meetings of the intrastate mutual aid committee must be held at least annually.
 - (b) In support of the intrastate mutual aid system established in chapter 38.56 RCW, the intrastate mutual aid committee shall develop and update guidelines and procedures to facilitate implementation of the intrastate mutual aid system by member jurisdictions, including but not limited to the following: Projected or anticipated costs; checklists and forms for requesting and providing assistance; recordkeeping; reimbursement procedures; and other implementation

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- issues. These guidelines and procedures are not subject to the rulemaking requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 3 (5) On emergency management issues that involve early learning, 4 kindergarten through twelfth grade, or higher education, the
- 5 emergency management council must consult with representatives from
- 6 the following organizations: The department of children, youth, and
- 7 <u>families; the office of the superintendent of public instruction; the</u>
- 8 state board for community and technical colleges; and an association
- 9 <u>of public baccalaureate degree granting institutions.</u>

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- 10 **Sec. 11.** RCW 28A.320.125 and 2017 c 165 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
 - MODIFYING DRILL REQUIREMENTS. (1) The legislature considers it to be a matter of public safety for public schools and staff to have current safe school plans and procedures in place, fully consistent with federal law. The legislature further finds and intends, by requiring safe school plans to be in place, that school districts will become eligible for federal assistance. The legislature further finds that schools are in a position to serve the community in the event of an emergency resulting from natural disasters or man-made disasters.
 - (2) Schools and school districts shall consider the guidance and resources provided by the ((superintendent of public instruction, including the comprehensive school safety checklist and the model comprehensive safe school plans that include prevention, intervention, all hazard/crisis response, and posterisis recovery))state school safety center, established under section 2 of this act, and the regional school safety centers, established under section 3 of this act, when developing their own individual comprehensive safe school plans. Each school district shall adopt((response) no later than September 1, 2008r)) and implement a safe school plan consistent with the school mapping information system pursuant to RCW 36.28A.060. The plan shall:
 - (a) Include required school safety policies and procedures;
- 34 (b) Address emergency mitigation, preparedness, response, and 35 recovery;
- 36 (c) Include provisions for assisting and communicating with 37 students and staff, including those with special needs or 38 disabilities;

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(d) <u>Include a student-family reunification plan, including</u> <u>procedures for communicating the reunification plan to staff,</u> students, families, and emergency responders;

- (e) Use the training guidance provided by the Washington emergency management division of the state military department in collaboration with the ((Washington)) state school safety center in the office of the superintendent of public instruction ((school safety center)), established under section 2 of this act, and the school safety ((eenter)) and student well-being advisory committee, established under section 4 of this act;
- ((+e+)) (f) Require the building principal to be certified on the incident command system;
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(g)</u> Take into account the manner in which the school facilities may be used as a community asset in the event of a community-wide emergency; and
 - (((g))) <u>(h)</u> Set guidelines for requesting city or county law enforcement agencies, local fire departments, emergency service providers, and county emergency management agencies to meet with school districts and participate in safety-related drills.
- 20 (3) To the extent funds are available, school districts shall 21 annually:
- 22 (a) Review and update safe school plans in collaboration with local emergency response agencies;
 - (b) Conduct an inventory of all hazardous materials;
 - (c) Update information on the school mapping information system to reflect current staffing and updated plans, including:
 - (i) Identifying all staff members who are trained on the national incident management system, trained on the incident command system, or are certified on the incident command system; and
 - (ii) Identifying school transportation procedures for evacuation, to include bus staging areas, evacuation routes, communication systems, parent-student reunification sites, and secondary transportation agreements consistent with the school mapping information system; and
 - (d) Provide information to all staff on the use of emergency supplies and notification and alert procedures.
 - (4) To the extent funds are available, school districts shall annually record and report on the information and activities required in subsection (3) of this section to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs.

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(5) School districts are encouraged to work with local emergency management agencies and other emergency responders to conduct one tabletop exercise, one functional exercise, and two full-scale exercises within a four-year period.

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- (6) (a) Due to geographic location, schools have unique safety challenges. It is the responsibility of school principals and administrators to assess the threats and hazards most likely to impact their school, and to practice three basic functional drills, shelter-in-place, lockdown, and evacuation, as these drills relate to those threats and hazards. Some threats or hazards may require the use of more than one basic functional drill.
- (b) Schools shall conduct at least one safety-related drill per month, including summer months when school is in session with students. These drills must teach students three basic functional drill responses:
- (i) "Shelter-in-place," used to limit the exposure of students and staff to hazardous materials, such as chemical, biological, or radiological contaminants, released into the environment by isolating the inside environment from the outside;
- 20 (ii) "Lockdown," used to isolate students and staff from threats 21 of violence, such as suspicious trespassers or armed intruders, that 22 may occur in a school or in the vicinity of a school; and
- 23 (iii) "Evacuation," used to move students and staff away from threats, such as fires, oil train spills, <u>lahars</u>, or tsunamis.
- 25 (c) The drills described in (b) of this subsection must 26 incorporate the following requirements:
- 27 (i) Use of the school mapping information system in at least one 28 of the safety-related drills; ((and))
- 29 (ii) A pedestrian evacuation drill for schools in mapped <u>lahars</u> 30 <u>or</u> tsunami hazard zones((-)); and
- 31 (((d) The drills described in (b) of this subsection may 32 incorporate)) (iii) An earthquake drill using the state-approved 33 earthquake safety technique "drop, cover, and hold."
 - (((e))) <u>(d)</u> Schools shall document the date, time, and type (shelter-in-place, lockdown, or evacuate) of each drill required under this subsection (6), and maintain the documentation in the school office.
- $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(e)</u> This subsection (6) is intended to satisfy all federal requirements for comprehensive school emergency drills and evacuations.

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(7) Educational service districts are encouraged to apply for federal emergency response and crisis management grants with the assistance of the superintendent of public instruction and the Washington emergency management division of the state military department.

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- 6 (8) The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules to 7 implement provisions of this section. These rules may include, but 8 are not limited to, provisions for evacuations, lockdowns, or other 9 components of a comprehensive safe school plan.
- 10 **Sec. 12.** RCW 28A.300.273 and 2016 c 240 s 3 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the school safety and student well-being advisory committee shall hold annual school safety summits. Each annual summit must focus on establishing and monitoring the progress of a statewide plan for funding cost-effective methods for school safety that meet local needs. Other areas of focus may include planning and implementation of school safety planning efforts, training of school safety professionals, and integrating mental health and security measures.

- 22 (2) Summit participants must be appointed no later than August 1, 23 2016.
 - (a) The ((majority and minority leaders)) president of the senate shall appoint two members from each of the ((relevant)) two largest caucuses of the senate.
 - (b) The speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint two members from each of the two largest caucuses of the house of representatives.
 - (c) The governor shall appoint one representative.
- 31 (3) Other summit participants may include representatives from 32 the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the 33 department of health, educational service districts, educational 34 associations, emergency management, law enforcement, fire 35 departments, parent organizations, and student organizations.
- 36 (4) Staff support for the annual summit shall be provided by the 37 office of the superintendent of public instruction ((and the school safety advisory committee)).

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(5) Legislative members of the summit are reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Nonlegislative members are not entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses if they are elected officials or are participating on behalf of an employer, governmental entity, or other organization. Any reimbursement for other nonlegislative members is subject to chapter 43.03 RCW.

- **Sec. 13.** RCW 28A.300.490 and 2007 c 406 s 2 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
 - CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. (1) A task force on gangs in schools is created to examine current adult and youth gang activities that are affecting school safety. The task force shall work under the guidance of the office of the superintendent of public instruction's school safety center, the school safety ((center)) and student well-being advisory committee established in section 4 of this act, and the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs.
 - (2) The task force shall be comprised of representatives, selected by the superintendent of public instruction, who possess expertise relevant to gang activity in schools. The task force shall outline methods for preventing new gangs, eliminating existing gangs, gathering intelligence, and sharing information about gang activities.
- 22 (3) Beginning December 1, 2007, the task force shall annually 23 report its findings and recommendations to the education committees 24 of the legislature.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 28A.320.126 and 2013 c 233 s 1 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. School districts must work collaboratively with local law enforcement agencies and school security personnel to develop an emergency response system using evolving technology to expedite the response and arrival of law enforcement in the event of a threat or emergency at a school. School districts are encouraged to use the model policies developed by the school safety (([center] advisory committee of)) center in the office of the superintendent of public instruction as a resource. Each school district must submit a progress report on its implementation of an emergency response system as required under this section to the office of the superintendent of public instruction by December 1, 2014.

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1 **Sec. 15.** RCW 28A.320.1271 and 2013 c 197 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. The office of the superintendent of public 3 instruction's ((and the)) school safety (([center] advisory 4 committee)) center, established in section 2 of this act, shall 5 6 develop a model school district plan for recognition, initial screening, and response to emotional or behavioral distress in 7 students, including but not limited to indicators of possible 8 substance abuse, violence, and youth suicide. The model plan must 9 incorporate research-based best practices, including practices and 10 protocols used in schools and school districts in other states. The 11 12 model plan must be posted by February 1, 2014, on the school safety center web site, along with relevant resources and information to 13 support school districts in developing and implementing the plan 14 15 required under RCW 28A.320.127.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. REPEALER. RCW 28A.310.505 (Regional school safety and security programs) and 2016 c 240 s 6 are each repealed.

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