S-0020.4			

SENATE BILL 6100

60th Legislature

2007 Regular Session

By Senators Kline and Brandland

State of Washington

Read first time 02/21/2007. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to charitable donations and other costs imposed on
- 2 defendants; amending RCW 10.01.160; adding a new section to chapter
- 3 10.01 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 46.63 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 10.01 RCW to read as follows:
- 7 A city attorney, county prosecutor, or other prosecuting authority
- 8 may not dismiss, amend, or agree not to file a criminal charge in
- 9 exchange for a contribution, donation, or payment to any person,
- 10 corporation, or organization. This does not prohibit contribution,
- 11 donation, or payment to any specific fund authorized by state statute,
- 12 or the collection of costs associated with actual supervision,
- 13 treatment, collection of restitution under a pretrial diversion
- 14 program, or dismissal following payment that is authorized by any other
- 15 statute.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 46.63 RCW
- 17 to read as follows:
- 18 A city attorney, county prosecutor, or other prosecuting authority

p. 1 SB 6100

may not dismiss, amend, or agree not to file an infraction in exchange for a contribution, donation, or payment to any person, corporation, or organization. This does not prohibit contribution, donation, or payment to any specific fund authorized by state statute, or the collection of costs associated with actual supervision, treatment, collection of restitution under a pretrial diversion program, or dismissal following payment that is authorized by any other statute.

8 Sec. 3. RCW 10.01.160 and 2005 c 263 s 2 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

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- (1) The court may require a defendant to pay costs. Costs may be imposed only upon a convicted defendant, except for costs imposed upon a defendant's entry into a deferred prosecution program, costs imposed upon a defendant for pretrial supervision, or costs imposed upon a defendant for preparing and serving a warrant for failure to appear.
- (2) Costs shall be limited to expenses specially incurred by the state in prosecuting the defendant or in administering the deferred prosecution program under chapter 10.05 RCW or pretrial supervision. They cannot include expenses inherent in providing a constitutionally expenditures in connection with the quaranteed jury trial or maintenance and operation of government agencies that must be made by the public irrespective of specific violations of law. incurred for serving of warrants for failure to appear and jury fees under RCW 10.46.190 may be included in costs the court may require a defendant to pay. Costs for administering a deferred prosecution or pretrial supervision may not exceed one hundred fifty dollars. for preparing and serving a warrant for failure to appear may not exceed one hundred dollars. Costs of incarceration imposed on a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor or a gross misdemeanor may not exceed the actual cost of incarceration. In no case may the court require the offender to pay more than one hundred dollars per day for the cost of incarceration. Payment of other court-ordered financial obligations, including all legal financial obligations and costs of the supervision take precedence over the payment of incarceration ordered by the court. All funds received from defendants for the cost of incarceration in the county or city jail must be remitted for criminal justice purposes to the county or city that is responsible for the defendant's jail costs. Costs imposed constitute

SB 6100 p. 2

a judgment against a defendant and survive a dismissal of the underlying action against the defendant. However, if the defendant is acquitted on the underlying action, the costs for preparing and serving a warrant for failure to appear do not survive the acquittal, and the judgment that such costs would otherwise constitute shall be vacated.

- (3) The court shall not ((sentence)) order a defendant to pay costs unless the defendant is or will be able to pay them. In determining the amount and method of payment of costs, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of costs will impose.
- (4) A defendant who has been ((sentenced)) ordered to pay costs and who is not in contumacious default in the payment thereof may at any time petition the sentencing court for remission of the payment of costs or of any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may remit all or part of the amount due in costs, or modify the method of payment under RCW 10.01.170.

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p. 3 SB 6100