
SENATE BILL 5224

State of Washington

60th Legislature

2007 Regular Session

By Senators Jacobsen, Rockefeller and Kilmer; by request of Office of Financial Management

Read first time 01/15/2007. Referred to Committee on Natural Resources, Ocean & Recreation.

1 AN ACT Relating to the salmon recovery office; amending RCW
2 77.85.005, 77.85.010, 77.85.020, 77.85.030, 77.85.040, 77.85.090,
3 77.85.150, 77.85.200, 43.41.270, and 79A.25.240; providing an effective
4 date; and declaring an emergency.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 77.85.005 and 2005 c 309 s 1 are each amended to read
7 as follows:

8 The legislature finds that repeated attempts to improve salmonid
9 fish runs throughout the state of Washington have failed to avert
10 listings of salmon and steelhead runs as threatened or endangered under
11 the federal endangered species act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.).
12 These listings threaten the sport, commercial, and tribal fishing
13 industries as well as the economic well-being and vitality of vast
14 areas of the state. It is the intent of the legislature to begin
15 activities required for the recovery of salmon stocks as soon as
16 possible, although the legislature understands that successful recovery
17 efforts may not be realized for many years because of the life cycle of
18 salmon and the complex array of natural and human-caused problems they
19 face.

1 The legislature finds that it is in the interest of the citizens of
2 the state of Washington for the state to retain primary responsibility
3 for managing the natural resources of the state, rather than abdicate
4 those responsibilities to the federal government, and that the state
5 may best accomplish this objective by integrating local and regional
6 recovery activities into a statewide strategy that can make the most
7 effective use of provisions of federal laws allowing for a state lead
8 in salmon recovery, delivered through implementation activities
9 consistent with regional and watershed recovery plans. The legislature
10 also finds that a statewide salmon recovery strategy must be developed
11 and implemented through an active public involvement process in order
12 to ensure public participation in, and support for, salmon recovery.
13 The legislature also finds that there is a substantial link between the
14 provisions of the federal endangered species act and the federal clean
15 water act (33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq.). The legislature further finds
16 that habitat restoration is a vital component of salmon recovery
17 efforts. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to
18 specifically address salmon habitat restoration in a coordinated manner
19 and to develop a structure that allows for the coordinated delivery of
20 federal, state, and local assistance to communities for habitat
21 projects that will assist in the recovery and enhancement of salmon
22 stocks. A strong watershed-based locally implemented plan is essential
23 for local, regional, and statewide salmon recovery.

24 The legislature also finds that credible scientific review and
25 oversight is essential for any salmon recovery effort to be successful.

26 The legislature further finds that it is important to monitor the
27 overall health of the salmon resource to determine if recovery efforts
28 are providing expected returns. It is important to monitor salmon
29 habitat projects and salmon recovery activities to determine their
30 effectiveness in order to secure federal acceptance of the state's
31 approach to salmon recovery. Adaptive management cannot exist without
32 monitoring. For these reasons, the legislature believes that a
33 coordinated and integrated monitoring system should be developed and
34 implemented.

35 The legislature therefore finds that a coordinated framework for
36 responding to the salmon crisis is needed immediately. To that end,
37 the statewide salmon recovery office (~~((should be))~~) is created within
38 the (~~((governor's))~~) office of the interagency committee for outdoor

1 recreation to provide overall coordination of the state's response; an
2 independent science panel is needed to provide scientific review and
3 oversight; a coordinated state funding process should be established
4 through a salmon recovery funding board; the appropriate local or
5 tribal government should provide local leadership in identifying and
6 sequencing habitat projects to be funded by state agencies; habitat
7 projects should be implemented without delay; and a strong locally
8 based effort to restore salmon habitat should be established by
9 providing a framework to allow citizen volunteers to work effectively.

10 **Sec. 2.** RCW 77.85.010 and 2005 c 309 s 2 are each amended to read
11 as follows:

12 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
13 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

14 (1) "Adaptive management" means reliance on scientific methods to
15 test the results of actions taken so that the management and related
16 policy can be changed promptly and appropriately.

17 (2) "Critical pathways methodology" means a project scheduling and
18 management process for examining interactions between habitat projects
19 and salmonid species, prioritizing habitat projects, and assuring
20 positive benefits from habitat projects.

21 (3) "Habitat project list" is the list of projects resulting from
22 the critical pathways methodology under RCW 77.85.060(2). Each project
23 on the list must have a written agreement from the landowner on whose
24 land the project will be implemented. Projects include habitat
25 restoration projects, habitat protection projects, habitat projects
26 that improve water quality, habitat projects that protect water
27 quality, habitat-related mitigation projects, and habitat project
28 maintenance and monitoring activities.

29 (4) "Habitat work schedule" means those projects from the habitat
30 project list that will be implemented during the current funding cycle.
31 The schedule shall also include a list of the entities and individuals
32 implementing projects, the start date, duration, estimated date of
33 completion, estimated cost, and funding sources for the projects.

34 (5) "Limiting factors" means conditions that limit the ability of
35 habitat to fully sustain populations of salmon. These factors are
36 primarily fish passage barriers and degraded estuarine areas, riparian
37 corridors, stream channels, and wetlands.

1 (6) "Project sponsor" is a county, city, special district, tribal
2 government, state agency, a combination of such governments through
3 interlocal or interagency agreements, a nonprofit organization,
4 regional fisheries enhancement group, or one or more private citizens.
5 A project sponsored by a state agency may be funded by the board only
6 if it is included on the habitat project list submitted by the lead
7 entity for that area and the state agency has a local partner that
8 would otherwise qualify as a project sponsor.

9 (7) "Regional recovery organization" or "regional salmon recovery
10 organization" means an entity formed under RCW 77.85.090 for the
11 purpose of recovering salmon, which is recognized in statute or by the
12 statewide salmon recovery office.

13 (8) "Salmon" includes all species of the family Salmonidae which
14 are capable of self-sustaining, natural production.

15 (9) "Salmon recovery plan" means a state or regional plan developed
16 in response to a proposed or actual listing under the federal
17 endangered species act that addresses limiting factors including, but
18 not limited to harvest, hatchery, hydropower, habitat, and other
19 factors of decline.

20 (10) "Salmon recovery region" means geographic areas of the state
21 identified or formed under RCW 77.85.090 that encompass groups of
22 watersheds in the state with common stocks of salmon identified for
23 recovery activities, and that generally are consistent with the
24 geographic areas within the state identified by the national oceanic
25 and atmospheric administration or the United States fish and wildlife
26 service for activities under the federal endangered species act.

27 (11) "Salmon recovery strategy" means the strategy adopted under
28 RCW 77.85.150 and includes the compilation of all subbasin and regional
29 salmon recovery plans developed in response to a proposed or actual
30 listing under the federal endangered species act with state hatchery,
31 harvest, and hydropower plans compiled in accordance with RCW
32 77.85.150.

33 (12) "Tribe" or "tribes" means federally recognized Indian tribes.

34 (13) "WRIA" means a water resource inventory area established in
35 chapter 173-500 WAC as it existed on January 1, 1997.

36 (14) "Owner" means the person holding title to the land or the
37 person under contract with the owner to lease or manage the legal
38 owner's property.

1 **Sec. 3.** RCW 77.85.020 and 2005 c 309 s 3 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) (~~By December 1, 2006~~) No later than January 31, 2009, and
4 every odd-numbered year thereafter, the (~~governor~~) statewide salmon
5 recovery office shall submit a biennial state of the salmon report to
6 the legislature and the governor regarding the implementation of the
7 state's salmon recovery strategy. The report may include the
8 following:

9 (a) A description of the amount of in-kind and financial
10 contributions, including volunteer, private, and state, federal, tribal
11 as available, and local government money directly spent on salmon
12 recovery in response to actual, proposed, or expected endangered
13 species act listings;

14 (b) A summary of habitat projects including but not limited to:

15 (i) A summary of accomplishments in removing barriers to salmon
16 passage and an identification of existing barriers;

17 (ii) A summary of salmon restoration efforts undertaken in the past
18 two years;

19 (iii) A summary of the role which private volunteer initiatives
20 contribute in salmon habitat restoration efforts; and

21 (iv) A summary of efforts taken to protect salmon habitat;

22 (c) A summary of collaborative efforts undertaken with adjoining
23 states or Canada;

24 (d) A summary of harvest and hatchery management activities
25 affecting salmon recovery;

26 (e) A summary of information regarding impediments to successful
27 salmon recovery efforts;

28 (f) A summary of the number and types of violations of existing
29 laws pertaining to: (i) Water quality; and (ii) salmon. The summary
30 shall include information about the types of sanctions imposed for
31 these violations;

32 (g) Information on the estimated carrying capacity of new habitat
33 created pursuant to chapter 246, Laws of 1998; and

34 (h) Recommendations to the legislature that would further the
35 success of salmon recovery. The recommendations may include:

36 (i) The need to expand or improve nonregulatory programs and
37 activities;

1 (ii) The need to expand or improve state and local laws and
2 regulations; and

3 (iii) Recommendations for state funding assistance to recovery
4 activities and projects.

5 (2) The report shall summarize the monitoring data coordinated by
6 the monitoring forum. The summary must include but is not limited to
7 data and analysis related to:

8 (a) Measures of progress in fish recovery;

9 (b) Measures of factors limiting recovery as well as trends in such
10 factors; and

11 (c) The status of implementation of projects and activities.

12 (3) The department, the department of ecology, the department of
13 natural resources, the state conservation commission, and the
14 governor's monitoring forum shall provide to the statewide salmon
15 recovery office information requested by the office necessary to
16 prepare the state of the salmon report and other reports produced by
17 the office.

18 **Sec. 4.** RCW 77.85.030 and 2005 c 309 s 4 are each amended to read
19 as follows:

20 ~~((1))~~ The statewide salmon recovery office is created within the
21 office of the ~~((governor))~~ interagency committee for outdoor recreation
22 to coordinate state strategy to allow for salmon recovery to healthy
23 sustainable population levels with productive commercial and
24 recreational fisheries. The primary purpose of the office is to
25 coordinate and assist in the development, implementation, and revision
26 of regional salmon recovery plans as an integral part of a statewide
27 strategy developed consistent with the guiding principles and
28 procedures under RCW 77.85.150. The ~~((governor's))~~ statewide salmon
29 recovery office shall gather regional recovery plans from regional
30 recovery organizations and submit the plans to the federal fish
31 services for adoption as federal recovery plans. The statewide salmon
32 recovery office shall work with regional salmon recovery organizations
33 including the southwest Washington salmon recovery region established
34 in RCW 77.85.090 and the Puget Sound partnership, created by chapter .
35 ., ([House][Senate] Bill No. (Z-0369/07)), Laws of 2007 on
36 salmon recovery issues in order to ensure a coordinated and consistent

1 statewide approach to salmon recovery. The ~~((governor's))~~ statewide
2 salmon recovery office may also:

3 ~~((a))~~ (1) Assist state agencies, local governments, landowners,
4 and other interested parties in obtaining federal assurances that
5 plans, programs, or activities are consistent with fish recovery under
6 the federal endangered species act;

7 ~~((b))~~ (2) Act as liaison to local governments, the state
8 congressional delegation, the United States congress, federally
9 recognized tribes, and the federal executive branch agencies for issues
10 related to the state's salmon recovery plans; ~~((and~~

11 ~~(e))~~ (3) Provide periodic reports pursuant to RCW 77.85.020; and
12 (4) Provide, as appropriate, technical and administrative support
13 to the independent science panel or other science-related panels on
14 issues pertaining to salmon recovery.

15 ~~((2) This section expires June 30, 2007.))~~

16 **Sec. 5.** RCW 77.85.040 and 2005 c 309 s 5 are each amended to read
17 as follows:

18 (1) The governor shall request the national academy of sciences,
19 the American fisheries society, or a comparable institution to screen
20 candidates to serve as members on the independent science panel. The
21 institution that conducts the screening of the candidates shall submit
22 a list of the nine most qualified candidates to the governor, the
23 speaker of the house of representatives, and the majority leader of the
24 senate. The candidates shall reflect expertise in habitat requirements
25 of salmon, protection and restoration of salmon populations, artificial
26 propagation of salmon, hydrology, or geomorphology.

27 (2) The speaker of the house of representatives and the majority
28 leader in the senate may each remove one name from the nomination list.
29 The governor shall consult with tribal representatives and the governor
30 shall appoint five scientists from the remaining names on the
31 nomination list.

32 (3) The members of the independent science panel shall serve four-
33 year terms. Vacant positions on the panel shall be filled in the same
34 manner as the original appointments. Members shall serve no more than
35 two full terms. The independent science panel members shall elect the
36 chair of the panel among themselves every two years. Based upon

1 available funding, the (~~governor's~~) statewide salmon recovery office
2 may contract for services with members of the independent science panel
3 for compensation under chapter 39.29 RCW.

4 (4) The independent science panel shall be governed by generally
5 accepted guidelines and practices governing the activities of
6 independent science boards such as the national academy of sciences.
7 The purpose of the independent science panel is to help ensure that
8 sound science is used in salmon recovery efforts. The (~~governor's~~)
9 statewide salmon recovery office may request review of regional salmon
10 recovery plans by the science review panel. The science panel does not
11 have the authority to review individual projects or habitat project
12 lists developed under RCW 77.85.050 or 77.85.060 or to make policy
13 decisions. The panel shall periodically submit its findings and
14 recommendations under this subsection to the legislature and the
15 governor.

16 **Sec. 6.** RCW 77.85.090 and 2005 c 309 s 7 are each amended to read
17 as follows:

18 (1) The southwest Washington salmon recovery region, whose
19 boundaries are provided in chapter 60, Laws of 1998, is created.

20 (2) Lead entities within a salmon recovery region that agree to
21 form a regional salmon recovery organization may be recognized by the
22 statewide salmon recovery office as a regional recovery organization.
23 The regional recovery organization may plan, coordinate, and monitor
24 the implementation of a regional recovery plan in accordance with RCW
25 77.85.150. Regional recovery organizations existing as of July 24,
26 2005, that have developed draft recovery plans approved by the
27 governor's salmon recovery office by July 1, 2005, may continue to
28 plan, coordinate, and monitor the implementation of regional recovery
29 plans.

30 **Sec. 7.** RCW 77.85.150 and 2005 c 309 s 9 are each amended to read
31 as follows:

32 (1) The governor, with the assistance of the statewide salmon
33 recovery office, shall maintain and revise, as appropriate, a statewide
34 salmon recovery strategy.

35 (2) The governor and the statewide salmon recovery office shall be

1 guided by the following considerations in maintaining and revising the
2 strategy:

3 (a) The strategy should identify statewide initiatives and
4 responsibilities with regional recovery plans and local watershed
5 initiatives as the principal means for implementing the strategy;

6 (b) The strategy should emphasize collaborative, incentive-based
7 approaches;

8 (c) The strategy should address all factors limiting the recovery
9 of Washington's listed salmon stocks, including habitat and water
10 quality degradation, harvest and hatchery management, inadequate
11 streamflows, and other barriers to fish passage. Where other limiting
12 factors are beyond the state's jurisdictional authorities to respond
13 to, such as some natural predators and high seas fishing, the strategy
14 shall include the state's requests for federal action to effectively
15 address these factors;

16 (d) The strategy should identify immediate actions necessary to
17 prevent extinction of a listed salmon stock, establish performance
18 measures to determine if restoration efforts are working, recommend
19 effective monitoring and data management, and recommend to the
20 legislature clear and certain measures to be implemented if performance
21 goals are not met;

22 (e) The strategy shall rely on the best scientific information
23 available and provide for incorporation of new information as it is
24 obtained;

25 (f) The strategy should seek a fair allocation of the burdens and
26 costs upon economic and social sectors of the state whose activities
27 may contribute to limiting the recovery of salmon; and

28 (g) The strategy should seek clear measures and procedures from the
29 appropriate federal agencies for removing Washington's salmon stocks
30 from listing under the federal act.

31 (3) (~~Beginning on September 1, 2000,~~) If the strategy (~~shall~~
32 ~~be~~) is updated (~~through~~), an active and thorough public involvement
33 process, including early and meaningful opportunity for public comment,
34 must be utilized. In obtaining public comment, the statewide salmon
35 recovery office shall (~~hold public meetings~~) work with regional
36 salmon recovery organizations throughout the state and shall encourage
37 regional and local recovery planning efforts to (~~similarly~~) ensure an
38 active public involvement process.

1 (4) This section shall apply prospectively only and not
2 retroactively. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
3 invalidate actions taken in recovery planning at the local, regional,
4 or state level prior to July 1, 1999.

5 **Sec. 8.** RCW 77.85.200 and 2005 c 308 s 1 are each amended to read
6 as follows:

7 (1) A program for salmon and steelhead recovery is established in
8 Clark, Cowlitz, Lewis, Skamania, and Wahkiakum counties within the
9 habitat areas classified as the lower Columbia evolutionarily
10 significant units by the federal national marine fisheries service.
11 The management board created under subsection (2) of this section is
12 responsible for developing and overseeing the implementation of the
13 habitat portion of the salmon and steelhead recovery plan and is
14 empowered to receive and disburse funds for the salmon and steelhead
15 recovery initiatives. The management board created pursuant to this
16 section shall constitute the lead entity and the committee established
17 under RCW 77.85.050 responsible for fulfilling the requirements and
18 exercising powers under this chapter.

19 (2) A management board consisting of fifteen voting members is
20 created within the lower Columbia evolutionarily significant units.
21 The members shall consist of one county commissioner or designee from
22 each of the five participating counties selected by each county
23 legislative authority; one member representing the cities contained
24 within the lower Columbia evolutionarily significant units as a voting
25 member selected by the cities in the lower Columbia evolutionarily
26 significant units; a representative of the Cowlitz Tribe appointed by
27 the tribe; one state legislator elected from one of the legislative
28 districts contained within the lower Columbia evolutionarily
29 significant units selected by that group of state legislators
30 representing the area; five representatives to include at least one
31 member who represents private property interests appointed by the five
32 county commissioners or designees; one hydro utility representative
33 nominated by hydro utilities and appointed by the five county
34 commissioners or designees; and one representative nominated from the
35 environmental community who resides in the lower Columbia
36 evolutionarily significant units appointed by the five county
37 commissioners or designees. The board shall appoint and consult a

1 technical advisory committee, which shall include four representatives
2 of state agencies one each appointed by the directors of the
3 departments of ecology, fish and wildlife, and transportation, and the
4 commissioner of public lands. The board may also appoint additional
5 persons to the technical advisory committee as needed. The chair of
6 the board shall be selected from among the members of the management
7 board by the five county commissioners or designees and the legislator
8 on the board. In making appointments under this subsection, the county
9 commissioners shall consider recommendations of interested parties.
10 Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original
11 appointments were selected. No action may be brought or maintained
12 against any management board member, the management board, or any of
13 its agents, officers, or employees for any noncontractual acts or
14 omissions in carrying out the purposes of this section.

15 (3)(a) The management board shall participate in the development of
16 a habitat recovery plan to implement its responsibilities under (b) of
17 this subsection. The management board shall consider local watershed
18 efforts and activities as well as habitat conservation plans in the
19 development and implementation of the recovery plan. Any of the
20 participating counties may continue its own efforts for restoring
21 steelhead habitat. Nothing in this section limits the authority of
22 units of local government to enter into interlocal agreements under
23 chapter 39.34 RCW or any other provision of law.

24 (b) The management board is responsible for the development of a
25 lower Columbia salmon and steelhead habitat recovery plan and for
26 coordinating and monitoring the implementation of the plan. The
27 management board will submit all future plans and amendments to plans
28 to the ((governor's)) statewide salmon recovery office for the
29 incorporation of hatchery, harvest, and hydropower components of the
30 statewide salmon recovery strategy for all submissions to the national
31 marine fisheries service. In developing and implementing the habitat
32 recovery plan, the management board will work with appropriate federal
33 and state agencies, tribal governments, local governments, and the
34 public to make sure hatchery, harvest, and hydropower components
35 receive consideration in context with the habitat component. The
36 management board may work in cooperation with the state and the
37 national marine fisheries service to modify the plan, or to address
38 habitat for other aquatic species that may be subsequently listed under

1 the federal endangered species act. The management board may not
2 exercise authority over land or water within the individual counties or
3 otherwise preempt the authority of any units of local government.

4 (c) The management board shall prioritize as appropriate and
5 approve projects and programs related to the recovery of lower Columbia
6 river salmon and steelhead runs, including the funding of those
7 projects and programs, and coordinate local government efforts as
8 prescribed in the recovery plan. The management board shall establish
9 criteria for funding projects and programs based upon their likely
10 value in salmon and steelhead recovery. The management board may
11 consider local economic impact among the criteria, but jurisdictional
12 boundaries and factors related to jurisdictional population may not be
13 considered as part of the criteria.

14 (d) The management board shall assess the factors for decline along
15 each tributary basin in the lower Columbia. The management board is
16 encouraged to take a stream-by-stream approach in conducting the
17 assessment which utilizes state and local expertise, including
18 volunteer groups, interest groups, and affected units of local
19 government.

20 (4) The management board has the authority to hire and fire staff,
21 including an executive director, enter into contracts, accept grants
22 and other moneys, disburse funds, make recommendations to cities and
23 counties about potential code changes and the development of programs
24 and incentives upon request, pay all necessary expenses, and may choose
25 a fiduciary agent. The management board shall report on its progress
26 on a biennial basis to the legislative bodies of the five participating
27 counties and the state natural resource-related agencies. The
28 management board shall prepare a final report at the conclusion of the
29 program describing its efforts and successes in developing and
30 implementing the lower Columbia salmon and steelhead recovery plan.
31 The final report shall be transmitted to the appropriate committees of
32 the legislature, the legislative bodies of the participating counties,
33 and the state natural resource-related agencies.

34 (5) The program terminates on July 1, 2010.

35 (6) For purposes of this section, "evolutionarily significant unit"
36 means the habitat area identified for an evolutionarily significant
37 unit of an aquatic species listed or proposed for listing as a

1 threatened or endangered species under the federal endangered species
2 act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.).

3 **Sec. 9.** RCW 43.41.270 and 2001 c 227 s 2 are each amended to read
4 as follows:

5 (1) The office of financial management shall assist natural
6 resource-related agencies in developing outcome-focused performance
7 measures for administering natural resource-related and environmentally
8 based grant and loan programs. These performance measures are to be
9 used in determining grant eligibility, for program management and
10 performance assessment.

11 (2) The office of financial management and the (~~governor's~~)
12 statewide salmon recovery office shall assist natural resource-related
13 agencies in developing recommendations for a monitoring program to
14 measure outcome-focused performance measures required by this section.
15 The recommendations must be consistent with the framework and
16 coordinated monitoring strategy developed by the monitoring oversight
17 committee established in RCW 77.85.210.

18 (3) Natural resource agencies shall consult with grant or loan
19 recipients including local governments, tribes, nongovernmental
20 organizations, and other interested parties, and report to the office
21 of financial management on the implementation of this section. The
22 office of financial management shall report to the appropriate
23 legislative committees of the legislature on the agencies'
24 implementation of this section, including any necessary changes in
25 current law, and funding requirements by July 31, 2002. Natural
26 resource agencies shall assist the office of financial management in
27 preparing the report, including complying with time frames for
28 submitting information established by the office of financial
29 management.

30 (4) For purposes of this section, "natural resource-related
31 agencies" include the department of ecology, the department of natural
32 resources, the department of fish and wildlife, the state conservation
33 commission, the interagency committee for outdoor recreation, the
34 salmon recovery funding board, and the public works board within the
35 department of community, trade, and economic development.

36 (5) For purposes of this section, "natural resource-related
37 environmentally based grant and loan programs" includes the

1 conservation reserve enhancement program; dairy nutrient management
2 grants under chapter 90.64 RCW; state conservation commission water
3 quality grants under chapter 89.08 RCW; coordinated prevention grants,
4 public participation grants, and remedial action grants under RCW
5 70.105D.070; water pollution control facilities financing under chapter
6 70.146 RCW; aquatic lands enhancement grants under RCW ((79.24.580))
7 79.105.150; habitat grants under the Washington wildlife and recreation
8 program under RCW 79A.15.040; salmon recovery grants under chapter
9 77.85 RCW; and the public ((work[s])) works trust fund program under
10 chapter 43.155 RCW. The term also includes programs administered by
11 the department of fish and wildlife related to protection or recovery
12 of fish stocks which are funded with moneys from the capital budget.

13 **Sec. 10.** RCW 79A.25.240 and 2003 c 39 s 44 are each amended to
14 read as follows:

15 The interagency committee for outdoor recreation shall provide
16 necessary grants and loan administration support to the salmon recovery
17 funding board as provided in RCW 77.85.120. The committee shall also
18 be responsible for tracking salmon recovery expenditures under RCW
19 77.85.140. The committee shall provide all necessary administrative
20 support to the board, and the board shall be located with the
21 committee. ((The committee shall provide necessary information to the
22 salmon recovery office.))

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** Section 4 of this act is necessary for the
24 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or
25 support of the state government and its existing public institutions,
26 and takes effect July 1, 2007.

--- END ---