CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5946

63rd Legislature 2013 2nd Special Session

Passed by the Senate June 28, 2013 YEAS 46 NAYS 2

President of the Senate

Passed by the House June 28, 2013 YEAS 69 NAYS 23

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

Secretary

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Hunter G. Goodman, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5946** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5946

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2013 2nd Special Session

State of Washington63rd Legislature2013 2nd Special SessionBySenate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Dammeier)READ FIRST TIME 06/11/13.

1 AN ACT Relating to strengthening student educational outcomes; 2 amending RCW 28A.165.005, 28A.165.015, 28A.165.035, 28A.165.055, 28A.165.065, 28A.600.015, 28A.600.020, 28A.600.410, 28A.600.460, 3 28A.300.046, 28A.300.042, 28A.415.010, 28A.150.325, 28A.250.010, 4 5 28A.250.020, 28A.250.050, 28A.250.060, 28A.250.070, 28A.225.225, б 28A.150.100, 28A.525.162, and 28A.525.166; amending 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 7 s 1 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 28A.225.220; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.320 8 9 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.415 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.655 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.165 RCW; 10 11 adding new sections to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.250 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 28A RCW; creating 12 new sections; recodifying RCW 28A.150.325; repealing RCW 28A.150.262, 13 14 28A.165.025, 28A.165.045, 28A.415.250, and 28A.415.260; and declaring 15 an emergency.

16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

17	PART I						
18	LEARNING	то	READ,	READING	то	LEARN	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300
 RCW to read as follows:

3 In support of reading and early literacy, the office of the 4 superintendent of public instruction is responsible for:

5 (1) Continuing to work collaboratively with state and regional 6 partners such as the department of early learning and the educational 7 service districts to establish early literacy benchmarks and standards 8 and to implement the Washington state comprehensive literacy plan;

9 (2) Disseminating research and information to school districts 10 about evidence-based programs and practices in reading readiness 11 skills, early literacy, and reading instruction;

12 (3) Providing statewide models to support school districts that are 13 implementing response to intervention initiatives, positive behavior 14 intervention support systems, or other similar comprehensive models of 15 data-based identification and early intervention; and

(4) Within available funds and in partnership with the educational
 service districts, providing technical assistance and professional
 development opportunities for school districts.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 20 RCW to read as follows:

School districts are responsible for providing a comprehensive system of instruction and services in reading and early literacy to kindergarten through fourth grade students that is based on the degree of student need for additional support. Reading and early literacy systems provided by school districts must include:

(1) Annual use of screening assessments and other tools to identify
at-risk readers in kindergarten through fourth grade, such as the
Washington kindergarten inventory of developing skills, the Washington
state early learning and development guidelines for birth through third
grade, the second grade reading assessment under RCW 28A.300.310, and
locally used assessments and other tools; and

32 (2) Research-based family involvement and engagement strategies,
 33 including strategies to help families and guardians assist in improving
 34 students' reading and early literacy skills at home.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 28A.415
36 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1) High-quality professional development is essential for 2 educators to keep abreast of the important advances in research that 3 are occurring regarding instructional strategies and curriculum. 4 Professional development in early literacy is especially important to 5 support the instruction of young readers since reading proficiency is 6 a crucial element for student academic success.

7 (2) Subject to funds appropriated for this specific purpose, the 8 office of the superintendent of public instruction shall create 9 partnerships with the educational service districts and public or 10 private institutions of higher education with approved educator 11 preparation programs to develop and deliver research-based professional 12 development learning opportunities in reading instruction and early 13 literacy for teachers of kindergarten through fourth grade students.

14NEW SECTION.Sec. 104.A new section is added to chapter 28A.32015RCW to read as follows:

16 (1) Each school district shall require that report cards for 17 students in kindergarten through fourth grade include information 18 regarding how the student is progressing on acquiring reading skills 19 and whether the student is at grade level in reading.

20 (2) If a student is not reading at or above grade level, the 21 teacher, with the support of other school personnel as appropriate, 22 must explain to the parent or guardian which interventions and 23 strategies will be used to help improve the student's reading skills 24 and must provide strategies for parents or guardians to assist with 25 improving the student's reading skills at home.

26 (3) Each school shall report to the school district the number of students in grades kindergarten through four who are reading below 27 28 grade level and the interventions that are being provided to improve 29 the reading skills of the students, with the information disaggregated 30 by subgroups of students. The school district shall aggregate the reports from the schools and provide the reports to the office of the 31 superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent 32 of public instruction shall submit a statewide report annually to the 33 34 education committees of the legislature and the educational opportunity 35 gap oversight and accountability committee.

ESSB 5946.PL

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 28A.655
 RCW to read as follows:

3 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
4 section and section 106 of this act unless the context clearly requires
5 otherwise.

6 (a) "Basic" means a score on the statewide student assessment at a 7 level two in a four-level scoring system.

8 (b) "Below basic" means a score on the statewide student assessment 9 at a level one in a four-level scoring system.

10 (c) "Not meet the state standard" means a score on the statewide 11 student assessment at either a level one or a level two in a four-level 12 scoring system.

13 (2) Beginning in the 2014-15 school year, for any student who 14 receives a score of below basic on the third grade statewide student assessment in English language arts, a meeting must be scheduled before 15 the end of the school year between the student's parent or guardian, 16 17 teacher, and the principal of the school the student attends or the 18 principal's designee to discuss appropriate grade placement and 19 recommended intensive strategies to improve the student's reading skills. For students to be placed in fourth grade, the strategies 20 21 discussed must include an intensive improvement strategy provided, 22 supported, or contracted by the school district that includes a summer 23 program or other option identified by the parents, teacher, principal, 24 or principal's designee as appropriately meeting the student's need to prepare for fourth grade. The parents or guardians must be fully 25 26 informed about the strategies and the parent's or guardian's consent 27 must be obtained regarding the appropriate grade placement and the 28 intensive improvement strategy to be implemented. The school district 29 must implement the strategy selected in consultation with the student's 30 parents or guardians.

(3) If a student does not have a score in English language arts on the third grade statewide student assessment but the district determines, using district or classroom-based diagnostic assessments or another standardized assessment, that the student's performance is equivalent to below basic in English language arts, the policy in subsection (2) of this section applies.

37 (4) Students participating in the transitional bilingual38 instruction program are exempt from the policy in subsection (2) of

this section, unless the student has participated in the transitional bilingual instruction program for three school years and receives a score of below basic on the third grade statewide student assessment in English language arts.

(5) Students with disabilities whose individualized education 5 program includes specially designed instruction in reading or English б 7 language arts are exempt from subsections (2), (3), and (4) of this 8 Communication and consultation with parents or quardians of section. 9 such students shall occur through the individualized education program process 10 required under chapter 28A.155 RCW and associated administrative rules. 11

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> sec. 106. A new section is added to chapter 28A.655
 RCW to read as follows:

14 (1)(a) Beginning in the 2015-16 school year, except as otherwise provided in this subsection (1), for any student who received a score 15 16 of basic or below basic on the third grade statewide student assessment 17 in English language arts in the previous school year, the school district must implement an intensive reading and literacy improvement 18 strategy from a state menu of best practices established in accordance 19 20 with subsection (3) of this section or an alternative strategy in 21 accordance with subsection (4) of this section.

(b) Reading and literacy improvement strategies for students with disabilities whose individualized education program includes specially designed instruction in reading or English language arts shall be as provided in the individualized education program.

26 (2)(a) Also beginning in the 2015-16 school year, in any school 27 where more than forty percent of the tested students received a score of basic or below basic on the third grade statewide student assessment 28 29 in English language arts in the previous school year, as calculated under this subsection (2), the school district must implement an 30 31 intensive reading and literacy improvement strategy from a state menu of best practices established in accordance with subsection (3) of this 32 section or an alternative strategy in accordance with subsection (4) of 33 34 this section for all students in grades kindergarten through four at 35 the school.

36 (b) For the purposes of this subsection (2), the office of the 37 superintendent of public instruction shall exclude the following from

the calculation of a school's percentage of tested students receiving a score of basic or below basic on the third grade statewide student assessment:

4 (i) Students enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction
5 program unless the student has participated in the transitional
6 bilingual instruction program for three school years;

7 (ii) Students with disabilities whose individualized education
8 program specifies a different standard to measure reading performance
9 than is required for the statewide student assessment; and

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(iii) Schools with fewer than ten students in third grade.

11 (3) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 12 convene a panel of experts, including the Washington state institute 13 for public policy, to develop a state menu of best practices and strategies for intensive reading and literacy improvement designed to 14 15 assist struggling students in reaching grade level in reading by the end of fourth grade. The state menu must also include best practices 16 and strategies to improve the reading and literacy of students who are 17 18 English language learners and for system improvements that schools and 19 school districts can implement to improve reading instruction for all 20 students. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 21 publish the state menu by July 1, 2014, and update the state menu by 22 each July 1st thereafter.

23 (4) School districts may use an alternative practice or strategy 24 that is not on a state menu developed under subsection (3) of this section for two school years initially. If the district is able to 25 26 demonstrate improved outcomes for participating students over the 27 previous two school years at a level commensurate with the best practices and strategies on the state menu, the office of the 28 29 superintendent of public instruction must approve use of the 30 alternative practice or strategy by the district for one additional Subsequent annual approval by the superintendent of 31 school year. 32 public instruction to use the alternative practice or strategy is dependent on the district continuing to demonstrate an increase in 33 improved outcomes for participating students. 34

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PART II

REQUIRING THE LEARNING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM TO BE EVIDENCE-BASED

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1 Sec. 201. RCW 28A.165.005 and 2009 c 548 s 701 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

3 (1) This chapter is designed to: (((1))) (a) Promote the use of 4 ((assessment)) data when developing programs to assist underachieving 5 students and reduce disruptive behaviors in the classroom; and (((2))) 6 (b) guide school districts in providing the most effective and 7 efficient practices when implementing supplemental instruction and 8 services to assist underachieving students and reduce disruptive 9 behaviors in the classroom.

10 (2) School districts implementing a learning assistance program 11 shall focus first on addressing the needs of students in grades 12 kindergarten through four who are deficient in reading or reading 13 readiness skills to improve reading literacy.

14 **Sec. 202.** RCW 28A.165.015 and 2009 c 548 s 702 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise the definitions in 17 this section apply throughout this chapter.

18 (1) (("Approved program" means a program submitted to and approved 19 by the office of the superintendent of public instruction and conducted 20 pursuant to the plan that addresses the required elements as provided 21 for in this chapter.

(2)) "Basic skills areas" means reading, writing, and mathematics
 as well as readiness associated with these skills.

(((3))) (2) "Participating student" means a student in kindergarten through grade twelve who scores below standard for his or her grade level <u>using multiple measures of performance</u>, including on the statewide <u>student</u> assessments <u>or other assessments and performance</u> <u>measurement tools administered by the school or district</u> and who is identified ((in)) by the ((approved plan)) <u>district</u> to receive services.

31 (((4))) (3) "Statewide <u>student</u> assessments" means one or more of 32 the ((several basic skills assessments administered as part of the 33 state's student assessment system, and assessments in the basic skills 34 areas)) <u>assessments</u> administered by ((local)) school districts <u>as</u> 35 required under RCW 28A.655.070.

36 (((5))) <u>(4)</u> "Underachieving students" means students with the

1 greatest academic deficits in basic skills as identified by ((the))
2 statewide, school, or district assessments or other performance
3 measurement tools.

Sec. 203. RCW 28A.165.035 and 2008 c 321 s 4 are each amended to 4 5 read as follows: (1) Beginning in the 2015-16 school year, expenditure of funds from б the learning assistance program must be consistent with the provisions 7 of section 106 of this act. 8 9 (2) Use of best practices that have been demonstrated through research to be associated with increased student achievement magnifies 10 the opportunities for student success. To the extent they are included 11 as a best practice or strategy in one of the state menus or an approved 12 alternative under this section or section 106 of this act, the 13 14 following are services and activities that may be supported by the learning assistance program: 15 (((1))) (a) Extended learning time opportunities occurring: 16 (((a))) <u>(i)</u> Before or after the regular school day; 17 (((b))) (ii) On Saturday; and 18 (((c))) (iii) Beyond the regular school year; 19 20 (((2))) (b) Services under RCW 28A.320.190; (((3))) (c) Professional development for certificated 21 and 22 classified staff that focuses on: 23 (((a))) (i) The needs of a diverse student population; (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Specific literacy and mathematics content 24 and 25 instructional strategies; and 26 (((c))) (iii) The use of student work to guide effective 27 instruction and appropriate assistance; (((4))) (d) Consultant teachers to assist in implementing effective 28 29 instructional practices by teachers serving participating students; 30 (((5))) <u>(e)</u> Tutoring support for participating students; ((and (6))) (f) Outreach activities and support for parents 31 of participating students, including employing parent and family 32 engagement coordinators; and 33 34 (g) Up to five percent of a district's learning assistance program 35 allocation may be used for development of partnerships with communitybased organizations, educational service districts, and other local 36 agencies to deliver academic and nonacademic supports to participating 37

students who are significantly at risk of not being successful in school to reduce barriers to learning, increase student engagement, and enhance students' readiness to learn. The office of the superintendent of public instruction must approve any community-based organization or local agency before learning assistance funds may be expended.

б (3) In addition to the state menu developed under section 106 of 7 this act, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall convene a panel of experts, including the Washington state institute 8 9 for public policy, to develop additional state menus of best practices and strategies for use in the learning assistance program to assist 10 struggling students at all grade levels in English language arts and 11 mathematics and reduce disruptive behaviors in the classroom. The 12 office of the superintendent of public instruction shall publish the 13 state menus by July 1, 2015, and update the state menus by each July 14 15 1st thereafter.

16 (4)(a) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, except as provided in 17 (b) of this subsection, school districts must use a practice or 18 strategy that is on a state menu developed under subsection (3) of this 19 section or section 106 of this act.

20 (b) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school districts may use 21 a practice or strategy that is not on a state menu developed under subsection (3) of this section for two school years initially. If the 22 district is able to demonstrate improved outcomes for participating 23 24 students over the previous two school years at a level commensurate with the best practices and strategies on the state menu, the office of 25 the superintendent of public instruction shall approve use of the 26 alternative practice or strategy by the district for one additional 27 school year. Subsequent annual approval by the superintendent of 28 public instruction to use the alternative practice or strategy is 29 dependent on the district continuing to demonstrate increased improved 30 outcomes for participating students. 31

32 (c) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school districts may 33 enter cooperative agreements with state agencies, local governments, or 34 school districts for administrative or operational costs needed to 35 provide services in accordance with the state menus developed under 36 this section and section 106 of this act.

37 (5) School districts are encouraged to implement best practices and

1 strategies from the state menus developed under this section and 2 section 106 of this act before the use is required.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter 28A.165
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) Beginning with the 2014-15 school year, school districts shall 6 record in the statewide individual student data system annual entrance 7 and exit performance data for each student participating in the 8 learning assistance program according to specifications established by 9 the office of the superintendent of public instruction.

10 (2) By August 1, 2014, and each August 1st thereafter, school 11 districts shall report to the office of the superintendent of public 12 instruction, using a common format prepared by the office:

(a) The amount of academic growth gained by students participatingin the learning assistance program;

(b) The number of students who gain at least one year of academic growth; and

17 (c) The specific practices, activities, and programs used by each18 school building that received learning assistance program funding.

19 (3) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 20 compile the school district data and report annual and longitudinal 21 gains for the specific practices, activities, and programs used by the 22 school districts to show which are the most effective. The data must 23 be disaggregated by student subgroups.

24 **Sec. 205.** RCW 28A.165.055 and 2009 c 548 s 703 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 ((Each school district with an approved program is eligible for state funds provided for the learning assistance program.)) The funds 27 for the learning assistance program shall be appropriated ((for the 28 learning assistance program)) in accordance with RCW 28A.150.260 and 29 30 the omnibus appropriations act. The distribution formula is for school district allocation purposes only, but funds appropriated for the 31 32 learning assistance program must be expended for the purposes of RCW 33 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065 and section 106 of this act.

34 **Sec. 206.** RCW 28A.165.065 and 2004 c 20 s 7 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

To ensure that school districts are meeting the requirements of 1 2 ((an approved program)) this chapter, the superintendent of public instruction shall monitor ((such)) learning assistance programs no less 3 4 than once every four years. ((Individual student records shall be maintained at the school district.)) The primary purpose of program 5 6 monitoring is to evaluate the effectiveness of a district's allocation and expenditure of resources and monitor school district fidelity in 7 implementing best practices. The office of the superintendent of 8 9 public instruction may provide technical assistance to school districts to improve the effectiveness of a learning assistance program. 10

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PART III STUDENT DISCIPLINE

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 14 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 15 convene a discipline task force to develop standard definitions for 16 17 causes of student disciplinary actions taken at the discretion of the school district. The task force must also develop data collection 18 19 standards for disciplinary actions that are discretionary and for 20 disciplinary actions that result in the exclusion of a student from 21 school. The data collection standards must include data about 22 education services provided while a student is subject to a disciplinary action, the status of petitions for readmission to the 23 24 school district when a student has been excluded from school, credit 25 retrieval during a period of exclusion, and school dropout as a result 26 of disciplinary action.

(2) The discipline task force shall include representatives from
the K-12 data governance group, the educational opportunity gap
oversight and accountability committee, the state ethnic commissions,
the governor's office of Indian affairs, the office of the education
ombudsman, school districts, and other education and advocacy
organizations.

(3) The office of the superintendent of public instruction and the
 K-12 data governance group shall revise the statewide student data
 system to incorporate the student discipline data collection standards

recommended by the discipline task force, and begin collecting data
 based on the revised standards in the 2015-16 school year.

3 sec. 302. RCW 28A.600.015 and 2006 c 263 s 701 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt and б distribute to all school districts lawful and reasonable rules 7 prescribing the substantive and procedural due process guarantees of pupils in the common schools. Such rules shall authorize a school 8 district to use informal due process procedures in connection with the 9 short-term suspension of students to the extent constitutionally 10 11 permissible: PROVIDED, That the superintendent of public instruction 12 deems the interest of students to be adequately protected. When a 13 student suspension or expulsion is appealed, the rules shall authorize 14 a school district to impose the suspension or expulsion temporarily after an initial hearing for no more than ten consecutive school days 15 or until the appeal is decided, whichever is earlier. Any days that 16 17 the student is temporarily suspended or expelled before the appeal is decided shall be applied to the term of the student suspension or 18 expulsion and shall not limit or extend the term of the student 19 20 suspension or expulsion. An expulsion or suspension of a student may 21 not be for an indefinite period of time.

(2) Short-term suspension procedures may be used for suspensions ofstudents up to and including, ten consecutive school days.

24 (3) Emergency expulsions must end or be converted to another form
25 of corrective action within ten school days from the date of the
26 emergency removal from school. Notice and due process rights must be
27 provided when an emergency expulsion is converted to another form of
28 corrective action.

29 Sec. 303. RCW 28A.600.020 and 2006 c 263 s 706 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

(1) The rules adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.600.010 shall be interpreted to ensure that the optimum learning atmosphere of the classroom is maintained, and that the highest consideration is given to the judgment of qualified certificated educators regarding conditions necessary to maintain the optimum learning atmosphere.

(2) Any student who creates a disruption of the educational process 1 2 in violation of the building disciplinary standards while under a teacher's immediate supervision may be excluded by the teacher from his 3 or her individual classroom and instructional or activity area for all 4 or any portion of the balance of the school day, or up to the following 5 two days, or until the principal or designee and teacher have 6 7 conferred, whichever occurs first. Except in emergency circumstances, 8 the teacher first must attempt one or more alternative forms of corrective action. In no event without the consent of the teacher may 9 an excluded student return to the class during the balance of that 10 class or activity period or up to the following two days, or until the 11 12 principal or his or her designee and the teacher have conferred.

13 (3) In order to preserve a beneficial learning environment for all students and to maintain good order and discipline in each classroom, 14 every school district board of directors shall provide that written 15 procedures are developed for administering discipline at each school 16 within the district. Such procedures shall be developed with the 17 participation of parents and the community, and shall provide that the 18 19 teacher, principal or designee, and other authorities designated by the board of directors, make every reasonable attempt to involve the parent 20 21 or guardian and the student in the resolution of student discipline 22 problems. Such procedures shall provide that students may be excluded 23 from their individual classes or activities for periods of time in 24 excess of that provided in subsection (2) of this section if such students have repeatedly disrupted the learning of other students. The 25 26 procedures must be consistent with the rules of the superintendent of 27 public instruction and must provide for early involvement of parents in 28 attempts to improve the student's behavior.

(4) The procedures shall assure, pursuant to RCW 28A.400.110, that all staff work cooperatively toward consistent enforcement of proper student behavior throughout each school as well as within each classroom.

33 (5)(a) A principal shall consider imposing long-term suspension or 34 expulsion as a sanction when deciding the appropriate disciplinary 35 action for a student who, after July 27, 1997:

36 (((a))) <u>(i)</u> Engages in two or more violations within a three-year 37 period of RCW 9A.46.120, 28A.320.135, 28A.600.455, 28A.600.460, 38 28A.635.020, 28A.600.020, 28A.635.060, 9.41.280, or 28A.320.140; or 1 (((b))) (<u>ii</u>) Engages in one or more of the offenses listed in RCW
2 13.04.155.

3 (b) The principal shall communicate the disciplinary action taken 4 by the principal to the school personnel who referred the student to 5 the principal for disciplinary action.

б (6) Any corrective action involving a suspension or expulsion from 7 school for more than ten days must have an end date of not more than one calendar year from the time of corrective action. Districts shall 8 make reasonable efforts to assist students and parents in returning to 9 an educational setting prior to and no later than the end date of the 10 corrective action. Where warranted based on public health or safety, 11 a school may petition the superintendent of the school district, 12 13 pursuant to policies and procedures adopted by the office of the superintendent of public instruction, for authorization to exceed the 14 one calendar year limitation provided in this subsection. 15 The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules outlining the 16 limited circumstances in which a school may petition to exceed the one 17 calendar year limitation, including safeguards to ensure that the 18 19 school district has made every effort to plan for the student's return 20 to school. School districts shall report to the office of the 21 superintendent of public instruction the number of petitions made to the school board and the number of petitions granted on an annual 22 23 basis.

24 (7) Nothing in this section prevents a public school district, 25 educational service district, the Washington state center for childhood 26 deafness and hearing loss, or the state school for the blind if it has 27 suspended or expelled a student from the student's regular school 28 setting from providing educational services to the student in an 29 alternative setting or modifying the suspension or expulsion on a case-30 by-case basis.

31 Sec. 304. RCW 28A.600.410 and 1992 c 155 s 1 are each amended to 32 read as follows: 33 The state of Washington excludes tens of thousands of students from 34 school each year due to out-of-school suspensions and expulsions. Out-35 of-school suspensions and expulsions contribute to poor academic 36 achievement, lower graduation rates, and higher dropout rates. It is 37 the intent of the legislature to minimize the use of out-of-school suspension and expulsion and its impact on student achievement by
 reducing the number of days that students are excluded from school due
 to disciplinary action. Student behavior should not result in the loss
 of educational opportunity in the public school system.

5 School districts are encouraged to find alternatives to suspension 6 including reducing the length of a student's suspension conditioned by 7 the commencement of counseling or other treatment services. Consistent 8 with current law, the conditioning of a student's suspension does not 9 obligate the school district to pay for the counseling or other 10 treatment services except for those stipulated and agreed to by the 11 district at the inception of the suspension.

12 Sec. 305. RCW 28A.600.460 and 1997 c 266 s 9 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

(1) School district boards of directors shall adopt policies that 14 restore discipline to the classroom. Such policies must provide for at 15 least the following: Allowing each teacher to take disciplinary action 16 17 to correct a student who disrupts normal classroom activities, abuses or insults a teacher as prohibited by RCW 28A.635.010, willfully 18 disobeys a teacher, uses abusive or foul language directed at a school 19 20 district employee, school volunteer, or another student, violates 21 school rules, or who interferes with an orderly education process. 22 Disciplinary action may include but is not limited to: Oral or written reprimands; written notification to parents of disruptive behavior, a 23 24 copy of which must be provided to the principal.

(2) A student committing an offense under chapter 9A.36, 9A.40, 9A.46, or 9A.48 RCW when the activity is directed toward the teacher, shall not be assigned to that teacher's classroom for the duration of the student's attendance at that school or any other school where the teacher is assigned.

30 (3) A student who commits an offense under chapter 9A.36, 9A.40, 31 9A.46, or 9A.48 RCW, when directed toward another student, may be 32 removed from the classroom of the victim for the duration of the 33 student's attendance at that school or any other school where the 34 victim is enrolled. A student who commits an offense under one of the 35 chapters enumerated in this section against a student or another school 36 employee, may be expelled or suspended.

1 (4) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the authority of 2 a school under existing law and rules to expel or suspend a student for 3 misconduct or criminal behavior.

4 (5) All school districts must collect data on disciplinary actions taken in each school and must record these actions using the statewide 5 student data system, based on the data collection standards established б by the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the K-12 7 8 data governance group. The information shall be made available to the public ((upon request. This collection of)), but public release of the 9 data shall not include personally identifiable information including, 10 11 but not limited to, a student's social security number, name, or 12 address.

13 Sec. 306. RCW 28A.300.046 and 2011 c 288 s 10 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

(1)(a) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules 15 16 establishing a standard definition of student absence from school. In adopting the definition, the superintendent shall review current 17 18 practices in Washington school districts, definitions used in other states, and any national standards or definitions used by the national 19 20 center for education statistics or other national groups. The 21 superintendent shall also consult with the building bridges work group 22 established under RCW 28A.175.075.

(b) Using the definition of student absence adopted under this section, the superintendent shall establish an indicator for measuring student attendance in high schools for purposes of the PASS program under RCW 28A.175.130.

(2)(a) The K-12 data governance group under RCW 28A.300.507 shall establish the parameters and an implementation schedule for statewide collection through the comprehensive education and data research system of: (i) Student attendance data using the definitions of student absence adopted under this section; and (ii) student discipline data with a focus on suspensions and expulsions from school.

33 (b) ((At a minimum,)) <u>Student suspension and expulsion data</u> 34 <u>collected for the purposes of this subsection (2) must be:</u>

35 (i) Made publicly available and easily accessible on the 36 superintendent of public instruction's web site; and (ii) Disaggregated and cross-tabulated as established under RCW
 28A.300.042.

3 <u>(c) S</u>chool districts must collect and submit student attendance 4 data and student discipline data for high school students through the 5 comprehensive education and data research system for purposes of the 6 PASS program under RCW 28A.175.130 beginning in the 2012-13 school 7 year.

8 **Sec. 307.** RCW 28A.300.042 and 2009 c 468 s 4 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (1) All student data-related reports required of the superintendent 11 of public instruction in this title must be disaggregated by at least 12 the following subgroups of students: White, Black, Hispanic, American 13 Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, Pacific Islander/Hawaiian Native, low 14 income, transitional bilingual, migrant, special education, and 15 students covered by section 504 of the federal rehabilitation act of 16 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794).

17 (2) All student data-related reports required of the superintendent 18 of public instruction regarding student suspensions and expulsions as 19 required in RCW 28A.300.046 are subject to disaggregation by subgroups 20 including:

- 21 (a) Gender;
- 22 (b) Foster care;
- 23 (c) Homeless, if known;
- 24 (d) School district;
- 25 <u>(e) School;</u>
- 26 <u>(f) Grade level;</u>
- 27 (g) Behavior infraction code, including:
- 28 <u>(i) Bullying;</u>
- 29 <u>(ii) Tobacco;</u>
- 30 <u>(iii) Alcohol;</u>
- 31 <u>(iv) Illicit drug;</u>
- 32 <u>(v) Fighting without major injury;</u>
- 33 (vi) Violence without major injury;
- 34 <u>(vii) Violence with major injury;</u>
- 35 (viii) Possession of a weapon; and
- 36 (ix) Other behavior resulting from a short-term or long-term

su	spension,	expulsion,	or	interim	alternative	education	setting
ln	tervention	<u>ı;</u>					
	<u>(h) Inte</u>	ervention app	lied,	includin	g:		
	<u>(i) Shor</u>	<u>rt-term susper</u>	nsion	<u>.;</u>			
(ii) Long-term suspension;							
(iii) Emergency expulsion;							
(iv) Expulsion;							
(v) Interim alternative education settings;							
(vi) No intervention applied; and							
	<u>(vii) O</u>	<u>ther interver</u>	ntion	applied	<u>that is not</u>	described	<u>in this</u>
su	bsection	<u>(2)(h);</u>					
(i) Number of days a student is suspended or expelled, to be							
	<u>counted</u>	in half or fu	<u>11 d</u>	ays; and			
	(j) Any	other cated	gorie	s added	<u>at a future</u>	date by	<u>the data</u>
10	vernance o	<u>group.</u>					
	<u>(3) All</u>	<u>student data-</u>	-rela	<u>ted repor</u>	ts required of	the super	<u>intendent</u>
<u>)f</u>	public i	<u>nstruction re</u>	gard	ing stude	nt suspension	<u>s and expul</u>	<u>sions as</u>
ce	<u>quired</u> in	RCW 28A.30	0.046	are sub	<u>pject to cro</u>	<u>ss-tabulati</u>	<u>on at a</u>
ni	<u>nimum by t</u>	the following:	<u>:</u>				
	<u>(a) Scho</u>	ool and distri	<u>lct;</u>				
	<u>(b) Rac</u>	<u>e, low income</u>	<u>e, sr</u>	pecial edu	ucation, tran	sitional bi	<u>lingual,</u>
ni	grant, for	<u>ster care, ho</u> r	meles	ss, studen	its covered by	section 50	<u>)4 of the</u>
Ēe	deral reh	<u>abilitation a</u>	<u>ict o</u>	<u>f 1973, a</u>	s amended (29	U.S.C. Se	ec. 794),
an	d categori	les to be adde	ed in	the futur	<u>ce;</u>		
	<u>(c) Beha</u>	avior infract	<u>ion c</u>	<u>ode; and</u>			
	<u>(d) Inte</u>	ervention app	lied.	-			
				•			

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 308. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) School districts should make efforts to have suspended or expelled students return to an educational setting as soon as possible. School districts should convene a meeting with the student and the student's parents or guardians within twenty days of the student's long-term suspension or expulsion, but no later than five days before the student's enrollment, to discuss a plan to reengage the student in a school program.

36 (2) In developing a reengagement plan, school districts should37 consider shortening the length of time that the student is suspended or

expelled, other forms of corrective action, supportive 1 and 2 interventions that aid in the student's academic success and keep the student engaged and on track to graduate. School districts must create 3 4 a reengagement plan tailored to the student's individual circumstances, including consideration of the incident that led to the student's long-5 6 term suspension or expulsion. The plan should aid the student in 7 taking the necessary steps to remedy the situation that led to the 8 student's suspension or expulsion.

9 (3) Any reengagement meetings conducted by the school district 10 involving the suspended or expelled student and his or her parents or 11 guardians are not intended to replace a petition for readmission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 309. Nothing in chapter . . ., Laws of 2013 2nd sp. sess. (this act) prevents a public school district, law enforcement agencies, or law enforcement personnel from enforcing laws protecting health and human safety.

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PART IV EDUCATOR SUPPORT PROGRAM

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 401. A new section is added to chapter 28A.415
 19 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The educator support program is established to provide professional development and mentor support for beginning educators and educators on probation under RCW 28A.405.100, to be composed of the beginning educator support team for beginning educators and continuous improvement coaching for educators on probation, as provided in this section.

26 (2)(a) Subject to funds appropriated for this specific purpose, the 27 office of the superintendent of public instruction shall allocate funds for the beginning educator support team on a competitive basis to 28 29 individual school districts or consortia of districts. School 30 districts are encouraged to include educational service districts in creating regional consortia. In allocating funds, the office of the 31 32 superintendent of public instruction shall give priority to school 33 districts with low-performing schools identified under RCW 28A.657.020 34 as being challenged schools in need of improvement. A portion of the

1 appropriated funds may be used for program coordination and provision 2 of statewide or regional professional development through the office of 3 the superintendent of public instruction.

4 (b) A beginning educator support team must include the following 5 components:

6 (i) A paid orientation or individualized assistance before the 7 start of the school year for beginning educators;

8 (ii) Assignment of a trained and qualified mentor for the first 9 three years for beginning educators, with intensive support in the 10 first year and decreasing support over the following years depending on 11 the needs of the beginning educator;

(iii) Professional development for beginning educators that is designed to meet their unique needs for supplemental training and skill development;

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(iv) Professional development for mentors;

16 (v) Release time for mentors and their designated educators to work 17 together, as well as time for educators to observe accomplished peers; 18 and

(vi) A program evaluation using a standard evaluation tool provided from the office of the superintendent of public instruction that measures increased knowledge, skills, and positive impact on student learning for program participants.

(3) Subject to funds separately appropriated for this specific purpose, the beginning educator support team components under subsection (2) of this section may be provided for continuous improvement coaching to support educators on probation under RCW 28A.405.100.

28 Sec. 402. RCW 28A.415.010 and 2006 c 263 s 807 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

It shall be the responsibility of each educational service district 30 31 board to establish a center for the improvement of teaching. The center shall administer, coordinate, and act as fiscal agent for such 32 33 programs related to the recruitment and training of certificated and 34 classified K-12 education personnel as may be delegated to the center 35 by the superintendent of public instruction under RCW 28A.310.470. То 36 assist in these activities, each educational service district board 37 shall establish an improvement of teaching coordinating council to

include, at a minimum, representatives as specified in RCW 28A.415.040. An existing in-service training task force, established pursuant to RCW 28A.415.040, may serve as the improvement of teaching coordinating council. The educational service district board shall ensure coordination of programs established pursuant to RCW 28A.415.030, 28A.410.060, and ((28A.415.250)) section 401 of this act.

The educational service district board may arrange each year for 7 8 the holding of one or more teachers' institutes and/or workshops for professional staff preparation and in-service training in such manner 9 and at such time as the board believes will be of benefit to the 10 teachers and other professional staff of school districts within the 11 12 educational service district and shall comply with rules of the 13 professional educator standards board pursuant to RCW 28A.410.060 or superintendent of 14 the public instruction ((pursuant to RCW 28A.415.250)). The board may provide such additional means of teacher 15 and other professional staff preparation and in-service training as it 16 17 may deem necessary or appropriate and there shall be a proper charge against the educational service district general expense fund when 18 19 approved by the educational service district board.

Educational service district boards of contiguous educational service districts, by mutual arrangements, may hold joint institutes and/or workshops, the expenses to be shared in proportion to the numbers of certificated personnel as shown by the last annual reports of the educational service districts holding such joint institutes or workshops.

In local school districts employing more than one hundred teachers and other professional staff, the school district superintendent may hold a teachers' institute of one or more days in such district, said institute when so held by the school district superintendent to be in all respects governed by the provisions of this title and rules relating to teachers' institutes held by educational service district superintendents.

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PART V

ALTERNATIVE LEARNING EXPERIENCES

35 **Sec. 501.** 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 1 (uncodified) is amended to read 36 as follows:

1 (1) Under Article IX of the Washington state Constitution, all 2 children are entitled to an opportunity to receive a basic education. 3 Although the state must assure that students in public schools have 4 opportunities to participate in the instructional program of basic 5 education, there is no obligation for either the state or school 6 districts to provide that instruction using a particular delivery 7 method or through a particular program.

(2) The legislature finds ample evidence of the need to examine and 8 9 reconsider policies under which alternative learning that occurs outside the classroom using an individual student learning plan may be 10 11 considered equivalent to full-time attendance in school, including for 12 funding purposes. Previous legislative studies have raised questions 13 about financial practices and accountability in alternative learning 2005, there has 14 experience ((programs)) <u>courses</u>. Since been 15 significant enrollment growth in alternative learning experience online ((programs)) courses, with evidence of unexpected financial impact when 16 large numbers of nonresident students enroll in ((programs)) courses. 17 Based on this evidence, there is a rational basis on which to conclude 18 19 that there are different costs associated with providing ((a program)) 20 courses not primarily based on full-time, daily contact between 21 teachers and students and not primarily occurring on-site in a 22 classroom.

(3) For these reasons, the legislature intends to allow for continuing review and revision of the way in which state funding allocations are used to support alternative learning experience ((programs)) courses.

27 **Sec. 502.** RCW 28A.150.325 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 2 are each 28 amended to read as follows:

29 (1) ((For purposes of this chapter,)) The definitions in this 30 subsection apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly 31 requires otherwise.

32 <u>(a)</u> "Alternative learning experience ((program)) <u>course</u>" means a 33 course ((or set of courses)), or for grades kindergarten through eight 34 grade-level coursework, that <u>is a delivery method for the program of</u> 35 <u>basic education and</u> is:

36 (((a))) <u>(i)</u> Provided in whole or in part independently from a

1 regular classroom setting or schedule, but may include some components
2 of direct instruction;

3 (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Supervised, monitored, assessed, evaluated, and 4 documented by a certificated teacher employed by the school district or 5 under contract as permitted by applicable rules; and

6 (((c))) (iii) Provided in accordance with a written student 7 learning plan that is implemented pursuant to the school district's 8 policy and rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction 9 for alternative learning experiences.

10 <u>(b) "In-person" means face-to-face instructional contact in a</u> 11 <u>physical classroom environment.</u>

(c) "Instructional contact time" means instructional time with a 12 13 certificated teacher. Instructional contact time must be for the purposes of actual instruction, review of assignments, testing, 14 evaluation of student progress, or other learning activities or 15 requirements identified in the student's written student learning plan. 16 Instructional contact time must be related to an alternative learning 17 experience course identified in the student's written student learning 18 plan. Instructional contact time may occur in a group setting between 19 20 the teacher and multiple students and may be delivered either in-person 21 or remotely using technology.

(d) "Online course" means an alternative learning experience course
 that has the same meaning as provided in RCW 28A.250.010.

(e) "Remote course" means an alternative learning experience course that is not an online course where the student has in-person instructional contact time for less than twenty percent of the total weekly time for the course. No minimum in-person instructional contact time is required.

29 (f) "Site-based course" means an alternative learning experience 30 course where the student has in-person instructional contact time for 31 at least twenty percent of the total weekly time for the course.

32 (g) "Total weekly time" means the estimated average hours per 33 school week the student will engage in learning activities to meet the 34 requirements of the written student learning plan.

35 (2) ((The broad categories of alternative learning experience 36 programs include, but are not limited to:

37 (a) Online programs as defined in RCW 28A.150.262;

1 (b) Parent partnership programs that include significant 2 participation and partnership by parents and families in the design and 3 implementation of a student's learning experience; and

4 (c) Contract based learning programs)) School districts may claim 5 state funding under section 503 of this act, to the extent otherwise 6 allowed by state law including the provisions of RCW 28A.250.060, for 7 students enrolled in remote, site-based, or online alternative learning 8 experience courses. High school courses must meet district or state 9 graduation requirements and be offered for high school credit.

(3) School districts that offer alternative learning experience 10 11 ((programs)) courses may not provide any compensation, reimbursement, 12 gift, reward, or gratuity to any parents, guardians, or students for 13 participation in the courses. School district employees are prohibited from receiving any compensation or payment as an incentive to increase 14 student enrollment of out-of-district students in ((an)) alternative 15 learning experience ((program)) <u>courses</u>. This prohibition includes, 16 but is not limited to, providing funds to parents, guardians, or 17 for the purchase of educational materials, 18 students supplies, 19 experiences, services, or technological equipment. A district may 20 purchase educational materials, equipment, or other nonconsumable 21 supplies for students' use in alternative learning experience 22 ((programs)) courses if the purchase is consistent with the district's 23 approved curriculum, conforms to applicable laws and rules, and is made 24 in the same manner as such purchases are made for students in the district's regular instructional program. Items so purchased remain 25 26 the property of the school district upon program completion. School 27 districts may not purchase or contract for instructional or cocurricular experiences 28 and services that are included in an 29 alternative learning experience written student learning plan, 30 including but not limited to lessons, trips, and other activities, unless substantially similar experiences and services are available to 31 students enrolled in the district's regular instructional program. 32 33 School districts that purchase or contract for such experiences and services for students enrolled in an alternative learning experience 34 35 ((program)) course must submit an annual report to the office of the 36 superintendent of public instruction detailing the costs and purposes 37 of the expenditures. These requirements extend to contracted providers 38 of alternative learning experience ((programs)) courses, and each

district shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of its 1 2 providers with these requirements. However, nothing in this ((section)) subsection shall prohibit school districts from contracting 3 with school district employees to provide services or experiences to 4 students, or from contracting with online providers approved by the 5 6 office of the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to chapter 7 28A.250 RCW.

8 (4) ((Part-time enrollment in alternative learning experiences is
9 subject to the provisions of RCW 28A.150.350.

10 (5) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules 11 defining minimum requirements and accountability for alternative 12 learning experience programs)) Each school district offering or 13 contracting to offer alternative learning experience courses must:

14 (a) Report annually to the superintendent of public instruction 15 regarding the course types and offerings, and number of students 16 participating in each;

17 (b) Document the district of residence for each student enrolled in 18 an alternative learning experience course; and

19 (c) Beginning in the 2013-14 school year and continuing through the 20 2016-17 school year, pay costs associated with a biennial measure of 21 student outcomes and financial audit of the district's alternative 22 learning experience courses by the office of the state auditor.

23 (5) A school district offering or contracting to offer an 24 alternative learning experience course to a nonresident student must 25 inform the resident school district if the student drops out of the 26 course or is otherwise no longer enrolled.

(6) School districts must assess the educational progress of 27 enrolled students at least annually, using, for full-time students, the 28 state assessment for the student's grade level and using any other 29 annual assessments required by the school district. Part-time students 30 31 must also be assessed at least annually. However, part-time students who are either receiving home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 32 RCW or who are enrolled in an approved private school under chapter 33 28A.195 RCW are not required to participate in the assessments required 34 under chapter 28A.655 RCW. The rules must address how students who 35 36 reside outside the geographic service area of the school district are 37 to be assessed.

1 (7) Beginning with the 2013-14 school year, school districts must 2 designate alternative learning experience courses as such when 3 reporting course information to the office of the superintendent of 4 public instruction under RCW 28A.300.500.

5 (8)(a) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules
6 necessary to implement this section.

(b) Rules adopted for weekly direct personal contact requirements 7 and monthly progress evaluation must be flexible and reflect the needs 8 9 of the student and the student's individual learning plan rather than specifying an amount of time. In addition, the rules must reduce 10 documentation requirements, particularly for students making 11 satisfactory progress, based on the unique aspects of the alternative 12 13 learning experience course types defined in this section and taking into consideration the technical and system capabilities associated 14 15 with the different course types.

16 (c) The rules must establish procedures that address how the 17 counting of students must be coordinated by resident and nonresident 18 districts for state funding so that no student is counted for more than 19 one full-time equivalent in the aggregate.

20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. The superintendent of public instruction 21 shall separately calculate and allocate moneys appropriated under RCW 28A.150.260 to school districts for each full-time equivalent student 22 23 enrolled in an alternative learning experience course. The calculation shall be based on the estimated statewide annual average allocation per 24 25 full-time equivalent student in grades nine through twelve in general 26 education, excluding small high school enhancements, and including 27 applicable rules and provisions of the omnibus appropriations act.

28 **Sec. 504.** RCW 28A.250.010 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 5 are each 29 amended to read as follows:

30 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 31 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(1)(a) "Multidistrict online provider" means:

(i) A private or nonprofit organization that enters into a contract with a school district to provide online courses or programs to K-12 students from more than one school district; (ii) A private or nonprofit organization that enters into contracts
 with multiple school districts to provide online courses or programs to
 K-12 students from those districts; or

4 (iii) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, a school
5 district that provides online courses or programs to students who
6 reside outside the geographic boundaries of the school district.

(b) "Multidistrict online provider" does not include a school 7 8 district online learning program in which fewer than ten percent of the students enrolled in the program are from other districts under the 9 interdistrict student transfer provisions of 10 RCW 28A.225.225. "Multidistrict online provider" also does not include regional online 11 12 learning programs that are jointly developed and implemented by two or 13 more school districts or an educational service district through an 14 interdistrict cooperative program agreement that addresses, at minimum, how the districts share student full-time equivalency for state basic 15 16 education funding purposes and how categorical education programs, 17 including special education, are provided to eligible students.

18 (2)(a) "Online course" means a course or grade-level coursework
19 where:

20 (i) More than half of the course content is delivered 21 electronically using the internet or other computer-based methods; 22 ((and))

(ii) More than half of the teaching is conducted from a remote location through an online course learning management system or other online or electronic tools<u>;</u>

26 (iii) A certificated teacher has the primary responsibility for the 27 student's instructional interaction. Instructional interaction between 28 the teacher and the student includes, but is not limited to, direct 29 instruction, review of assignments, assessment, testing, progress 30 monitoring, and educational facilitation; and

31 <u>(iv)</u> Students have access to the teacher synchronously, 32 <u>asynchronously, or both</u>.

(b) "Online school program" means a school program that((\div

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34 (i) Offers courses or grade-level coursework that is delivered 35 primarily electronically using the internet or other computer-based 36 methods;

37 (ii) Offers courses or grade-level coursework that is taught by a

1 teacher primarily from a remote location using online or other 2 electronic tools. Students enrolled in an online program may have 3 access to the teacher synchronously, asynchronously, or both;

4 (iii)) offers a sequential set of online courses or grade-level 5 coursework that may be taken in a single school term or throughout the 6 school year in a manner that could provide a full-time basic education 7 program if so desired by the student. Students may enroll in the 8 program as part-time or full-time students((; and

9 (iv) Has an online component of the program with online lessons and 10 tools for student and data management)).

(c) An online course or online school program may be delivered to 11 students at school as part of the regularly scheduled school day. 12 An online course or online school program also may be delivered to 13 14 students, in whole or in part, independently from a regular classroom schedule, but such courses or programs must comply with 15 RCW ((28A.150.262)) 28A.150.325 (as recodified by this act) and associated 16 17 rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction to qualify for state basic education funding. 18

(3) "Online provider" means any provider of an online course or
 program, including multidistrict online providers, all school district
 online learning programs, and all regional online learning programs.

22 **Sec. 505.** RCW 28A.250.020 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 6 are each 23 amended to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction, in collaboration with the state board of education, shall develop and implement approval criteria and a process for approving online providers; a process for monitoring and if necessary rescinding the approval of courses or programs offered by an online provider; and an appeals process. The criteria and processes for multidistrict online providers shall be adopted by rule by December 1, 2009.

(2) When developing the approval criteria, the superintendent of public instruction shall require that providers offering online courses or programs have accreditation, or are candidates for accreditation, through the Northwest accreditation commission or another national, regional, or state accreditation program listed by the office of the superintendent of public instruction ((after consultation with the Washington coalition for online learning)). In addition to other

criteria, the approval criteria shall include the degree of alignment 1 2 with state academic standards and require that all teachers be certificated in accordance with Washington state law. When reviewing 3 online providers that offer high school courses, the superintendent of 4 public instruction shall assure that the courses offered by the 5 6 provider are eligible for high school credit. However, final decisions regarding whether credit meets the school district's graduation 7 requirements shall remain the responsibility of the school districts. 8

9 (3) Initial approval of online providers by the superintendent of public instruction shall be for four years. The superintendent of 10 11 public instruction shall develop a process for the renewal of approvals 12 and for rescinding approvals based on noncompliance with approval 13 requirements. Any multidistrict online provider that was approved by the digital learning commons or accredited by the Northwest association 14 of accredited schools before July 26, 2009, and that meets the teacher 15 certification requirements of subsection (2) of this section, is exempt 16 from the initial approval process under this section until August 31, 17 2012, but must comply with the process for renewal of approvals and 18 19 must comply with approval requirements.

(4) The superintendent of public instruction shall make the first round of decisions regarding approval of multidistrict online providers by April 1, 2010. The first round of decisions regarding approval of online providers that are not multidistrict online providers shall be made by April 1, 2013. Thereafter, the superintendent of public instruction shall make annual approval decisions no later than November 1st of each year.

27 (5) The superintendent of public instruction shall establish an online learning advisory committee within existing resources that shall 28 29 provide advice to the superintendent regarding the approval criteria, 30 major components of the web site, the model school district policy, model agreements, and other related matters. The committee shall 31 include a representative of each of the following groups: Private and 32 public online providers, parents of online students, accreditation 33 educational service districts, 34 organizations, school principals, 35 teachers, school administrators, school board members, institutions of 36 higher education, and other individuals as determined by the 37 superintendent. Members of the advisory committee shall be selected by

the superintendent based on nominations from statewide organizations,
 shall serve three-year terms, and may be reappointed. The
 superintendent shall select the chair of the committee.

4 **Sec. 506.** RCW 28A.250.050 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 11 are each 5 amended to read as follows:

(1) By August 31, 2010, all school district boards of directors б 7 shall develop policies and procedures regarding student access to online courses and online learning programs. The policies and 8 9 procedures shall include but not be limited to: Student eligibility 10 criteria; the types of online courses available to students through the 11 school district; the methods districts will use to support student 12 success, which may include a local advisor; when the school district will and will not pay course fees and other costs; the granting of high 13 14 school credit; and a process for students and parents or quardians to formally acknowledge any course taken for which no credit is given. 15 The policies and procedures shall take effect beginning with the 2010-16 11 school year. School districts shall submit their policies to the 17 18 superintendent of public instruction by September 15, 2010. By December 1, 2010, the superintendent of public instruction shall 19 20 summarize the school district policies regarding student access to 21 online courses and submit a report to the legislature.

(2) School districts must award credit <u>and grades</u> for online high school courses successfully completed by a student that meet the school district's graduation requirements and are provided by an approved online provider.

(3) School districts shall provide students with information
regarding online courses that are available through the school
district. The information shall include the types of information
described in subsection (1) of this section.

30 (4) When developing local or regional online learning programs,
 31 school districts shall incorporate into the program design the approval
 32 criteria developed by the superintendent of public instruction under
 33 RCW 28A.250.020.

34 **Sec. 507.** RCW 28A.250.060 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 8 are each 35 amended to read as follows:

36 (1) Beginning with the 2011-12 school year, school districts may

1 claim state funding under ((RCW 28A.150.260)) section 503 of this act, 2 to the extent otherwise allowed by state law, for students enrolled in 3 online courses or programs only if the online courses or programs are:

4 (a) Offered by a multidistrict online provider approved under RCW
5 28A.250.020 by the superintendent of public instruction;

6 (b) Offered by a school district online learning program if the 7 program serves students who reside within the geographic boundaries of 8 the school district, including school district programs in which fewer 9 than ten percent of the program's students reside outside the school 10 district's geographic boundaries; or

(c) Offered by a regional online learning program where courses are jointly developed and offered by two or more school districts or an educational service district through an interdistrict cooperative program agreement.

(2) Beginning with the 2013-14 school year, school districts may claim state funding under ((RCW 28A.150.260)) section 503 of this act, to the extent otherwise allowed by state law, for students enrolled in online courses or programs only if the online courses or programs are offered by an online provider approved under RCW 28A.250.020 by the superintendent of public instruction.

(3) Criteria shall be established by the superintendent of public instruction to allow online courses that have not been approved by the superintendent of public instruction to be eligible for state funding if the course is in a subject matter in which no courses have been approved and, if it is a high school course, the course meets Washington high school graduation requirements.

27 **Sec. 508.** RCW 28A.250.070 and 2009 c 542 s 8 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

29 Nothing in this chapter is intended to diminish the rights of students to attend a nonresident school district in accordance with RCW 30 31 28A.225.220 through 28A.225.230 for the purposes of enrolling in online 32 courses or online school programs. The office of online learning under RCW 28A.250.030 shall develop a standard form, which must be used by 33 all school districts, for releasing a student to a nonresident school 34 35 district for the purposes of enrolling in an online course or online 36 school program.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 509. A new section is added to chapter 28A.250
 RCW to read as follows:

3 An online school program may request a waiver from the office of the superintendent of public instruction to administer one or more 4 5 sections of the statewide student assessment for grades three through eight for some or all students enrolled in the program on alternate б 7 days or on an alternate schedule, as long as the administration is 8 within the testing period established by the office. The office may deny a request for a waiver if the online school program's proposal 9 10 does not maintain adequate test security or would reduce the reliability of the assessment results by providing an inequitable 11 12 advantage for some students.

13 Sec. 510. RCW 28A.225.220 and 1995 c 335 s 602 and 1995 c 52 s 2 14 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Any board of directors may make agreements with adults choosingto attend school, and may charge the adults reasonable tuition.

17 (2) A district is strongly encouraged to honor the request of a 18 parent or guardian for his or her child to attend a school in another 19 district or the request of a parent or guardian for his or her child to 20 transfer as a student receiving home-based instruction.

(3) A district shall release a student to a nonresident districtthat agrees to accept the student if:

(a) A financial, educational, safety, or health condition affecting
 the student would likely be reasonably improved as a result of the
 transfer; or

(b) Attendance at the school in the nonresident district is more accessible to the parent's place of work or to the location of child care; or

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(c) There is a special hardship or detrimental condition; or

30 (d) The purpose of the transfer is for the student to enroll in an 31 online course or online school program offered by an online provider 32 approved under RCW 28A.250.020.

33 (4) A district may deny the request of a resident student to 34 transfer to a nonresident district if the release of the student would 35 adversely affect the district's existing desegregation plan.

(5) For the purpose of helping a district assess the quality of its
 education program, a resident school district may request an optional

exit interview or questionnaire with the parents or guardians of a
 child transferring to another district. No parent or guardian may be
 forced to attend such an interview or complete the questionnaire.

4 (6) Beginning with the 1993-94 school year, school districts may not charge transfer fees or tuition for nonresident students enrolled 5 under subsection (3) of this section and RCW 28A.225.225. б Reimbursement of a high school district for cost of educating high 7 8 school pupils of a nonhigh school district shall not be deemed a 9 transfer fee as affecting the apportionment of current state school funds. 10

11 Sec. 511. RCW 28A.225.225 and 2013 c 192 s 2 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1) Except for students who reside out-of-state and students under RCW 28A.225.217, a district shall accept applications from nonresident students who are the children of full-time certificated and classified school employees, and those children shall be permitted to enroll:

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(a) At the school to which the employee is assigned;

(b) At a school forming the district's K through 12 continuum which includes the school to which the employee is assigned; or

(c) At a school in the district that provides early intervention
services pursuant to RCW 28A.155.065 or preschool services pursuant to
RCW 28A.155.070, if the student is eligible for such services.

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(2) A district may reject applications under this section if:

(a) The student's disciplinary records indicate a history of
 convictions for offenses or crimes, violent or disruptive behavior, or
 gang membership;

(b) The student has been expelled or suspended from a public school for more than ten consecutive days. Any policy allowing for readmission of expelled or suspended students under this subsection (2)(b) must apply uniformly to both resident and nonresident applicants; ((or))

32 (c) Enrollment of a child under this section would displace a child 33 who is a resident of the district, except that if a child is admitted 34 under subsection (1) of this section, that child shall be permitted to 35 remain enrolled at that school, or in that district's kindergarten 36 through twelfth grade continuum, until he or she has completed his or 37 her schooling; or (d) The student has repeatedly failed to comply with requirements
 for participation in an online school program, such as participating in
 weekly direct contact with the teacher or monthly progress evaluations.

4 (3) A nonhigh district that is participating in an innovation
5 academy cooperative may not accept an application from a high school
6 student that conflicts with RCW 28A.340.080.

7 (4) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, all 8 districts accepting applications from nonresident students or from students receiving home-based instruction for admission to the 9 district's schools shall consider equally all applications received. 10 Each school district shall adopt a policy establishing rational, fair, 11 12 and equitable standards for acceptance and rejection of applications by 13 June 30, 1990. The policy may include rejection of a nonresident 14 student if:

(a) Acceptance of a nonresident student would result in thedistrict experiencing a financial hardship;

(b) The student's disciplinary records indicate a history of convictions for offenses or crimes, violent or disruptive behavior, or gang membership;

20 (c) Accepting of the nonresident student would conflict with RCW21 28A.340.080; or

(d) The student has been expelled or suspended from a public school for more than ten consecutive days. Any policy allowing for readmission of expelled or suspended students under this subsection (4)(d) must apply uniformly to both resident and nonresident applicants.

For purposes of subsections (2)(a) and (4)(b) of this section, "gang" means a group which: (i) Consists of three or more persons; (ii) has identifiable leadership; and (iii) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

(5) The district shall provide to applicants written notification of the approval or denial of the application in a timely manner. If the application is rejected, the notification shall include the reason or reasons for denial and the right to appeal under RCW 28A.225.230(3).

35 Sec. 512. RCW 28A.150.100 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 10 are each 36 amended to read as follows:

37 (1) For the purposes of this section and RCW 28A.150.410 and

28A.400.200, "basic education certificated instructional staff" means 1 2 all full-time equivalent classroom teachers, teacher librarians, guidance counselors, certificated student health services staff, and 3 4 other certificated instructional staff in the following programs as defined for statewide school district accounting purposes: 5 Basic 6 education, secondary vocational education, general instructional 7 support, and general supportive services.

8 (2) Each school district shall maintain a ratio of at least forty-9 six basic education certificated instructional staff to one thousand 10 annual average full-time equivalent students. This requirement does 11 not apply to that portion of a district's annual average full-time 12 equivalent enrollment that is enrolled in alternative learning 13 experience ((programs)) courses as defined in RCW 28A.150.325 (as 14 recodified by this act).

15 Sec. 513. RCW 28A.525.162 and 2012 c 244 s 2 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

(1) Funds appropriated to the superintendent of public instruction from the common school construction fund shall be allotted by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with this chapter.

20 (2) No allotment shall be made to a school district until such 21 district has provided local funds equal to or greater than the 22 difference between the total approved project cost and the amount of 23 state funding assistance to the district for financing the project 24 computed pursuant to RCW 28A.525.166, with the following exceptions:

(a) The superintendent of public instruction may waive the local requirement for state funding assistance for districts which have provided funds for school building construction purposes through the authorization of bonds or through the authorization of excess tax levies or both in an amount equivalent to two and one-half percent of the value of its taxable property, as defined in RCW 39.36.015.

31 (b) No such local funds shall be required as a condition to the 32 allotment of funds from the state for the purpose of making major or 33 minor structural changes to existing school facilities in order to 34 bring such facilities into compliance with the barrier free access 35 requirements of section 504 of the federal rehabilitation act of 1973 36 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 706) and rules implementing the act.

1 (3) For the purpose of computing the state funding assistance 2 percentage under RCW 28A.525.166 when a school district is granted 3 authority to enter into contracts, adjusted valuation per pupil shall 4 be calculated using headcount student enrollments from the most recent 5 October enrollment reports submitted by districts to the superintendent 6 of public instruction, adjusted as follows:

7 (a) In the case of projects for which local bonds were approved 8 after May 11, 1989:

9 (i) For districts which have been designated as serving high school 10 districts under RCW 28A.540.110, students residing in the nonhigh 11 district so designating shall be excluded from the enrollment count if 12 the student is enrolled in any grade level not offered by the nonhigh 13 district;

14 (ii) The enrollment of nonhigh school districts shall be increased 15 by the number of students residing within the district who are enrolled 16 in a serving high school district so designated by the nonhigh school 17 district under RCW 28A.540.110, including only students who are 18 enrolled in grade levels not offered by the nonhigh school district; 19 and

(iii) The number of preschool students with disabilities includedin the enrollment count shall be multiplied by one-half;

(b) In the case of construction or modernization of high school facilities in districts serving students from nonhigh school districts, the adjusted valuation per pupil shall be computed using the combined adjusted valuations and enrollments of each district, each weighted by the percentage of the district's resident high school students served by the high school district;

(c) The number of kindergarten students included in the enrollmentcount shall be counted as one headcount student; and

30 (d) The number of students residing outside the school district who 31 are enrolled in alternative learning experience ((programs)) courses 32 under RCW 28A.150.325 (as recodified by this act) shall be excluded 33 from the total.

(4) In lieu of the exclusion in subsection (3)(d) of this section,
 a district may submit an alternative calculation for excluding students
 enrolled in alternative learning experience ((programs)) courses. The
 alternative calculation must show the student headcount use of district
 classroom facilities on a regular basis for a regular duration by out-

of-district alternative learning experience ((program)) 1 students 2 subtracted by the headcount of in-district alternative learning experience ((program)) students not using district classroom facilities 3 on a regular basis for a reasonable duration. The alternative 4 calculation must be submitted in a form approved by the office of the 5 6 superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent 7 of public instruction must develop rules to define "regular basis" and 8 "reasonable duration."

9 (5) The superintendent of public instruction, considering policy 10 recommendations from the school facilities citizen advisory panel, 11 shall prescribe such rules as are necessary to equate insofar as 12 possible the efforts made by school districts to provide capital funds 13 by the means aforesaid.

14 (6) For the purposes of this section, "preschool students with 15 disabilities" means children of preschool age who have developmental 16 disabilities who are entitled to services under RCW 28A.155.010 through 17 28A.155.100 and are not included in the kindergarten enrollment count 18 of the district.

19 Sec. 514. RCW 28A.525.166 and 2012 c 244 s 3 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

Allocations to school districts of state funds provided by RCW 22 28A.525.162 through 28A.525.180 shall be made by the superintendent of 23 public instruction and the amount of state funding assistance to a 24 school district in financing a school plant project shall be determined 25 in the following manner:

26 (1) The boards of directors of the districts shall determine the total cost of the proposed project, which cost may include the cost of 27 acquiring and preparing the site, the cost of constructing the building 28 29 or of acquiring a building and preparing the same for school use, the cost of necessary equipment, taxes chargeable to the project, necessary 30 31 architects' fees, and a reasonable amount for contingencies and for 32 other necessary incidental expenses: PROVIDED, That the total cost of 33 the project shall be subject to review and approval by the 34 superintendent.

35 (2) The state funding assistance percentage for a school district36 shall be computed by the following formula:

1 The ratio of the school district's adjusted valuation per pupil 2 divided by the ratio of the total state adjusted valuation per pupil 3 shall be subtracted from three, and then the result of the foregoing 4 shall be divided by three plus (the ratio of the school district's 5 adjusted valuation per pupil divided by the ratio of the total state 6 adjusted valuation per pupil).

7		District adjusted	Total state	
8	:	3-valuation ÷	adjusted valuation	
9	Computed	per pupil	per pupil	State
10	State =		= - %	Funding
11	Ratio	District adjusted	Total state	Assistance
12	:	3+valuation ÷	adjusted valuation	
13		per pupil	per pupil	

PROVIDED, That in the event the state funding assistance percentage to 14 any school district based on the above formula is less than twenty 15 percent and such school district is otherwise eligible for state 16 17 funding assistance under RCW 28A.525.162 through 28A.525.180, the superintendent may establish for such district a state funding 18 assistance percentage not in excess of twenty percent of the approved 19 cost of the project, if the superintendent finds that such additional 20 21 assistance is necessary to provide minimum facilities for housing the pupils of the district. 22

(3) In addition to the computed state funding assistance percentage developed in subsection (2) of this section, a school district shall be entitled to additional percentage points determined by the average percentage of growth for the past three years. One percent shall be added to the computed state funding assistance percentage for each percent of growth, with a maximum of twenty percent.

29 In computing the state funding assistance percentage in (4) subsection (2) of this section and adjusting the percentage under 30 31 subsection (3) of this section, students residing outside the school district who are enrolled in alternative learning experience 32 ((programs)) courses under RCW 28A.150.325 (as recodified by this act) 33 shall be excluded from the count of total pupils. In lieu of the 34 exclusion in this subsection, a district may submit an alternative 35 calculation for excluding students enrolled in alternative learning 36 experience ((programs)) courses. The alternative calculation must show 37 the student headcount use of district classroom facilities on a regular 38

basis for a reasonable duration by out-of-district alternative learning 1 2 experience ((program)) students subtracted by the headcount of indistrict alternative learning experience ((program)) students not using 3 4 district classroom facilities on a regular basis for a reasonable duration. The alternative calculation must be submitted in a form 5 approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction. б The office of the superintendent of public instruction must develop 7 rules to define "regular basis" and "reasonable duration." 8

9 (5) The approved cost of the project determined in the manner prescribed in this section multiplied by the state funding assistance 10 percentage derived as provided for in this section shall be the amount 11 12 of state funding assistance to the district for the financing of the 13 project: PROVIDED, That need therefor has been established to the satisfaction of the superintendent: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That additional 14 15 state funding assistance may be allowed if it is found by the superintendent, considering policy recommendations from the school 16 facilities citizen advisory panel that such assistance is necessary in 17 order to meet (a) a school housing emergency resulting from the 18 19 destruction of a school building by fire, the condemnation of a school 20 building by properly constituted authorities, a sudden excessive and 21 clearly foreseeable future increase in school population, or other 22 conditions similarly emergent in nature; or (b) a special school 23 housing burden resulting from projects of statewide significance or 24 imposed by virtue of the admission of nonresident students into educational programs established, maintained and operated in conformity 25 26 with the requirements of law; or (c) a deficiency in the capital funds 27 of the district resulting from financing, subsequent to April 1, 1969, and without benefit of the state funding assistance provided by prior 28 29 state assistance programs, the construction of a needed school building 30 project or projects approved in conformity with the requirements of such programs, after having first applied for and been denied state 31 funding assistance because of the inadequacy of state funds available 32 for the purpose, or (d) a condition created by the fact that an 33 excessive number of students live in state owned housing, or (e) a need 34 35 for the construction of a school building to provide for improved 36 school district organization or racial balance, or (f) conditions 37 similar to those defined under (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this 38 subsection, creating a like emergency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 515. (1) The office of financial management 1 2 shall conduct a study, in consultation with, at minimum, one representative each from school districts that administer remote, site-3 4 based, and online alternative learning experience courses; the office of the superintendent of public instruction; the Washington state 5 6 institute for public policy; individuals with expertise in outcomebased public school funding models; a Washington state nonprofit 7 8 organization with expertise in alternative learning education; and the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee. 9

The purpose of the study is to create a proposal for 10 (2) efficiently and sustainably funding alternative learning experience 11 12 courses and to recommend steps to increase the focus on educational 13 outcomes. The study may recommend the funding method established in section 503 of this act or another method of funding. The study shall 14 15 review alternative learning funding models used in other states and consider the advantages and disadvantages of applying state policies, 16 17 including funding policies, differentially depending on the type of 18 alternative learning experience course. The study should also include 19 but not be limited to, recommendations for establishing baseline data regarding alternative learning experience student proficiency and 20 21 achievement in relation to students in a comparable demographic, 22 identifying outcome targets and methods to measure progress toward 23 targets, identifying methods to ensure ongoing evaluation of outcomes 24 that account for the student demographics being served, and improving alternative learning experience accountability. 25

(3) The office of financial management shall report its findings
from the study to the quality education council by November 1, 2013.
The quality education council shall review the findings and make
recommendations to the education and fiscal committees of the
legislature by December 15, 2013.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 516. RCW 28A.150.262 (Defining full-time 32 equivalent student--Students receiving instruction through alternative 33 learning experience online programs--Requirements) and 2011 1st sp.s. 34 c 34 s 3, 2009 c 542 s 9, & 2005 c 356 s 2 are each repealed.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 517. (1) RCW 28A.150.325 is recodified as a

section in chapter 28A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 518
of this act).

3 (2) 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 1 is codified as a section in chapter 4 28A.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 518 of this act).

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 518. Sections 501 and 503 of this act 6 constitute a new chapter in Title 28A RCW.

7

8

PART VI

MISCELLANEOUS

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 601. The following acts or parts of acts are 10 each repealed:

11 (1) RCW 28A.165.025 (School district program plan) and 2009 c 556 12 s 1 & 2004 c 20 s 3;

13 (2) RCW 28A.165.045 (Plan approval process) and 2009 c 556 s 2 & 14 2004 c 20 s 5;

15 (3) RCW 28A.415.250 (Teacher assistance program--Provision for 16 mentor teachers) and 2009 c 539 s 5, 1993 c 336 s 401, 1991 c 116 s 19, 17 1990 c 33 s 403, 1987 c 507 s 1, & 1985 c 399 s 1; and

18 (4) RCW 28A.415.260 (Pilot program using full-time mentor teachers)
 19 and 1998 c 245 s 12 & 1993 c 336 s 402.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 602. Section 503 of this act is necessary for 21 the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or 22 support of the state government and its existing public institutions, 23 and takes effect immediately.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 603. If any provision of this act or its 25 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 26 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 27 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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