## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5077

## 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate January 1, 0001 YEAS 0 NAYS 0	CERTIFICATE
	I, Hunter G. Goodman, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that
President of the Senate	the attached is SUBSTITUTE SENATI BILL 5077 as passed by the Senate
Passed by the House January 1, 0001 YEAS 0 NAYS 0	and the House of Representative on the dates hereon set forth.
Speaker of the House of Representatives	Secretary
Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington

#### \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5077

Passed Legislature - 2013 Regular Session

### State of Washington

63rd Legislature

2013 Regular Session

By Senate Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, Holmquist Newbry, and Keiser; by request of Statute Law Committee)

READ FIRST TIME 01/31/13.

```
AN ACT Relating to technical corrections to gender-based terms;
1
 2
    amending RCW 2.48.210, 6.13.080, 8.16.090, 9.91.020, 13.34.105,
    13.50.010, 13.50.100, 13.50.140, 18.20.185, 18.20.305, 18.20.390,
 3
     18.20.420, 18.27.090, 18.106.010, 18.106.020, 18.106.030, 18.106.040,
 4
    18.106.050, 18.106.070, 18.106.075, 18.106.080, 18.106.090, 18.106.100,
 5
    18.106.110, 18.106.150, 18.106.155, 19.28.006, 19.28.161, 19.28.191,
 6
7
    19.28.201, 19.28.205, 19.28.211, 19.28.221, 19.28.231, 19.28.241,
    19.28.261,
                20.01.030, 22.09.860, 24.34.010, 26.12.185,
 8
                                                               26.44.030,
9
                28A.175.075, 28A.175.140,
                                               28A.230.020, 28A.300.136,
    26.44.220,
10
     28A.300.285,
                   28A.300.2851,
                                   28B.10.053, 28B.15.102,
                                                              28B.45.020,
     28B.45.030, 28B.45.040, 28B.50.278, 28B.76.502, 28B.77.090, 28B.77.220,
11
12
     35.39.060, 35.50.260, 35A.37.010, 35A.42.040, 35A.84.010, 36.39.060,
     41.04.130, 41.26.110, 41.26.150, 43.06A.010, 43.06A.020, 43.06A.030,
13
     43.06A.050, 43.06A.060, 43.06A.070, 43.06A.080, 43.06A.085, 43.06A.090,
14
     43.06A.100, 43.06A.110, 43.06B.010, 43.06B.020, 43.06B.030, 43.06B.040,
15
     43.06B.050, 43.06B.060, 43.190.010, 43.190.030, 43.190.040, 43.190.050,
16
     43.190.060, 43.190.065, 43.190.070, 43.190.080, 43.190.090, 43.190.110,
17
     43.190.120, 43.215.520, 44.04.220, 48.02.093, 48.18A.070, 50.22.010,
18
    51.04.063, 51.14.300, 51.14.310,
                                        51.14.320,
19
                                                   51.14.330, 51.14.340,
20
    51.14.350, 51.14.360, 51.14.370,
                                        51.14.380,
                                                   51.14.390, 51.14.400,
21
    51.44.150, 59.20.210, 60.13.020,
                                        60.13.040, 60.13.050, 60.13.060,
```

p. 1 SSB 5077.PL

60.36.030, 60.36.040, 60.42.040, 62A.2-201, 62A.2-210, 62A.2-304, 1 2 62A.2-305, 62A.2-308, 62A.2-311, 62A.2-312, 62A.2-313, 62A.2-316, 3 62A.2-318, 62A.2-319, 62A.2-320, 62A.2-324, 62A.2-325, 62A.2-328, 62A.2-402, 62A.2-501, 62A.2-502, 62A.2-504, 62A.2-507, 62A.2-508, 4 5 62A.2-510, 62A.2-602, 62A.2-603, 62A.2-604, 62A.2-606, 62A.2-607, 62A.2-608, 6 62A.2-609, 62A.2-610, 62A.2-611, 62A.2-612, 62A.2-613, 7 62A.2-615, 62A.2-616, 62A.2-702, 62A.2-704, 62A.2-706, 62A.2-707, 8 62A.2-709, 62A.2-711, 62A.2-712, 62A.2-714, 62A.2-716, 62A.2-717, 9 62A.2-718, 62A.2-722, 62A.2-723, 62A.11-109, 64.34.364, 66.20.120, 67.08.080, 67.16.200, 70.97.040, 70.97.100, 70.128.150, 70.128.163, 10 70.128.200, 70.129.030, 70.129.090, 70.129.110, 70.129.160, 70.129.170, 11 71.24.350, 74.04.011, 12 73.16.061, 73.20.010, 74.04.014, 74.04.080, 74.04.480, 13 74.04.350, 74.04.385, 74.08.050, 74.08.280, 74.08.340, 74.08.370, 74.09.210, 74.09.230, 74.12.010, 74.12.250, 74.13.334, 14 74.13.368, 74.13.640, 74.13A.025, 74.13A.040, 74.13A.075, 74.15.140, 15 16 74.20.260, 74.20A.040, 74.20A.130, 74.20A.150, 74.34.095, 74.34.200, 17 76.09.100, 76.36.100, 74.36.110, 74.36.120, 74.36.130, 74.38.040, 74.39A.060, 18 74.38.050, 74.39A.380, 74.42.450, 74.42.640, 76.09.320, 76.14.080, 76.14.090, 76.14.100, 76.14.110, 76.42.030, 76.52.020, 19 77.12.370, 20 77.04.060, 77.12.620, 77.12.760, 77.15.570, 77.32.155, 77.65.280, 77.65.340, 77.95.030, 78.04.030, 78.08.080, 21 78.08.100, 78.12.070, 78.16.030, 78.16.040, 78.52.550, 78.60.110, 78.60.170, 22 23 78.60.250, 79.02.150, 79.14.060, 79.22.120, 79.24.030, 79.24.150, 24 79.24.660, 79.44.050, 79.44.100, 79A.05.085, 79A.05.105, 79A.05.700, 80.01.020, 25 80.01.100, 80.04.020, 80.04.040, 80.04.050, 80.04.070, 26 80.04.120, 80.04.170, 80.04.280, 80.04.460, 80.04.470, 80.04.510, 80.32.100, 27 80.08.110, 80.50.080, 81.04.020, 81.04.040, 81.04.050, 28 81.04.070, 81.04.120, 81.04.280, 81.04.460, 81.04.500, 81.04.510, 81.08.110, 81.24.070, 81.28.290, 81.40.060, 81.44.070, 29 81.40.110, 81.48.060, 81.48.070, 81.52.050, 81.53.030, 30 81.53.010, 81.53.120, 81.53.261, 31 81.64.160, 81.77.020, 81.80.100, 81.80.355, 81.96.030, 32 82.03.050, 82.03.060, 82.03.080, 82.04.290, 82.04.425, 82.08.0266, 33 82.08.0269, 82.08.100, 82.12.070, 82.24.210, 82.24.250, 82.32.070, 82.36.110, 82.32.120, 82.32.170, 82.32.270, 34 82.32.260, 82.32.310, 82.36.250, 82.36.410, 82.38.060, 82.38.275, 82.41.080, 82.42.040, 35 82.42.100, 82.44.140, 82.50.520, 82.56.040, 36 82.56.030, 83.100.020, 37 84.08.120, 84.08.140, 84.08.190, 84.12.240, 84.09.040, 84.16.032, 84.38.040, 38 84.36.300, 84.36.320, 84.36.400, 84.36.813, 84.36.850,

```
84.40.110,
                  84.38.080,
                               84.38.090,
                                            84.40.070,
                                                                      84.40.160,
 1
     84.38.060,
 2
     84.40.185,
                  84.40.210,
                               84.40.220,
                                            84.40.240,
                                                         84.40.370,
                                                                      84.41.080,
 3
     84.41.120,
                  84.44.080,
                               84.48.018,
                                            84.56.090,
                                                         84.56.210,
                                                                      84.56.210,
     84.56.270,
 4
                  84.56.320,
                               84.60.040,
                                            84.64.040,
                                                         84.64.130,
                                                                      84.64.180,
 5
     84.68.110,
                  84.68.120,
                               84.68.150,
                                            84.69.090,
                                                         85.05.076,
                                                                      85.05.100,
     85.05.120,
                  85.05.130,
 6
                               85.05.150,
                                            85.05.160,
                                                         85.05.180,
                                                                      85.06.100,
 7
     85.06.120,
                  85.06.130,
                               85.06.150,
                                            85.06.160,
                                                         85.06.180,
                                                                      85.06.210,
 8
     85.06.250,
                  85.06.330,
                               85.06.550,
                                            85.06.560,
                                                         85.06.570,
                                                                      85.06.600,
     85.06.630,
 9
                  85.06.750,
                               85.07.070,
                                            85.07.090,
                                                         85.07.120,
                                                                      85.07.140,
     85.08.340,
10
                  85.08.360,
                               85.08.400,
                                            85.08.410,
                                                         85.08.420,
                                                                      85.08.440,
11
     85.08.490,
                  85.08.500,
                               85.08.570,
                                            85.08.820,
                                                         85.08.840,
                                                                      85.15.030,
     85.15.090,
                  85.15.110,
                                            85.16.130,
                                                         85.16.150,
12
                               85.15.150,
                                                                      85.18.160,
13
     85.16.210,
                  85.16.230,
                               85.18.040,
                                            85.18.100,
                                                         85.18.120,
                                                                      85.24.070,
14
     85.24.075,
                  85.24.130,
                               85.24.140,
                                            85.24.150,
                                                         85.24.160,
                                                                      85.24.170,
15
     85.24.180,
                  85.24.290,
                               85.28.030,
                                            85.28.040,
                                                         85.28.060,
                                                                      85.28.080,
16
     85.28.090,
                  85.32.050,
                               85.32.060,
                                            85.32.170,
                                                         86.09.259,
                                                                      86.09.292,
17
     86.09.301,
                  86.09.304,
                               86.09.310,
                                            86.09.319,
                                                         86.09.325,
                                                                      86.09.328,
18
     86.09.391,
                  86.09.430,
                               86.09.433,
                                            86.09.448,
                                                         86.09.466,
                                                                      86.09.493,
19
     86.09.496,
                  86.09.499,
                               86.09.502,
                                            86.09.508,
                                                         86.09.511,
                                                                      86.09.556,
                                                         86.13.050,
20
     86.09.562,
                  86.09.619,
                               86.09.703,
                                            86.13.030,
                                                                      86.13.060,
     86.13.090,
                  86.13.100,
                               86.15.060,
                                            86.15.130,
                                                                      86.24.030,
21
                                                         86.16.035,
22
     87.03.025,
                  87.03.031,
                               87.03.032,
                                            87.03.033,
                                                         87.03.045,
                                                                      87.03.075,
23
     87.03.080,
                  87.03.081,
                               87.03.082,
                                            87.03.090,
                                                         87.03.100,
                                                                      87.03.110,
24
     87.03.115,
                  87.03.175,
                               87.03.180,
                                            87.03.245,
                                                         87.03.250,
                                                                      87.03.255,
     87.03.260,
25
                  87.03.270,
                               87.03.272,
                                            87.03.280,
                                                         87.03.442,
                                                                      87.03.570,
26
     87.03.610,
                  87.03.660,
                               87.03.690,
                                            87.03.760,
                                                         87.03.765,
                                                                      87.03.820,
27
     87.04.010,
                  87.22.065,
                               87.22.215,
                                            87.25.030,
                                                         87.25.060,
                                                                      87.25.100,
28
     87.52.030,
                  87.52.040,
                               87.52.060,
                                            87.53.100,
                                                         87.53.120,
                                                                      87.53.150,
29
     87.56.040,
                  87.56.180,
                               87.56.190,
                                            87.56.203,
                                                         87.56.210,
                                                                      87.64.010,
30
     87.64.020,
                  87.64.040,
                                                         88.16.130,
                               87.84.070,
                                            88.08.060,
                                                                      88.24.010,
31
     88.24.020,
                  88.24.030,
                               88.32.020,
                                            88.32.040,
                                                         88.32.090,
                                                                      88.32.100,
32
     88.32.140,
                  88.32.160,
                               88.32.170,
                                            88.32.190,
                                                         88.32.200,
                                                                      88.32.210,
33
     89.08.010,
                  89.08.170,
                               89.08.180,
                                            89.08.200,
                                                         89.08.210,
                                                                      89.12.020,
                               89.16.040,
34
     89.12.050,
                  89.12.150,
                                            89.16.045,
                                                         89.16.050,
                                                                      89.30.025,
35
     89.30.034,
                  89.30.055,
                               89.30.058,
                                            89.30.109,
                                                         89.30.229,
                                                                      89.30.259,
36
     89.30.265,
                                                         89.30.313,
                  89.30.301,
                               89.30.304,
                                            89.30.307,
                                                                      89.30.316,
37
     89.30.322,
                  89.30.325,
                               89.30.328,
                                                         89.30.367,
                                            89.30.352,
                                                                      89.30.382,
38
     89.30.565,
                  89.30.604,
                               89.30.625,
                                            89.30.649,
                                                         89.30.652,
                                                                      89.30.655,
```

p. 3 SSB 5077.PL

- 89.30.670, 89.30.676, 89.30.685, 89.30.700, 89.30.709, 89.30.721, 1 2 89.30.724, 89.30.730, 89.30.790, 90.03.040, 90.03.070, 90.03.210, 90.03.220, 90.03.250, 90.03.270, 90.03.410, 90.03.440, 90.03.450, 3 90.08.040, 90.08.050, 90.08.060, 90.08.070, 90.14.061, 90.14.101, 4 90.14.170, 90.24.020, 90.14.130, 90.24.050, 90.44.110, 90.44.130, 5 90.48.095, 90.58.170, 91.08.030, 91.08.080, 91.08.130, 91.08.150, 6 7 91.08.170, 91.08.220, 91.08.250, 91.08.250, 91.08.280, 91.08.340, 91.08.370, 91.08.390, 91.08.400, 91.08.410, 91.08.430, 91.08.460, 8 91.08.500, 91.08.510, 91.08.550, 91.08.560, 91.08.590, 91.08.600, and 9 91.08.620; reenacting and amending RCW 19.28.041, 26.44.030, 27.53.030, 10 28B.50.100, 60.13.010, 74.13.333, 80.50.150, 82.36.310, and 87.03.440; 11 12 providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.
- 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 14 **Sec. 1.** RCW 2.48.210 and 1921 c 126 s 12 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- Every person before being admitted to practice law in this state shall take and subscribe the following oath:
- I do solemnly swear:

26

27

28

- I am a citizen of the United States and owe my allegiance thereto;
- I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the state of Washington;
- I will maintain the respect due to courts of justice and judicial officers;
  - I will not counsel or maintain any suit or proceeding which shall appear to me to be unjust, nor any defense except such as I believe to be honestly debatable under the law of the land, unless it be in defense of a person charged with a public offense; I will employ for the purpose of maintaining the causes confided to me such means only as are consistent with truth and honor, and will never seek to mislead the judge or jury by any artifice or false statement of fact or law;
- I will maintain the confidence and preserve inviolate the secrets of my client, and will accept no compensation in connection with his <u>or</u> her business except from him <u>or her</u> or with his <u>or her</u> knowledge and approval;
- I will abstain from all offensive personality, and advance no fact

prejudicial to the honor or reputation of a party or witness, unless required by the justice of the cause with which I am charged;

I will never reject, from any consideration personal to myself, the cause of the defenseless or oppressed, or delay any ((man's)) person's cause for lucre or malice. So help me God.

**Sec. 2.** RCW 6.13.080 and 2008 c 6 s 635 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

The homestead exemption is not available against an execution or forced sale in satisfaction of judgments obtained:

- (1) On debts secured by mechanic's, laborer's, construction, maritime, automobile repair, ((materialmen's)) material supplier's, or vendor's liens arising out of and against the particular property claimed as a homestead;
- (2) On debts secured (a) by security agreements describing as collateral the property that is claimed as a homestead or (b) by mortgages or deeds of trust on the premises that have been executed and acknowledged by both spouses or both domestic partners or by any claimant not married or in a state registered domestic partnership;
- (3) On one spouse's or one domestic partner's or the community's debts existing at the time of that spouse's or that domestic partner's bankruptcy filing where (a) bankruptcy is filed by both spouses or both domestic partners within a six-month period, other than in a joint case or a case in which their assets are jointly administered, and (b) the other spouse or other domestic partner exempts property from property of the estate under the bankruptcy exemption provisions of 11 U.S.C. Sec. 522(d);
- (4) On debts arising from a lawful court order or decree or administrative order establishing a child support obligation or obligation to pay maintenance;
- (5) On debts owing to the state of Washington for recovery of medical assistance correctly paid on behalf of an individual consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396p;
- (6) On debts secured by a condominium's or homeowner association's lien. In order for an association to be exempt under this provision, the association must have provided a homeowner with notice that nonpayment of the association's assessment may result in foreclosure of the association lien and that the homestead protection under this

p. 5 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 chapter shall not apply. An association has complied with this notice
- 2 requirement by mailing the notice, by first-class mail, to the address
- 3 of the owner's lot or unit. The notice required in this subsection
- 4 shall be given within thirty days from the date the association learns
- of a new owner, but in all cases the notice must be given prior to the
- 6 initiation of a foreclosure. The phrase "learns of a new owner" in
- 7 this subsection means actual knowledge of the identity of a homeowner
- 8 acquiring title after June 9, 1988, and does not require that an
- 9 association affirmatively ascertain the identity of a homeowner.
- 10 Failure to give the notice specified in this subsection affects an
- 11 association's lien only for debts accrued up to the time an association
- 12 complies with the notice provisions under this subsection; or
- 13 (7) On debts owed for taxes collected under chapters 82.08, 82.12,
- 14 and 82.14 RCW but not remitted to the department of revenue.
- 15 **Sec. 3.** RCW 8.16.090 and 1909 p 374 s 9 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- When ten of the jurors agree upon a verdict, the verdict so agreed
- 18 upon shall be signed by the ((foreman)) jury foreperson, and the
- 19 verdict so agreed upon shall be and stand as the verdict of the jury.
- 20 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.91.020 and 2000 c 239 s 3 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- Every person who, being employed upon any railway, as engineer,
- 23 ((motorman)) motor\_operator, ((gripman)) grip\_operator, conductor,
- 24 switch tender, ((fireman)) fire tender, bridge tender, flagger, or
- 25 ((signalman)) signal operator, or having charge of stations, starting,
- 26 regulating, or running trains upon a railway, or being employed as
- 27 captain, engineer, or other officer of a vessel propelled by steam, or
- 28 being the driver of any animal or vehicle upon any public highway,
- 29 street, or other public place, is intoxicated while engaged in the
- 30 discharge of any such duties, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 31 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.34.105 and 2011 c 309 s 26 are each amended to read
- 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) Unless otherwise directed by the court, the duties of the
- 34 guardian ad litem for a child subject to a proceeding under this

chapter, including an attorney specifically appointed by the court to serve as a guardian ad litem, include but are not limited to the following:

- (a) To investigate, collect relevant information about the child's situation, and report to the court factual information regarding the best interests of the child;
- (b) To meet with, interview, or observe the child, depending on the child's age and developmental status, and report to the court any views or positions expressed by the child on issues pending before the court;
- (c) To monitor all court orders for compliance and to bring to the court's attention any change in circumstances that may require a modification of the court's order;
- (d) To report to the court information on the legal status of a child's membership in any Indian tribe or band;
- (e) Court-appointed special advocates and guardians ad litem may make recommendations based upon an independent investigation regarding the best interests of the child, which the court may consider and weigh in conjunction with the recommendations of all of the parties;
- (f) To represent and be an advocate for the best interests of the child;
  - (g) To inform the child, if the child is twelve years old or older, of his or her right to request counsel and to ask the child whether he or she wishes to have counsel, pursuant to RCW 13.34.100(6). The guardian ad litem shall report to the court that the child was notified of this right and indicate the child's position regarding appointment of counsel. The guardian ad litem shall report to the court his or her independent recommendation as to whether appointment of counsel is in the best interest of the child; and
  - (h) In the case of an Indian child as defined in RCW 13.38.040, know, understand, and advocate the best interests of the Indian child.
- (2) A guardian ad litem shall be deemed an officer of the court for the purpose of immunity from civil liability.
  - (3) Except for information or records specified in RCW 13.50.100(7), the guardian ad litem shall have access to all information available to the state or agency on the case. Upon presentation of the order of appointment by the guardian ad litem, any agency, hospital, school organization, division or department of the state, doctor, nurse, or other health care provider, psychologist,

p. 7 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 psychiatrist, police department, or mental health clinic shall permit
- 2 the guardian ad litem to inspect and copy any records relating to the
- 3 child or children involved in the case, without the consent of the
- 4 parent or guardian of the child, or of the child if the child is under
- 5 the age of thirteen years, unless such access is otherwise specifically
- 6 prohibited by law.
- 7 (4) A guardian ad litem may release confidential information,
- 8 records, and reports to the office of the family and children's
- 9 ((ombudsman)) ombuds for the purposes of carrying out its duties under
- 10 chapter 43.06A RCW.
- 11 (5) The guardian ad litem shall release case information in
- 12 accordance with the provisions of RCW 13.50.100.
- 13 Sec. 6. RCW 13.50.010 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 40 s 30 are each
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 (1) For purposes of this chapter:
- 16 (a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following:
- 17 Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney,
- 18 detention center, attorney general, the legislative children's
- 19 oversight committee, the office of the family and children's
- 20 ((ombudsman)) ombuds, the department of social and health services and
- 21 its contracting agencies, schools; persons or public or private
- 22 agencies having children committed to their custody; and any placement
- oversight committee created under RCW 72.05.415;
- 24 (b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the
- 25 juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions,
- 26 memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
- 27 (c) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social
- 28 file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the
- 29 case;
- 30 (d) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the
- 31 records and reports of the probation counselor.
- 32 (2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include
- 33 only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed under
- 34 a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed separately
- 35 from the official juvenile court file.
- 36 (3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to
- 37 maintain accurate records. To this end:

1 (a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information.
2 Any information in records maintained by the department of social and
3 health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter 13.34
4 RCW that is found by the court to be false or inaccurate shall be
5 corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;

- (b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and
- (c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.
- (4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.
- (5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.
- (6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.
- (7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.
- (8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice

p. 9 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in
- 2 legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes.
- 3 The court shall release to the caseload forecast council records needed
- 4 for its research and data-gathering functions. Access to records or
- 5 information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the
- 6 anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will
- 7 be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile
- 8 justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a
- 9 notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles
- 10 and parents will remain confidential.
- 11 (9) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the 12 caseload forecast council upon request. The commission shall not 13 disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records 14 without the named individual's written permission.
  - (10) Requirements in this chapter relating to the court's authority to compel disclosure shall not apply to the legislative children's oversight committee or the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
  - (11) For the purpose of research only, the administrative office of the courts shall maintain an electronic research copy of all records in the judicial information system related to juveniles. Access to the research copy is restricted to the Washington state center for court research. The Washington state center for court research shall maintain the confidentiality of all confidential records and shall preserve the anonymity of all persons identified in the research copy. The research copy may not be subject to any records retention schedule and must include records destroyed or removed from the judicial information system pursuant to RCW 13.50.050 (17) and (18) and 13.50.100(3).
- (12) The court shall release to the Washington state office of 30 31 public defense records needed to implement the agency's oversight, 32 technical assistance, and other functions as required by RCW 2.70.020. Access to the records used as a basis for oversight, technical 33 assistance, or other agency functions is restricted to the Washington 34 state office of public defense. The Washington state office of public 35 36 defense shall maintain the confidentiality of all confidential 37 information included in the records.

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

Sec. 7. RCW 13.50.100 and 2003 c 105 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

37

- (1) This section governs records not covered by RCW 13.50.050.
- (2) Records covered by this section shall be confidential and shall be released only pursuant to this section and RCW 13.50.010.
- (3) Records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility of supervising the juvenile. Records covered under this section and maintained by the juvenile courts which relate to the official actions of the agency may be entered in the statewide judicial information system. truancy records associated with a juvenile who has no other case history, and records of a juvenile's parents who have no other case history, shall be removed from the judicial information system when the juvenile is no longer subject to the compulsory attendance laws in chapter 28A.225 RCW. A county clerk is not liable for unauthorized release of this data by persons or agencies not in his or her employ or otherwise subject to his or her control, nor is the county clerk liable for inaccurate or incomplete information collected from litigants or other persons required to provide identifying data pursuant to this section.
- (4) Subject to (a) of this subsection, the department of social and health services may release information retained in the course of conducting child protective services investigations to a family or juvenile court hearing a petition for custody under chapter 26.10 RCW.
- (a) Information that may be released shall be limited to information regarding investigations in which: (i) The juvenile was an alleged victim of abandonment or abuse or neglect; or (ii) the petitioner for custody of the juvenile, or any individual aged sixteen or older residing in the petitioner's household, is the subject of a founded or currently pending child protective services investigation made by the department subsequent to October 1, 1998.
- (b) Additional information may only be released with the written consent of the subject of the investigation and the juvenile alleged to be the victim of abandonment or abuse and neglect, or the parent,

p. 11 SSB 5077.PL

custodian, guardian, or personal representative of the juvenile, or by court order obtained with notice to all interested parties.

- (5) Any disclosure of records or information by the department of social and health services pursuant to this section shall not be deemed a waiver of any confidentiality or privilege attached to the records or information by operation of any state or federal statute or regulation, and any recipient of such records or information shall maintain it in such a manner as to comply with such state and federal statutes and regulations and to protect against unauthorized disclosure.
- (6) A contracting agency or service provider of the department of social and health services that provides counseling, psychological, psychiatric, or medical services may release to the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds information or records relating to services provided to a juvenile who is dependent under chapter 13.34 RCW without the consent of the parent or guardian of the juvenile, or of the juvenile if the juvenile is under the age of thirteen years, unless such release is otherwise specifically prohibited by law.
- (7) A juvenile, his or her parents, the juvenile's attorney, and the juvenile's parent's attorney, shall, upon request, be given access to all records and information collected or retained by a juvenile justice or care agency which pertain to the juvenile except:
- (a) If it is determined by the agency that release of this information is likely to cause severe psychological or physical harm to the juvenile or his or her parents the agency may withhold the information subject to other order of the court: PROVIDED, That if the court determines that limited release of the information is appropriate, the court may specify terms and conditions for the release of the information; or
- (b) If the information or record has been obtained by a juvenile justice or care agency in connection with the provision of counseling, psychological, psychiatric, or medical services to the juvenile, when the services have been sought voluntarily by the juvenile, and the juvenile has a legal right to receive those services without the consent of any person or agency, then the information or record may not be disclosed to the juvenile's parents without the informed consent of the juvenile unless otherwise authorized by law; or

(c) That the department of social and health services may delete the name and identifying information regarding persons or organizations who have reported alleged child abuse or neglect.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

2122

23

- (8) A juvenile or his or her parent denied access to any records following an agency determination under subsection (7) of this section may file a motion in juvenile court requesting access to the records. The court shall grant the motion unless it finds access may not be permitted according to the standards found in subsection (7)(a) and (b) of this section.
- 10 (9) The person making a motion under subsection (8) of this section 11 shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the 12 original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the 13 motion.
  - (10) Subject to the rules of discovery in civil cases, any party to a proceeding seeking a declaration of dependency or a termination of the parent-child relationship and any party's counsel and the guardian ad litem of any party, shall have access to the records of any natural or adoptive child of the parent, subject to the limitations in subsection (7) of this section. A party denied access to records may request judicial review of the denial. If the party prevails, he or she shall be awarded attorneys' fees, costs, and an amount not less than five dollars and not more than one hundred dollars for each day the records were wrongfully denied.
- 24 (11) No unfounded allegation of child abuse or neglect as defined 25 in RCW  $26.44.020((\frac{12}{12}))$  (1) may be disclosed to a child-placing 26 agency, private adoption agency, or any other licensed provider.
- 27 **Sec. 8.** RCW 13.50.140 and 1999 c 390 s 8 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
- Any communication or advice privileged under RCW 5.60.060 that is disclosed by the office of the attorney general or the department of social and health services to the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds may not be deemed to be a waiver of the privilege as to others.
- 34 **Sec. 9.** RCW 18.20.185 and 2001 c 193 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

p. 13 SSB 5077.PL

- (1) The department shall establish and maintain a toll-free telephone number for receiving complaints regarding a facility that the department licenses.
  - (2) All facilities that are licensed under this chapter shall post in a place and manner clearly visible to residents and visitors the department's toll-free complaint telephone number and the toll-free number and program description of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds as provided by RCW 43.190.050.
  - (3) The department shall investigate complaints if the subject of the complaint is within its authority unless the department determines that: (a) The complaint is intended to willfully harass a licensee or employee of the licensee; or (b) there is no reasonable basis for investigation; or (c) corrective action has been taken as determined by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or the department.
  - (4) The department shall refer complaints to appropriate state agencies, law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, or other entities if the department lacks authority to investigate or if its investigation reveals that a follow-up referral to one or more of these entities is appropriate.
  - (5) The department shall adopt rules that include the following complaint investigation protocols:
  - (a) Upon receipt of a complaint, the department shall make a preliminary review of the complaint, assess the severity of the complaint, and assign an appropriate response time. Complaints involving imminent danger to the health, safety, or well-being of a resident must be responded to within two days. When appropriate, the department shall make an on-site investigation within a reasonable time after receipt of the complaint or otherwise ensure that complaints are responded to.
  - (b) The complainant must be: Promptly contacted by the department, unless anonymous or unavailable despite several attempts by the department, and informed of the right to discuss alleged violations with the inspector and to provide other information the complainant believes will assist the inspector; informed of the department's course of action; and informed of the right to receive a written copy of the investigation report.
- 37 (c) In conducting the investigation, the department shall interview 38 the complainant, unless anonymous, and shall use its best efforts to

interview the resident or residents allegedly harmed by the violations, and, in addition to facility staff, any available independent sources of relevant information, including if appropriate the family members of the resident.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

- (d) Substantiated complaints involving harm to a resident, if an applicable law or regulation has been violated, shall be subject to one or more of the actions provided in RCW 18.20.190. Whenever appropriate, the department shall also give consultation and technical assistance to the facility.
- (e) After a department finding of a violation for which a stop placement has been imposed, the department shall make an on-site revisit of the provider within fifteen working days from the request for revisit, to ensure correction of the violation. For violations that are serious or recurring or uncorrected following a previous citation, and create actual or threatened harm to one or more residents' well-being, including violations of residents' rights, the department shall make an on-site revisit as soon as appropriate to ensure correction of the violation. Verification of correction of all other violations may be made by either a department on-site revisit or by written or photographic documentation found by the department to be This subsection does not prevent the department from credible. enforcing license suspensions or revocations. Nothing in this subsection shall interfere with or diminish the department's authority and duty to ensure that the provider adequately cares for residents, including to make departmental on-site revisits as needed to ensure that the provider protects residents, and to enforce compliance with this chapter.
  - (f) Substantiated complaints of neglect, abuse, exploitation, or abandonment of residents, or suspected criminal violations, shall also be referred by the department to the appropriate law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, and appropriate professional disciplining authority.
  - (6) The department may provide the substance of the complaint to the licensee before the completion of the investigation by the department unless such disclosure would reveal the identity of a complainant, witness, or resident who chooses to remain anonymous. Neither the substance of the complaint provided to the licensee or contractor nor any copy of the complaint or related report published,

p. 15 SSB 5077.PL

released, or made otherwise available shall disclose, or reasonably 1 2 lead to the disclosure of, the name, title, or identity of any complainant, or other person mentioned in the complaint, except that 3 the name of the provider and the name or names of any officer, 4 employee, or agent of the department conducting the investigation shall 5 be disclosed after the investigation has been closed and the complaint 6 7 has been substantiated. The department may disclose the identity of the complainant if such disclosure is requested in writing by the 8 complainant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 9 interfere with the obligation of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) 10 ombuds program to monitor the department's licensing, contract, and 11 12 complaint investigation files for long-term care facilities.

(7) The resident has the right to be free of interference, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal from a facility in exercising his or her rights, including the right to voice grievances about treatment furnished or not furnished. A facility licensed under this chapter shall not discriminate or retaliate in any manner against a resident, employee, or any other person on the basis or for the reason that such resident or any other person made a complaint to the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint. Any attempt to discharge a resident against the resident's wishes, or any type of retaliatory treatment of a resident by whom or upon whose behalf a complaint substantiated by the department has been made to the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, within one year of the filing of the complaint, raises a rebuttable presumption that such action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint. "Retaliatory treatment" means, but is not limited to, monitoring a resident's phone, mail, or visits; involuntary seclusion or isolation; transferring a resident to a different room unless requested or based upon legitimate management reasons; withholding or threatening to withhold food or treatment unless authorized by a terminally ill resident or his or her representative pursuant to law; or persistently delaying responses to a resident's request for service or assistance. A facility licensed under this chapter shall not willfully interfere with the performance

13

1415

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

- of official duties by a long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds. The
- 2 department shall sanction and may impose a civil penalty of not more
- 3 than three thousand dollars for a violation of this subsection.
- 4 **Sec. 10.** RCW 18.20.305 and 2011 c 366 s 4 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
  - (1) ((A boarding home)) An assisted living facility must provide each nonresident a disclosure statement upon admission and at the time that additional services are requested by a nonresident.
    - (2) The disclosure statement shall notify the nonresident that:
- 10 (a) The resident rights of chapter 70.129 RCW do not apply to 11 nonresidents;
- 12 (b) Licensing requirements for boarding homes under this chapter do 13 not apply to nonresident units; and
- 14 (c) The jurisdiction of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds 15 does not apply to nonresidents and nonresident units.
- 16 **Sec. 11.** RCW 18.20.390 and 2012 c 10 s 28 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
  - (1) To ensure the proper delivery of services and the maintenance and improvement in quality of care through self-review, any assisted living facility licensed under this chapter may maintain a quality assurance committee that, at a minimum, includes:
    - (a) A licensed registered nurse under chapter 18.79 RCW;
- 23 (b) The administrator; and

8

9

18

19 20

21

22

26

2728

29

30

31

32

3334

35

- 24 (c) Three other members from the staff of the assisted living 25 facility.
  - (2) When established, the quality assurance committee shall meet at least quarterly to identify issues that may adversely affect quality of care and services to residents and to develop and implement plans of action to correct identified quality concerns or deficiencies in the quality of care provided to residents.
  - (3) To promote quality of care through self-review without the fear of reprisal, and to enhance the objectivity of the review process, the department shall not require, and the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program shall not request, disclosure of any quality assurance committee records or reports, unless the disclosure is related to the committee's compliance with this section, if:

- 1 (a) The records or reports are not maintained pursuant to statutory 2 or regulatory mandate; and
  - (b) The records or reports are created for and collected and maintained by the committee.
  - (4) If the assisted living facility refuses to release records or reports that would otherwise be protected under this section, the department may then request only that information that is necessary to determine whether the assisted living facility has a quality assurance committee and to determine that it is operating in compliance with this section. However, if the assisted living facility offers the department documents generated by, or for, the quality assurance committee as evidence of compliance with assisted living facility requirements, the documents are protected as quality assurance committee documents under subsections (6) and (8) of this section when in the possession of the department. The department is not liable for an inadvertent disclosure, a disclosure related to a required federal or state audit, or disclosure of documents incorrectly marked as quality assurance committee documents by the facility.
    - (5) Good faith attempts by the committee to identify and correct quality deficiencies shall not be used as a basis for sanctions.
    - (6) Information and documents, including the analysis of complaints and incident reports, created specifically for, and collected and maintained by, a quality assurance committee are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action, and no person who was in attendance at a meeting of such committee or who participated in the creation, collection, or maintenance of information or documents specifically for the committee shall be permitted or required to testify as to the content of such proceedings or the documents and information prepared specifically for the committee. This subsection does not preclude:
    - (a) In any civil action, the discovery of the identity of persons involved in the care that is the basis of the civil action whose involvement was independent of any quality improvement committee activity;
  - (b) In any civil action, the testimony of any person concerning the facts which form the basis for the institution of such proceedings of which the person had personal knowledge acquired independently of their participation in the quality assurance committee activities.

- (7) A quality assurance committee under subsection (1) of this 1 2 section, RCW 70.41.200, 74.42.640, 4.24.250, or 43.70.510 may share information and documents, including the analysis of complaints and 3 incident reports, created specifically for, and collected and 4 5 maintained by, the committee, with one or more other quality assurance committees created under subsection (1) of this section, RCW 70.41.200, 6 7 74.42.640, 4.24.250, or 43.70.510 for the improvement of the quality of care and services rendered to assisted living facility residents. 8 9 Information and documents disclosed by one quality assurance committee 10 to another quality assurance committee and any information and documents created or maintained as a result of the sharing of 11 12 information and documents shall not be subject to the discovery process and confidentiality shall be respected as required by subsections (6) 13 and (8) of this section, RCW 43.70.510(4), 70.41.200(3), 4.24.250(1), 14 and 74.42.640 (7) and (9). The privacy protections of chapter 70.02 15 16 RCW and the federal health insurance portability and accountability act 17 of 1996 and its implementing regulations apply to the sharing of individually identifiable patient information held by a coordinated 18 19 quality improvement program. Any rules necessary to implement this 20 section shall meet the requirements of applicable federal and state 21 privacy laws.
  - (8) Information and documents, including the analysis of complaints and incident reports, created specifically for, and collected and maintained by, a quality assurance committee are exempt from disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

- (9) Notwithstanding any records created for the quality assurance committee, the facility shall fully set forth in the resident's records, available to the resident, the department, and others as permitted by law, the facts concerning any incident of injury or loss to the resident, the steps taken by the facility to address the resident's needs, and the resident outcome.
- Sec. 12. RCW 18.20.420 and 2012 c 10 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If the department determines that the health, safety, or welfare of residents is immediately jeopardized by an assisted living facility's failure or refusal to comply with the requirements of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter, and the department

p. 19 SSB 5077.PL

summarily suspends the assisted living facility license, the department may appoint a temporary manager of the assisted living facility, or the licensee may, subject to the department's approval, voluntarily participate in the temporary management program.

The purposes of the temporary management program are as follows:

- (a) To mitigate dislocation and transfer trauma of residents while the department and licensee may pursue dispute resolution or appeal of a summary suspension of license;
- (b) To facilitate the continuity of safe and appropriate resident care and services;
- (c) To protect the health, safety, and welfare of residents, by providing time for an orderly closure of the assisted living facility, or for the deficiencies that necessitated temporary management to be corrected; and
- (d) To preserve a residential option that meets a specialized service need or is in a geographical area that has a lack of available providers.
- (2) The department may recruit, approve, and appoint qualified individuals, partnerships, corporations, and other entities interested in serving as a temporary manager of an assisted living facility. These individuals and entities shall satisfy the criteria established under this chapter or by the department for approving licensees. department shall not approve or appoint any person, partnerships and other entities, if that person is affiliated with the assisted living facility subject to the temporary management, or has owned or operated an assisted living facility ordered into temporary management or receivership in any state. When approving or appointing a temporary manager, the department shall consider the temporary manager's past experience in long-term care, the quality of care provided, the temporary manager's availability, and the person's familiarity with applicable state and federal laws. Subject to the provisions of this section and RCW 18.20.430, the department's authority to approve or appoint a temporary manager is discretionary and not subject to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (3) When the department appoints a temporary manager, the department shall enter into a contract with the temporary manager and shall order the licensee to cease operating the assisted living facility and immediately turn over to the temporary manager possession

5

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18 19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

3637

and control of the assisted living facility, including but not limited to all resident care records, financial records, and other records necessary for operation of the facility while temporary management is in effect. If the department has not appointed a temporary manager and the licensee elects to participate in the temporary management program, the licensee shall select the temporary manager, subject to the department's approval, and enter into a contract with the temporary manager, consistent with this section. The department has discretion to approve or revoke any temporary management arrangements made by the licensee.

- (4) When the department appoints a temporary manager, the costs associated with the temporary management may be paid for through the assisted living facility temporary management account established by RCW 18.20.430, or from other departmental funds, or a combination thereof. All funds must be administered according to department procedures. The department may enter into an agreement with the licensee allowing the licensee to pay for some of the costs associated with a temporary manager appointed by the department. If the department has not appointed a temporary manager and the licensee elects to participate in the temporary management program, the licensee is responsible for all costs related to administering the temporary management program at the assisted living facility and contracting with the temporary manager.
- (5) The temporary manager shall assume full responsibility for the daily operations of the assisted living facility and is responsible for correcting cited deficiencies and ensuring that all minimum licensing requirements are met. The temporary manager must comply with all state and federal laws and regulations applicable to assisted living facilities. The temporary manager shall protect the health, safety, and welfare of the residents for the duration of the temporary management and shall perform all acts reasonably necessary to ensure residents' needs are met. The temporary management contract shall address the responsibility of the temporary manager to pay past due debts. The temporary manager's specific responsibilities may include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Receiving and expending in a prudent and business-like manner all current revenues of the assisted living facility, provided that

priority is given to debts and expenditures directly related to providing care and meeting residents' needs;

- (b) Hiring and managing all consultants and employees and firing them for good cause;
- (c) Making necessary purchases, repairs, and replacements, provided that such expenditures in excess of five thousand dollars by a temporary manager appointed by the department must be approved by the department;
- (d) Entering into contracts necessary for the operation of the assisted living facility;
  - (e) Preserving resident trust funds and resident records; and
- (f) Preparing all department-required reports, including a detailed monthly accounting of all expenditures and liabilities, which shall be sent to the department and the licensee.
- (6) The licensee and department shall provide written notification immediately to all residents, resident representatives, interested family members, and the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program of the temporary management and the reasons for it. notification shall include notice that residents may move from the assisted living facility without notifying the licensee or temporary manager in advance, and without incurring any charges, fees, or costs otherwise available for insufficient advance notice, during the temporary management period. The notification shall also inform residents and their families or representatives that the temporary management team will provide residents help with relocation and appropriate discharge planning and coordination if desired. The department shall provide assistance with relocation to residents who are department clients and may provide such assistance to other The temporary manager shall meet regularly with staff, residents, residents' representatives, and families to inform them of the plans for and progress achieved in the correction of deficiencies, and of the plans for facility closure or continued operation.
  - (7) The department shall terminate temporary management:
- (a) After sixty days unless good cause is shown to continue the temporary management. Good cause for continuing the temporary management exists when returning the assisted living facility to its former licensee would subject residents to a threat to health, safety, or welfare;

1

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

3132

3334

35

3637

1 (b) When all residents are transferred and the assisted living 2 facility is closed;

3

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

- (c) When deficiencies threatening residents' health, safety, or welfare are eliminated and the former licensee agrees to department-specified conditions regarding the continued facility operation; or
- (d) When a new licensee assumes control of the assisted living facility.

Nothing in this section precludes the department from revoking its approval of the temporary management or exercising its licensing enforcement authority under this chapter. The department's decision whether to approve or to revoke a temporary management arrangement is not subject to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

- (8) The department shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless any temporary manager appointed or approved under this section against claims made against the temporary manager for any actions by the temporary manager or its agents that do not amount to intentional torts or criminal behavior.
- 19 (9) The department may adopt rules implementing this section. In 20 the development of rules or policies implementing this section, the 21 department shall consult with residents and their representatives, 22 resident advocates, financial professionals, assisted living facility 23 providers, and organizations representing assisted living facilities.
- 24 Sec. 13. RCW 18.27.090 and 2007 c 436 s 6 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

The registration provisions of this chapter do not apply to:

- (1) An authorized representative of the United States government, the state of Washington, or any incorporated city, town, county, township, irrigation district, reclamation district, or other municipal or political corporation or subdivision of this state;
- (2) Officers of a court when they are acting within the scope of their office;
- (3) Public utilities operating under the regulations of the utilities and transportation commission in construction, maintenance, or development work incidental to their own business;
- 36 (4) Any construction, repair, or operation incidental to the 37 discovering or producing of petroleum or gas, or the drilling, testing,

p. 23 SSB 5077.PL

abandoning, or other operation of any petroleum or gas well or any surface or underground mine or mineral deposit when performed by an owner or lessee;

- (5) The sale of any finished products, materials, or articles of merchandise that are not fabricated into and do not become a part of a structure under the common law of fixtures;
- (6) Any construction, alteration, improvement, or repair of personal property performed by the registered or legal owner, or by a mobile/manufactured home retail dealer or manufacturer licensed under chapter 46.70 RCW who shall warranty service and repairs under chapter 46.70 RCW;
- (7) Any construction, alteration, improvement, or repair carried on within the limits and boundaries of any site or reservation under the legal jurisdiction of the federal government;
- (8) Any person who only furnished materials, supplies, or equipment without fabricating them into, or consuming them in the performance of, the work of the contractor;
- (9) Any work or operation on one undertaking or project by one or more contracts, the aggregate contract price of which for labor and materials and all other items is less than five hundred dollars, such work or operations being considered as of a casual, minor, or inconsequential nature. The exemption prescribed in this subsection does not apply in any instance wherein the work or construction is only a part of a larger or major operation, whether undertaken by the same or a different contractor, or in which a division of the operation is made into contracts of amounts less than five hundred dollars for the purpose of evasion of this chapter or otherwise. The exemption prescribed in this subsection does not apply to a person who advertises or puts out any sign or card or other device which might indicate to the public that he or she is a contractor, or that he or she is qualified to engage in the business of contractor;
- (10) Any construction or operation incidental to the construction and repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts or reclamation districts; or to farming, dairying, agriculture, viticulture, horticulture, or stock or poultry raising; or to clearing or other work upon land in rural districts for fire prevention purposes; except when any of the above work is performed by a registered contractor;

(11) An owner who contracts for a project with a registered contractor, except that this exemption shall not deprive the owner of the protections of this chapter against registered and unregistered contractors. The exemption prescribed in this subsection does not apply to a person who performs the activities of a contractor for the purpose of leasing or selling improved property he or she has owned for less than twelve months;

- (12) Any person working on his or her own property, whether occupied by him or her or not, and any person working on his or her personal residence, whether owned by him or her or not but this exemption shall not apply to any person who performs the activities of a contractor on his or her own property for the purpose of selling, demolishing, or leasing the property;
- (13) An owner who performs maintenance, repair, and alteration work in or upon his or her own properties, or who uses his or her own employees to do such work;
- (14) A licensed architect or civil or professional engineer acting solely in his or her professional capacity, an electrician certified under the laws of the state of Washington, or a plumber certified under the laws of the state of Washington or licensed by a political subdivision of the state of Washington while operating within the boundaries of such political subdivision. The exemption provided in this subsection is applicable only when the person certified is operating within the scope of his or her certification;
- (15) Any person who engages in the activities herein regulated as an employee of a registered contractor with wages as his or her sole compensation or as an employee with wages as his or her sole compensation;
- (16) Contractors on highway projects who have been prequalified as required by RCW 47.28.070, with the department of transportation to perform highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance work;
- (17) A mobile/manufactured home dealer or manufacturer who subcontracts the installation, set-up, or repair work to actively registered contractors. This exemption only applies to the installation, set-up, or repair of the mobile/manufactured homes that were manufactured or sold by the mobile/manufactured home dealer or manufacturer;

p. 25 SSB 5077.PL

- (18) An entity who holds a valid electrical contractor's license 1 2 under chapter 19.28 RCW that employs a certified ((<del>journeyman</del>)) journey level electrician, a certified residential specialty electrician, or an 3 electrical trainee meeting the requirements of chapter 19.28 RCW to 4 5 perform plumbing work that is incidentally, directly, and immediately appropriate to the like-in-kind replacement of a household appliance or 6 7 other small household utilization equipment that requires limited electric power and limited waste and/or water connections. 8 9 electrical trainee must be supervised by a certified electrician while performing plumbing work. 10
- 11 **Sec. 14.** RCW 18.106.010 and 2006 c 185 s 1 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 14 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Advisory board" means the state advisory board of plumbers.
- (2) "Contractor" means any person, corporate or otherwise, who engages in, or offers or advertises to engage in, any work covered by the provisions of this chapter by way of trade or business, or any person, corporate or otherwise, who employs anyone, or offers or advertises to employ anyone, to engage in any work covered by the provisions of this chapter.
  - (3) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.
- 23 (4) "Director" means the director of department of labor and industries.
  - (5) "((Journeyman)) Journey level plumber" means any person who has been issued a certificate of competency by the department of labor and industries as provided in this chapter.
  - (6) "Like-in-kind" means having similar characteristics such as plumbing size, type, and function, and being in the same location.
- 30 (7) "Medical gas piping" means oxygen, nitrous oxide, high pressure 31 nitrogen, medical compressed air, and medical vacuum systems.
- 32 (8) "Medical gas piping installer" means a ((journeyman)) journey 33 <u>level</u> plumber who has been issued a medical gas piping installer 34 endorsement.
- 35 (9) "Plumbing" means that craft involved in installing, altering, 36 repairing and renovating potable water systems, liquid waste systems,

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

2526

27

28

and medical gas piping systems within a building. Installation in a water system of water softening or water treatment equipment is not within the meaning of plumbing as used in this chapter.

- (10) "Specialty plumber" means anyone who has been issued a specialty certificate of competency limited to:
- (a) Installation, maintenance, and repair of the plumbing of single-family dwellings, duplexes, and apartment buildings that do not exceed three stories;
  - (b) Maintenance and repair of backflow prevention assemblies; or
- (c) A domestic water pumping system consisting of the installation, maintenance, and repair of the pressurization, treatment, and filtration components of a domestic water system consisting of: One or more pumps; pressure, storage, and other tanks; filtration and treatment equipment; if appropriate, a pitless adapter; along with valves, transducers, and other plumbing components that:
- (i) Are used to acquire, treat, store, or move water suitable for either drinking or other domestic purposes, including irrigation, to:
  (A) A single-family dwelling, duplex, or other similar place of residence; (B) a public water system, as defined in RCW 70.119.020 and as limited under RCW 70.119.040; or (C) a farm owned and operated by a person whose primary residence is located within thirty miles of any part of the farm;
- (ii) Are located within the interior space, including but not limited to an attic, basement, crawl space, or garage, of a residential structure, which space is separated from the living area of the residence by a lockable entrance and fixed walls, ceiling, or floor;
- (iii) If located within the interior space of a residential structure, are connected to a plumbing distribution system supplied and installed into the interior space by either: (A) A person who, pursuant to RCW 18.106.070 or 18.106.090, possesses a valid temporary permit or certificate of competency as a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber, specialty plumber, or trainee, as defined in this chapter; or (B) a person exempt from the requirement to obtain a certified plumber to do such plumbing work under RCW 18.106.150.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 18.106.020 and 2009 c 36 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 (1) No person may engage in or offer to engage in the trade of

p. 27 SSB 5077.PL

plumbing without having a ((journeyman)) journey level certificate, 1 2 specialty certificate, temporary permit, or trainee certificate and photo identification in his or her possession. The department may 3 establish by rule a requirement that the person also wear and visibly 4 display his or her certificate or permit. A trainee must be supervised 5 by a person who has a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> certificate, 6 7 specialty certificate, or temporary permit, as specified in RCW 18.106.070. No contractor may employ a person to engage in or offer to 8 9 engage in the trade of plumbing unless the person employed has a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> certificate, specialty certificate, 10 temporary permit, or trainee certificate. This section does not apply 11 12 to a contractor who is contracting for work on his or her own 13 residence. Until July 1, 2007, the department shall issue a written 14 warning to any specialty plumber defined by RCW 18.106.010(10)(c) not having a valid plumber certification. The warning will state that the 15 individual must apply for a plumber training certificate or 16 17 qualified for and apply for plumber certification under requirements in RCW 18.106.040 within thirty calendar days of the 18 warning. Only one warning will be issued to any individual. 19 individual fails to comply with this section, the department shall 20 21 issue a penalty or penalties as authorized by this chapter.

- (2) No person may engage in or offer to engage in medical gas piping installation without having a certificate of competency as a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber and a medical gas piping installer endorsement and photo identification in his or her possession. The department may establish by rule a requirement that the person also wear and visibly display his or her endorsement. A trainee may engage in medical gas piping installation if he or she has a training certificate and is supervised by a person with a medical gas piping installer endorsement. No contractor may employ a person to engage in or offer to engage in medical gas piping installation unless the person employed has a certificate of competency as a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber and a medical gas piping installer endorsement.
- (3) No contractor may advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, or perform any work under this chapter without being registered as a contractor under chapter 18.27 RCW.
- (4) Violation of this section is an infraction. Each day in which a person engages in the trade of plumbing in violation of this section

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

3637

- or employs a person in violation of this section is a separate infraction. Each worksite at which a person engages in the trade of plumbing in violation of this section or at which a person is employed in violation of this section is a separate infraction.
- 5 (5) Notices of infractions for violations of this section may be 6 issued to:
- 7 (a) The person engaging in or offering to engage in the trade of 8 plumbing in violation of this section;
  - (b) The contractor in violation of this section; and

- 10 (c) The contractor's employee who authorized the work assignment of 11 the person employed in violation of this section.
- **Sec. 16.** RCW 18.106.030 and 2011 c 336 s 504 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

Any person desiring to be issued a certificate of competency as provided in this chapter shall deliver evidence in a form prescribed by the department affirming that said person has had sufficient experience in as well as demonstrated general competency in the trade of plumbing or specialty plumbing so as to qualify him or her to make an application for a certificate of competency as a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber or specialty plumber. Completion of a course of study in the plumbing trade in the armed services of the United States or at a school accredited by the workforce training and education coordinating board shall constitute sufficient evidence of experience and competency to enable such person to make application for a certificate of competency.

Any person desiring to be issued a medical gas piping installer endorsement shall deliver evidence in a form prescribed by the department affirming that the person has met the requirements established by the department for a medical gas piping installer endorsement.

In addition to supplying the evidence as prescribed in this section, each applicant for a certificate of competency shall submit an application for such certificate on such form and in such manner as shall be prescribed by the director of the department.

**Sec. 17.** RCW 18.106.040 and 2006 c 185 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Upon receipt of the application and evidence set forth in RCW 18.106.030, the director shall review the same and make a determination as to whether the applicant is eligible to take an examination for the certificate of competency. To be eligible to take the examination:
- (a) Each applicant for a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber's certificate of competency shall furnish written evidence that he or she has completed a course of study in the plumbing trade in the armed services of the United States or at a school licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board, or has had four or more years of experience under the direct supervision of a licensed ((journeyman)) journey level plumber.
- (b) Each applicant for a specialty plumber's certificate of competency under RCW 18.106.010(10)(a) shall furnish written evidence that he or she has completed a course of study in the plumbing trade in the armed services of the United States or at a school licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW, or that he or she has had at least three years practical experience in the specialty.
- (c) Each applicant for a specialty plumber's certificate of competency under RCW 18.106.010(10) (b) or (c) shall furnish written evidence that he or she is eligible to take the examination. These eligibility requirements for the specialty plumbers defined by RCW 18.106.010(10)(c) shall be one year of practical experience working on pumping systems not exceeding one hundred gallons per minute, and two years of practical experience working on pumping systems exceeding one hundred gallons per minute, or equivalent as determined by rule by the department in consultation with the advisory board, and that experience may be obtained at the same time the individual is meeting the experience required by RCW 19.28.191. The eligibility requirements for other specialty plumbers shall be established by rule by the director pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this section.
- (2)(a) The director shall establish reasonable rules for the examinations to be given applicants for certificates of competency. In establishing the rules, the director shall consult with the state advisory board of plumbers as established in RCW 18.106.110.
- (b) The director shall establish reasonable criteria by rule for determining an applicant's eligibility to take an examination for the certificate of competency for specialty plumbers under subsection

(1)(c) of this section. In establishing the criteria, the director shall consult with the state advisory board of plumbers as established in RCW 18.106.110. These rules must take effect by December 31, 2006.

- (3) Upon determination that the applicant is eligible to take the examination, the director shall so notify the applicant, indicating the time and place for taking the same.
  - (4) No other requirement for eligibility may be imposed.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 18.106.050 and 2006 c 185 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The department, with the advice of the advisory board, shall prepare a written examination to be administered to applicants for certificates of competency for ((journeyman)) journey level plumber and specialty plumber. The examination shall be constructed to determine:
  - (a) Whether the applicant possesses varied general knowledge of the technical information and practical procedures that are identified with the trade of ((journeyman)) journey level plumber or specialty plumber; and
  - (b) Whether the applicant is familiar with the applicable plumbing codes and the administrative rules of the department pertaining to plumbing and plumbers.
  - (2) The department, with the consent of the advisory board, may enter into a contract with a nationally recognized testing agency to develop, administer, and score any examinations required by this chapter. All applicants shall, before taking an examination, pay the required examination fee. The department shall set the examination fee by contract with a nationally recognized testing agency. The fee shall cover but not exceed the costs of preparing and administering the examination and the materials necessary to conduct the practical elements of the examination. The department shall approve training courses and set the fees for training courses for examinations provided by this chapter.
  - (3) An examination to determine the competency of an applicant for a domestic water pumping system specialty plumbing certificate as defined by RCW 18.106.010(10)(c) must be established by the department in consultation with the advisory board by December 31, 2006. The department may include an examination for appropriate electrical safety and technical requirements as required by RCW 19.28.191 with the

p. 31 SSB 5077.PL

examination required by this section. The department, in consultation 1 2 with the advisory board, may accept the certification by a professional or trade association or other acceptable entity as meeting the 3 examination requirement of this section. Individuals who can provide 4 evidence to the department prior to January 1, 2007, that they have 5 been employed in the pump and irrigation business as defined by RCW 6 7 18.106.010(10)(c) for not less than four thousand hours in the most recent four calendar years shall be issued the appropriate certificate 8 9 by the department upon receiving such documentation and applicable fees. The department shall establish a single document for those who 10 have received both the plumbing specialty certification defined by this 11 subsection and have also met the certification requirements for a pump 12 13 and irrigation or domestic pump specialty electrician, showing that the 14 individual has received both certifications.

(4) The department shall certify the results of the examinations provided by this chapter, and shall notify the applicant in writing whether he or she has passed or failed. Any applicant who has failed the examination may retake the examination, upon the terms and after a period of time that the director shall set by rule. The director may not limit the number of times that a person may take the examination.

# 21 **Sec. 19.** RCW 18.106.070 and 2009 c 36 s 3 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

(1) The department shall issue a certificate of competency to all applicants who have passed the examination and have paid the fee for the certificate. The certificate may include a photograph of the The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, and shall expire on the birthdate of the holder immediately following the date of issuance. The certificate shall be renewable every other year, upon application, on or before the birthdate of the holder, except for specialty plumbers defined by RCW 18.106.010(10)(c) who also have an electrical certification issued jointly as provided RCW 18.106.050(3) in which case their certificate shall be renewable every three years on or before the birthdate of the holder. The department shall renew a certificate of competency if the applicant: (a) Pays the renewal fee assessed by the department; and (b) during the past two years has completed sixteen hours of continuing education approved by the department with the advice of the advisory board, including four

15

16 17

18 19

20

23

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

hours related to electrical safety. For holders of the specialty plumber certificate under RCW 18.106.010(10)(c), the continuing education may comprise both electrical and plumbing education with a minimum of twelve of the required twenty-four hours of continuing education in plumbing. If a person fails to renew the certificate by the renewal date, he or she must pay a doubled fee. If the person does not renew the certificate within ninety days of the renewal date, he or she must retake the examination and pay the examination fee.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

37

The ((journeyman)) journey level plumber and specialty plumber certificates of competency, the medical gas piping installer endorsement, and the temporary permit provided for in this chapter grant the holder the right to engage in the work of plumbing as a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber, specialty plumber, or medical gas piping installer, in accordance with their provisions throughout the state and within any of its political subdivisions on any job or any employment without additional proof of competency or any other license or permit or fee to engage in the work. This section does not preclude employees from adhering to a union security clause in any employment where such a requirement exists.

(2) A person who is indentured in an apprenticeship program approved under chapter 49.04 RCW for the plumbing construction trade or who is learning the plumbing construction trade may work in the plumbing construction trade if supervised by a certified ((journeyman)) journey level plumber or a certified specialty plumber in that plumber's specialty. All apprentices and individuals learning the plumbing construction trade shall obtain a plumbing training certificate from the department. The certificate shall authorize the holder to learn the plumbing construction trade while under the direct supervision of a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> plumber or a specialty plumber working in his or her specialty. The certificate may include a photograph of the holder. The holder of the plumbing training certificate shall renew the certificate annually. At the time of renewal, the holder shall provide the department with an accurate list of the holder's employers in the plumbing construction industry for the previous year and the number of hours worked for each employer. annual fee shall be charged for the issuance or renewal of the certificate. The department shall set the fee by rule. The fee shall cover but not exceed the cost of administering and enforcing the trainee certification and supervision requirements of this chapter.

(3) Any person who has been issued a plumbing training certificate under this chapter may work if that person is under supervision. Supervision shall consist of a person being on the same job site and under the control of either a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> plumber or an appropriate specialty plumber who has an applicable certificate of competency issued under this chapter. Either a ((journeyman)) journey <u>level</u> plumber or an appropriate specialty plumber shall be on the same job site as the noncertified individual for a minimum of seventy-five percent of each working day unless otherwise provided in this chapter. The ratio of noncertified individuals to certified ((<del>journeymen</del>)) journey level or specialty plumbers working on a job site shall be: (a) Not more than two noncertified plumbers working on any one job site for every certified specialty plumber or ((journeyman)) journey level plumber working as a specialty plumber; and (b) not more than one noncertified plumber working on any one job site for every certified ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey\_level</u> plumber working as a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) journey level plumber.

An individual who has a current training certificate and who has successfully completed or is currently enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program or in a technical school program in the plumbing construction trade in a school approved by the workforce training and education coordinating board, may work without direct on-site supervision during the last six months of meeting the practical experience requirements of this chapter.

- (4) An individual who has a current training certificate and who has successfully completed or is currently enrolled in a medical gas piping installer training course approved by the department may work on medical gas piping systems if the individual is under the direct supervision of a certified medical gas piping installer who holds a medical gas piping installer endorsement one hundred percent of a working day on a one-to-one ratio.
- (5) The training to become a certified plumber must include not less than sixteen hours of classroom training established by the director with the advice of the advisory board. The classroom training must include, but not be limited to, electrical wiring safety,

1

3

45

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

- grounding, bonding, and other related items plumbers need to know to work under RCW 19.28.091.
- 3 (6) All persons who are certified plumbers before January 1, 2003, 4 are deemed to have received the classroom training required in 5 subsection (5) of this section.
- 6 **Sec. 20.** RCW 18.106.075 and 1997 c 326 s 1 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 The department shall adopt requirements that qualify a 9 ((journeyman)) journey level plumber to be issued a medical gas piping installer endorsement.
- 11 **Sec. 21.** RCW 18.106.080 and 2011 c 336 s 505 are each amended to read as follows:

No examination shall be required of any applicant for a certificate 13 14 of competency who, on July 16, 1973, was engaged in a bona fide 15 business or trade of plumbing, or on said date held a valid ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> plumber's license issued by a political 16 subdivision of the state of Washington and whose license is valid at 17 18 the time of making his or her application for said certificate. Applicants qualifying under this section shall be issued a certificate 19 20 by the department upon making an application as provided in RCW 21 18.106.030 and paying the fee required under RCW 18.106.050: PROVIDED, 22 That no applicant under this section shall be required to furnish such 23 evidence as required by RCW 18.106.030.

24 Sec. 22. RCW 18.106.090 and 2009 c 36 s 4 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

The department is authorized to grant and issue temporary permits 26 27 in lieu of certificates of competency whenever a plumber coming into 28 the state of Washington from another state requests the department for 29 a temporary permit to engage in the trade of plumbing as a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> plumber or as a specialty plumber during 30 the period of time between filing of an application for a certificate 31 as provided in RCW 18.106.030 as now or hereafter amended and taking 32 the examination provided for in RCW 18.106.050. The temporary permit 33 34 may include a photograph of the plumber. No temporary permit shall be 35 issued to:

p. 35 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (1) Any person who has failed to pass the examination for a certificate of competency;
  - (2) Any applicant under this section who has not furnished the department with such evidence required under RCW 18.106.030;
    - (3)  $((T_{\Theta}))$  Any  $((A_{Ny}))$  apprentice plumber.
- **Sec. 23.** RCW 18.106.100 and 2011 c 301 s 4 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
  - (1) The department may revoke or suspend a certificate of competency for any of the following reasons:
    - (a) The certificate was obtained through error or fraud;
  - (b) The certificate holder is judged to be incompetent to carry on the trade of plumbing as a ((journeyman)) journey level plumber or specialty plumber;
  - (c) The certificate holder has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter.
  - (2) Before a certificate of competency is revoked or suspended, the department shall send written notice using a method by which the mailing can be tracked or the delivery can be confirmed to the certificate holder's last known address. The notice must list the allegations against the certificate holder and give him or her the opportunity to request a hearing before the advisory board. At the hearing, the department and the certificate holder have opportunity to produce witnesses and give testimony. The hearing must be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. The board shall render its decision based upon the testimony and evidence presented and shall notify the parties immediately upon reaching its decision. A majority of the board is necessary to render a decision.
  - (3) The department may deny renewal of a certificate of competency issued under this chapter if the applicant owes outstanding penalties for a final judgment under this chapter. The department shall notify the applicant of the denial using a method by which the mailing can be tracked or the delivery can be confirmed to the address on the application. The applicant may appeal the denial within twenty days by filing a notice of appeal with the department accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars which shall be returned to the applicant if the decision of the department is not upheld by the hearings officer. The office of administrative hearings shall conduct

- 1 the hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW. If the hearings officer sustains
- 2 the decision of the department, the two hundred dollars must be applied
- 3 to the cost of the hearing.

- Sec. 24. RCW 18.106.110 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 21 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is created a state advisory board of plumbers, to be composed of seven members appointed by the director. Two members shall be ((journeyman)) journey level plumbers, one member shall be a specialty plumber, three members shall be persons conducting a plumbing business, at least one of which shall be primarily engaged in a specialty plumbing business, and one member from the general public who is familiar with the business and trade of plumbing.
- (2) The term of one ((journeyman)) journey level plumber expires July 1, 1995; the term of the second ((journeyman)) journey level plumber expires July 1, 2000; the term of the specialty plumber expires July 1, 2008; the term of one person conducting a plumbing business expires July 1, 1996; the term of the second person conducting a plumbing business expires July 1, 2000; the term of the third person conducting a plumbing business expires July 1, 2007; and the term of the public member expires July 1, 1997. Thereafter, upon the expiration of said terms, the director shall appoint a new member to serve for a period of three years. However, to ensure that the board can continue to act, a member whose term expires shall continue to serve until his or her replacement is appointed. In the case of any vacancy on the board for any reason, the director shall appoint a new member to serve out the term of the person whose position has become vacant.
- (3) The advisory board shall carry out all the functions and duties enumerated in this chapter, as well as generally advise the department on all matters relative to this chapter.
- (4) Each member of the advisory board shall receive travel expenses in accordance with the provisions of RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended for each day in which such member is actually engaged in attendance upon the meetings of the advisory board.
- **Sec. 25.** RCW 18.106.150 and 2003 c 399 s 402 are each amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require that a 2 person obtain a license or a certified plumber in order to do plumbing 3 work at his or her residence or farm or place of business or on other 4 property owned by him or her.
  - (2) A current certificate of competency or apprentice permit is not required for:
    - (a) Persons performing plumbing work on a farm; or
- 8 (b) Certified ((journeyman)) journey level electricians, certified 9 residential specialty electricians, or electrical trainees working for 10 an electrical contractor and performing exempt work under RCW 11 18.27.090(18).
  - (3) Nothing in this chapter shall be intended to derogate from or dispense with the requirements of any valid plumbing code enacted by a political subdivision of the state, except that no code shall require the holder of a certificate of competency to demonstrate any additional proof of competency or obtain any other license or pay any fee in order to engage in the trade of plumbing.
  - (4) This chapter shall not apply to common carriers subject to Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, nor to their officers and employees.
  - (5) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to apply to any farm, business, industrial plant, or corporation doing plumbing work on premises it owns or operates.
    - (6) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict the right of any householder to assist or receive assistance from a friend, neighbor, relative, or other person when none of the individuals doing such plumbing hold themselves out as engaged in the trade or business of plumbing.
- 28 **Sec. 26.** RCW 18.106.155 and 1977 ex.s. c 149 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

The director may, upon payment of the appropriate fees, grant a certificate of competency without examination to any applicant who is a registered ((journeyman)) journey level plumber or specialty plumber in any other state whose requirements for registration are at least substantially equivalent to the requirements of this state, and which extends the same privileges of reciprocity to ((journeymen)) journey level plumbers or specialty plumbers registered in this state.

5

6 7

1213

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

30

31

32

33

34

1 **Sec. 27.** RCW 19.28.006 and 2003 c 399 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:

3

4

6 7

8

9

10 11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

28

32

33

34

35

36

38

The definitions in this section apply throughout this subchapter.

- (1) "Administrator" means a person designated by an electrical contractor to supervise electrical work and electricians in accordance with the rules adopted under this chapter.
- (2) "Basic electrical work" means the work classified in (a) and (b) of this subsection as class A and class B basic electrical work:
- (a) "Class A basic electrical work" means the like-in-kind replacement of a: Contactor, relay, timer, starter, circuit board, or similar control component; household appliance; circuit breaker; fuse; residential luminaire; lamp; snap switch; dimmer; receptacle outlet; thermostat; heating element; luminaire ballast with an exact same ballast; ten horsepower or smaller motor; or wiring, appliances, devices, or equipment as specified by rule.
- (b) "Class B basic electrical work" means work other than class A basic electrical work that requires minimal electrical circuit modifications and has limited exposure hazards. Class B basic electrical work includes the following:
  - (i) Extension of not more than one branch electrical circuit limited to one hundred twenty volts and twenty amps each where:
    - (A) No cover inspection is necessary; and
  - (B) The extension does not supply more than two outlets;
- (ii) Like-in-kind replacement of a single luminaire not exceeding two hundred seventy-seven volts and twenty amps;
- 26 (iii) Like-in-kind replacement of a motor larger than ten 27 horsepower;
  - (iv) The following low voltage systems:
- 29 (A) Repair and replacement of devices not exceeding one hundred 30 volt-amperes in Class 2, Class 3, or power limited low voltage systems 31 in one and two-family dwellings;
  - (B) Repair and replacement of the following devices not exceeding one hundred volt-amperes in Class 2, Class 3, or power limited low voltage systems in other buildings, provided the equipment is not for fire alarm or nurse call systems and is not located in an area classified as hazardous by the national electrical code; or
- 37 (v) Wiring, appliances, devices, or equipment as specified by rule.
  - (3) "Board" means the electrical board under RCW 19.28.311.

- 1 (4) "Chapter" or "subchapter" means the subchapter, if no chapter number is referenced.
  - (5) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.
  - (6) "Director" means the director of the department or the director's designee.
  - (7) "Electrical construction trade" includes, but is not limited to, installing or maintaining electrical wires and equipment that are used for light, heat, or power and installing and maintaining remote control, signaling, power limited, or communication circuits or systems.
  - (8) "Electrical contractor" means a person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity that offers to undertake, undertakes, submits a bid for, or does the work of installing or maintaining wires or equipment that convey electrical current.
    - (9) "Equipment" means any equipment or apparatus that directly uses, conducts, insulates, or is operated by electricity but does not mean: Plug-in appliances; or plug-in equipment as determined by the department by rule.
  - (10) "Industrial control panel" means a factory-wired or user-wired assembly of industrial control equipment such as motor controllers, switches, relays, power supplies, computers, cathode ray tubes, transducers, and auxiliary devices. The panel may include disconnect means and motor branch circuit protective devices.
  - (11) "((Journeyman)) Journey level electrician" means a person who has been issued a ((journeyman)) journey level electrician certificate of competency by the department.
  - (12) "Like-in-kind" means having similar characteristics such as voltage requirements, current draw, and function, and being in the same location.
- 30 (13) "Master electrician" means either a master ((<del>journeyman</del>))
  31 <u>journey level</u> electrician or master specialty electrician.
- 32 (14) "Master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician" means a 33 person who has been issued a master ((journeyman)) journey level 34 electrician certificate of competency by the department and who may be 35 designated by an electrical contractor to supervise electrical work and 36 electricians in accordance with rules adopted under this chapter.
- 37 (15) "Master specialty electrician" means a person who has been 38 issued a specialty electrician certificate of competency by the

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- department and who may be designated by an electrical contractor to supervise electrical work and electricians in accordance with rules adopted under this chapter.
- 4 (16) "Specialty electrician" means a person who has been issued a specialty electrician certificate of competency by the department.
- 6 Sec. 28. RCW 19.28.041 and 2006 c 224 s 1 and 2006 c 185 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) It is unlawful for any person, firm, partnership, corporation, 8 or other entity to advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, engage 9 in, conduct, or carry on the business of installing or maintaining 10 11 wires or equipment to convey electric current, or installing or maintaining equipment to be operated by electric current as it pertains 12 to the electrical industry, without having an unrevoked, unsuspended, 13 and unexpired electrical contractor license, issued by the department 14 in accordance with this chapter. All electrical contractor licenses 15 16 expire twenty-four calendar months following the day of their issue. 17 The department may issue an electrical contractor ((s)) license for a 18 period of less than twenty-four months only for the purpose of equalizing the number of electrical contractor licenses that expire 19 20 each month. Application for an electrical contractor license shall be 21 made in writing to the department, accompanied by the required fee. 22 The application shall state:
  - (a) The name and address of the applicant; in case of firms or partnerships, the names of the individuals composing the firm or partnership; in case of corporations, the names of the managing officials thereof;
  - (b) The location of the place of business of the applicant and the name under which the business is conducted;
    - (c) Employer social security number;

24

2526

27

28

29

- 30 (d) Evidence of workers' compensation coverage for the applicant's 31 employees working in Washington, as follows:
- (i) The applicant's industrial insurance account number issued by the department;
- 34 (ii) The applicant's self-insurer number issued by the department;
  35 or
- 36 (iii) For applicants domiciled in a state or province of Canada 37 subject to an agreement entered into under RCW 51.12.120(7), as

p. 41 SSB 5077.PL

- permitted by the agreement, filing a certificate of coverage issued by the agency that administers the workers' compensation law in the applicant's state or province of domicile certifying that the applicant has secured the payment of compensation under the other state's or province's workers' compensation law;
  - (e) Employment security department number;
  - (f) State excise tax registration number;
  - (g) Unified business identifier (UBI) account number may be substituted for the information required by (d) of this subsection if the applicant will not employ employees in Washington, and by (e) and (f) of this subsection; and
  - (h) Whether a general or specialty electrical contractor license is sought and, if the latter, the type of specialty. Electrical contractor specialties include, but are not limited to: Residential, pump and irrigation, limited energy system, signs, nonresidential maintenance, restricted nonresidential maintenance, appliance repair, and a combination specialty. A general electrical contractor license shall grant to the holder the right to engage in, conduct, or carry on the business of installing or maintaining wires or equipment to carry electric current, and installing or maintaining equipment, installing or maintaining material to fasten or insulate such wires or equipment to be operated by electric current, in the state of Washington. A specialty electrical contractor license shall grant to the holder a limited right to engage in, conduct, or carry on the business of installing or maintaining wires or equipment to carry electrical current, and installing or maintaining equipment; or installing or maintaining material to fasten or insulate such wires or equipment to be operated by electric current in the state of Washington as expressly allowed by the license.
  - (2) The department may verify the workers' compensation coverage information provided by the applicant under subsection (1)(d) of this section, including but not limited to information regarding the coverage of an individual employee of the applicant. If coverage is provided under the laws of another state, the department may notify the other state that the applicant is employing employees in Washington.
  - (3) The application for an electrical contractor license shall be accompanied by a bond in the sum of four thousand dollars with the state of Washington named as obligee in the bond, with good and

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

3637

sufficient surety, to be approved by the department. The bond shall at 1 2 all times be kept in full force and effect, and any cancellation or revocation thereof, or withdrawal of the surety therefrom, suspends the 3 license issued to the principal until a new bond has been filed and 4 approved as provided in this section. Upon approval of a bond, the 5 department shall on the next business day deposit the fee accompanying 6 7 the application in the electrical license fund and shall file the bond in the office. The department shall upon request furnish to any 8 person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity a certified 9 10 copy of the bond upon the payment of a fee that the department shall The fee shall cover but not exceed the cost of furnishing 11 set by rule. 12 the certified copy. The bond shall be conditioned that in any 13 installation or maintenance of wires or equipment to convey electrical 14 current, and equipment to be operated by electrical current, the principal will comply with the provisions of this chapter and with any 15 electrical ordinance, building code, or regulation of a city or town 16 17 adopted pursuant to RCW 19.28.010(3) that is in effect at the time of entering into a contract. The bond shall be conditioned further that 18 the principal will pay for all labor, including employee benefits, and 19 material furnished or used upon the work, taxes and contributions to 20 21 the state of Washington, and all damages that may be sustained by any 22 person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity due to a failure of the principal to make the installation or maintenance in 23 24 accordance with this chapter or any applicable ordinance, building code, or regulation of a city or town adopted pursuant to RCW 25 19.28.010(3). In lieu of the surety bond required by this section, the 26 27 license applicant may file with the department a cash deposit or other negotiable security acceptable to the department. If the license 28 applicant has filed a cash deposit, the department shall deposit the 29 funds in a special trust savings account in a commercial bank, mutual 30 31 savings bank, or savings and loan association and shall pay annually to 32 the depositor the interest derived from the account.

(4) The department shall issue general or specialty electrical contractor licenses to applicants meeting all of the requirements of this chapter. The provisions of this chapter relating to the licensing of any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity including the requirement of a bond with the state of Washington named as obligee therein and the collection of a fee therefor, are exclusive,

33

3435

3637

- and no political subdivision of the state of Washington may require or issue any licenses or bonds or charge any fee for the same or a similar purpose. No person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity holding more than one specialty contractor license under this chapter may be required to pay an annual fee for more than one such license or to post more than one four thousand dollar bond, equivalent cash deposit, or other negotiable security.
- (5) To obtain a general or specialty electrical contractor license, the applicant must designate an individual who currently possesses a valid master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician's certificate of competency, master specialty electrician's certificate of competency in the specialty for which application has been made, or administrator's certificate as a general electrical contractor administrator or as a specialty electrical contractor administrator in the specialty for which application has been made.
- (6) Administrator certificate specialties include, but are not limited to: Residential, pump and irrigation or domestic pump, limited system, signs, nonresidential maintenance, nonresidential maintenance, appliance repair, and combination specialty. To obtain an administrator's certificate, an individual must pass an examination as set forth in RCW 19.28.051 unless the applicant was a licensed electrical contractor at any time during 1974. Applicants who were electrical contractors licensed by the state of Washington at any time during 1974 are entitled to receive a general electrical contractor administrator's certificate without examination if the applicants apply prior to January 1, 1984. The board of electrical examiners shall certify to the department the names of all persons who are entitled to either a general or specialty electrical contractor administrator's certificate.
- (7) For a contractor doing domestic water pumping system work as defined by RCW 18.106.010(10)(c), the department shall consider the requirements of subsections (1)(a) through (h), (2), and (3) of this section to have been met to be a pump and irrigation or domestic pump licensed electrical contractor if the contractor has met the contractor registration requirements of chapter 18.27 RCW. The department shall establish a single registration/licensing document for those who qualify for both general contractor registration as defined in chapter

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

1 18.27 RCW and a pump and irrigation or domestic pump electrical contractor license as defined by this chapter.

3

4

5

6

7

8

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

2829

3031

32

33

3435

36

- Sec. 29. RCW 19.28.161 and 2010 c 33 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No person may engage in the electrical construction trade without having a valid master ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician certificate of competency, ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician certificate of competency, master specialty electrician certificate of competency, or specialty electrician certificate of competency issued by the department in accordance with this chapter. certificate of competency specialties include, but are not limited to: Residential, pump and irrigation, limited energy system, signs, nonresidential maintenance, restricted nonresidential maintenance, and appliance repair. Until July 1, 2007, the department of labor and industries shall issue a written warning to any specialty pump and irrigation or domestic pump electrician not having a valid electrician certification. The warning will state that the individual must apply for an electrical training certificate or be qualified for and apply for electrician certification under the requirements in RCW 19.28.191(1)(g) within thirty calendar days of the warning. Only one warning will be issued to any individual. If the individual fails to comply with this section, the department shall issue a penalty as defined in RCW 19.28.271 to the individual.
  - (2) A person who is indentured in an apprenticeship program approved under chapter 49.04 RCW for the electrical construction trade or who is learning the electrical construction trade may work in the electrical construction trade if supervised by a certified master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician in that electrician's specialty, or specialty electrician in that electrician's specialty. All apprentices and individuals learning the electrical construction trade shall obtain an electrical training certificate from the department. The certificate shall authorize the holder to learn the electrical construction trade while under the direct supervision of a master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician working in that electrician's specialty, or specialty electrician working in that

electrician's specialty. The certificate may include a photograph of 1 2 the holder. The holder of the electrical training certificate shall renew the certificate biennially. At the time of renewal, the holder 3 shall provide the department with an accurate list of the holder's 4 5 employers in the electrical construction industry for the previous biennial period and the number of hours worked for each employer. 6 7 holder shall also provide proof of sixteen hours of: classroom training covering this chapter, the national electrical code, 8 9 or electrical theory; or equivalent classroom training taken as part of 10 an approved apprenticeship program under chapter 49.04 RCW or an approved electrical training program under RCW 19.28.191(1)(h). 11 12 number of hours of approved classroom training required for certificate 13 renewal shall increase as follows: (a) Beginning on July 1, 2011, the 14 holder of an electrical training certificate shall provide the department with proof of thirty-two hours of approved classroom 15 training; and (b) beginning on July 1, 2013, the holder of an 16 17 electrical training certificate shall provide the department with proof of forty-eight hours of approved classroom training. At the request of 18 the chairs of the house of representatives commerce and labor committee 19 and the senate labor, commerce and consumer protection committee, or 20 21 their successor committees, the department of labor and industries 22 shall provide information on the implementation of the new classroom training requirements for electrical trainees to both committees by 23 24 December 1, 2012. A biennial fee shall be charged for the issuance or renewal of the certificate. The department shall set the fee by rule. 25 The fee shall cover but not exceed the cost of administering and 26 27 enforcing the trainee certification and supervision requirements of this chapter. Apprentices and individuals learning the electrical 28 construction trade shall have their electrical training certificates in 29 their possession at all times that they are performing electrical work. 30 31 They shall show their certificates to an authorized representative of 32 the department at the representative's request.

(3) Any person who has been issued an electrical training certificate under this chapter may work if that person is under supervision. Supervision shall consist of a person being on the same job site and under the control of either a certified master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician working in that electrician's

33

3435

36

37

- specialty, or specialty electrician working in that electrician's 1 2 specialty. Either a certified master ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey\_level</u> electrician, ((<del>journeyman</del>)) journey level electrician, master specialty 3 electrician working in that electrician's specialty, or specialty 4 5 electrician working in that electrician's specialty shall be on the same job site as the noncertified individual for a minimum of seventy-6 7 five percent of each working day unless otherwise provided in this 8 chapter.
  - (4) The ratio of noncertified individuals to certified master ((journeymen)) journey level electricians, ((journeymen)) journey level electricians, master specialty electricians, or specialty electricians on any one job site is as follows:

1112

13 14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

3334

35

3637

- (a) When working as a specialty electrician, not more than two noncertified individuals for every certified master electrician working in that electrician's specialty, specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty, ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician, or ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey</u> <u>level</u> electrician, except that the ratio requirements are one certified master specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty, specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty, master ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician, or ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey</u> <u>level</u> electrician working as a specialty electrician to no more than four students enrolled in and working as part of an electrical construction program at public community or technical colleges, or notfor-profit nationally accredited trade or technical schools licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW. In meeting the ratio requirements for students enrolled in an electrical construction program at a trade school, a trade school may receive input and advice from the electrical board; and
- (b) When working as a ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, not more than one noncertified individual for every certified master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician or ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, except that the ratio requirements shall be one certified master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician or ((journeyman)) journey level electrician to no more than four students enrolled in and working as part of an electrical construction program at public community or technical colleges, or not-for-profit nationally accredited trade or technical schools licensed by the workforce

training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW. In meeting the ratio requirements for students enrolled in an electrical construction program at a trade school, a trade school may receive input and advice from the electrical board.

An individual who has a current training certificate and who has successfully completed or is currently enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program or in an electrical construction program at public community or technical colleges, or not-for-profit nationally accredited technical or trade schools licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW, may work without direct on-site supervision during the last six months of meeting the practical experience requirements of this chapter.

- (5) For the residential (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(a)), pump and irrigation (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(b)), sign (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(d)), limited energy (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(e)), nonresidential maintenance (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(g)), restricted nonresidential maintenance as determined by the department in rule, or other new nonresidential specialties, not including appliance repair, as determined by the department in rule, either а master ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey \_\_ level</u> electrician, ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician, master specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty, or specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty must be on the same job site as the noncertified individual for a minimum of seventy-five percent of each working day. Other specialties must meet the requirements specified in RCW 19.28.191(1)(g)(ii). When the ratio of certified electricians to noncertified individuals on a job site is one certified electrician to three or four noncertified individuals, the certified electrician must:
- (a) Directly supervise and instruct the noncertified individuals and the certified electrician may not directly make or engage in an electrical installation; and
- (b) Be on the same job site as the noncertified individual for a minimum of one hundred percent of each working day.
- 35 (6) The electrical contractor shall accurately verify and attest to 36 the electrical trainee hours worked by electrical trainees on behalf of 37 the electrical contractor.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

2122

23

24

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

**Sec. 30.** RCW 19.28.191 and 2006 c 185 s 7 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- (1) Upon receipt of the application, the department shall review the application and determine whether the applicant is eligible to take an examination for the master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician, or specialty electrician certificate of competency.
- (a) Before July 1, 2005, an applicant who possesses a valid ((journeyman)) journey level electrician certificate of competency in effect for the previous four years and a valid general administrator's certificate may apply for a master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician certificate of competency without examination.
- (b) Before July 1, 2005, an applicant who possesses a valid specialty electrician certificate of competency, in the specialty applied for, for the previous two years and a valid specialty administrator's certificate, in the specialty applied for, may apply for a master specialty electrician certificate of competency without examination.
- (c) Before December 1, 2003, the following persons may obtain an equipment repair specialty electrician certificate of competency without examination:
- (i) A person who has successfully completed an apprenticeship program approved under chapter 49.04 RCW for the machinist trade; and
- (ii) A person who provides evidence in a form prescribed by the department affirming that: (A) He or she was employed as of April 1, 2003, by a factory-authorized equipment dealer or service company; and (B) he or she has worked in equipment repair for a minimum of four thousand hours.
- (d) To be eligible to take the examination for a master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician certificate of competency, the applicant must have possessed a valid ((journeyman)) journey level electrician certificate of competency for four years.
- (e) To be eligible to take the examination for a master specialty electrician certificate of competency, the applicant must have possessed a valid specialty electrician certificate of competency, in the specialty applied for, for two years.
- 37 (f) To be eligible to take the examination for a ((<del>journeyman</del>))
  38 <u>journey level</u> certificate of competency, the applicant must have:

- (i) Worked in the electrical construction trade for a minimum of 1 2 eight thousand hours, of which four thousand hours shall be in industrial or commercial electrical installation under the supervision 3 of a master ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician or ((<del>journeyman</del>)) 4 journey level electrician and not more than a total of four thousand 5 all specialties under the supervision of a master 6 hours 7 ((<del>journeyman</del>)) journey level electrician, ((<del>journeyman</del>)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician working in that electrician's 8 specialty, or specialty electrician working in that electrician's 9 10 specialty. Specialty electricians with less than a four thousand hour work experience requirement cannot credit the time required to obtain 11 12 that specialty towards qualifying to become a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) journey 13 level electrician; or
  - (ii) Successfully completed an apprenticeship program approved under chapter 49.04 RCW for the electrical construction trade.
  - (g) To be eligible to take the examination for a specialty electrician certificate of competency, the applicant must have:
  - (i) Worked in the residential (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(a)), pump and irrigation (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(b)), sign (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(d)), limited energy (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(e)), nonresidential maintenance (as specified in WAC 296-46B-920(2)(g)), or other new nonresidential specialties as determined by the department in rule under the supervision of a master ((journeyman)) journey\_level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty, or specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty for a minimum of four thousand hours;
  - (ii) Worked in the appliance repair specialty as determined by the department in rule, restricted nonresidential maintenance as determined by the department in rule, the equipment repair specialty as determined by the department in rule, the pump and irrigation specialty other than as defined by (g)(i) of this subsection or domestic pump specialty as determined by the department in rule, or a specialty other than the designated specialties in (g)(i) of this subsection for a minimum of the initial ninety days, or longer if set by rule by the department. The restricted nonresidential maintenance specialty is limited to a maximum of 277 volts and 20 amperes for lighting branch circuits and/or

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

3637

a maximum of 250 volts and 60 amperes for other circuits, but excludes 1 2 the replacement or repair of circuit breakers. The initial period must under one hundred percent supervision of a master 3 ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician, ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> 4 electrician, master specialty electrician working in that electrician's 5 specialty, or specialty electrician working in that electrician's 6 7 specialty. After this initial period, a person may take the specialty examination. If the person passes the examination, the person may work 8 unsupervised for the balance of the minimum hours required for 9 10 certification. A person may not be certified as a electrician in the appliance repair specialty or in a specialty other 11 than the designated specialities in (g)(i) of this subsection, however, 12 13 until the person has worked a minimum of two thousand hours in that 14 specialty, or longer if set by rule by the department;

(iii) Successfully completed an approved apprenticeship program under chapter 49.04 RCW for the applicant's specialty in the electrical construction trade; or

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

38

(iv) In meeting the training requirements for the pump and irrigation or domestic pump specialties, the individual shall be allowed to obtain the experience required by this section at the same time the individual is meeting the experience required by RCW 18.106.040(1)(c). After meeting the training requirements provided in this section, the individual may take the examination and upon passing the examination, meeting additional training requirements as may still be required for those seeking a pump and irrigation, or a domestic pump specialty certificate as defined by rule, and paying the applicable fees, the individual must be issued the appropriate certificate. The include an examination for specialty plumbing department may certificate defined in RCW 18.106.010(10)(c) with the examination required by this section. The department, by rule and in consultation with the electrical board, may establish additional equivalent ways to gain the experience requirements required by this subsection. Individuals who are able to provide evidence to the department, prior to January 1, 2007, that they have been employed as a pump installer in the pump and irrigation or domestic pump business by an appropriately licensed electrical contractor, registered general contractor defined by chapter 18.27 RCW, or appropriate general specialty contractor defined by chapter 18.27 RCW for not less than eight thousand hours in

- the most recent six calendar years shall be issued the appropriate certificate by the department upon receiving such documentation and applicable fees. The department shall establish a single document for those who have received both an electrical specialty certification as defined by this subsection and have also met the certification requirements for the specialty plumber as defined by RCW 18.106.010(10)(c), showing that the individual has received both certifications. No other experience or training requirements may be imposed.
  - (h) Any applicant for a ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician certificate of competency who has successfully completed a two-year program in the electrical construction trade at public community or technical colleges, or not-for-profit nationally accredited technical or trade schools licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW, may substitute up to two years of the technical or trade school program for two years of work experience under a master ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician or ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician. The applicant shall obtain the additional two years of work experience required in industrial or commercial electrical installation prior to the beginning, or after the completion, of the technical school program. Any applicant who has received training in the electrical construction trade in the armed service of the United States may be eligible to apply armed service work experience towards qualification to take the examination for the ((<del>journeyman</del>))<u>journey level</u> electrician certificate of competency.
  - (i) An applicant for a specialty electrician certificate of competency who, after January 1, 2000, has successfully completed a two-year program in the electrical construction trade at a public community or technical college, or a not-for-profit nationally accredited technical or trade school licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW, may substitute up to one year of the technical or trade school program for one year of work experience under a master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty, or specialty electrician working in that electrician's specialty. Any applicant who has received training in the electrical construction trade in the armed

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

36

services of the United States may be eligible to apply armed service work experience towards qualification to take the examination for an appropriate specialty electrician certificate of competency.

- (j) The department must determine whether hours of training and experience in the armed services or school program are in the electrical construction trade and appropriate as a substitute for hours of work experience. The department must use the following criteria for evaluating the equivalence of classroom electrical training programs and work in the electrical construction trade:
- (i) A two-year electrical training program must consist of three thousand or more hours.
- (ii) In a two-year electrical training program, a minimum of two thousand four hundred hours of student/instructor contact time must be technical electrical instruction directly related to the scope of work of the electrical specialty. Student/instructor contact time includes lecture and in-school lab.
- (iii) The department may not allow credit for a program that accepts more than one thousand hours transferred from another school's program.
- (iv) Electrical specialty training school programs of less than two years will have all of the above student/instructor contact time hours proportionately reduced. Such programs may not apply to more than fifty percent of the work experience required to attain certification.
- (v) Electrical training programs of less than two years may not be credited towards qualification for ((journeyman)) journey level electrician unless the training program is used to gain qualification for a four thousand hour electrical specialty.
  - (k) No other requirement for eligibility may be imposed.
- (2) The department shall establish reasonable rules for the examinations to be given applicants for certificates of competency. In establishing the rules, the department shall consult with the board. Upon determination that the applicant is eligible to take the examination, the department shall so notify the applicant, indicating the time and place for taking the examination.
- (3) No noncertified individual may work unsupervised more than one year beyond the date when the trainee would be eligible to test for a certificate of competency if working on a full-time basis after

p. 53 SSB 5077.PL

- original application for the trainee certificate. For the purposes of this section, <u>"full-time basis"</u> means two thousand hours.
  - Sec. 31. RCW 19.28.201 and 2002 c 249 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The department, in coordination with the board, shall prepare an examination to be administered to applicants for master ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, master specialty electrician, and specialty electrician certificates of competency.

The department, with the consent of the board, may enter into a contract with a professional testing agency to develop, administer, and score electrician certification examinations. The department may set the examination fee by contract with the professional testing agency.

The department must, at least four times annually, administer the examination to persons eligible to take it under RCW 19.28.191. The fee must cover, but not exceed, the costs of preparing and administering the examination.

The department must certify the results of the examination upon the terms and after such a period of time as the department, in cooperation with the board, deems necessary and proper.

- (1)(a) The master electrician's certificates of competency examinations must include questions from the following categories to ensure proper safety and protection for the general public: (i) Safety; (ii) the state electrical code; and (iii) electrical theory.
- (b) A person may take the master electrician examination as many times as necessary without limit. All applicants must, before taking the examination, pay the required examination fee to the agency administering the examination.
- (2) The ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> electrician and specialty electrician examinations shall be constructed to determine:
- (a) Whether the applicant possesses varied general knowledge of the technical information and practical procedures that are identified with the status of ((journeyman)) journey level electrician or specialty electrician; and
- 35 (b) Whether the applicant is sufficiently familiar with the 36 applicable electrical codes and the rules of the department pertaining 37 to electrical installations and electricians.

- A person may take the examination as many times as necessary without limit. All applicants must, before taking the examination, pay the required examination fee to the agency administering the examination.
- 5 **Sec. 32.** RCW 19.28.205 and 2012 c 32 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

8

9

10 11

- (1) An applicant for a ((journeyman)) journey level certificate of competency under RCW 19.28.191(1)(f) or a specialty electrician certificate of competency under RCW 19.28.191(1)(g) must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department completion of in-class education as follows:
- 12 (a) Twenty-four hours of in-class education if two thousand hours 13 or more but less than four thousand hours of work are required for the 14 certificate;
- 15 (b) Forty-eight hours of in-class education if four thousand or 16 more but less than six thousand hours of work are required for the 17 certificate;
- 18 (c) Seventy-two hours of in-class education if six thousand or more 19 but less than eight thousand hours of work are required for the 20 certificate;
- 21 (d) Ninety-six hours of in-class education if eight thousand or 22 more hours of work are required for the certificate.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "in-class education" means 23 approved classroom training covering this chapter, the national 24 25 electric code, or electrical theory; or equivalent classroom training 26 taken as part of an approved apprenticeship program under chapter 49.04 approved electrical training program 27 RCW or an under RCW 19.28.191(1)(h). 28
- 29 (3) Classroom training taken to qualify for trainee certificate 30 renewal under RCW 19.28.161 qualifies as in-class education under this 31 section.
- 32 **Sec. 33.** RCW 19.28.211 and 2012 c 32 s 3 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 (1) The department shall issue a certificate of competency to all 35 applicants who have passed the examination provided in RCW 19.28.201, 36 met the in-class education requirements of RCW 19.28.205 if applicable,

p. 55 SSB 5077.PL

- and who have complied with RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 and the rules adopted under this chapter. The certificate may include a photograph of the holder. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, and shall expire on the holder's birthday. The certificate shall be renewed every three years, upon application, on or before the holder's birthdate. A fee shall be assessed for each certificate and for each annual renewal.
  - (2) If the certificate holder demonstrates to the department that he or she has satisfactorily completed an annual eight-hour continuing education course, the certificate may be renewed without examination by appropriate application unless the certificate has been revoked, suspended, or not renewed within ninety days after the expiration date. For pump and irrigation or domestic pump specialty electricians, the continuing education course may combine both electrical and plumbing education provided that there is a minimum of four hours of electrical training in the course.
  - (a) The contents and requirements for satisfactory completion of the continuing education course shall be determined by the director and approved by the board.
  - (b) The department shall accept proof of a certificate holder's satisfactory completion of a continuing education course offered in another state as meeting the requirements for maintaining a current Washington state certificate of competency if the department is satisfied the course is comparable in nature to that required in Washington state for maintaining a current certificate of competency.
  - (3) If the certificate is not renewed before the expiration date, the individual shall pay twice the usual fee. The department shall set the fees by rule for issuance and renewal of a certificate of competency. The fees shall cover but not exceed the costs of issuing the certificates and of administering and enforcing the electrician certification requirements of this chapter.
  - (4) The certificates of competency and temporary permits provided for in this chapter grant the holder the right to work in the electrical construction trade as a master electrician, ((journeyman)) journey level electrician, or specialty electrician in accordance with their provisions throughout the state and within any of its political subdivisions without additional proof of competency or any other license, permit, or fee to engage in such work.

1 **Sec. 34.** RCW 19.28.221 and 2001 c 211 s 15 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

35

No examination shall be required of any applicant for a certificate of competency who, on July 16, 1973, was engaged in a bona fide business or trade as a ((journeyman)) journey level electrician in the state of Washington. Applicants qualifying under this section shall be issued a certificate by the department upon making an application as provided in RCW 19.28.181 and paying the fee required under RCW 19.28.201: PROVIDED, That no applicant under this section shall be required to furnish such evidence as required by RCW 19.28.181.

11 **Sec. 35.** RCW 19.28.231 and 2009 c 36 s 9 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

The department is authorized to grant and issue temporary permits in lieu of certificates of competency whenever an electrician coming into the state of Washington from another state requests the department for a temporary permit to engage in the electrical construction trade as an electrician during the period of time between filing of an application for a certificate as provided in RCW 19.28.181 and the date the results of taking the examination provided for in RCW 19.28.201 are furnished to the applicant. The temporary permit may include a photograph of the holder. The department is authorized to enter into reciprocal agreements with other states providing for the acceptance of such states' ((<del>journeyman</del>)) <u>journey level</u> and specialty electrician certificate of competency or its equivalent when such requirements are equal to the standards set by this chapter. No temporary permit shall be issued to:

- (1) Any person who has failed to pass the examination for a certificate of competency, except that any person who has failed the examination for competency under this section shall be entitled to continue to work under a temporary permit for ninety days if the person is enrolled in a ((journeyman)) journey level electrician refresher course and shows evidence to the department that he or she has not missed any classes. The person, after completing the ((journeyman)) journey level electrician refresher course, shall be eligible to retake the examination for competency at the next scheduled time.
- 36 (2) Any applicant under this section who has not furnished the 37 department with such evidence required under RCW 19.28.181.

- (3)  $((\frac{To}{O}))$  Any  $((\frac{Any}{O}))$  apprentice electrician.
- **Sec. 36.** RCW 19.28.241 and 2002 c 249 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The department may revoke any certificate of competency upon the following grounds:
    - (a) The certificate was obtained through error or fraud;
  - (b) The holder thereof is judged to be incompetent to work in the electrical construction trade as a ((journeyman)) journey\_level electrician or specialty electrician;
  - (c) The holder thereof has violated any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 or any rule adopted under this chapter; or
  - (d) The holder thereof has committed a serious violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter. A serious violation is a violation that presents imminent danger to the public.
  - (2) The department may deny an application for a certificate of competency for up to two years if the applicant's previous certificate of competency has been revoked.
  - (3) Before any certificate of competency shall be revoked, the holder shall be given written notice of the department's intention to do so, mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the holder's last known address. The notice shall enumerate the allegations against the holder, and shall give the holder the opportunity to request a hearing before the board. At the hearing, the department and the holder may produce witnesses and give testimony. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. The board shall render its decision based upon the testimony and evidence presented, and shall notify the parties immediately upon reaching its decision. A majority of the board shall be necessary to render a decision.
  - (4) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of

social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

3

4

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

- Sec. 37. RCW 19.28.261 and 2007 c 218 s 83 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Nothing in RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 shall be construed to require that a person obtain a license or a certified electrician in order to do electrical work at his or her residence or farm or place of business or on other property owned by him or her unless the electrical work is on the construction of a new building intended for rent, sale, However, if the construction is of a new residential or lease. building with up to four units intended for rent, sale, or lease, the owner may receive an exemption from the requirement to obtain a license or use a certified electrician if he or she provides a signed affidavit to the department stating that he or she will be performing the work and will occupy one of the units as his or her principal residence. The owner shall apply to the department for this exemption and may only receive an exemption once every twenty-four months. It is intended that the owner receiving this exemption shall occupy the unit as his or her principal residence for twenty-four months after completion of the units.
  - (2) Nothing in RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 shall be intended to derogate from or dispense with the requirements of any valid electrical code enacted by a city or town pursuant to RCW 19.28.010(3), except that no code shall require the holder of a certificate of competency to demonstrate any additional proof of competency or obtain any other license or pay any fee in order to engage in the electrical construction trade.
  - (3) RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 shall not apply to common carriers subject to Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, nor to their officers and employees.
  - (4) Nothing in RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 shall be deemed to apply to the installation or maintenance of telephone, telegraph, radio, or television wires and equipment; nor to any electrical utility or its employees in the installation, repair, and maintenance of electrical wiring, circuits, and equipment by or for the utility, or comprising a part of its plants, lines, or systems.

- 1 (5) The licensing provisions of RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 2 shall not apply to:
  - (a) Persons making electrical installations on their own property or to regularly employed employees working on the premises of their employer, unless the electrical work is on the construction of a new building intended for rent, sale, or lease;
  - (b) Employees of an employer while the employer is performing utility type work of the nature described in RCW 19.28.091 so long as such employees have registered in the state of Washington with or graduated from a state-approved outside lineworker apprenticeship course that is recognized by the department and that qualifies a person to perform such work;
    - (c) Any work exempted under RCW 19.28.091(6); and
  - (d) Certified plumbers, certified residential plumbers, or plumber trainees meeting the requirements of chapter 18.106 RCW and performing exempt work under RCW 19.28.091(8).
  - (6) Nothing in RCW 19.28.161 through 19.28.271 shall be construed to restrict the right of any householder to assist or receive assistance from a friend, neighbor, relative, or other person when none of the individuals doing the electrical installation hold themselves out as engaged in the trade or business of electrical installations.
  - (7) Nothing precludes any person who is exempt from the licensing requirements of this chapter under this section from obtaining a ((journeyman)) journey level or specialty certificate of competency if they otherwise meet the requirements of this chapter.
  - Sec. 38. RCW 20.01.030 and 2011 c 336 s 570 are each amended to read as follows:

This chapter does not apply to:

(1) Any cooperative marketing associations or federations incorporated under, or whose articles of incorporation and bylaws are equivalent to, the requirements of chapter 23.86 RCW, except as to that portion of the activities of the association or federation that involve the handling or dealing in the agricultural products of nonmembers of the organization: PROVIDED, That the associations or federations may purchase up to fifteen percent of their gross from nonmembers for the purpose of filling orders: PROVIDED FURTHER, That if the cooperative or association acts as a processor as defined in RCW 20.01.500(2) and

markets the processed agricultural crops on behalf of the grower or its own behalf, the association or federation is subject to the provisions of RCW 20.01.500 through 20.01.560 and the license provision of this chapter excluding bonding provisions: PROVIDED FURTHER, That none of the foregoing exemptions in this subsection apply to any such cooperative or federation dealing in or handling grain in any manner, and not licensed under the provisions of chapter 22.09 RCW;

- (2) Any person who sells exclusively his or her own agricultural products as the producer thereof;
- (3) Any public livestock market operating under a bond required by law or a bond required by the United States to secure the performance of the public livestock market's obligation. However, any such market operating as a livestock dealer or order buyer, or both, is subject to all provisions of this chapter except for the payment of the license fee required in RCW 20.01.040;
- (4) Any retail merchant having a bona fide fixed or permanent place of business in this state, but only for the retail merchant's retail business conducted at such fixed or established place of business;
- (5) Any person buying farm products for his or her own use or consumption;
- (6) Any warehouse operator or grain dealer licensed under the state grain warehouse act, chapter 22.09 RCW, with respect to his or her handling of any agricultural product as defined under that chapter;
- (7) Any ((nurseryman)) nursery dealer who is required to be licensed under the horticultural laws of the state with respect to his or her operations as such licensee;
- (8) Any person licensed under the now existing dairy laws of the state with respect to his or her operations as such licensee;
- 29 (9) Any producer who purchases less than fifteen percent of his or 30 her volume to complete orders;
  - (10) Any person, association, or corporation regulated under chapter 67.16 RCW and the rules adopted thereunder while performing acts regulated by that chapter and the rules adopted thereunder;
  - (11) Any domestic winery, as defined in RCW 66.04.010, licensed under Title 66 RCW, with respect to its transactions involving agricultural products used by the domestic winery in making wine.

p. 61 SSB 5077.PL

1 **Sec. 39.** RCW 22.09.860 and 2011 c 336 s 649 are each amended to read as follows:

All railroad companies and warehouse operators operating in the 3 cities provided for inspection by this chapter shall furnish ample and 4 5 sufficient police protection to all their several terminal yards and terminal tracks to securely protect all cars containing commodities 6 7 while the same are in their possession. They shall prohibit and restrain all unauthorized persons, whether under the guise of sweepers, 8 or under any other pretext whatever, from entering or loitering in or 9 about their railroad yards or tracks and from entering any car of 10 commodities under their control, or removing commodities therefrom, and 11 shall employ and detail such number of ((watchmen)) security quards as 12 13 may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this 14 section.

15 **Sec. 40.** RCW 24.34.010 and 2011 c 336 s 674 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

Persons engaged in the production of agricultural products as farmers, planters, ((ranchmen)) ranchers, ((dairymen)) dairy farmers, nut growers, or fruit growers may act together in associations, corporate or otherwise, with or without capital stock, in collectively processing, preparing for market, handling, and marketing in intrastate commerce, such products of persons so engaged. Such associations may have marketing agencies in common; and such associations and their members may make the necessary contracts and agreements to effect such purposes: PROVIDED, That such associations are operated for the mutual benefit of the members thereof, as such producers, and conform to one or both of the following requirements:

First. That no member of the association is allowed more than one vote because of the amount of stock or membership capital he or she may own therein, or,

31 Second. That the association does not pay dividends on stock or 32 membership capital in excess of eight percent per annum.

And in any case to the following:

Third. That the association shall not deal in the products of nonmembers to an amount greater in value than such as are handled by it for members.

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

**Sec. 41.** RCW 26.12.185 and 2000 c 124 s 9 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

A guardian ad litem, court-appointed special advocate, or investigator under this title appointed under this chapter may release confidential information, records, and reports to the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds for the purposes of carrying out its duties under chapter 43.06A RCW.

- **Sec. 42.** RCW 26.44.030 and 2012 c 55 s 1 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- (1)(a) When any practitioner, county coroner or medical examiner, law enforcement officer, professional school personnel, registered or licensed nurse, social service counselor, psychologist, pharmacist, employee of the department of early learning, licensed or certified child care providers or their employees, employee of the department, probation officer, placement and liaison responsible living skills program staff, HOPE center staff, or state family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds or any volunteer in the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
  - (b) When any person, in his or her official supervisory capacity with a nonprofit or for-profit organization, has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect caused by a person over whom he or she regularly exercises supervisory authority, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency, provided that the person alleged to have caused the abuse or neglect is employed by, contracted by, or volunteers with the organization and coaches, trains, educates, or counsels a child or children or regularly has unsupervised access to a child or children as part of the employment, contract, or voluntary service. No one shall be required to report under this section when he or she obtains the information solely as a result of a privileged communication as provided in RCW 5.60.060.

Nothing in this subsection (1)(b) shall limit a person's duty to report under (a) of this subsection.

- For the purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:
  - (i) "Official supervisory capacity" means a position, status, or role created, recognized, or designated by any nonprofit or for-profit organization, either for financial gain or without financial gain, whose scope includes, but is not limited to, overseeing, directing, or managing another person who is employed by, contracted by, or volunteers with the nonprofit or for-profit organization.
  - (ii) "Regularly exercises supervisory authority" means to act in his or her official supervisory capacity on an ongoing or continuing basis with regards to a particular person.
  - (c) The reporting requirement also applies to department of corrections personnel who, in the course of their employment, observe offenders or the children with whom the offenders are in contact. If, as a result of observations or information received in the course of his or her employment, any department of corrections personnel has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report the incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
  - (d) The reporting requirement shall also apply to any adult who has reasonable cause to believe that a child who resides with them, has suffered severe abuse, and is able or capable of making a report. For the purposes of this subsection, "severe abuse" means any of the following: Any single act of abuse that causes physical trauma of sufficient severity that, if left untreated, could cause death; any single act of sexual abuse that causes significant bleeding, deep bruising, or significant external or internal swelling; or more than one act of physical abuse, each of which causes bleeding, deep bruising, significant external or internal swelling, bone fracture, or unconsciousness.
  - (e) The reporting requirement also applies to guardians ad litem, including court-appointed special advocates, appointed under Titles 11, 13, and 26 RCW, who in the course of their representation of children in these actions have reasonable cause to believe a child has been abused or neglected.
- 37 (f) The reporting requirement in (a) of this subsection also 38 applies to administrative and academic or athletic department

employees, including student employees, of institutions of higher education, as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, and of private institutions of higher education.

- (g) The report must be made at the first opportunity, but in no case longer than forty-eight hours after there is reasonable cause to believe that the child has suffered abuse or neglect. The report must include the identity of the accused if known.
- (2) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the discovery of abuse or neglect that occurred during childhood if it is discovered after the child has become an adult. However, if there is reasonable cause to believe other children are or may be at risk of abuse or neglect by the accused, the reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does apply.
- (3) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department of social and health services as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (4) The department, upon receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the department shall notify the proper law enforcement agency within twenty-four hours after a report is received by the department. In all other cases, the department shall notify the law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the department. If the department makes an oral report, a written report must also be made to the proper law enforcement agency within five days thereafter.
- (5) Any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means, or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident in writing as provided in RCW 26.44.040 to the proper county prosecutor or city attorney for appropriate action whenever the law enforcement agency's investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed. The law enforcement

p. 65 SSB 5077.PL

- agency shall also notify the department of all reports received and the law enforcement agency's disposition of them. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within twenty-four hours. In all other cases, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the law enforcement agency.
  - (6) Any county prosecutor or city attorney receiving a report under subsection (5) of this section shall notify the victim, any persons the victim requests, and the local office of the department, of the decision to charge or decline to charge a crime, within five days of making the decision.
  - (7) The department may conduct ongoing case planning and consultation with those persons or agencies required to report under this section, with consultants designated by the department, and with designated representatives of Washington Indian tribes if the client information exchanged is pertinent to cases currently receiving child protective services. Upon request, the department shall conduct such planning and consultation with those persons required to report under this section if the department determines it is in the best interests of the child. Information considered privileged by statute and not directly related to reports required by this section must not be divulged without a valid written waiver of the privilege.
  - (8) Any case referred to the department by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW on the basis of an expert medical opinion that child abuse, neglect, or sexual assault has occurred and that the child's safety will be seriously endangered if returned home, the department shall file a dependency petition unless a second licensed physician of the parents' choice believes that such expert medical opinion is incorrect. If the parents fail to designate a second physician, the department may make the selection. If a physician finds that a child has suffered abuse or neglect but that such abuse or neglect does not constitute imminent danger to the child's health or safety, and the department agrees with the physician's assessment, the child may be left in the parents' home while the department proceeds with reasonable efforts to remedy parenting deficiencies.

(9) Persons or agencies exchanging information under subsection (7) of this section shall not further disseminate or release the information except as authorized by state or federal statute. Violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.

- (10) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect, the department shall make reasonable efforts to learn the name, address, and telephone number of each person making a report of abuse or neglect under this section. The department shall provide assurances of appropriate confidentiality of the identification of persons reporting under this section. If the department is unable to learn the information required under this subsection, the department shall only investigate cases in which:
- (a) The department believes there is a serious threat of substantial harm to the child;
  - (b) The report indicates conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is about to occur, in which the child is the victim; or
  - (c) The department has a prior founded report of abuse or neglect with regard to a member of the household that is within three years of receipt of the referral.
  - (11)(a) For reports of alleged abuse or neglect that are accepted for investigation by the department, the investigation shall be conducted within time frames established by the department in rule. In no case shall the investigation extend longer than ninety days from the date the report is received, unless the investigation is being conducted under a written protocol pursuant to RCW 26.44.180 and a law enforcement agency or prosecuting attorney has determined that a longer investigation period is necessary. At the completion of the investigation, the department shall make a finding that the report of child abuse or neglect is founded or unfounded.
  - (b) If a court in a civil or criminal proceeding, considering the same facts or circumstances as are contained in the report being investigated by the department, makes a judicial finding by a preponderance of the evidence or higher that the subject of the pending investigation has abused or neglected the child, the department shall adopt the finding in its investigation.
- 36 (12) In conducting an investigation of alleged abuse or neglect, 37 the department or law enforcement agency:

p. 67 SSB 5077.PL

- (a) May interview children. The interviews may be conducted on school premises, at day-care facilities, at the child's home, or at other suitable locations outside of the presence of parents. Parental notification of the interview must occur at the earliest possible point in the investigation that will not jeopardize the safety or protection of the child or the course of the investigation. Prior to commencing the interview the department or law enforcement agency shall determine whether the child wishes a third party to be present for the interview and, if so, shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the child's wishes. Unless the child objects, the department or law enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts to include a third party in any interview so long as the presence of the third party will not jeopardize the course of the investigation; and
  - (b) Shall have access to all relevant records of the child in the possession of mandated reporters and their employees.
  - (13) If a report of alleged abuse or neglect is founded and constitutes the third founded report received by the department within the last twelve months involving the same child or family, the department shall promptly notify the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds of the contents of the report. The department shall also notify the ((ombudsman)) ombuds of the disposition of the report.
  - (14) In investigating and responding to allegations of child abuse and neglect, the department may conduct background checks as authorized by state and federal law.
  - (15) The department shall maintain investigation records and conduct timely and periodic reviews of all founded cases of abuse and neglect. The department shall maintain a log of screened-out nonabusive cases.
  - (16) The department shall use a risk assessment process when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals. The department shall present the risk factors at all hearings in which the placement of a dependent child is an issue. Substance abuse must be a risk factor. The department shall, within funds appropriated for this purpose, offer enhanced community-based services to persons who are determined not to require further state intervention.
    - (17) Upon receipt of a report of alleged abuse or neglect the law

enforcement agency may arrange to interview the person making the report and any collateral sources to determine if any malice is involved in the reporting.

(18) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect involving a child under the court's jurisdiction under chapter 13.34 RCW, the department shall promptly notify the child's guardian ad litem of the report's contents. The department shall also notify the guardian ad litem of the disposition of the report. For purposes of this subsection, "guardian ad litem" has the meaning provided in RCW 13.34.030.

## Sec. 43. RCW 26.44.030 and 2012 c 259 s 3 and 2012 c 55 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- (1)(a) When any practitioner, county coroner or medical examiner, law enforcement officer, professional school personnel, registered or licensed nurse, social service counselor, psychologist, pharmacist, employee of the department of early learning, licensed or certified child care providers or their employees, employee of the department, juvenile probation officer, placement and liaison specialist, responsible living skills program staff, HOPE center staff, or state family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds or any volunteer in the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (b) When any person, in his or her official supervisory capacity with a nonprofit or for-profit organization, has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect caused by a person over whom he or she regularly exercises supervisory authority, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency, provided that the person alleged to have caused the abuse or neglect is employed by, contracted by, or volunteers with the organization and coaches, trains, educates, or counsels a child or children or regularly has unsupervised access to a child or children as part of the employment, contract, or voluntary service. No one shall be required to report under this section when he or she obtains the information solely as a result of a privileged communication as provided in RCW 5.60.060.

p. 69 SSB 5077.PL

Nothing in this subsection (1)(b) shall limit a person's duty to report under (a) of this subsection.

For the purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

- (i) "Official supervisory capacity" means a position, status, or role created, recognized, or designated by any nonprofit or for-profit organization, either for financial gain or without financial gain, whose scope includes, but is not limited to, overseeing, directing, or managing another person who is employed by, contracted by, or volunteers with the nonprofit or for-profit organization.
- (ii) "Regularly exercises supervisory authority" means to act in his or her official supervisory capacity on an ongoing or continuing basis with regards to a particular person.
- (c) The reporting requirement also applies to department of corrections personnel who, in the course of their employment, observe offenders or the children with whom the offenders are in contact. If, as a result of observations or information received in the course of his or her employment, any department of corrections personnel has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report the incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (d) The reporting requirement shall also apply to any adult who has reasonable cause to believe that a child who resides with them, has suffered severe abuse, and is able or capable of making a report. For the purposes of this subsection, "severe abuse" means any of the following: Any single act of abuse that causes physical trauma of sufficient severity that, if left untreated, could cause death; any single act of sexual abuse that causes significant bleeding, deep bruising, or significant external or internal swelling; or more than one act of physical abuse, each of which causes bleeding, deep bruising, significant external or internal swelling, bone fracture, or unconsciousness.
- (e) The reporting requirement also applies to guardians ad litem, including court-appointed special advocates, appointed under Titles 11, 13, and 26 RCW, who in the course of their representation of children in these actions have reasonable cause to believe a child has been abused or neglected.

(f) The reporting requirement in (a) of this subsection also applies to administrative and academic or athletic department employees, including student employees, of institutions of higher education, as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, and of private institutions of higher education.

- (g) The report must be made at the first opportunity, but in no case longer than forty-eight hours after there is reasonable cause to believe that the child has suffered abuse or neglect. The report must include the identity of the accused if known.
- (2) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the discovery of abuse or neglect that occurred during childhood if it is discovered after the child has become an adult. However, if there is reasonable cause to believe other children are or may be at risk of abuse or neglect by the accused, the reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does apply.
- (3) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department of social and health services as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (4) The department, upon receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the department shall notify the proper law enforcement agency within twenty-four hours after a report is received by the department. In all other cases, the department shall notify the law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the department. If the department makes an oral report, a written report must also be made to the proper law enforcement agency within five days thereafter.
- (5) Any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means, or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident in writing as provided in RCW 26.44.040 to the proper county prosecutor or city attorney for

p. 71 SSB 5077.PL

- appropriate action whenever the law enforcement agency's investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed. The law enforcement agency shall also notify the department of all reports received and the law enforcement agency's disposition of them. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within twenty-four hours. In all other cases, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the law enforcement agency.
  - (6) Any county prosecutor or city attorney receiving a report under subsection (5) of this section shall notify the victim, any persons the victim requests, and the local office of the department, of the decision to charge or decline to charge a crime, within five days of making the decision.
  - (7) The department may conduct ongoing case planning and consultation with those persons or agencies required to report under this section, with consultants designated by the department, and with designated representatives of Washington Indian tribes if the client information exchanged is pertinent to cases currently receiving child protective services. Upon request, the department shall conduct such planning and consultation with those persons required to report under this section if the department determines it is in the best interests of the child. Information considered privileged by statute and not directly related to reports required by this section must not be divulged without a valid written waiver of the privilege.
  - (8) Any case referred to the department by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW on the basis of an expert medical opinion that child abuse, neglect, or sexual assault has occurred and that the child's safety will be seriously endangered if returned home, the department shall file a dependency petition unless a second licensed physician of the parents' choice believes that such expert medical opinion is incorrect. If the parents fail to designate a second physician, the department may make the selection. If a physician finds that a child has suffered abuse or neglect but that such abuse or neglect does not constitute imminent danger to the child's health or safety, and the department agrees with the physician's assessment, the child may be left in the parents' home

- while the department proceeds with reasonable efforts to remedy parenting deficiencies.
  - (9) Persons or agencies exchanging information under subsection (7) of this section shall not further disseminate or release the information except as authorized by state or federal statute. Violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.
  - (10) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect, the department shall make reasonable efforts to learn the name, address, and telephone number of each person making a report of abuse or neglect under this section. The department shall provide assurances of appropriate confidentiality of the identification of persons reporting under this section. If the department is unable to learn the information required under this subsection, the department shall only investigate cases in which:
- 15 (a) The department believes there is a serious threat of substantial harm to the child;
  - (b) The report indicates conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is about to occur, in which the child is the victim; or
  - (c) The department has a prior founded report of abuse or neglect with regard to a member of the household that is within three years of receipt of the referral.
  - (11)(a) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect, the department shall use one of the following discrete responses to reports of child abuse or neglect that are screened in and accepted for departmental response:
    - (i) Investigation; or
- 27 (ii) Family assessment.

- 28 (b) In making the response in (a) of this subsection the department 29 shall:
  - (i) Use a method by which to assign cases to investigation or family assessment which are based on an array of factors that may include the presence of: Imminent danger, level of risk, number of previous child abuse or neglect reports, or other presenting case characteristics, such as the type of alleged maltreatment and the age of the alleged victim. Age of the alleged victim shall not be used as the sole criterion for determining case assignment;
- (ii) Allow for a change in response assignment based on new information that alters risk or safety level;

p. 73 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (iii) Allow families assigned to family assessment to choose to 2 receive an investigation rather than a family assessment;
  - (iv) Provide a full investigation if a family refuses the initial family assessment;
  - (v) Provide voluntary services to families based on the results of the initial family assessment. If a family refuses voluntary services, and the department cannot identify specific facts related to risk or safety that warrant assignment to investigation under this chapter, and there is not a history of reports of child abuse or neglect related to the family, then the department must close the family assessment response case. However, if at any time the department identifies risk or safety factors that warrant an investigation under this chapter, then the family assessment response case must be reassigned to investigation;
  - (vi) Conduct an investigation, and not a family assessment, in response to an allegation that, the department determines based on the intake assessment:
    - (A) Poses a risk of "imminent harm" consistent with the definition provided in RCW 13.34.050, which includes, but is not limited to, sexual abuse and sexual exploitation as defined in this chapter;
      - (B) Poses a serious threat of substantial harm to a child;
- (C) Constitutes conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is about to occur, in which the child is the victim;
  - (D) The child is an abandoned child as defined in RCW 13.34.030;
  - (E) The child is an adjudicated dependent child as defined in RCW 13.34.030, or the child is in a facility that is licensed, operated, or certified for care of children by the department under chapter 74.15 RCW, or by the department of early learning.
  - (c) The department may not be held civilly liable for the decision to respond to an allegation of child abuse or neglect by using the family assessment response under this section unless the state or its officers, agents, or employees acted with reckless disregard.
  - (12)(a) For reports of alleged abuse or neglect that are accepted for investigation by the department, the investigation shall be conducted within time frames established by the department in rule. In no case shall the investigation extend longer than ninety days from the date the report is received, unless the investigation is being conducted under a written protocol pursuant to RCW 26.44.180 and a law

enforcement agency or prosecuting attorney has determined that a longer investigation period is necessary. At the completion of the investigation, the department shall make a finding that the report of child abuse or neglect is founded or unfounded.

1 2

- (b) If a court in a civil or criminal proceeding, considering the same facts or circumstances as are contained in the report being investigated by the department, makes a judicial finding by a preponderance of the evidence or higher that the subject of the pending investigation has abused or neglected the child, the department shall adopt the finding in its investigation.
- (13) For reports of alleged abuse or neglect that are responded to through family assessment response, the department shall:
- (a) Provide the family with a written explanation of the procedure for assessment of the child and the family and its purposes;
- (b) Collaborate with the family to identify family strengths, resources, and service needs, and develop a service plan with the goal of reducing risk of harm to the child and improving or restoring family well-being;
- (c) Complete the family assessment response within forty-five days of receiving the report; however, upon parental agreement, the family assessment response period may be extended up to ninety days;
- (d) Offer services to the family in a manner that makes it clear that acceptance of the services is voluntary;
- (e) Implement the family assessment response in a consistent and cooperative manner;
- (f) Have the parent or guardian sign an agreement to participate in services before services are initiated that informs the parents of their rights under family assessment response, all of their options, and the options the department has if the parents do not sign the consent form.
- (14) In conducting an investigation or family assessment of alleged abuse or neglect, the department or law enforcement agency:
- (a) May interview children. If the department determines that the response to the allegation will be family assessment response, the preferred practice is to request a parent's, guardian's, or custodian's permission to interview the child before conducting the child interview unless doing so would compromise the safety of the child or the integrity of the assessment. The interviews may be conducted on school

p. 75 SSB 5077.PL

premises, at day-care facilities, at the child's home, or at other 1 suitable locations outside of the presence of parents. If the 2 allegation is investigated, parental notification of the interview must 3 occur at the earliest possible point in the investigation that will not 4 5 jeopardize the safety or protection of the child or the course of the investigation. Prior to commencing the interview the department or law 6 7 enforcement agency shall determine whether the child wishes a third party to be present for the interview and, if so, shall make reasonable 8 efforts to accommodate the child's wishes. Unless the child objects, 9 10 the department or law enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts to include a third party in any interview so long as the presence of 11 12 the third party will not jeopardize the course of the investigation; 13 and

- (b) Shall have access to all relevant records of the child in the possession of mandated reporters and their employees.
- (15) If a report of alleged abuse or neglect is founded and constitutes the third founded report received by the department within the last twelve months involving the same child or family, the department shall promptly notify the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds of the contents of the report. The department shall also notify the ((ombudsman)) ombuds of the disposition of the report.
- (16) In investigating and responding to allegations of child abuse and neglect, the department may conduct background checks as authorized by state and federal law.
- (17)(a) The department shall maintain investigation records and conduct timely and periodic reviews of all founded cases of abuse and neglect. The department shall maintain a log of screened-out nonabusive cases.
- (b) In the family assessment response, the department shall not make a finding as to whether child abuse or neglect occurred. No one shall be named as a perpetrator and no investigative finding shall be entered in the department's child abuse or neglect database.
- 34 (18) The department shall use a risk assessment process when 35 investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals. The 36 department shall present the risk factors at all hearings in which the 37 placement of a dependent child is an issue. Substance abuse must be a 38 risk factor.

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

(19) Upon receipt of a report of alleged abuse or neglect the law enforcement agency may arrange to interview the person making the report and any collateral sources to determine if any malice is involved in the reporting.

- (20) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect involving a child under the court's jurisdiction under chapter 13.34 RCW, the department shall promptly notify the child's guardian ad litem of the report's contents. The department shall also notify the guardian ad litem of the disposition of the report. For purposes of this subsection, "guardian ad litem" has the meaning provided in RCW 13.34.030.
- **Sec. 44.** RCW 26.44.220 and 2005 c 345 s 1 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
  - (1) Within existing resources, the department shall develop a curriculum designed to train staff of the department's children's administration who assess or provide services to adolescents on how to screen and respond to referrals to child protective services when those referrals may involve victims of abuse or neglect between the ages of eleven and eighteen. At a minimum, the curriculum developed pursuant to this section shall include:
  - (a) Review of relevant laws and regulations, including the requirement that the department investigate complaints if a parent's or caretaker's actions result in serious physical or emotional harm or present an imminent risk of serious harm to any person under eighteen;
  - (b) Review of policies of the department's children's administration that require assessment and screening of abuse and neglect referrals on the basis of risk and not age;
    - (c) Explanation of safety assessment and risk assessment models;
  - (d) Case studies of situations in which the department has received reports of alleged abuse or neglect of older children and adolescents;
  - (e) Discussion of best practices in screening and responding to referrals involving older children and adolescents; and
  - (f) Discussion of how abuse and neglect referrals related to adolescents are investigated and when law enforcement must be notified.
  - (2) As it develops its curriculum pursuant to this section, the department shall request that the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds review and comment on its proposed training

p. 77 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 materials. The department shall consider the comments and 2 recommendations of the office of the family and children's 3 ((ombudsman)) ombuds as it develops the curriculum required by this 4 section.
  - (3) The department shall complete the curriculum materials required by this section no later than December 31, 2005.
  - (4) Within existing resources, the department shall incorporate training on the curriculum developed pursuant to this section into existing training for child protective services workers who screen intake calls, children's administration staff responsible for assessing or providing services to older children and adolescents, and all new employees of the children's administration responsible for assessing or providing services to older children and adolescents.
- 14 Sec. 45. RCW 27.53.030 and 2011 c 219 s 1 are each reenacted and 15 amended to read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
  - (1) "Amateur society" means any organization composed primarily of persons who are not professional archaeologists, whose primary interest is in the archaeological resources of the state, and which has been certified in writing by two professional archaeologists.
  - (2) "Archaeological object" means an object that comprises the physical evidence of an indigenous and subsequent culture, including material remains of past human life, including monuments, symbols, tools, facilities, and technological by-products.
  - (3) "Archaeological site" means a geographic locality in Washington, including but not limited to, submerged and submersible lands and the bed of the sea within the state's jurisdiction, that contains archaeological objects.
- 30 (4) "Archaeology" means systematic, scientific study of ((man's))
  31 humankind's past through material remains.
  - (5) "Department" means the department of archaeology and historic preservation, created in chapter 43.334 RCW.
- 34 (6) "Director" means the director of the department of archaeology 35 and historic preservation, created in chapter 43.334 RCW.
- 36 (7) "Field investigation" means an on-site inspection by a 37 professional archaeologist or by an individual under the direct

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

18 19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

32

supervision of a professional archaeologist employing archaeological inspection techniques for both the surface and subsurface identification of archaeological resources and artifacts resulting in a professional archaeological report detailing the results of such inspection.

- (8) "Historic" means peoples and cultures who are known through written documents in their own or other languages. As applied to underwater archaeological resources, the term "historic" shall include only those properties which are listed in or eligible for listing in the Washington state register of historic places (RCW 27.34.220) or the national register of historic places as defined in the national historic preservation act of 1966 (Title 1, Sec. 101, Public Law 89-665; 80 Stat. 915; 16 U.S.C. Sec. 470) as now or hereafter amended.
- (9) "Historic archaeological resources" means those properties which are listed in or eligible for listing in the Washington state register of historic places (RCW 27.34.220) or the national register of historic places as defined in the national historic preservation act of 1966 (Title 1, Sec. 101, Public Law 89-665; 80 Stat. 915; 16 U.S.C. Sec. 470) as now or hereafter amended.
- 20 (10) "Prehistoric" means peoples and cultures who are unknown 21 through contemporaneous written documents in any language.
  - (11) "Professional archaeologist" means a person with qualifications meeting the federal secretary of the interior's standards for a professional archaeologist. Archaeologists not meeting this standard may be conditionally employed by working under the supervision of a professional archaeologist for a period of four years provided the employee is pursuing qualifications necessary to meet the federal secretary of the interior's standards for a professional archaeologist. During this four-year period, the professional archaeologist is responsible for all findings. The four-year period is not subject to renewal.
  - Sec. 46. RCW 28A.175.075 and 2010 c 243 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall establish a state-level building bridges work group that includes K-12 and state agencies that work with youth who have dropped out or are at risk of dropping out of school. The following agencies shall appoint

p. 79 SSB 5077.PL

representatives to the work group: The office of the superintendent of 1 2 public instruction, the workforce training and education coordinating board, the department of early learning, the employment security 3 department, the state board for community and technical colleges, the 4 department of health, the community mobilization office, and the 5 children's services and behavioral health and recovery divisions of the 6 7 department of social and health services. The work group should also 8 consist of one representative from each of the following agencies and organizations: A statewide organization representing career and 9 10 technical education programs including skill centers; the juvenile courts or the office of juvenile justice, or both; the Washington 11 12 association of prosecuting attorneys; the Washington state office of 13 public defense; accredited institutions of higher education; the 14 educational service districts; the area workforce development councils; parent and educator associations; ((achievement)) educational 15 opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee; office of the 16 17 education ((ombudsman)) ombuds; local school districts; agencies or organizations that provide services to special education students; 18 community organizations serving youth; federally recognized tribes and 19 urban tribal centers; each of the major political caucuses of the 20 21 senate and house of representatives; and the minority commissions.

- (2) To assist and enhance the work of the building bridges programs established in RCW 28A.175.025, the state-level work group shall:
- (a) Identify and make recommendations to the legislature for the reduction of fiscal, legal, and regulatory barriers that prevent coordination of program resources across agencies at the state and local level;
- (b) Develop and track performance measures and benchmarks for each partner agency or organization across the state including performance measures and benchmarks based on student characteristics and outcomes specified in RCW 28A.175.035(1)(e); and
- (c) Identify research-based and emerging best practices regarding prevention, intervention, and retrieval programs.
- (3)(a) The work group shall report to the quality education council, appropriate committees of the legislature, and the governor on an annual basis beginning December 1, 2007, with proposed strategies for building K-12 dropout prevention, intervention, and reengagement

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

3132

3334

35

36

- systems in local communities throughout the state including, but not limited to, recommendations for implementing emerging best practices, needed additional resources, and eliminating barriers.
  - (b) By September 15, 2010, the work group shall report on:
  - (i) A recommended state goal and annual state targets for the percentage of students graduating from high school;
  - (ii) A recommended state goal and annual state targets for the percentage of youth who have dropped out of school who should be reengaged in education and be college and work ready;
  - (iii) Recommended funding for supporting career guidance and the planning and implementation of K-12 dropout prevention, intervention, and reengagement systems in school districts and a plan for phasing the funding into the program of basic education, beginning in the 2011-2013 biennium; and
  - (iv) A plan for phasing in the expansion of the current school improvement planning program to include state-funded, dropout-focused school improvement technical assistance for school districts in significant need of improvement regarding high school graduation rates.
  - (4) State agencies in the building bridges work group shall work together, wherever feasible, on the following activities to support school/family/community partnerships engaged in building K-12 dropout prevention, intervention, and reengagement systems:
- 23 (a) Providing opportunities for coordination and flexibility of 24 program eligibility and funding criteria;
  - (b) Providing joint funding;

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

25

30

33

- 26 (c) Developing protocols and templates for model agreements on sharing records and data;
- 28 (d) Providing joint professional development opportunities that 29 provide knowledge and training on:
  - (i) Research-based and promising practices;
- 31 (ii) The availability of programs and services for vulnerable 32 youth; and
  - (iii) Cultural competence.
- 34 (5) The building bridges work group shall make recommendations to 35 the governor and the legislature by December 1, 2010, on a state-level 36 and regional infrastructure for coordinating services for vulnerable 37 youth. Recommendations must address the following issues:

p. 81 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (a) Whether to adopt an official conceptual approach or framework 2 for all entities working with vulnerable youth that can support 3 coordinated planning and evaluation;
- 4 (b) The creation of a performance-based management system, 5 including outcomes, indicators, and performance measures relating to 6 vulnerable youth and programs serving them, including accountability 7 for the dropout issue;
  - (c) The development of regional and/or county-level multipartner youth consortia with a specific charge to assist school districts and local communities in building K-12 comprehensive dropout prevention, intervention, and reengagement systems;
- 12 (d) The development of integrated or school-based one-stop shopping 13 for services that would:
- (i) Provide individualized attention to the neediest youth and prioritized access to services for students identified by a dropout early warning and intervention data system;
- (ii) Establish protocols for coordinating data and services, including getting data release at time of intake and common assessment and referral processes; and
  - (iii) Build a system of single case managers across agencies;
- 21 (e) Launching a statewide media campaign on increasing the high 22 school graduation rate; and
- 23 (f) Developing a statewide database of available services for 24 vulnerable youth.
- 25 **Sec. 47.** RCW 28A.175.140 and 2011 c 288 s 4 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
  - (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the state board of education, must:
    - (a) Calculate the annual extended graduation rate for each high school, which is the rate at which a class of students enters high school as ((freshmen)) first-year students and graduates with a high school diploma, including students who receive a high school diploma after the year they were expected to graduate. The office may statistically adjust the rate for student demographics in the high school, including the number of students eligible for free and reduced-price meals, special education and English language learner students,

10

11

20

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

1 students of various racial and ethnic backgrounds, and student 2 mobility;

- (b) Annually calculate the proportion of students at grade level for each high school, which shall be measured by the number of credits a student has accumulated at the end of each school year compared to the total number required for graduation. For the purposes of this subsection (1)(b), the office shall adopt a standard definition of "at grade level" for each high school grade;
- (c) Annually calculate the proportion of students in each high school who are suspended or expelled from school, as reported by the high school. In-school suspensions shall not be included in the calculation. Improvement on the indicator under this subsection (1)(c) shall be measured by a reduction in the number of students suspended or expelled from school; and
- (d) Beginning with the 2012-13 school year, annually measure student attendance in each high school as provided under RCW 28A.300.046.
- (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction may add dropout prevention indicators to the list of indicators under subsection (1) of this section, such as student grades, state assessment mastery, or student retention.
- (3) To the maximum extent possible, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall rely on data collected through the comprehensive education data and research system to calculate the dropout prevention indicators under this section and shall minimize additional data collection from schools and school districts unless necessary to meet the requirements of this section.
- (4) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop a metric for measuring the performance of each high school on the indicators under subsection (1) of this section that assigns points for each indicator and results in a single numeric dropout prevention score for each high school. The office shall weight the extended graduation rate indicator within the metric so that a high school does not qualify for an award under RCW 28A.175.145 without an increase in its extended graduation rate. The metric used through the 2012-13 school year shall include the indicators in subsection (1)(a) through (c) of this section and shall measure improvement against the 2010-11 school year as the baseline year. Beginning in the 2013-14 school

p. 83 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 year, the metric shall also include the indicator in subsection (1)(d)
- 2 of this section, with improvement in this indicator measured against
- 3 the 2012-13 school year as the baseline year. The office may establish
- 4 a minimum level of improvement in a high school's dropout prevention
- 5 score for the high school to qualify for a PASS program award under RCW
- 6 28A.175.145.
- 7 **Sec. 48.** RCW 28A.230.020 and 2006 c 263 s 414 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 All common schools shall give instruction in reading,
  10 ((penmanship)) handwriting, orthography, written and mental arithmetic,
  11 geography, the history of the United States, English grammar,
  12 physiology and hygiene with special reference to the effects of alcohol
- 13 and drug abuse on the human system, science with special reference to
- 14 the environment, and such other studies as may be prescribed by rule of
- 15 the superintendent of public instruction. All teachers shall stress
- 16 the importance of the cultivation of manners, the fundamental
- 17 principles of honesty, honor, industry and economy, the minimum
- 18 requisites for good health including the beneficial effect of physical
- 19 exercise and methods to prevent exposure to and transmission of
- 20 sexually transmitted diseases, and the worth of kindness to all living
- 21 creatures and the land. The prevention of child abuse may be offered
- 22 as part of the curriculum in the common schools.
- 23 **Sec. 49.** RCW 28A.300.136 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 21 s 33 are each 24 amended to read as follows:
- (1) An educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee is created to synthesize the findings and recommendations from the 2008 achievement gap studies into an implementation plan, and to recommend policies and strategies to the superintendent of public instruction, the professional educator standards board, and the state board of education to close the achievement gap.
  - (2) The committee shall recommend specific policies and strategies in at least the following areas:
- 33 (a) Supporting and facilitating parent and community involvement 34 and outreach;
- 35 (b) Enhancing the cultural competency of current and future 36 educators and the cultural relevance of curriculum and instruction;

1 (c) Expanding pathways and strategies to prepare and recruit 2 diverse teachers and administrators;

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

- (d) Recommending current programs and resources that should be redirected to narrow the gap;
- (e) Identifying data elements and systems needed to monitor progress in closing the gap;
- (f) Making closing the achievement gap part of the school and school district improvement process; and
- (g) Exploring innovative school models that have shown success in closing the achievement gap.
- (3) Taking a multidisciplinary approach, the committee may seek input and advice from other state and local agencies and organizations with expertise in health, social services, gang and violence prevention, substance abuse prevention, and other issues that disproportionately affect student achievement and student success.
- (4) The educational opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee shall be composed of the following members:
- (a) The chairs and ranking minority members of the house and senate education committees, or their designees;
- (b) One additional member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house and one additional member of the senate appointed by the president of the senate;
- (c) A representative of the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds;
  - (d) A representative of the center for the improvement of student learning in the office of the superintendent of public instruction;
  - (e) A representative of federally recognized Indian tribes whose traditional lands and territories lie within the borders of Washington state, designated by the federally recognized tribes; and
- 30 (f) Four members appointed by the governor in consultation with the 31 state ethnic commissions, who represent the following populations: 32 African-Americans, Hispanic Americans, Asian Americans, and Pacific 33 Islander Americans.
- 34 (5) The governor and the tribes are encouraged to designate members 35 who have experience working in and with schools.
- 36 (6) The committee may convene ad hoc working groups to obtain 37 additional input and participation from community members. Members of

- ad hoc working groups shall serve without compensation and shall not be reimbursed for travel or other expenses.
- (7) The chair or cochairs of the committee shall be selected by the members of the committee. Staff support for the committee shall be provided by the center for the improvement of student learning. Members of the committee shall serve without compensation but must be reimbursed as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. Legislative members of the committee shall be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120.
- 10 (8) The superintendent of public instruction, the state board of 11 education, the professional educator standards board, and the quality 12 education council shall work collaboratively with the educational 13 opportunity gap oversight and accountability committee to close the 14 achievement gap.
- **Sec. 50.** RCW 28A.300.285 and 2010 c 239 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) By August 1, 2011, each school district shall adopt or amend if necessary a policy and procedure that at a minimum incorporates the revised model policy and procedure provided under subsection (4) of this section that prohibits the harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student. It is the responsibility of each school district to share this policy with parents or guardians, students, volunteers, and school employees in accordance with rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. Each school district shall designate one person in the district as the primary contact regarding the antiharassment, intimidation, or bullying policy. The primary contact shall receive copies of all formal and informal complaints, have responsibility for assuring the implementation of the policy and procedure, and serve as the primary contact on the policy and procedures between the school district, the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds, and the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
  - (2) "Harassment, intimidation, or bullying" means any intentional electronic, written, verbal, or physical act, including but not limited to one shown to be motivated by any characteristic in RCW 9A.36.080(3), or other distinguishing characteristics, when the intentional electronic, written, verbal, or physical act:

1 (a) Physically harms a student or damages the student's property; 2 or

- (b) Has the effect of substantially interfering with a student's education; or
- (c) Is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it creates an intimidating or threatening educational environment; or
- (d) Has the effect of substantially disrupting the orderly operation of the school.

Nothing in this section requires the affected student to actually possess a characteristic that is a basis for the harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

- (3) The policy and procedure should be adopted or amended through a process that includes representation of parents or guardians, school employees, volunteers, students, administrators, and community representatives. It is recommended that each such policy emphasize positive character traits and values, including the importance of civil and respectful speech and conduct, and the responsibility of students to comply with the district's policy prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying.
- (4)(a) By August 1, 2010, the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with representatives of parents, school personnel, the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds, the Washington state school directors' association, and other interested parties, shall provide to the education committees of the legislature a revised and updated model harassment, intimidation, and bullying prevention policy and procedure. The superintendent of public instruction shall publish on its web site, with a link to the safety center web page, the revised and updated model harassment, intimidation, and bullying prevention policy and procedure, along with training and instructional materials on the components that shall be included in any district policy and procedure. The superintendent shall adopt rules regarding school districts' communication of the policy and procedure to parents, students, employees, and volunteers.
- (b) The office of the superintendent of public instruction has the authority to update with new technologies access to this information in the safety center, to the extent resources are made available.
- (c) Each school district shall by August 15, 2011, provide to the superintendent of public instruction a brief summary of its policies,

- procedures, programs, partnerships, vendors, and instructional and training materials to be posted on the school safety center web site, and shall also provide the superintendent with a link to the school district's web site for further information. The district's primary contact for bullying and harassment issues shall annually by August 15th verify posted information and links and notify the school safety center of any updates or changes.
- (5) The Washington state school directors' association, with the assistance of the office of the superintendent of public instruction, shall convene an advisory committee to develop a model policy prohibiting acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying that are conducted via electronic means by a student while on school grounds and during the school day. The policy shall include a requirement that materials meant to educate parents and students about the seriousness of cyberbullying be disseminated to parents or made available on the school district's web site. The school directors' association and the advisory committee shall develop sample materials for school districts to disseminate, which shall also include information on responsible and safe internet use as well as what options are available if a student is being bullied via electronic means ((7)) including, but not limited to, reporting threats to local police and when to involve school officials, the internet service provider, or phone service provider. The school directors' association shall submit the model policy and sample materials, along with a recommendation for local adoption, to the governor and the legislature and shall post the model policy and sample materials on its web site by January 1, 2008. Each school district board of directors shall establish its own policy by August 1, 2008.
- (6) As used in this section, "electronic" or "electronic means" means any communication where there is the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, electromagnetic, or other similar means.
- Sec. 51. RCW 28A.300.2851 and 2011 c 185 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction and the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall convene a work group on school bullying and harassment prevention to develop, recommend, and implement strategies to improve school climate and create respectful

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

3233

34

35

- learning environments in all public schools in Washington. The superintendent of public instruction or a designee shall serve as the chair of the work group.
  - (2) The work group shall:

5

6

7

8

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

2829

- (a) Consider whether additional disaggregated data should be collected regarding incidents of bullying and harassment or disciplinary actions and make recommendations to the office of the superintendent of public instruction for collection of such data;
- (b) Examine possible procedures for anonymous reporting of incidents of bullying and harassment;
- (c) Identify curriculum and best practices for school districts to improve school climate, create respectful learning environments, and train staff and students in de-escalation and intervention techniques;
- (d) Identify curriculum and best practices for incorporating instruction about mental health, youth suicide prevention, and prevention of bullying and harassment;
- (e) Recommend best practices for informing parents about the harassment, intimidation, and bullying prevention policy and procedure under RCW 28A.300.285 and involving parents in improving school climate;
- (f) Recommend training for district personnel who are designated as the primary contact regarding the policy and procedure and for school resource officers and other school security personnel;
- (g) Recommend educator preparation and certification requirements in harassment, intimidation, and bullying prevention and de-escalation and intervention techniques for teachers, educational staff associates, and school administrators;
- (h) Examine and recommend policies for discipline of students and staff who harass, intimidate, or bully; and
- 30 (i) In collaboration with the state board for community and 31 technical colleges, examine and recommend policies to protect K-12 32 students attending community and technical colleges from harassment, 33 intimidation, and bullying.
- 34 (3) The work group must include representatives from the state 35 board of education, the Washington state parent teacher association, 36 the Washington state association of school psychologists, school 37 directors, school administrators, principals, teachers, school

p. 89 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 counselors, classified school staff, youth, community organizations, 2 and parents.
  - (4) The work group shall submit a biennial progress and status report to the governor and the education committees of the legislature, beginning December 1, 2011, with additional reports by December 1, 2013, and December 1, 2015.
    - (5) The work group is terminated effective January 1, 2016.
- 8 **Sec. 52.** RCW 28B.10.053 and 2012 c 229 s 510 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- (1) By December 1, 2011, and by June of each odd-numbered year 10 thereafter, the institutions of higher education shall collaboratively 11 develop a master list of postsecondary courses that can be fulfilled by 12 taking the advanced placement, international baccalaureate, or other 13 recognized college-level proficiency examinations, including but not 14 limited to examinations by a national multidisciplinary science, 15 16 technology, engineering, and mathematics program, and meeting the 17 qualifying examination score or demonstrated competencies for lower division general education requirements or postsecondary professional 18 technical requirements. The master list of postsecondary courses 19 20 fulfilled by proficiency examinations or demonstrated competencies are 21 those that fulfill lower division general education requirements or 22 and technical education requirements and qualify 23 postsecondary credit. From the master list, each institution shall 24 create and publish a list of its courses that can be satisfied by successful proficiency examination scores or demonstrated competencies 25 26 for lower division general education requirements or postsecondary professional technical requirements. The qualifying examination scores 27 and demonstrated competencies shall be included in the published list. 28 The requirements to develop a master list under this section do not 29 apply if an institution has a clearly published policy of awarding 30 31 credit for the advanced placement, international baccalaureate, or other recognized college-level placement exams and does not require 32 those credits to meet specific course requirements but generally 33 applies those credits towards degree requirements. 34
  - (2) To the maximum extent possible, institutions of higher education shall agree on examination qualifying scores and demonstrated competencies for the credits or courses under subsection (3) of this

37

3

4 5

section, with scores equivalent to qualified or well-qualified.
Nothing in this subsection shall prevent an institution of higher education from adopting policies using higher scores for additional purposes.

- (3) Each institution of higher education, in designing its certificate, technical degree program, two-year academic transfer program, or ((freshman)) first-year student and sophomore courses of a baccalaureate program or baccalaureate degree, must recognize the equivalencies of at least one year of course credit and maximize the application of the credits toward lower division general education requirements that can be earned through successfully demonstrating proficiency on examinations, including but not limited to advanced placement and international baccalaureate examinations. The successful completion of the examination and the award of credit shall be noted on the student's college transcript.
- (4) Each institution of higher education must clearly include in its admissions materials and on its web site the credits or the institution's list of postsecondary courses that can be fulfilled by proficiency examinations or demonstrated competencies and the agreed-upon examination scores and demonstrated competencies that qualify for postsecondary credit. Each institution must provide the information to the student achievement council and state board for community and technical colleges in a form that the superintendent of public instruction is able to distribute to school districts.
- **Sec. 53.** RCW 28B.15.102 and 2012 c 229 s 526 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
  - (1) Beginning with the 2011-12 academic year, any four-year institution of higher education that increases tuition beyond levels assumed in the omnibus appropriations act is subject to the financial aid requirements included in this section and shall remain subject to these requirements through the 2018-19 academic year.
  - (2) Beginning July 1, 2011, each four-year institution of higher education that raises tuition beyond levels assumed in the omnibus appropriations act shall, in a manner consistent with the goal of enhancing the quality of and access to their institutions, provide financial aid to offset full-time tuition fees for resident undergraduate students as follows:

p. 91 SSB 5077.PL

- (a) Subtract from the full-time tuition fees an amount that is equal to the maximum amount of a state need grant award that would be given to an eligible student with a family income at or below fifty percent of the state's median family income as determined by the student achievement council; and
  - (b) Offset the remainder as follows:

- (i) Students with demonstrated need whose family incomes are at or below fifty percent of the state's median family income shall receive financial aid equal to one hundred percent of the remainder if an institution's full-time tuition fees for resident undergraduate students is five percent or greater of the state's median family income for a family of four as provided by the student achievement council;
- (ii) Students with demonstrated need whose family incomes are greater than fifty percent and no more than seventy percent of the state's median family income shall receive financial aid equal to seventy-five percent of the remainder if an institution's full-time tuition fees for resident undergraduate students is ten percent or greater of the state's median family income for a family of four as provided by the student achievement council;
- (iii) Students with demonstrated need whose family incomes exceed seventy percent and are less than one hundred percent of the state's median family income shall receive financial aid equal to fifty percent of the remainder if an institution's full-time tuition fees for resident undergraduate students is fifteen percent or greater of the state's median family income for a family of four as provided by the student achievement council; and
- (iv) Students with demonstrated need whose family incomes are at or exceed one hundred percent and are no more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the state's median family income shall receive financial aid equal to twenty-five percent of the remainder if an institution's full-time tuition fees for resident undergraduate students is twenty percent or greater of the state's median family income for a family of four as provided by the student achievement council.
- 34 (3) The financial aid required in subsection (2) of this section 35 shall:
- 36 (a) Be reduced by the amount of other financial aid awards, not including the state need grant;
  - (b) Be prorated based on credit load; and

- 1 (c) Only be provided to students up to demonstrated need.
  - (4) Financial aid sources and methods may be:
  - (a) Tuition revenue or locally held funds;
  - (b) Tuition waivers created by a four-year institution of higher education for the specific purpose of serving low and middle-income students; or
    - (c) Local financial aid programs.

- (5) Use of tuition waivers as specified in subsection (4)(b) of this section shall not be included in determining total state tuition waiver authority as defined in RCW 28B.15.910.
- (6) By August 15, 2012, and August 15th every year thereafter, four-year institutions of higher education shall report to the governor and relevant committees of the legislature on the effectiveness of the various sources and methods of financial aid in mitigating tuition increases. A key purpose of these reports is to provide information regarding the results of the decision to grant tuition-setting authority to the four-year institutions of higher education and whether tuition setting authority should continue to be granted to the institutions or revert back to the legislature after consideration of the impacts on students, including educational access, affordability, and quality. These reports shall include:
- (a) The amount of additional financial aid provided to middle-income and low-income students with demonstrated need in the aggregate and per student;
  - (b) An itemization of the sources and methods of financial aid provided by the four-year institution of higher education in the aggregate and per student;
  - (c) An analysis of the combined impact of federal tuition tax credits and financial aid provided by the institution of higher education on the net cost to students and their families resulting from tuition increases;
  - (d) In cases where tuition increases are greater than those assumed in the omnibus appropriations act at any four-year institution of higher education, the institution must include an explanation in its report of why this increase was necessary and how the institution will mitigate the effects of the increase. The institution must include in this section of its report a plan and specific timelines; and

- (e) An analysis of changes in resident student enrollment patterns, participation rates, graduation rates, and debt load, by race and ethnicity, gender, state and county of origin, age, and socioeconomic status, and a plan to mitigate effects of reduced diversity due to tuition increases. This analysis shall include disaggregated data for resident students in the following income brackets:
  - (i) Up to seventy percent of the median family income;
- 8 (ii) Between seventy-one percent and one hundred twenty-five 9 percent of the median family income; and
- 10 (iii) Above one hundred twenty-five percent of the median family 11 income.
  - (7) Beginning in the 2012-13 academic year, the University of Washington shall enroll during each academic year at least the same number of resident ((freshman)) first-year undergraduate students at the Seattle campus, as defined in RCW 28B.15.012, as enrolled during the 2009-10 academic year. This requirement shall not apply to nonresident undergraduate and graduate and professional students.
- **Sec. 54.** RCW 28B.45.020 and 2012 c 229 s 532 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
  - (1) The University of Washington is responsible for ensuring the expansion of baccalaureate and graduate educational programs in the central Puget Sound area under rules or guidelines adopted by the student achievement council and in accordance with proportionality agreements emphasizing access for transfer students developed with the state board for community and technical colleges. The University of Washington shall meet that responsibility through the operation of at least two branch campuses. One branch campus shall be located in the Tacoma area. Another branch campus shall be collocated with Cascadia Community College in the Bothell-Woodinville area.
  - (2) At the University of Washington Tacoma, a top priority is expansion of upper division capacity for transfer students and graduate capacity and programs. Beginning in the fall of 2006, the campus may offer lower division courses linked to specific majors in fields not addressed at local community colleges. The campus shall admit lower division students through coadmission or coenrollment agreements with a community college, or through direct transfer for students who have accumulated approximately one year of transferable college credits. In

- addition to offering lower division courses linked to specific majors as addressed above, the campus may also directly admit ((freshmen)) first-year students and sophomores.
- (3) At the University of Washington Bothell, a top priority is 4 5 expansion of upper division capacity for transfer students and graduate capacity and programs. The campus shall also seek additional 6 7 opportunities to collaborate with and maximize its colocation with Cascadia Community College. Beginning in the fall of 2006, the campus 8 may offer lower division courses linked to specific majors in fields 9 10 not addressed at local community colleges. The campus may admit lower division students through coadmission or coenrollment agreements with 11 a community college, or through direct transfer for students who have 12 13 accumulated approximately one year of transferable college credits. 14 addition to offering lower division courses linked to specific majors as addressed above, the campus may also directly admit ((freshmen)) 15 16 first-year students and sophomores.
- 17 **Sec. 55.** RCW 28B.45.030 and 2012 c 229 s 533 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

- (1) Washington State University is responsible for providing baccalaureate and graduate level higher education programs to the citizens of the Tri-Cities area, under rules or guidelines adopted by the student achievement council and in accordance with proportionality agreements emphasizing access for transfer students developed with the state board for community and technical colleges. Washington State University shall meet that responsibility through the operation of a branch campus in the Tri-Cities area. The branch campus shall replace and supersede the Tri-Cities university center. All land, facilities, equipment, and personnel of the Tri-Cities university center shall be transferred from the University of Washington to Washington State University.
- 31 (2) Beginning in the fall of 2007, the Washington State University
  32 Tri-Cities branch campus may directly admit ((freshman)) first-year
  33 students and sophomore students.
- 34 **Sec. 56.** RCW 28B.45.040 and 2012 c 229 s 534 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) Washington State University is responsible for providing

- 1 baccalaureate and graduate level higher education programs to the
- 2 citizens of the southwest Washington area, under rules or guidelines
- 3 adopted by the student achievement council and in accordance with
- 4 proportionality agreements emphasizing access for transfer students
- 5 developed with the state board for community and technical colleges.
- 6 Washington State University shall meet that responsibility through the 7 operation of a branch campus in the southwest Washington area.
- 8 (2) Washington State University Vancouver shall expand upper 9 division capacity for transfer students and graduate capacity and 10 programs and continue to collaborate with local community colleges on 11 coadmission and coenrollment programs. In addition, beginning in the 12 fall of 2006, the campus may admit lower division students directly. 13 By simultaneously admitting ((freshmen)) first-year students and
- 14 sophomores, increasing transfer enrollment, coadmitting transfer
- 15 students, and expanding graduate and professional programs, the campus
- 16 shall develop into a four-year institution serving the southwest
- 17 Washington region.

24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

3536

- 18 **Sec. 57.** RCW 28B.50.278 and 2010 c 40 s 1 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 (1) An opportunity employment and education center is established 21 within the Seattle community college district.
- 22 (2) The center shall:
  - (a) House various educational and social service providers and integrate access to employment, counseling, and public benefit programs and services as well as education, training, financial aid, and counseling services offered through community colleges;
  - (b) Identify and form partnerships with community-based organizations that enhance the services and supports provided to individuals using the center; ((and))
  - (c) Provide services including, but not limited to, employment security and workforce development council worksource services; job listing, referral, and placement; job coaching; employment counseling, testing, and career planning; unemployment insurance claim filing assistance; cash grant programs run by the department of social and health services; the basic food program; housing assistance; child support assistance; child care subsidies; WorkFirst and temporary assistance ((to-{for})) for needy families; general assistance and

supplemental security income facilitation; vocational rehabilitation services and referrals; medicaid and medical services; alcoholism and drug addiction treatment and support act referrals; case management and mental health referrals; community college financial aid; support services; college counseling services related to career pathways and basic skills resources for English language learners; high school completion; and adult basic education; and

- (d) In partnership with the state board for community and technical colleges, jointly develop evaluation criteria and performance indicators that demonstrate the degree to which the center is successfully integrating services and improving service delivery.
- (3) The chancellor of the Seattle community college district and technical colleges, or the chancellor's designee, shall convene an opportunity policy work group charged with governing the opportunity employment and education center. The work group membership shall include, but not be limited to, representatives of the King county workforce development council, north Seattle community college, the employment security department, and the department of social and health services. A chair shall be chosen from among the work group's membership on an annual basis, with the ((chairmanship)) position of chair rotating among participating agencies. The work group shall:
- (a) Determine protocols for service delivery, develop operating policies and procedures, develop cross-agency training for agency employees located at the center, and develop a plan for a common information technology framework that could allow for interagency access to files and information, including any common application and screening systems that facilitate access to state, federal, and local social service and educational programs, within current resources and to the extent federal privacy laws allow;
- (b) Develop a release of information form that may be voluntarily completed by opportunity center clients to facilitate the information sharing outlined in ((subsection-(3)))(a) of this ((section)) subsection. The form is created to aid agencies housed at the opportunity center in determining client eligibility for various social and educational services. The form shall address the types of information to be shared, the agencies with which personal information can be shared, the length of time agencies may keep shared information

p. 97

- on file, and any other issue areas identified by the opportunity policy work group to comply with all applicable federal and state laws;
- (c) Review national best practices for program operation and provide training to program providers both before opening the center and on an ongoing basis; and
- (d) Jointly develop integrated solutions to provide more cost-efficient and customer friendly service delivery.
- (4) Participating agencies shall identify and apply for any federal waivers necessary to facilitate the intended goals and operation of the center.
- (5) The state board for community and technical colleges shall report to legislative committees with subject areas of commerce and labor, human services, and higher education on the following:
- (a) By December 1, 2010, the board, in partnership with participating agencies, shall provide recommendations on a proposed site for an additional opportunity employment and education center; and
- (b) By December 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the board shall provide an evaluation of existing centers based on performance criteria identified by the board and the opportunity policy work group. The report shall also include data on any federal and state legislative barriers to integration.
- 22 (6) All future opportunity centers shall be governed by the 23 provisions in this section and are subject to the same reporting 24 requirements.
  - Sec. 58. RCW 28B.50.100 and 2012 c 228 s 5 and 2012 c 148 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

There is hereby created a board of trustees for each college district as set forth in this chapter. Each board of trustees shall be composed of five trustees, except as provided in RCW 28B.50.102, who shall be appointed by the governor for terms commencing October 1st of the year in which appointed. In making such appointments, the governor shall give consideration to geographical diversity, and representing labor, business, women, and racial and ethnic minorities, in the membership of the boards of trustees. The boards of trustees for districts containing technical colleges shall include at least one member from business and one member from labor.

1 2

The successors of the trustees initially appointed shall be appointed by the governor to serve for a term of five years except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of any term shall be appointed only for the remainder of the term. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualified.

Every trustee shall be a resident and qualified elector of the college district. No trustee may be an employee of the community and technical college system, a member of the board of directors of any school district, or a member of the governing board of any public or private educational institution.

Each board of trustees shall organize itself by electing a ((chairman)) chair from its members. The board shall adopt a seal and may adopt such bylaws, rules, and regulations as it deems necessary for its own government. Three members of the board shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number may adjourn from time to time and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner as prescribed in its bylaws, rules, or regulations. The district president, or if there be none, the president of the college, shall serve as, or may designate another person to serve as, the secretary of the board, who shall not be deemed to be a member of the board.

Each board of trustees shall follow procedures for open public meetings in chapter 42.30 RCW. Each board shall provide time for public comment at each meeting.

Members of the boards of trustees may be removed for misconduct or malfeasance in office in the manner provided by RCW 28B.10.500.

- **Sec. 59.** RCW 28B.76.502 and 2012 c 31 s 1 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
- 29 (1) The office must provide a financial aid counseling curriculum 30 to institutions of higher education with state need grant recipients. 31 The curriculum must be available via a web site. The curriculum must
- 31 The curriculum must be available via a web site. The curriculum must
- 32 include, but not be limited to:

- 33 (a) An explanation of the state need grant program rules, including 34 maintaining satisfactory progress, repayment rules, and usage limits;
- 35 (b) Information on campus and private scholarships and work-study 36 opportunities, including the application processes;

p. 99 SSB 5077.PL

- (c) An overview of student loan options with an emphasis on the repayment obligations a student borrower assumes regardless of program completion, including the likely consequences of default and sample monthly repayment amounts based on a range of student levels of indebtedness;
- (d) An overview of financial literacy, including basic money management skills such as living within a budget and handling credit and debt;
  - (e) Average salaries for a wide range of jobs;
- (f) Perspectives from a diverse group of students who are or were recipients of financial aid, including student loans; and
- 12 (g) Contact information for local financial aid resources and the 13 federal student aid ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office.
  - (2) By the 2013-14 academic year, the institution of higher education must take reasonable steps to ensure that each state need grant recipient receives information outlined in subsection (1)(a) through (g) of this section by directly referencing or linking to the web site on the conditions of award statement provided to each recipient.
- 20 (3) By July 1, 2013, the office must disseminate the curriculum to all institutions of higher education participating in the state need grant program. The institutions of higher education may require nonstate need grant recipients to participate in all or portions of the financial aid counseling.
  - Sec. 60. RCW 28B.77.090 and 2012 c 229 s 115 are each amended to read as follows:
    - (1) An accountability monitoring and reporting system is established as part of a continuing effort to make meaningful and substantial progress towards the achievement of long-term performance goals in higher education.
    - (2) To provide consistent, easily understood data among the public four-year institutions of higher education within Washington and in other states, the following data must be reported to the education data center annually by December 1st, and at a minimum include data recommended by a national organization representing state chief executives. The education data center in consultation with the council may change the data requirements to be consistent with best practices

- across the country. This data must, to the maximum extent possible, be disaggregated by race and ethnicity, gender, state and county of origin, age, and socioeconomic status, and include the following for the four-year institutions of higher education:
  - (a) Bachelor's degrees awarded;

- (b) Graduate and professional degrees awarded;
- (c) Graduation rates: The number and percentage of students who graduate within four years for bachelor's degrees and within the extended time, which is six years for bachelor's degrees;
- (d) Transfer rates: The annual number and percentage of students who transfer from a two-year to a four-year institution of higher education;
- (e) Time and credits to degree: The average length of time in years and average number of credits that graduating students took to earn a bachelor's degree;
  - (f) Enrollment in remedial education: The number and percentage of entering first-time undergraduate students who place into and enroll in remedial mathematics, English, or both;
  - (g) Success beyond remedial education: The number and percentage of entering first-time undergraduate students who complete entry college-level math and English courses within the first two consecutive academic years;
  - (h) Credit accumulation: The number and percentage of first-time undergraduate students completing two quarters or one semester worth of credit during their first academic year;
  - (i) Retention rates: The number and percentage of entering undergraduate students who enroll consecutively from fall-to-spring and fall-to-fall at an institution of higher education;
- (j) Course completion: The percentage of credit hours completed out of those attempted during an academic year;
  - (k) Program participation and degree completion rates in bachelor and advanced degree programs in the sciences, which includes agriculture and natural resources, biology and biomedical sciences, computer and information sciences, engineering and engineering technologies, health professions and clinical sciences, mathematics and statistics, and physical sciences and science technologies, including participation and degree completion rates for students from traditionally underrepresented populations;

p. 101 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (1) Annual enrollment: Annual unduplicated number of students 2 enrolled over a twelve-month period at institutions of higher education 3 including by student level;
  - (m) Annual first-time enrollment: Total first-time students
    enrolled in a four-year institution of higher education;
  - (n) Completion ratio: Annual ratio of undergraduate and graduate degrees and certificates, of at least one year in expected length, awarded per one hundred full-time equivalent undergraduate students at the state level;
- 10 (o) Market penetration: Annual ratio of undergraduate and graduate 11 degrees and certificates, of at least one year in program length, 12 awarded relative to the state's population age eighteen to twenty-four 13 years old with a high school diploma;
- 14 (p) Student debt load: Median three-year distribution of debt load, excluding private loans or debts incurred before coming to the institution;
- 17 (q) Data related to enrollment, completion rates, participation 18 rates, and debt load shall be disaggregated for students in the 19 following income brackets to the maximum extent possible:
  - (i) Up to seventy percent of the median family income;
  - (ii) Between seventy-one percent and one hundred twenty-five percent of the median family income; and
- 23 (iii) Above one hundred twenty-five percent of the median family 24 income; and
  - (r) Yearly percentage increases in the average cost of undergraduate instruction.
  - (3) Four-year institutions of higher education must count all students when collecting data, not only first-time, full-time ((freshmen)) first-year students.
  - (4) In conjunction with the office of financial management, all four-year institutions of higher education must display the data described in subsection (2) of this section in a uniform dashboard format on the office of financial management's web site no later than December 1, 2011, and updated thereafter annually by December 1st. To the maximum extent possible, the information must be viewable by race and ethnicity, gender, state and county of origin, age, and socioeconomic status. The information may be tailored to meet the

5

6 7

8

2021

22

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

needs of various target audiences such as students, researchers, and the general public.

- (5) The council shall use performance data from the education data center for the purposes of strategic planning, to report on progress toward achieving statewide goals, and to develop priorities proposed in the ten-year plan for higher education.
- **Sec. 61.** RCW 28B.77.220 and 2012 c 229 s 541 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
  - (1) The council must convene work groups to develop transfer associate degrees that will satisfy lower division requirements at public four-year institutions of higher education for specific academic majors. Work groups must include representatives from the state board for community and technical colleges and the council of presidents, as well as faculty from two and four-year institutions. Work groups may include representatives from independent four-year institutions.
  - (2) Each transfer associate degree developed under this section must enable a student to complete the lower-division courses or competencies for general education requirements and preparation for the major that a direct-entry student would typically complete in the ((freshman)) first-year student and sophomore years for that academic major.
  - (3) Completion of a transfer associate degree does not guarantee a student admission into an institution of higher education or admission into a major, minor, or professional program at an institution of higher education that has competitive admission standards for the program based on grade point average or other performance criteria.
  - (4) During the 2004-05 academic year, the work groups must develop transfer degrees for elementary education, engineering, and nursing. As necessary based on demand or identified need, the council must convene additional groups to identify and develop additional transfer degrees. The council must give priority to majors in high demand by transfer students and majors that the general direct transfer agreement associate degree does not adequately prepare students to enter automatically upon transfer.
  - (5) The council, in collaboration with the intercollege relations commission, must collect and maintain lists of courses offered by each

p. 103 SSB 5077.PL

- community and technical college and public four-year institution of higher education that fall within each transfer associate degree.
  - (6) The council must monitor implementation of transfer associate degrees by public four-year institutions to ensure compliance with subsection (2) of this section.
- (7) Beginning January 10, 2005, the council must submit a progress report on the development of transfer associate degrees to the higher education committees of the house of representatives and the senate. The first progress report must include measurable benchmark indicators to monitor the effectiveness of the initiatives in improving transfer and baseline data for those indicators before the implementation of the initiatives. Subsequent reports must be submitted by January 10th of each odd-numbered year and must monitor progress on the indicators, describe development of additional transfer associate degrees, and provide other data on improvements in transfer efficiency.
- **Sec. 62.** RCW 35.39.060 and 2009 c 549 s 2076 are each amended to read as follows:

Any city or town now or hereafter operating an employees' pension system with the approval of the board otherwise responsible for management of its respective funds may invest, reinvest, manage, contract, sell, or exchange investments acquired. Investments shall be made in accordance with investment policy duly established and published by the board. In discharging its duties under this section, the board shall act with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent ((man-or-woman)) person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims; shall diversify the investments of the employees' pension system so as to minimize the risk of large losses; and shall act in accordance with the documents and instruments governing the employees' pension system, insofar as such documents and instruments are consistent with the provisions of this title.

- **Sec. 63.** RCW 35.50.260 and 1997 c 393 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- In foreclosing local improvement assessments the action shall be tried to the court without a jury. If the parties interested in any

particular lot, tract, or parcel default, the court may enter judgment of foreclosure and sale as to such parties and lots, tracts, or parcels and the action may proceed as to the remaining defendants and lots, tracts, or parcels. Judgment and order of sale may be entered as to any one or more separate lots, tracts, or parcels involved in the action and the court shall retain jurisdiction to others.

1 2

The judgment shall specify separately the amount of the installments with interest, penalty, and all reasonable administrative costs, including, but not limited to, the title searches, chargeable to each lot, tract, or parcel. The judgment shall have the effect of a separate judgment as to each lot, tract, or parcel described in the judgment, and any appeal shall not invalidate or delay the judgment except as to the property concerning which the appeal is taken. In the judgment the court shall order the lots, tracts, or parcels therein described sold by the city or town treasurer or by the county sheriff and an order of sale shall issue pursuant thereto for the enforcement of the judgment.

In all other respects, the trial, judgment, and appeals to the supreme court or the court of appeals shall be governed by the statutes governing the foreclosure of mortgages on real property.

Prior to the sale of the property, if the property is shown on the property tax rolls under unknown owner or if the property contains a residential structure having an assessed value of two thousand dollars or more, the treasurer shall order or conduct a title search of the property to determine the record title holders and all persons claiming a mortgage, deed of trust, or mechanic's, laborer's, ((materialmen's)) material supplier's, or vendor's lien on the property.

At least thirty days prior to the sale of the property, a copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed by certified and regular mail to all defendants in the foreclosure action as to that parcel, lot, or tract and, if the owner is unknown or the property contains a residential structure having an assessed value of two thousand dollars or more, a copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed by regular and certified mail to any additional record title holders and persons claiming a mortgage, deed of trust, or mechanic's, laborer's, ((materialmen's)) material supplier's, or vendor's lien on the property.

In all other respects, the procedure for sale shall be conducted in the same manner as property tax sales described in RCW 84.64.080.

- 1 **Sec. 64.** RCW 35A.37.010 and 1995 c 301 s 60 are each amended to read as follows:
- Code cities shall establish such funds for the segregation, budgeting, expenditure, and accounting for moneys received for special purposes as are required by general law applicable to such cities' activities and the officers thereof shall pay into, expend from, and account for such moneys in the manner provided therefor including, but not limited to, the requirements of the following:
  - (1) Accounting funds as required by RCW 35.37.010;
- 10 (2) Annexation and consolidation fund as required by chapters 35.10 and 35.13 RCW;
  - (3) Assessment fund as required by RCW 8.12.480;
  - (4) Equipment rental fund as authorized by RCW 35.21.088;
- 14 (5) Current expense fund as required by RCW 35.37.010, usually 15 referred to as the general fund;
  - (6) Local improvement guaranty fund as required by RCW 35.54.010;
- 17 (7) An indebtedness and sinking fund, together with separate funds 18 for utilities and institutions as required by RCW 35.37.020;
- 19 (8) Local improvement district fund and revolving fund as required 20 by RCW 35.45.130 and 35.48.010;
- 21 (9) City street fund as required by chapter 35.76 RCW and RCW 22 47.24.040;
- 23 (10) ((Firemen's)) Firefighters' relief and pension fund as 24 required by chapters 41.16 and 41.18 RCW;
- 25 (11) ((Policemen's)) Police relief and pension fund as required by 26 RCW 41.20.130 and 63.32.030;
- 27 (12) First-class cities' employees retirement and pension system as authorized by chapter 41.28 RCW;
- 29 (13) Applicable rules of the state auditor.
- 30 **Sec. 65.** RCW 35A.42.040 and 1991 c 81 s 39 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any specific enumeration of duties of city clerks in a code city's charter or ordinances, and without limiting the generality of RCW 35A.21.030 of this title, the clerks of all code cities shall perform the following duties in the manner prescribed, to wit: (1) Certification of city streets as part of the highway system in accordance with the provisions of RCW 47.24.010; (2) perform the

9

1213

- functions of a member of a ((firemen's)) firefighters' pension board as provided by RCW 41.16.020; (3) keep a record of ordinances of the city and provide copies thereof as authorized by RCW 5.44.080; (4) serve as applicable the trustees of any police relief and pension board as authorized by RCW 41.20.010; and (5) serve as secretary-treasurer of volunteer firefighters' relief and pension boards as provided in RCW 41.24.060.
- 8 **Sec. 66.** RCW 35A.84.010 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.84.010 are each amended to read as follows:

10 The taxation of property in code cities shall be governed by 11 general provisions of the law including, but not limited to, the 12 provisions of: (1) Chapter 84.09 RCW, relating to the time for establishment of official boundaries of taxing districts on the first 13 day of March of each year; (2) chapter 84.12 RCW relating to the 14 assessment and taxation of public utilities; (3) chapter 84.16 RCW, 15 16 relating to the apportionment of taxation on private car companies; (4) 17 chapter 84.20 RCW, relating to the taxation of easements of public utilities; (5) chapter 84.24 RCW, relating to the reassessment of 18 property; (6) chapter 84.36 RCW, relating to property subject to 19 20 taxation and exemption therefrom; (7) chapter 84.40 RCW relating to the 21 listing of property for assessment; (8) chapter 84.41 RCW, relating to reevaluation of property; (9) chapter 84.44 RCW, relating to the 22 23 taxable situs of personalty; (10) chapter 84.48 RCW, relating to the 24 equalization of assessments; (11) chapter 84.52 RCW, relating to the levy of taxes, both regular and excess; (12) chapter 84.56 RCW, 25 26 relating to the collection of taxes; (13) chapter 84.60 RCW, relating to the lien of taxes and the priority thereof; (14) chapter 84.69 RCW, 27 relating to refunds and claims therefor against the code city; and (15) 28 29 RCW 41.16.060, relating to taxation for ((firemen's)) firefighters' 30 pension fund.

- 31 **Sec. 67.** RCW 36.39.060 and 1983 c 290 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) Counties, cities, and towns are granted the authority, and it 34 is hereby declared to be a public purpose for counties, cities, and 35 towns, to establish and administer senior citizens programs either 36 directly or by creating public corporations or authorities to carry out

p. 107 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 the programs and to expend their own funds for such purposes, as well
- 2 as to expend federal, state, or private funds that are made available
- 3 for such purposes. Such federal funds shall include, but not be
- 4 limited to, funds provided under the federal older Americans act, as
- 5 amended (42 U.S.C. Sec. 3001 et seq.).
- 6 (2) Counties, cities, and towns may establish and administer long-
- 7 term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds programs for residents, patients, and
- 8 clients if such a program is not prohibited by federal or state law.
- 9 Such local ((ombudsman)) ombuds programs shall be coordinated with the
- 10 efforts of other long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds programs,
- including the office of the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds
- 12 established in RCW 43.190.030, to avoid multiple investigation of
- 13 complaints.
- 14 Sec. 68. RCW 41.04.130 and 1945 c 52 s 1 are each amended to read
- 15 as follows:
- Any city of the first class may, by ordinance, extend, upon
- 17 conditions deemed proper, the provisions of retirement and pension
- 18 systems for superannuated and disabled officers and employees to
- 19 officers and employees with five years of continuous service and acting
- 20 in capacities in which they would otherwise not be entitled to
- 21 participation in such systems: PROVIDED, That the following shall be
- 22 specifically exempted from the provisions of this section.
- 23 (1) Members of the police departments who are entitled to the
- 24 benefits of the police relief and pension fund as established by state
- 25 law.
- 26 (2) Members of the fire department who are entitled to the benefits
- 27 of the ((firemen's)) firefighters' relief and pension fund as
- 28 established by state law.
- 29 **Sec. 69.** RCW 41.26.110 and 2005 c 66 s 1 are each amended to read
- 30 as follows:
- 31 (1) All claims for disability shall be acted upon and either
- 32 approved or disapproved by either type of disability board authorized
- 33 to be created in this section.
- 34 (a) Each city having a population of twenty thousand or more shall
- 35 establish a disability board having jurisdiction over all members
- 36 employed by those cities and composed of the following five members:

Two members of the city legislative body to be appointed by the mayor; 1 2 one active or retired firefighter employed by or retired from the city to be elected by the firefighters employed by or retired from the city 3 who are subject to the jurisdiction of the board; one active or retired 4 law enforcement officer employed by or retired from the city to be 5 elected by the law enforcement officers employed by or retired from the 6 city who are subject to the jurisdiction of the board; and one member 7 from the public at large who resides within the city to be appointed by 8 the other four members designated in this subsection. Only those 9 10 active or retired firefighters and law enforcement officers who are subject to the jurisdiction of the board have the right to elect under 11 12 this section. All firefighters and law enforcement officers employed 13 by or retired from the city are eligible for election. Each of the 14 elected members shall serve a two year term. The members appointed pursuant to this subsection shall serve for two year terms: PROVIDED, 15 of the first class only, 16 cities shall retain existing ((firemen's)) firefighters' pension boards established pursuant to RCW 17 41.16.020 and existing boards of trustees of the relief and pension 18 fund of the police department as established pursuant to RCW 41.20.010 19 which such boards shall have authority to act upon and approve or 20 21 disapprove claims for disability by firefighters or law enforcement 22 officers as provided under the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system act. 23 24

(b) Each county shall establish a disability board having jurisdiction over all members employed by or retired from an employer within the county and not employed by a city in which a disability board is established. The county disability board so created shall be composed of five members to be chosen as follows: One member of the legislative body of the county to be appointed by the county legislative body; one member of a city or town legislative body located within the county which does not contain a city disability board established pursuant to subsection (1)(a) of this section to be chosen by a majority of the mayors of such cities and towns within the county which does not contain a city disability board; one active firefighter or retired firefighter employed by or retired from an employer within the county to be elected by the firefighters employed or retired from an employer within the county who are not employed by or retired from a city in which a disability board is established and who are subject

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

to the jurisdiction of that board; one law enforcement officer or 1 2 retired law enforcement officer employed by or retired from an employer within the county to be elected by the law enforcement officers 3 employed in or retired from an employer within the county who are not 4 employed by or retired from a city in which a disability board is 5 established and who are subject to the jurisdiction of that board; and 6 7 one member from the public at large who resides within the county but does not reside within a city in which a city disability board is 8 established, to be appointed by the other four members designated in 9 10 this subsection. However, in counties with a population less than sixty thousand, the member of the disability board appointed by a 11 12 majority of the mayors of the cities and towns within the county that 13 do not contain a city disability board must be a resident of one of the 14 cities and towns but need not be a member of a city or town legislative body. Only those active or retired firefighters and law enforcement 15 officers who are subject to the jurisdiction of the board have the 16 17 right to elect under this section. All firefighters enforcement officers employed by or retired from an employer within the 18 county who are not employed by or retired from a city in which a 19 disability board is established are eligible for election. All members 20 21 appointed or elected pursuant to this subsection shall serve for two 22 year terms. If there are no firefighters under the jurisdiction of the 23 board eligible to vote, a second eligible employee representative shall 24 be elected by the law enforcement officers eligible to vote. If there 25 are no law enforcement officers under the jurisdiction of the board eligible to vote, a second eligible representative shall be elected by 26 27 the firefighters eligible to vote.

- (2) The members of both the county and city disability boards shall not receive compensation for their service upon the boards but the members shall be reimbursed by their respective county or city for all expenses incidental to such service as to the amount authorized by law.
- (3) The disability boards authorized for establishment by this section shall perform all functions, exercise all powers, and make all such determinations as specified in this chapter.
- 35 **Sec. 70.** RCW 41.26.150 and 1992 c 22 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Whenever any active member, or any member hereafter retired, on

28

29

3031

32

3334

account of service, sickness, or disability, not caused or brought on by dissipation or abuse, of which the disability board shall be judge, is confined in any hospital or in home, and whether or not so confined, requires medical services, the employer shall pay for the active or retired member the necessary medical services not payable from some other source as provided for in subsection (2) of this section. case of active or retired firefighters the employer may make the payments provided for in this section from the ((firemen's)) firefighters' pension fund established pursuant to RCW 41.16.050 where the fund had been established prior to March 1, 1970. If this pension fund is depleted, the employer shall have the obligation to pay all benefits payable under chapters 41.16 and 41.18 RCW.

- (a) The disability board in all cases may have the active or retired member suffering from such sickness or disability examined at any time by a licensed physician or physicians, to be appointed by the disability board, for the purpose of ascertaining the nature and extent of the sickness or disability, the physician or physicians to report to the disability board the result of the examination within three days thereafter. Any active or retired member who refuses to submit to such examination or examinations shall forfeit all rights to benefits under this section for the period of the refusal.
- (b) The disability board shall designate the medical services available to any sick or disabled member.
- (2) The medical services payable under this section will be reduced by any amount received or eligible to be received by the member under workers' compensation, social security including the changes incorporated under Public Law 89-97, insurance provided by another employer, other pension plan, or any other similar source. Failure to apply for coverage if otherwise eligible under the provisions of Public Law 89-97 shall not be deemed a refusal of payment of benefits thereby enabling collection of charges under the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) Upon making the payments provided for in subsection (1) of this section, the employer shall be subrogated to all rights of the member against any third party who may be held liable for the member's injuries or for payment of the cost of medical services in connection with a member's sickness or disability to the extent necessary to recover the amount of payments made by the employer.

p. 111 SSB 5077.PL

- (4) Any employer under this chapter, either singly, or jointly with 1 2 any other such employer or employers through an association thereof as provided for in chapter 48.21 RCW, may provide for all or part of one 3 or more plans of group hospitalization and medical aid insurance to 4 5 cover any of its employees who are members of the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system, and/or 6 7 retired former employees who were, before retirement, members of the retirement 8 system, through contracts with regularly constituted 9 insurance carriers, with health maintenance organizations as defined in chapter 48.46 RCW, or with health care service contractors as defined 10 in chapter 48.44 RCW. Benefits payable under ((any)) the ((funder 11 the: )) plan or plans shall be deemed to be amounts received or eligible 12 13 to be received by the active or retired member under subsection (2) of this section. 14
- 15 (5) Any employer under this chapter may, at its discretion, elect 16 to reimburse a retired former employee under this chapter for premiums 17 the retired former employee has paid for medical insurance that 18 supplements medicare, including premiums the retired former employee 19 has paid for medicare part B coverage.
- 20 **Sec. 71.** RCW 43.06A.010 and 1996 c 131 s 2 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

22 There is hereby created an office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds within the office of the governor for the purpose 23 24 of promoting public awareness and understanding of family and children services, identifying system issues and responses for the governor and 25 26 the legislature to act upon, and monitoring and ensuring compliance with administrative acts, relevant statutes, rules, and policies 27 pertaining to family and children's services and the placement, 28 supervision, and treatment of children in the state's care or in state-29 30 licensed facilities or residences. The ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall 31 report directly to the governor and shall exercise his or her powers 32 and duties independently of the secretary.

- 33 **Sec. 72.** RCW 43.06A.020 and 1998 c 288 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) Subject to confirmation by the senate, the governor shall appoint an ((ombudsman)) ombuds who shall be a person of recognized

- judgment, independence, objectivity, and integrity, and shall be qualified by training or experience, or both, in family and children's services law and policy. Prior to the appointment, the governor shall consult with, and may receive recommendations from the committee, regarding the selection of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
  - (2) The person appointed ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall hold office for a term of three years and shall continue to hold office until reappointed or until his or her successor is appointed. The governor may remove the ((ombudsman)) ombuds only for neglect of duty, misconduct, or inability to perform duties. Any vacancy shall be filled by similar appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- 12 **Sec. 73.** RCW 43.06A.030 and 1996 c 131 s 4 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- 14 The ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall perform the following duties:

7

8

10

11

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

- 15 (1) Provide information as appropriate on the rights and 16 responsibilities of individuals receiving family and children's 17 services, and on the procedures for providing these services;
  - (2) Investigate, upon his or her own initiative or upon receipt of a complaint, an administrative act alleged to be contrary to law, rule, or policy, imposed without an adequate statement of reason, or based on irrelevant, immaterial, or erroneous grounds; however, the ((ombudsman)) ombuds may decline to investigate any complaint as provided by rules adopted under this chapter;
  - (3) Monitor the procedures as established, implemented, and practiced by the department to carry out its responsibilities in delivering family and children's services with a view toward appropriate preservation of families and ensuring children's health and safety;
- 29 (4) Review periodically the facilities and procedures of state 30 institutions serving children, and state-licensed facilities or 31 residences;
- 32 (5) Recommend changes in the procedures for addressing the needs of families and children;
- 34 (6) Submit annually to the committee and to the governor by 35 November 1st a report analyzing the work of the office, including 36 recommendations;

p. 113 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (7) Grant the committee access to all relevant records in the 2 possession of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds unless prohibited by law; and
- 3 (8) Adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter.
- 4 **Sec. 74.** RCW 43.06A.050 and 2005 c 274 s 294 are each amended to read as follows:

6 ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) ombuds shall all treat matters 7 investigation, including the identities of service 8 complainants, and individuals from whom information is acquired, as confidential, except as far as disclosures may be necessary to enable 9 10 the ((ombudsman)) ombuds to perform the duties of the office and to 11 support any recommendations resulting from an investigation. Upon receipt of information that by law is confidential or privileged, the 12 ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall maintain the confidentiality of such 13 information and shall not further disclose or disseminate the 14 15 information except as provided by applicable state or federal law. Investigative records of the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds are 16 17 confidential and are exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 18 RCW.

- 19 **Sec. 75.** RCW 43.06A.060 and 1998 c 288 s 1 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 Neither the ((ombudsman)) ombuds nor the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff may be compelled, in any judicial or administrative proceeding, 22 23 to testify or to produce evidence regarding the exercise of the official duties of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or of the ((ombudsman's)) 24 25 ombuds's staff. All related memoranda, work product, notes, and case files of the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office are confidential, are not 26 subject to discovery, judicial or administrative subpoena, or other 27 28 method of legal compulsion, and are not admissible in evidence in a 29 judicial or administrative proceeding. This section shall not apply to 30 the legislative children's oversight committee.
- 31 **Sec. 76.** RCW 43.06A.070 and 1998 c 288 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- Identifying information about complainants or witnesses shall not be subject to any method of legal compulsion, nor shall such information be revealed to the legislative <u>children's</u> oversight

- 1 committee or the governor except under the following circumstances:
- 2 (1) The complainant or witness waives confidentiality; (2) under a
- 3 legislative subpoena when there is a legislative investigation for
- 4 neglect of duty or misconduct by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or
- 5 ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office when the identifying information is
- 6 necessary to the investigation of the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's acts; or
- 7 (3) under an investigation or inquiry by the governor as to neglect of
- 8 duty or misconduct by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or ((ombudsman's))
- 9 <u>ombuds's</u> office when the identifying information is necessary to the
- investigation of the ((ombudsman' [ombudsman's])) ombuds's acts.
- 11 For the purposes of this section, "identifying information"
- 12 includes the complainant's or witness's name, location, telephone
- 13 number, likeness, social security number or other identification
- 14 number, or identification of immediate family members.

2223

24

2526

- 15 **Sec. 77.** RCW 43.06A.080 and 1998 c 288 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- 17 The privilege described in RCW 43.06A.060 does not apply when:
- 18 (1) The ((ombudsman)) ombuds or ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff 19 member has direct knowledge of an alleged crime, and the testimony, 20 evidence, or discovery sought is relevant to that allegation;
  - (2) The ((ombudsman)) ombuds or a member of the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff has received a threat of, or becomes aware of a risk of, imminent serious harm to any person, and the testimony, evidence, or discovery sought is relevant to that threat or risk;
  - (3) The ((ombudsman)) ombuds has been asked to provide general information regarding the general operation of, or the general processes employed at, the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office; or
- 28 (4) The ((ombudsman)) ombuds or ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff
  29 member has direct knowledge of a failure by any person specified in RCW
  30 26.44.030, including the state family and children's ((ombudsman))
  31 ombuds or any volunteer in the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office, to
  32 comply with RCW 26.44.030.
- 33 **Sec. 78.** RCW 43.06A.085 and 2009 c 88 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) An employee of the office of the family and children's

- 1 ((ombudsman)) ombuds is not liable for good faith performance of responsibilities under this chapter.
- (2) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be 3 taken against an employee of the department, an employee of a 4 5 contracting agency of the department, a foster parent, or a recipient of family and children's services for any communication made, or 6 7 information given or disclosed, to aid the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds in carrying out its responsibilities, 8 9 unless the communication or information is made, given, or disclosed 10 maliciously or without good faith. This subsection is not intended to infringe on the rights of the employer to supervise, discipline, or 11 12 terminate an employee for other reasons.
  - (3) All communications by an ((ombudsman)) ombuds, if reasonably related to the requirements of that individual's responsibilities under this chapter and done in good faith, are privileged and that privilege shall serve as a defense in any action in libel or slander.
- 17 **Sec. 79.** RCW 43.06A.090 and 1998 c 288 s 4 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
  - When the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff member has reasonable cause to believe that any public official, employee, or other person has acted in a manner warranting criminal or disciplinary proceedings, the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff member shall report the matter, or cause a report to be made, to the appropriate authorities.
- 25 **Sec. 80.** RCW 43.06A.100 and 2008 c 211 s 3 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
  - The department of social and health services shall:
- (1) Allow the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's designee to communicate privately with any child in the custody of the department for the purposes of carrying out its duties under this chapter;
- (2) Permit the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds designee physical access to state institutions serving children, and state licensed facilities or residences for the purpose of carrying out its duties under this chapter;

14

15 16

19 20

21

22

23

24

- 1 (3) Upon the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's request, grant the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's designee the right to access, inspect, and copy all relevant information, records, or documents in the possession or control of the department that the ((ombudsman)) ombuds considers necessary in an investigation; and
- 6 (4) Grant the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman))
  7 ombuds unrestricted online access to the case and management
  8 information system (CAMIS) or any successor information system for the
  9 purpose of carrying out its duties under this chapter.
- 10 **Sec. 81.** RCW 43.06A.110 and 2008 c 211 s 2 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- The office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall issue an annual report to the legislature on the status of the implementation of child fatality review recommendations.
- 15 **Sec. 82.** RCW 43.06B.010 and 2006 c 116 s 3 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
  - (1) There is hereby created the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds within the office of the governor for the purposes of providing information to parents, students, and others regarding their rights and responsibilities with respect to the state's public elementary and secondary education system, and advocating on behalf of elementary and secondary students.
  - (2)(a) The governor shall appoint an ((ombudsman)) ombuds who shall be a person of recognized judgment, independence, objectivity, and integrity and shall be qualified by training or experience or both in the following areas:
    - (i) Public education law and policy in this state;
- 28 (ii) Dispute resolution or problem resolution techniques, including 29 mediation and negotiation; and
- 30 (iii) Community outreach.

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

- 31 (b) The education ((ombudsman)) ombuds may not be an employee of 32 any school district, the office of the superintendent of public 33 instruction, or the state board of education while serving as an 34 education ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
- 35 (3) Before the appointment of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds,

- the governor shall share information regarding the appointment to a six-person legislative committee appointed and comprised as follows:
- (a) The committee shall consist of three senators and three members of the house of representatives from the legislature.
  - (b) The senate members of the committee shall be appointed by the president of the senate. Two members shall represent the majority caucus and one member the minority caucus.
  - (c) The house of representatives members of the committee shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. Two members shall represent the majority caucus and one member the minority caucus.
- 11 (4) If sufficient appropriations are provided, the education ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) <u>ombuds</u> shall delegate and certify regional education 12 13 ((ombudsmen)) ombuds. The education ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall ensure that the regional ((ombudsmen)) ombuds selected are appropriate to the 14 community in which they serve and hold the same qualifications as in 15 subsection (2)(a) of this section. The education ((ombudsman)) ombuds 16 17 may not contract with the superintendent of public instruction, or any school, school district, or current employee of a school, school 18 19 district, or the office of the superintendent of public instruction for 20 the provision of regional ((ombudsman)) ombuds services.
- 21 **Sec. 83.** RCW 43.06B.020 and 2008 c 165 s 2 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
- The education ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall have the following powers and duties:
  - (1) To develop parental involvement materials, including instructional guides developed to inform parents of the essential academic learning requirements required by the superintendent of public instruction. The instructional guides also shall contain actions parents may take to assist their children in meeting the requirements, and should focus on reaching parents who have not previously been involved with their children's education;
  - (2) To provide information to students, parents, and interested members of the public regarding this state's public elementary and secondary education system;
- 35 (3) To identify obstacles to greater parent and community 36 involvement in school shared decision-making processes and recommend 37 strategies for helping parents and community members to participate

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

- effectively in school shared decision-making processes, including understanding and respecting the roles of school building administrators and staff;
  - (4) To identify and recommend strategies for improving the success rates of ethnic and racial student groups and students with disabilities, with disproportionate academic achievement;
  - (5) To refer complainants and others to appropriate resources, agencies, or departments;
  - (6) To facilitate the resolution of complaints made by parents and students with regard to the state's public elementary and secondary education system;
  - (7) To perform such other functions consistent with the purpose of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds; and
  - (8) To consult with representatives of the following organizations and groups regarding the work of the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds, including but not limited to:
    - (a) The state parent teacher association;

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

32

33

34

3536

37

- (b) Certificated and classified school employees;
- (c) School and school district administrators;
- (d) Parents of special education students;
  - (e) Parents of English language learners;
  - (f) The Washington state commission on Hispanic affairs;
  - (g) The Washington state commission on African-American affairs;
- 24 (h) The Washington state commission on Asian Pacific American 25 affairs; and
- 26 (i) The governor's office of Indian affairs.
- 27 **Sec. 84.** RCW 43.06B.030 and 2006 c 116 s 5 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- 29 (1) Neither the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds nor any regional 30 educational ((ombudsmen)) ombuds are liable for good faith performance 31 of responsibilities under this chapter.
  - (2) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be taken against any student or employee of any school district, the office of the superintendent of public ((education—[instruction])) instruction, or the state board of education, for any communication made, or information given or disclosed, to aid the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds in carrying out his or her duties and

p. 119 SSB 5077.PL

- responsibilities, unless the same was done without good faith or maliciously. This subsection is not intended to infringe upon the rights of a school district to supervise, discipline, or terminate an employee for other reasons or to discipline a student for other reasons.
  - (3) All communications by the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds or the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's staff or designee, if reasonably related to the education ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's duties and responsibilities and done in good faith, are privileged and that privilege shall serve as a defense to any action in libel or slander.
- 11 **Sec. 85.** RCW 43.06B.040 and 2006 c 116 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- The education ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall treat all matters, 13 including the identities of students, complainants, and individuals 14 from whom information is acquired, as confidential, except as necessary 15 16 to enable the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds to perform the duties of 17 the office. Upon receipt of information that by law is confidential or 18 privileged, the ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall maintain the confidentiality of such information and shall not further disclose or disseminate the 19 20 information except as provided by applicable state or federal law.
- 21 **Sec. 86.** RCW 43.06B.050 and 2006 c 116 s 7 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
  - The education ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall report on the work and accomplishment of the office and advise and make recommendations to the governor, the legislature, and the state board of education annually. The initial report to the governor, the legislature, and the state board of education shall be made by September 1, 2007, and there shall be annual reports by September 1st each year thereafter. The annual reports shall provide at least the following information:
- 30 (1) How the education ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's services have been 31 used and by whom;
- 32 (2) Methods for the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds to increase and 33 enhance family and community involvement in public education;
- 34 (3) Recommendations to eliminate barriers and obstacles to 35 meaningful family and community involvement in public education; and

8

9

10

23

2425

26

2728

- 1 (4) Strategies to improve the educational opportunities for all 2 students in the state, including recommendations from organizations and 3 groups provided in RCW 43.06B.020(8).
- 4 **Sec. 87.** RCW 43.06B.060 and 2010 c 239 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

7

8

9

19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

3334

35

In addition to duties assigned under RCW 43.06B.020, the office of the education ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall serve as the lead agency to provide resources and tools to parents and families about public school antiharassment policies and strategies.

- 10 **Sec. 88.** RCW 43.190.010 and 1983 c 290 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- The legislature finds that in order to comply with the federal older Americans act and to effectively assist residents, patients, and clients of long-term care facilities in the assertion of their civil and human rights, a long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program should be instituted.
- 17 **Sec. 89.** RCW 43.190.030 and 1997 c 194 s 1 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

There is created the office of the state long-term care ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) <u>ombuds</u>. The department of ((community, -trade, -and economic development)) commerce shall contract with a private nonprofit organization to provide long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds services as specified under, and consistent with, the federal older Americans act as amended, federal mandates, the goals of the state, and the needs of The department of ((community,-trade,-and-economic its citizens. development)) commerce shall ensure that all program and staff support necessary to enable the ((ombudsman)) ombuds to effectively protect the interests of residents, patients, and clients of all long-term care facilities is provided by the nonprofit organization that contracts to provide long-term care ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) <u>ombuds</u> services. The department of ((community, trade, and economic development)) commerce shall adopt rules to carry out this chapter and the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds provisions of the federal older Americans act, as amended, and applicable federal regulations. The long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program shall have the following powers and duties:

- 1 (1) To provide services for coordinating the activities of long-2 term care ((ombudsmen)) ombuds throughout the state;
  - (2) Carry out such other activities as the department of ((community, trade, and economic development)) commerce deems appropriate;
    - (3) Establish procedures consistent with RCW 43.190.110 for appropriate access by long-term care ((ombudsmen)) ombuds to long-term care facilities and patients' records, including procedures to protect the confidentiality of the records and ensure that the identity of any complainant or resident will not be disclosed without the written consent of the complainant or resident, or upon court order;
    - (4) Establish a statewide uniform reporting system to collect and analyze data relating to complaints and conditions in long-term care facilities for the purpose of identifying and resolving significant problems, with provision for submission of such data to the department of social and health services and to the federal department of health and human services, or its successor agency, on a regular basis; and
  - (5) Establish procedures to assure that any files maintained by ((ombudsman)) ombuds programs shall be disclosed only at the discretion of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds having authority over the disposition of such files, except that the identity of any complainant or resident of a long-term care facility shall not be disclosed by such ((ombudsman)) ombuds unless:
- 24 (a) Such complainant or resident, or the complainant's or 25 resident's legal representative, consents in writing to such 26 disclosure; or
  - (b) Such disclosure is required by court order.
- 28 **Sec. 90.** RCW 43.190.040 and 2002 c 100 s 1 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 (1) Any long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds authorized by this 31 chapter or a local governmental authority shall have training or 32 experience or both in the following areas:
- 33 (a) Gerontology, long-term care, or other related social services 34 programs.
- 35 (b) The legal system.
- 36 (c) Dispute or problem resolution techniques, including 37 investigation, mediation, and negotiation.

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

- 1 (2) A long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall not have been 2 employed by or participated in the management of any long-term care 3 facility within the past year.
- 4 (3) A long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall not have been 5 employed in a governmental position with direct involvement in the 6 licensing, certification, or regulation of long-term care facilities 7 within the past year.
- 8 (4) No long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds or any member of his or 9 her immediate family shall have, or have had within the past year, any 10 significant ownership or investment interest in one or more long-term 11 care facilities.
- 12 (5) A long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall not be assigned to 13 a long-term care facility in which a member of that ((ombudsman's)) 14 ombuds's immediate family resides.
- 15 **Sec. 91.** RCW 43.190.050 and 1983 c 290 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- 17 Every long-term care facility shall post in a conspicuous location a notice of the nursing home complaint toll-free number and the name, 18 19 address, and phone number of the office of the appropriate long-term 20 care ((ombudsman)) ombuds and a brief description of the services 21 provided by the office. The form of the notice shall be approved by 22 the office and the organization responsible for maintaining the nursing 23 home complaint toll-free number. This information shall also be 24 distributed to the residents, family members, and legal quardians upon the resident's admission to the facility. 25
- 26 **Sec. 92.** RCW 43.190.060 and 1999 c 133 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- A long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall:
- 29 (1) Identify, investigate, and resolve complaints made by or on 30 behalf of residents of long-term care facilities relating to 31 administrative action, inaction, or decisions which may adversely 32 affect the health, safety, welfare, and rights of these individuals;
- 33 (2) Monitor the development and implementation of federal, state, 34 and local laws, rules, regulations, and policies with respect to long-35 term care facilities in this state;

- (3) Provide information as appropriate to residents, resident representatives, and others regarding the rights of residents, and to public agencies regarding the problems of individuals residing in long-term care facilities; and
- (4) Provide for training volunteers and promoting the development 5 of citizen organizations to participate in the ((ombudsman)) ombuds 6 7 program. A trained volunteer long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, in accordance with the policies and procedures established by the state 8 long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program, shall inform residents, 9 10 their representatives, and others about the rights of residents, and may identify, investigate, and resolve complaints made by or on behalf 11 12 of residents of long-term care facilities relating to action, inaction, 13 or decisions, that may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, 14 and rights of these individuals.
- Nothing in chapter 133, Laws of 1999 shall be construed to empower the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds or any local long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds with statutory or regulatory licensing or sanctioning authority.
- 19 **Sec. 93.** RCW 43.190.065 and 1999 c 133 s 2 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21 A local long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, including a trained volunteer long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, shall have the duties 22 23 and authority set forth in the federal older Americans act (42 U.S.C. 24 Sec. 3058 et seq.) for local ((ombudsmen)) ombuds. The state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds and representatives of the office of the 25 26 state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, shall have the duties and authority set forth in the federal older Americans act for the state 27 long-term care ((ombudsman))ombuds and representatives of the office of 28 29 the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds.

- 30 **Sec. 94.** RCW 43.190.070 and 1983 c 290 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The office of the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds 33 shall develop referral procedures for all long-term care ((ombudsman)) 34 ombuds programs to refer any complaint to any appropriate state or 35 local government agency. The department of social and health services

1 2

3

shall act as quickly as possible on any complaint referred to them by a long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds.

- (2) The department of social and health services shall respond to any complaint against a long-term care facility which was referred to it by a long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds and shall forward to that ((ombudsman)) ombuds a summary of the results of the investigation and action proposed or taken.
- **Sec. 95.** RCW 43.190.080 and 1983 c 290 s 8 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
  - (1) The office of the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall develop procedures governing the right of entry of all long-term care ((ombudsmen)) ombuds to long-term care facilities and shall have access to residents with provisions made for privacy for the purpose of hearing, investigating, and resolving complaints of, and rendering advice to, individuals who are patients or residents of the facilities at any time deemed necessary and reasonable by the state ((ombudsman)) ombuds to effectively carry out the provisions of this chapter.
  - (2) Nothing in this chapter restricts, limits, or increases any existing right of any organizations or individuals not described in subsection (1) of this section to enter or provide assistance to patients or residents of long-term care facilities.
- 22 (3) Nothing in this chapter restricts any right or privilege of any 23 patient or resident of a long-term care facility to receive visitors of 24 his or her choice.
- **Sec. 96.** RCW 43.190.090 and 1983 c 290 s 9 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 (1) No long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds is liable for good faith 28 performance of responsibilities under this chapter.
  - (2) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be taken against any employee of a facility or agency, any patient, resident, or client of a long-term care facility, or any volunteer, for any communication made, or information given or disclosed, to aid the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds in carrying out its duties and responsibilities, unless the same was done maliciously or without good faith. This subsection is not intended to infringe on the rights of

p. 125 SSB 5077.PL

- the employer to supervise, discipline, or terminate an employee for other reasons.
- 3 (3) All communications by a long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, if 4 reasonably related to the requirements of that individual's 5 responsibilities under this chapter and done in good faith, are 6 privileged and that privilege shall serve as a defense to any action in 7 libel or slander.
- 8 (4) A representative of the office is exempt from being required to 9 testify in court as to any confidential matters except as the court may 10 deem necessary to enforce this chapter.
- 11 **Sec. 97.** RCW 43.190.110 and 1983 c 290 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
- All records and files of long-term care ((ombudsmen)) ombuds 13 relating to any complaint or investigation made pursuant to carrying 14 out their duties and the identities of complainants, witnesses, 15 16 patients, or residents shall remain confidential unless disclosure is 17 authorized by the patient or resident or his or her guardian or legal representative. No disclosures may be made outside the office without 18 19 the consent of any named witnesses, resident, patient, client, or 20 complainant unless the disclosure is made without the identity of any 21 of these individuals being disclosed.
- 22 **Sec. 98.** RCW 43.190.120 and 1983 c 290 s 12 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
- It is the intent that federal requirements be complied with and the department annually expend at least one percent of the state's allotment of social services funds from Title III B of the older Americans act of 1965, as it exists as of July 24, 1983, or twenty thousand dollars, whichever is greater to establish the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program established by this chapter if funds are appropriated by the legislature.
- 31 **Sec. 99.** RCW 43.215.520 and 2006 c 209 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) The department shall establish and maintain a toll-free 34 telephone number, and an interactive web-based system through which 35 persons may obtain information regarding child day care centers and

family day care providers. This number shall be available twenty-four hours a day for persons to request information. The department shall respond to recorded messages left at the number within two business days. The number shall be published in reasonably available printed and electronic media. The number shall be easily identifiable as a number through which persons may obtain information regarding child day care centers and family day care providers as set forth in this section.

- (2) Through the toll-free telephone line established by this section, the department shall provide information to callers about:

  (a) Whether a day care provider is licensed; (b) whether a day care provider's license is current; (c) the general nature of any enforcement against the providers; (d) how to report suspected or observed noncompliance with licensing requirements; (e) how to report alleged abuse or neglect in a day care; (f) how to report health, safety, and welfare concerns in a day care; (g) how to receive follow-up assistance, including information on the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds; and (h) how to receive referral information on other agencies or entities that may be of further assistance to the caller.
- (3) Beginning in January 2006, the department shall print the toll-free number established by this section on the face of new licenses issued to child day care centers and family day care providers.
- 24 (4) This section shall not be construed to require the disclosure 25 of any information that is exempt from public disclosure under chapter 26 42.56 RCW.
- **Sec. 100.** RCW 44.04.220 and 1996 c 131 s 1 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
  - (1) There is created the legislative children's oversight committee for the purpose of monitoring and ensuring compliance with administrative acts, relevant statutes, rules, and policies pertaining to family and children services and the placement, supervision, and treatment of children in the state's care or in state-licensed facilities or residences. The committee shall consist of three senators and three representatives from the legislature. The senate members of the committee shall be appointed by the president of the senate. The house members of the committee shall be appointed by the

p. 127 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 speaker of the house. Not more than two members from each chamber
- 2 shall be from the same political party. Members shall be appointed
- 3 before the close of each regular session of the legislature during an
- 4 odd-numbered year.

- 5 (2) The committee shall have the following powers:
- 6 (a) Selection of its officers and adopt rules for orderly 7 procedure;
- 8 (b) Request investigations by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds of 9 administrative acts;
  - (c) Receive reports of the ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) ombuds;
- (d)(i) Obtain access to all relevant records in the possession of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds, except as prohibited by law; and (ii) make recommendations to all branches of government;
- 14 (e) Request legislation;
- 15 (f) Conduct hearings into such matters as it deems necessary.
- 16 (3) Upon receipt of records from the ((ombudsman)) ombuds, the 17 committee is subject to the same confidentiality restrictions as the 18 ((ombudsman)) ombuds under RCW 43.06A.050.
- 19 **Sec. 101.** RCW 48.02.093 and 2012 c 150 s 1 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21 There is established, within the office of the insurance 22 commissioner, the volunteer position of health care ((ombudsman)) ombuds to assist retirees enrolled in the public 23 24 employees' benefits board program. The volunteer position shall be trained as part of the existing volunteer training provided to the 25 26 statewide health insurance benefit advisors. The position shall help retirees with questions and concerns, assist the public employees' 27 28 benefits board program with identification of retiree concerns, and 29 maintain access to updated program information.

- 30 **Sec. 102.** RCW 48.18A.070 and 1994 c 92 s 503 are each amended to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner shall have sole and exclusive authority to regulate the issuance and sale of variable contracts; except for the examination, issuance or renewal, suspension or revocation, of a security ((salesman's)) salesperson's license issued to persons selling variable contracts. To carry out the

- 1 purposes and provisions of this chapter, he or she may independently,
- 2 and in concert with the director of financial institutions, issue such
- 3 reasonable rules and regulations as may be appropriate.

- **Sec. 103.** RCW 50.22.010 and 2011 c 4 s 5 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
  - (1) "Extended benefit period" means a period which:
  - (a) Begins with the third week after a week for which there is an "on" indicator; and
    - (b) Ends with the third week after the first week for which there is an "off" indicator: PROVIDED, That no extended benefit period shall last for a period of less than thirteen consecutive weeks, and further that no extended benefit period may begin by reason of an "on" indicator before the fourteenth week after the close of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state.
    - (2)(a) There is an "on" indicator for this state for a week if the commissioner determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks:
    - $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (i) The rate of insured unemployment, not seasonally adjusted, equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years and equaled or exceeded five percent; or
  - $((\frac{b}{b}))$  (ii) For benefits for weeks of unemployment beginning after March 6, 1993:
  - $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (A) The average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of the week equals or exceeds six and one-half percent; and
- $((\frac{(ii)}{(ii)}))$  (B) The average rate of total unemployment in the state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in  $((\frac{(b)(i)}{(i)}))$  (a)(ii)(A) of this subsection, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of the

average for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years.

- $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$  (b) This subsection applies as provided under the tax relief, unemployment insurance reauthorization, and job creation act of 2010 (P.L. 111-312) as it existed on December 17, 2010, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this subsection:
- (i) The average rate of insured unemployment, not seasonally adjusted, equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in all of the preceding three calendar years and equaled or exceeded five percent; or
- (ii) The average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of the week equals or exceeds six and one-half percent; and
- (iii) The average rate of total unemployment in the state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in  $((\langle c \rangle))$  (b)(ii) of this subsection, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of the average for any of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the three preceding calendar years.
- (3)(a) "High unemployment period" means any period of unemployment beginning after March 6, 1993, during which an extended benefit period would be in effect if:
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (i) The average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of the week equals or exceeds eight percent; and
- $((\frac{b}{b}))$  (ii) The average rate of total unemployment in the state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in (a)(i) of this subsection, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of the average for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years.

 $((\frac{\langle c \rangle}{}))$  (b) This subsection applies as provided under the tax relief, unemployment insurance reauthorization, and job creation act of 2010 (P.L. 111-312) as it existed on December 17, 2010, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this subsection( $(\cdot, \cdot)$ ):

- (i) The average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of the week equals or exceeds eight percent; and
- (ii) The average rate of total unemployment in the state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in (a)(i) of this subsection, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of the average for any of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the three preceding calendar years.
- (4) There is an "off" indicator for this state for a week only if, for the period consisting of such week and immediately preceding twelve weeks, none of the options specified in subsection (2) or (3) of this section result in an "on" indicator.
- (5) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under this title or under any state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen or ex-servicewomen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) other than extended benefits or additional benefits.
- (6) "Extended benefits" means benefits payable for weeks of unemployment beginning in an extended benefit period to an individual under this title or under any state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen or ex-servicewomen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) other than regular or additional benefits.
- (7) "Additional benefits" are benefits totally financed by the state and payable under this title to exhaustees by reason of conditions of high unemployment or by reason of other special factors.
  - (8) "Eligibility period" of an individual means:
- (a) The period consisting of the weeks in his or her benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period that is in effect in this

p. 131 SSB 5077.PL

state and, if his or her benefit year ends within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period; or

- (b) For an individual who is eligible for emergency unemployment compensation during the extended benefit period beginning February 15, 2009, the period consisting of the week ending February 28, 2009, and applies as provided under the tax relief, unemployment insurance reauthorization, and job creation act of 2010 (P.L. 111-312) as it existed on December 17, 2010, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of this subsection.
- (9) "Additional benefit eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his or her benefit year which begin in an additional benefit period that is in effect and, if his or her benefit year ends within such additional benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period.
- (10) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in his or her eligibility period:
  - (a) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were payable to him or her under this title or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and regular benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen or ex-servicewomen under 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) in his or her current benefit year that includes such week; or
  - (b) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him or her under this title or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and regular benefits available to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen or ex-servicewomen under 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) in his or her current benefit year that includes such week, after the cancellation of some or all of his or her wage credits or the total or partial reduction of his or her rights to regular benefits: PROVIDED, That, for the purposes of (a) and (b) ((fof-this-subsection])) of this subsection, an individual shall be deemed to have received in his or her current benefit year all of the regular benefits that were payable to him or her, or available to him or her, as the case may be, even though:
- (i) As a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages or employment, or both, that were not included in the original monetary

determination with respect to his or her current benefit year, he or she may subsequently be determined to be entitled to more regular benefits; or

1 2

- (ii) By reason of the seasonal provisions of another state law, he or she is not entitled to regular benefits with respect to such week of unemployment (although he or she may be entitled to regular benefits with respect to future weeks of unemployment in the next season, as the case may be, in his or her current benefit year), and he or she is otherwise an exhaustee within the meaning of this section with respect to his or her right to regular benefits under such state law seasonal provisions during the season or off season in which that week of unemployment occurs; or
- (iii) Having established a benefit year, no regular benefits are payable to him or her during such year because his or her wage credits were canceled or his or her right to regular benefits was totally reduced as the result of the application of a disqualification; or
- (c) His or her benefit year having ended prior to such week, he or she has insufficient wages or employment, or both, on the basis of which he or she could establish in any state a new benefit year that would include such week, or having established a new benefit year that includes such week, he or she is precluded from receiving regular benefits by reason of the provision in RCW 50.04.030 which meets the requirement of section 3304(a)(7) of the <u>f</u>ederal <u>unemployment tax act</u>, or the similar provision in any other state law; and
- (d)(i) Has no right for such week to unemployment benefits or allowances, as the case may be, under the <u>railroad unemployment</u> insurance  $\underline{a}$ ct, the <u>trade expansion act</u> of 1962, and such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by the United States secretary of labor; and
- (ii) Has not received and is not seeking for such week unemployment benefits under the unemployment compensation law of Canada, unless the appropriate agency finally determines that he or she is not entitled to unemployment benefits under such law for such week.
- 34 (11) "State law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state, 35 approved by the United States secretary of labor under section 3304 of 36 the internal revenue code of 1954.

p. 133 SSB 5077.PL

- - (1) Notwithstanding RCW 51.04.060 or any other provision of this title, beginning on January 1, 2012, an injured worker who is at least fifty-five years of age on or after January 1, 2012, fifty-three years of age on or after January 1, 2015, or fifty years of age on or after January 1, 2016, may choose from the following: (a) To continue to receive all benefits for which they are eligible under this title, (b) to participate in vocational training if eligible, or (c) to initiate and agree to a resolution of their claim with a structured settlement.
  - (2)(a) As provided in this section, the parties to an allowed claim may initiate and agree to resolve a claim with a structured settlement for all benefits other than medical. Parties as defined in (b) of this subsection may only initiate claim resolution structured settlements if at least one hundred eighty days have passed since the claim was received by the department or self-insurer and the order allowing the claim is final and binding. All requirements of this title regarding entitlement to and payment of benefits will apply during this period. All claim resolution structured settlement agreements must be approved by the board of industrial insurance appeals.
    - (b) For purposes of this section, "parties" means:
  - (i) For a state fund claim, the worker, the employer, and the department. The employer will not be a party if the costs of the claim or claims are no longer included in the calculation of the employer's experience factor used to determine premiums, if they cannot be located, are no longer in business, or they fail to respond or decline to participate after timely notice of the claim resolution settlement process provided by the board and the department.
    - (ii) For a self-insured claim, the worker and the employer.
    - (c) The claim resolution structured settlement agreements shall:
  - (i) Bind the parties with regard to all aspects of a claim except medical benefits unless revoked by one of the parties as provided in subsection (6) of this section;
  - (ii) Provide a periodic payment schedule to the worker equal to at least twenty-five percent but not more than one hundred fifty percent of the average monthly wage in the state pursuant to RCW 51.08.018, except for the initial payment which may be up to six times the average monthly wage in the state pursuant to RCW 51.08.018;

(iii) Not set aside or reverse an allowance order;

- (iv) Not subject any employer who is not a signatory to the agreement to any responsibility or burden under any claim; and
- $\left(v\right)$  Not subject any funds covered under this title to any responsibility or burden without prior approval from the director or designee.
- (d) For state fund claims, the department shall negotiate the claim resolution structured settlement agreement with the worker or their representative and with the employer or employers and their representative or representatives.
- (e) For self-insured claims, the self-insured employer shall negotiate the agreement with the worker or ((their)) his or her representative. Workers of self-insured employers who are unrepresented may request that the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds for self-insured injured workers provide assistance or be present during negotiations.
- (f) Terms of the agreement may include the parties' agreement that the claim shall remain open for future necessary medical or surgical treatment related to the injury where there is a reasonable expectation such treatment is necessary. The parties may also agree that specific future treatment shall be provided without the application required in RCW 51.32.160.
- (g) Any claim resolution structured settlement agreement entered into under this section must be in writing and signed by the parties or their representatives and must clearly state that the parties understand and agree to the terms of the agreement.
- (h) If a worker is not represented by an attorney at the time of signing a claim resolution structured settlement agreement, the parties must forward a copy of the signed agreement to the board with a request for a conference with an industrial appeals judge. The industrial appeals judge must schedule a conference with all parties within fourteen days for the purpose of (i) reviewing the terms of the proposed settlement agreement by the parties; and (ii) ensuring the worker has an understanding of the benefits generally available under this title and that a claim resolution structured settlement agreement may alter the benefits payable on the claim or claims. The judge may schedule the initial conference for a later date with the consent of the parties.

p. 135

- 1 (i) Before approving the agreement, the industrial appeals judge 2 shall ensure the worker has an adequate understanding of the agreement 3 and its consequences to the worker.
  - (j) The industrial appeals judge may approve a claim resolution structured settlement agreement only if the judge finds that the agreement is in the best interest of the worker. When determining whether the agreement is in the best interest of the worker, the industrial appeals judge shall consider the following factors, taken as a whole, with no individual factor being determinative:
- 10 (i) The nature and extent of the injuries and disabilities of the 11 worker;
  - (ii) The age and life expectancy of the injured worker;
- (iii) Other benefits the injured worker is receiving or is entitled to receive and the effect a claim resolution structured settlement agreement might have on those benefits; and
- 16 (iv) The marital or domestic partnership status of the injured 17 worker.
  - (k) Within seven days after the conference, the industrial appeals judge shall issue an order allowing or rejecting the claim resolution structured settlement agreement. There is no appeal from the industrial appeals judge's decision.
- (1) If the industrial appeals judge issues an order allowing the claim resolution structured settlement agreement, the order must be submitted to the board.
- 25 (3) Upon receiving the agreement, the board shall approve it within thirty working days of receipt unless it finds that:
- 27 (a) The parties have not entered into the agreement knowingly and willingly;
- 29 (b) The agreement does not meet the requirements of a claim 30 resolution structured settlement agreement;
- 31 (c) The agreement is the result of a material misrepresentation of 32 law or fact;
  - (d) The agreement is the result of harassment or coercion; or
  - (e) The agreement is unreasonable as a matter of law.
- 35 (4) If a worker is represented by an attorney at the time of 36 signing a claim resolution structured settlement agreement, the parties 37 shall submit the agreement directly to the board without the conference 38 described in this section.

6

7

8

12

18

19 20

21

33

(5) If the board approves the agreement, it shall provide notice to all parties. The department shall place the agreement in the applicable claim file or files.

- (6) A party may revoke consent to the claim resolution structured settlement agreement by providing written notice to the other parties and the board within thirty days after the date the agreement is approved by the board.
- (7) To the extent the worker is entitled to any benefits while a claim resolution structured settlement agreement is being negotiated or during the revocation period of an agreement, the benefits must be paid pursuant to the requirements of this title until the agreement becomes final.
- (8) A claim resolution structured settlement agreement that meets the conditions in this section and that has become final and binding as provided in this section is binding on all parties to the agreement as to its terms and the injuries and occupational diseases to which the agreement applies. A claim resolution structured settlement agreement that has become final and binding is not subject to appeal.
- (9) All payments made to a worker pursuant to a final claim resolution structured settlement agreement must be reported to the department as claims costs pursuant to this title. If a self-insured employer contracts with a third-party administrator for claim services and the payment of benefits under this title, the third-party administrator shall also disburse the structured settlement payments pursuant to the agreement.
- (10) Claims closed pursuant to a claim resolution structured settlement agreement can be reopened pursuant to RCW 51.32.160 for medical treatment only. Further temporary total, temporary partial, permanent partial, or permanent total benefits are not payable under the same claim or claims for which a claim resolution structured settlement agreement has been approved by the board and has become final.
- (11) Parties aggrieved by the failure of any other party to comply with the terms of a claim resolution structured settlement agreement have one year from the date of failure to comply to petition to the board. If the board determines that a party has failed to comply with an agreement, ((they)) it will order compliance and will impose a penalty payable to the aggrieved party of up to twenty-five percent of

p. 137 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 the monetary amount unpaid at the time the petition for noncompliance
- 2 was filed. The board will also decide on any disputes as to attorneys'
- 3 fees for services related to claim resolution structured settlement
- 4 agreements.
- 5 (12) Parties and their representatives may not use settlement
- 6 offers or the claim resolution structured settlement agreement process
- 7 to harass or coerce any party. If the department determines that an
- 8 employer has engaged in a pattern of harassment or coercion, the
- 9 employer may be subject to penalty or corrective action, and may be
- 10 removed from the retrospective rating program or be decertified from
- 11 self-insurance under RCW 51.14.030.
- 12 Sec. 105. RCW 51.14.300 and 2007 c 281 s 1 are each amended to
- 13 read as follows:
- 14 The office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds for workers of industrial
- insurance self-insured employers is created. The ((ombudsman)) ombuds
- 16 shall be appointed by the governor and report directly to the director
- 17 of the department. The office of the ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) <u>ombuds</u> may be
- 18 openly and competitively contracted by the governor in accordance with
- 19 chapter ((39.29)) 39.26 RCW but shall not be physically housed within
- 20 the industrial insurance division.
- 21 **Sec. 106.** RCW 51.14.310 and 2007 c 281 s 2 are each amended to
- 22 read as follows:
- The person appointed ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall hold office for a
- 24 term of six years and shall continue to hold office until reappointed
- 25 or until his or her successor is appointed. The governor may remove
- 26 the ((ombudsman)) ombuds only for neglect of duty, misconduct, or
- 27 inability to perform duties. Any vacancy shall be filled by similar
- 28 appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- 29 Sec. 107. RCW 51.14.320 and 2007 c 281 s 3 are each amended to
- 30 read as follows:
- 31 Any ((ombudsman)) ombuds appointed under this chapter shall have
- 32 training or experience, or both, in the following areas:
- 33 (1) Washington state industrial insurance including self-insurance
- 34 programs;
- 35 (2) The Washington state legal system;

- 1 (3) Dispute or problem resolution techniques, including 2 investigation, mediation, and negotiation.
- 3 **Sec. 108.** RCW 51.14.330 and 2007 c 281 s 4 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- During the first two years after the office of the ((ombudsman))

  ombuds is created, the staffing level shall be no more than four

  persons, including the ((ombudsman)) ombuds and any administrative

  staff. Thereafter, the staffing levels shall be determined based upon

  the office of the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's workload and whether any
  additional locations are needed.
- 11 **Sec. 109.** RCW 51.14.340 and 2007 c 281 s 5 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 The office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall have the following 14 powers and duties:
- 15 (1) To act as an advocate for injured workers of self-insured 16 employers;
- 17 (2) To offer and provide information on industrial insurance as 18 appropriate to workers of self-insured employers;
- 19 (3) To identify, investigate, and facilitate resolution of industrial insurance complaints from workers of self-insured employers;
- 21 (4) To maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number for the 22 receipt of complaints and inquiries; and
- 23 (5) To refer complaints to the department when appropriate.

28

- 24 **Sec. 110.** RCW 51.14.350 and 2007 c 281 s 6 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
  - (1) The office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall develop referral procedures for complaints by workers of self-insured employers. The department shall act as quickly as possible on any complaint referred to them by the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
- 30 (2) The department shall respond to any complaint against a self-insured employer referred to it by the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds and shall forward the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds a summary of the results of the investigation and action proposed or taken.

- **Sec. 111.** RCW 51.14.360 and 2007 c 281 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) No ((ombudsman)) ombuds is liable for good faith performance of responsibilities under this chapter.
  - (2) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be taken against any employee of a self-insured employer for any communication made, or information given or disclosed, to assist the ((ombudsman)) ombuds in carrying out its duties and responsibilities, unless the same was done maliciously. This subsection is not intended to infringe on the rights of the employer to supervise, discipline, or terminate an employee for other reasons.
  - (3) All communications by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds, if reasonably related to the requirements of his or her responsibilities under this chapter and done in good faith, are privileged and confidential, and this shall serve as a defense to any action in libel or slander.
- (4) Representatives of the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds are exempt from being required to testify as to any privileged or confidential matters except as the court may deem necessary to enforce this chapter.
- **Sec. 112.** RCW 51.14.370 and 2007 c 281 s 8 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

All records and files of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds relating to any complaint or investigation made pursuant to carrying out its duties and the identities of complainants, witnesses, or injured workers shall remain confidential unless disclosure is authorized by the complainant or injured worker or his or her guardian or legal representative. No disclosures may be made outside the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds without the consent of any named witness or complainant unless the disclosure is made without the identity of any of these individuals being disclosed.

- **Sec. 113.** RCW 51.14.380 and 2007 c 281 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 The ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall integrate into existing posters and 34 brochures information explaining the ((ombudsman)) ombuds program. 35 Both the posters and the brochures shall contain the ((ombudsman's)) 36 ombuds's toll-free telephone number. Every self-insured employer must

- place a poster in an area where all workers have access to it. 1
- 2 self-insured employer must provide a brochure to all injured workers at
- the time the employer is notified of the worker's injury. 3
- 4 **Sec. 114.** RCW 51.14.390 and 2007 c 281 s 10 are each amended to read as follows: 5
- (1) To provide start-up funding for the office of the ((ombudsman)) 6 7 ombuds, the department shall impose a one-time assessment on all 8 self-insurers. The amount of the assessment shall be determined by the department and shall not exceed the amount needed to pay the start-up 9 10 costs.
- (2) Ongoing funding for the office of the ((ombudsman)) ombuds 11 shall be obtained as part of an annual administrative assessment of 12 51.44.150. 13 self-insurers under RCWThis assessment shall proportionately based on the number of claims for each self-insurer 14 15 during the past year.
- **Sec. 115.** RCW 51.14.400 and 2007 c 281 s 12 are each amended to 16 read as follows: 17
- 18 (1) The ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) <u>ombuds</u> shall provide the governor with an 19 annual report that includes the following:

- (a) A description of the issues addressed during the past year and a very brief description of case scenarios in a form that does not compromise confidentiality; 22
- 23 (b) An accounting of the monitoring activities by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds; and 24
- 25 (c) An identification of the deficiencies in the industrial insurance system related to self-insurers, if any, and recommendations 26 for remedial action in policy or practice. 27
- (2) The first annual report shall be due on or before October 1, 28 29 2008. Subsequent reports shall be due on or before October 1st.
- Sec. 116. RCW 51.44.150 and 2007 c 281 s 11 are each amended to 30 read as follows: 31
- The director shall impose and collect assessments each fiscal year 32 33 upon all self-insurers in the amount of the estimated costs of 34 administering their portion of this title during such fiscal year. 35 These assessments shall also include the assessments for the

- 1 ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's office provided for in RCW 51.14.390. The
- 2 time and manner of imposing and collecting assessments due the
- 3 department shall be set forth in regulations promulgated by the
- 4 director in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.
- **Sec. 117.** RCW 59.20.210 and 1999 c 359 s 16 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
  - (1) If at any time during the tenancy, the landlord fails to carry out any of the duties imposed by RCW 59.20.130, and notice of the defect is given to the landlord pursuant to RCW 59.20.200, the tenant may submit to the landlord or the landlord's designated agent by certified mail or in person at least two bids to perform the repairs necessary to correct the defective condition from licensed or registered persons, or if no licensing or registration requirement applies to the type of work to be performed, from responsible persons capable of performing such repairs. Such bids may be submitted to the landlord at the same time as notice is given pursuant to RCW 59.20.200.
  - (2) If the landlord fails to commence repair of the defective condition within a reasonable time after receipt of notice from the tenant, the tenant may contract with the person submitting the lowest bid to make the repair, and upon the completion of the repair and an opportunity for inspection by the landlord or the landlord's designated agent, the tenant may deduct the cost of repair from the rent in an amount not to exceed the sum expressed in dollars representing one month's rental of the tenant's mobile home space in any calendar year. When, however, the landlord is required to begin remedying the defective condition within thirty days under RCW 59.20.200, the tenant cannot contract for repairs for at least fifteen days following receipt of bids by the landlord. The total costs of repairs deducted by the tenant in any calendar year under this subsection shall not exceed the sum expressed in dollars representing one month's rental of the tenant's mobile home space.
  - (3) Two or more tenants shall not collectively initiate remedies under this section. Remedial action under this section shall not be initiated for conditions in the design or construction existing in a mobile home park before June 7, 1984.
    - (4) The provisions of this section shall not:

- 1 (a) Create a relationship of employer and employee between landlord 2 and tenant; or
  - (b) Create liability under the worker's compensation act; or

- (c) Constitute the tenant as an agent of the landlord for the purposes of mechanics' and ((materialmen's)) material suppliers' liens under chapter 60.04 RCW.
- (5) Any repair work performed under this section shall comply with the requirements imposed by any applicable code, statute, ordinance, or rule. A landlord whose property is damaged because of repairs performed in a negligent manner may recover the actual damages in an action against the tenant.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall prevent the tenant from agreeing with the landlord to undertake the repairs in return for cash payment or a reasonable reduction in rent, the agreement to be between the parties, and this agreement does not alter the landlord's obligations under this chapter.
- Sec. 118. RCW 60.13.010 and 2012 c 106 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Agricultural product" means any unprocessed horticultural, vermicultural and its by-products, viticultural, berry, poultry, poultry product, grain, bee, or other agricultural products, and includes mint or mint oil processed by or for the producer thereof and hay and straw baled or prepared for market in any manner or form and livestock. When used in RCW 60.13.020, "agricultural product" means horticultural, viticultural, aquacultural, or berry products, hay and straw, milk and milk products, vegetable seed, or turf and forage seed and applies only when such products are delivered to a processor or conditioner in an unprocessed form.
- 31 (2) "Commercial ((fisherman)) fisher" means a person licensed to 32 fish commercially for or to take food fish or shellfish or steelhead 33 legally caught pursuant to executive order, treaty right, or federal 34 statute.
- 35 (3) "Conditioner," "consignor," "person," and "producer" have the meanings defined in RCW 20.01.010.

p. 143

- (4) "Delivers" means that a producer completes the performance of all contractual obligations with reference to the transfer of actual or constructive possession or control of an agricultural product to a processor or conditioner or preparer, regardless of whether the processor or conditioner or preparer takes physical possession.
  - (5) "Fish" means food fish or shellfish or steelhead legally caught pursuant to executive order, treaty right, or federal statute.
  - (6) "Preparer" means a person engaged in the business of feeding livestock or preparing livestock products for market.
  - (7) "Processor" means any person, firm, company, or other organization that purchases agricultural products except milk and milk products from a consignor and that cans, freezes, dries, dehydrates, cooks, presses, powders, or otherwise processes those crops in any manner whatsoever for eventual resale, or that purchases or markets milk from a dairy producer and is obligated to remit payment to such dairy producer directly.
  - (8) "Vinifera grapes" means the agricultural product commonly known as *Vitis vinifera* and those hybrid of *Vitis vinifera* that have predominantly the character of *Vitis vinifera*.
  - (9) "Wine producer" means any person or other entity licensed under Title 66 RCW to produce within the state wine from vinifera grapes.
- **Sec. 119.** RCW 60.13.020 and 1987 c 148 s 2 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

Starting on the date a producer delivers any agricultural product to a processor or conditioner, the producer has a first priority statutory lien, referred to as a "processor lien." A commercial ((fisherman)) fisher who delivers fish to a processor also has a first priority statutory "processor lien" starting on the date the ((fisherman)) fisher delivers fish to the processor. This processor lien shall continue until twenty days after payment for the product is due and remains unpaid, without filing any notice of lien, for the contract price, if any, or the fair market value of the products delivered. The processor lien attaches to the agricultural products or fish delivered, to the processor's or conditioner's inventory, and to the processor's or conditioner's accounts receivable. However, no processor lien may attach to agricultural products or fish delivered by a producer or commercial ((fisherman)) fisher, or on the producer's or

- 1 ((fisherman's)) fisher's behalf, to a processor which is organized and
- 2 operated on a cooperative basis and of which the producer or
- 3 ((fisherman)) fisher is a member, nor may such lien attach to such
- 4 processor's inventory or accounts receivable.

9

11

12

- 5 **Sec. 120.** RCW 60.13.040 and 2012 c 106 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
  - (1) A producer or commercial ((fisherman)) fisher claiming a wine producer, processor, or preparer lien may file a statement evidencing the lien with the department of licensing after payment from the wine producer, processor, conditioner, or preparer to the producer or ((fisherman)) fisher is due and remains unpaid. For purposes of this subsection and RCW 60.13.050, payment is due on the date specified in the contract, or if not specified, then within thirty days from time of delivery.
- 15 (2) The statement shall be in a record, authenticated by the 16 producer or ((fisherman)) fisher, and shall contain in substance the 17 following information:
- 18 (a) A true statement or a reasonable estimate of the amount 19 demanded after deducting all credits and offsets;
- 20 (b) The name of the wine producer, processor, conditioner, or 21 preparer who received the agricultural product or fish to be charged 22 with the lien;
- 23 (c) A description sufficient to identify the agricultural product 24 or fish to be charged with the lien;
- 25 (d) A statement that the amount claimed is a true and bona fide 26 existing debt as of the date of the filing of the notice evidencing the 27 lien;
- (e) The date on which payment was due for the agricultural product or fish to be charged with the lien; and
- 30 (f) The department of licensing may by rule prescribe standard 31 filing forms, fees, and uniform procedures for filing with, and 32 obtaining information from, filing officers.
- 33 **Sec. 121.** RCW 60.13.050 and 1987 c 148 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1)(a) If a statement is filed pursuant to RCW 60.13.040 within 36 twenty days of the date upon which payment from the processor,

- 1 conditioner, or preparer to the producer or commercial ((fisherman))
- 2 <u>fisher</u> is due and remains unpaid, the processor or preparer lien
- 3 evidenced by the statement continues its priority over all other liens
- 4 or security interests upon agricultural products or fish, inventory,
- 5 and accounts receivable, except as provided in (b) of this subsection.
- 6 Such priority is without regard to whether the other liens or security
- 7 interests attached before or after the date on which the processor or
- 8 preparer lien attached.
- 9 (b) The processor or preparer lien shall be subordinate to liens 10 for taxes or labor perfected before filing of the processor or preparer
- 11 lien.
- 12 (2) If the statement provided for in RCW 60.13.040 is not filed
- 13 within twenty days of the date payment is due and remains unpaid, the
- 14 processor or preparer lien shall thereupon become subordinate to:
- 15 (a) A lien that has attached to the agricultural product or fish,
- 16 inventory, or accounts receivable before the date on which the
- 17 processor or preparer lien attaches; and
- 18 (b) A perfected security interest in the agricultural product or
- 19 fish, inventory, or accounts receivable.
- 20 Sec. 122. RCW 60.13.060 and 2012 c 106 s 5 are each amended to
- 21 read as follows:
- 22 (1) The wine producer or processor lien shall terminate twelve
- 23 months after, and the preparer lien shall terminate fifty days after,
- 24 the later of the date of attachment or filing, unless a suit to
- 25 foreclose the lien has been filed before that time as provided in RCW
- 26 60.13.070.
- 27 (2) If a statement has been filed as provided in RCW 60.13.040 and
- the producer or commercial ((fisherman)) fisher has received payment
- 29 for the obligation secured by the lien, the producer or ((fisherman))
- 30 <u>fisher</u> shall promptly file with the department of licensing a statement
- 31 declaring that full payment has been received and that the lien is
- 32 discharged. If, after payment, the producer or ((fisherman)) fisher
- 33 fails to file such statement of discharge within ten days following a
- 34 request to do so, the producer or ((fisherman)) fisher shall be liable
- 35 to the wine producer, processor, conditioner, or preparer in the sum of
- one hundred dollars plus actual damages caused by the failure.

**Sec. 123.** RCW 60.36.030 and 1901 c 75 s 1 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

All steamers, vessels, and boats, their tackle, apparel, and furniture shall be held liable at all ports and places within this state or within the jurisdiction of the courts of this state or within the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States in said state for services rendered by stevedores, ((longshoremen)) longshore workers, or others engaged in the loading, unloading, stowing, or dunnaging of cargo in or from any steamer, vessel, or boat in any harbor or at any other place within said state, or within the jurisdiction of the courts thereof as above stated, and said steamers, vessels, and boats shall further be liable as per their contracts for all services performed upon wharfs or landing places by stevedores, ((<del>longshoremen</del>)) <u>longshore</u> workers, or others: PROVIDED, That such services must have been so performed in and about and be connected with the loading, unloading, dunnaging, or stowing of said cargo.

**Sec. 124.** RCW 60.36.040 and 1901 c 75 s 2 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

Demands for wages and all sums due under contracts or otherwise for the performance of all or any of the services mentioned in RCW 60.36.030 shall constitute liens upon all steamers, vessels, and boats, their tackle, apparel, and furniture, and shall have priority over all other demands save and excepting the demands mentioned in RCW 60.36.010 (1), (2), and (3), to which said demands the lien hereby provided shall be subordinate: PROVIDED, That such liens shall only continue in force for the period of three years from the date when such work was done or the last services performed by such stevedores, ((longshoremen)) longshore workers, or others.

**Sec. 125.** RCW 60.42.040 and 1997 c 315 s 5 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

All statutory liens, consensual liens, mortgages, deeds of trust, assignments of rents, and other encumbrances, including all advances or charges made or accruing thereunder, whether voluntary or obligatory, and all modifications, extensions, renewals, and replacements thereof, recorded prior to the recording of a notice of claim of lien against proceeds have priority over a lien created under this chapter. A prior

- 1 recorded lien includes, without limitation, a valid ((materialmen's))
- 2 <u>material supplier's</u> or mechanic's lien claim that is recorded after the
- 3 recording of the broker's notice of claim of lien against proceeds but
- 4 which relates back to a date prior to the recording date of the
- 5 broker's notice of claim of lien against proceeds.
- **Sec. 126.** RCW 62A.2-201 and 1965 ex.s c 157 s 2-201 are each 7 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a contract for the sale of goods for the price of five hundred dollars or more is not enforceable by way of action or defense unless there is some writing sufficient to indicate that a contract for sale has been made between the parties and signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought or by his or her authorized agent or broker. A writing is not insufficient because it omits or incorrectly states a term agreed upon but the contract is not enforceable under this paragraph beyond the quantity of goods shown in such writing.
  - (2) Between merchants if within a reasonable time a writing in confirmation of the contract and sufficient against the sender is received and the party receiving it has reason to know its contents, it satisfies the requirements of subsection (1) of this section against such party unless written notice of objection to its contents is given within ten days after it is received.
  - (3) A contract which does not satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) of this section but which is valid in other respects is enforceable:
  - (a) If the goods are to be specially manufactured for the buyer and are not suitable for sale to others in the ordinary course of the seller's business and the seller, before notice of repudiation is received and under circumstances which reasonably indicate that the goods are for the buyer, has made either a substantial beginning of their manufacture or commitments for their procurement; or
  - (b) If the party against whom enforcement is sought admits in his or her pleading, testimony, or otherwise in court that a contract for sale was made, but the contract is not enforceable under this provision beyond the quantity of goods admitted; or
- 36 (c) With respect to goods for which payment has been made and accepted or which have been received and accepted (RCW 62A.2-606).

1 Sec. 127. RCW 62A.2-210 and 2000 c 250 s 9A-804 are each amended 2 to read as follows:

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

- (1) A party may perform his <u>or her</u> duty through a delegate unless otherwise agreed or unless the other party has a substantial interest in having his <u>or her</u> original promisor perform or control the acts required by the contract. No delegation of performance relieves the party delegating of any duty to perform or any liability for breach.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 62A.9A-406, unless otherwise agreed, all rights of either seller or buyer can be assigned except where the assignment would materially change the duty of the other party, or increase materially the burden or risk imposed on him or her by his or her contract, or impair materially his or her chance of obtaining return performance. A right to damages for breach of the whole contract or a right arising out of the assignor's due performance of his or her entire obligation can be assigned despite agreement otherwise.
- (3) The creation, attachment, perfection, or enforcement of a security interest in the seller's interest under a contract is not a transfer that materially changes the duty of or increases materially the burden or risk imposed on the buyer or impairs materially the buyer's chance of obtaining return performance within the purview of subsection (2) of this section unless, and then only to the extent that, enforcement actually results in a delegation of material performance of the seller. Even in that event, the creation, attachment, perfection, and enforcement of the security interest remain effective, but  $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (a) the seller is liable to the buyer for damages caused by the delegation to the extent that the damages could not reasonably be prevented by the buyer, and  $((\frac{(ii)}{)})$  a court having jurisdiction may grant other appropriate relief, including cancellation of the contract for sale or an injunction against enforcement of the security interest or consummation of the enforcement.
- (4) Unless the circumstances indicate the contrary, a prohibition of assignment of "the contract" is to be construed as barring only the delegation to the assignee of the assignor's performance.
- (5) An assignment of "the contract" or of "all my rights under the contract" or an assignment in similar general terms is an assignment of rights and unless the language or the circumstances (as in an

- 1 assignment for security) indicate the contrary, it is a delegation of
- 2 performance of the duties of the assignor and its acceptance by the
- 3 assignee constitutes a promise by him or her to perform those duties.
- This promise is enforceable by either the assignor or the other party to the original contract.
- 6 (6) The other party may treat any assignment which delegates 7 performance as creating reasonable grounds for insecurity and may 8 without prejudice to his <u>or her</u> rights against the assignor demand 9 assurances from the assignee (RCW 62A.2-609).
- (7) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3) of this section, an assignment that would be a breach but for the provisions of RCW 62A.9A-406 may create reasonable grounds for insecurity with respect to the due performance of the assignor (RCW 62A.2-609).
- 14 **Sec. 128.** RCW 62A.2-304 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-304 are each 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) The price can be made payable in money or otherwise. If it is 17 payable in whole or in part in goods each party is a seller of the 18 goods which he <u>or she</u> is to transfer.
- 19 (2) Even though all or part of the price is payable in an interest 20 in realty the transfer of the goods and the seller's obligations with 21 reference to them are subject to this Article, but not the transfer of 22 the interest in realty or the transferor's obligations in connection 23 therewith.
- 24 **Sec. 129.** RCW 62A.2-305 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-305 are each 25 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The parties if they so intend can conclude a contract for sale even though the price is not settled. In such a case, the price is a reasonable price at the time for delivery if:
    - (a) Nothing is said as to price; or
- 30 (b) The price is left to be agreed by the parties and they fail to agree; or
- 32 (c) The price is to be fixed in terms of some agreed market or 33 other standard as set or recorded by a third person or agency and it is 34 not so set or recorded.
- 35 (2) A price to be fixed by the seller or by the buyer means a price 36 for him <u>or her</u> to fix in good faith.

27

- 1 (3) When a price left to be fixed otherwise than by agreement of 2 the parties fails to be fixed through fault of one party the other may 3 at his <u>or her</u> option treat the contract as canceled or himself <u>or</u> 4 herself fix a reasonable price.
- 5 (4) Where, however, the parties intend not to be bound unless the price be fixed or agreed and it is not fixed or agreed there is no contract. In such a case, the buyer must return any goods already received or if unable so to do must pay their reasonable value at the time of delivery and the seller must return any portion of the price paid on account.
- 11 **Sec. 130.** RCW 62A.2-308 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-308 are each 12 amended to read as follows:
- 13 Unless otherwise agreed:

2425

26

27

2829

30

31

32

3334

35

- 14 (a) The place for delivery of goods is the seller's place of business or if he <u>or she</u> has none his <u>or her</u> residence; but
- 16 (b) <u>In a contract for sale of identified goods which to the</u>
  17 knowledge of the parties at the time of contracting are in some other
  18 place, that place is the place for their delivery; and
- 19 (c) <u>D</u>ocuments of title may be delivered through customary banking 20 channels.
- 21 **Sec. 131.** RCW 62A.2-311 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-311 are each 22 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) An agreement for sale which is otherwise sufficiently definite (((subsection (3) of)) RCW 62A.2-204(3)) to be a contract is not made invalid by the fact that it leaves particulars of performance to be specified by one of the parties. Any such specification must be made in good faith and within limits set by commercial reasonableness.
  - (2) Unless otherwise agreed, specifications relating to assortment of the goods are at the buyer's option and except as otherwise provided in ((subsections-(1)(c)-and-(3)-of)) RCW 62A.2-319 (1)(c) and (3) specifications or arrangements relating to shipment are at the seller's option.
  - (3) Where such specification would materially affect the other party's performance but is not seasonably made or where one party's cooperation is necessary to the agreed performance of the other but is

p. 151 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 not seasonably forthcoming, the other party in addition to all other
  2 remedies:
- 3 (a) <u>Is excused for any resulting delay in his or her</u> own 4 performance; and
  - (b) May also either proceed to perform in any reasonable manner or after the time for a material part of his <u>or her</u> own performance treat the failure to specify or to cooperate as a breach by failure to deliver or accept the goods.
- 9 **Sec. 132.** RCW 62A.2-312 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-312 are each 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, there is in a 12 contract for sale a warranty by the seller that:
- 13 (a) The title conveyed shall be good, and its transfer rightful; 14 and
- 15 (b) The goods shall be delivered free from any security interest or 16 other lien or encumbrance of which the buyer at the time of contracting 17 has no knowledge.
- 18 (2) A warranty under subsection (1) of this section will be 19 excluded or modified only by specific language or by circumstances 20 which give the buyer reason to know that the person selling does not 21 claim title in himself or herself or that he or she is purporting to 22 sell only such right or title as he or she or a third person may have.
  - (3) Unless otherwise agreed, a seller who is a merchant regularly dealing in goods of the kind warrants that the goods shall be delivered free of the rightful claim of any third person by way of infringement or the like but a buyer who furnishes specifications to the seller must hold the seller harmless against any such claim which arises out of compliance with the specifications.
- 29 **Sec. 133.** RCW 62A.2-313 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-313 are each 30 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Express warranties by the seller are created as follows:
- 32 (a) Any affirmation of fact or promise made by the seller to the 33 buyer which relates to the goods and becomes part of the basis of the 34 bargain creates an express warranty that the goods shall conform to the 35 affirmation or promise.

6 7

8

2324

2526

2728

(b) Any description of the goods which is made part of the basis of the bargain creates an express warranty that the goods shall conform to the description.

- (c) Any sample or model which is made part of the basis of the bargain creates an express warranty that the whole of the goods shall conform to the sample or model.
- (2) It is not necessary to the creation of an express warranty that the seller use formal words such as "warrant" or "guarantee" or that he or she have a specific intention to make a warranty, but an affirmation merely of the value of the goods or a statement purporting to be merely the seller's opinion or commendation of the goods does not create a warranty.
- **Sec. 134.** RCW 62A.2-316 and 1982 c 199 s 1 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
  - (1) Words or conduct relevant to the creation of an express warranty and words or conduct tending to negate or limit warranty shall be construed wherever reasonable as consistent with each other; but subject to the provisions of this Article on parol or extrinsic evidence (RCW 62A.2-202) negation or limitation is inoperative to the extent that such construction is unreasonable.
  - (2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, to exclude or modify the implied warranty of merchantability or any part of it the language must mention merchantability and in case of a writing must be conspicuous, and to exclude or modify any implied warranty of fitness the exclusion must be by a writing and conspicuous. Language to exclude all implied warranties of fitness is sufficient if it states, for example, that "There are no warranties which extend beyond the description on the face hereof."
    - (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section:
  - (a) <u>U</u>nless the circumstances indicate otherwise, all implied warranties are excluded by expressions like "as is," "with all faults," or other language which in common understanding calls the buyer's attention to the exclusion of warranties and makes plain that there is no implied warranty; and
- 35 (b) When the buyer before entering into the contract has examined 36 the goods or the sample or model as fully as he <u>or she</u> desired or has

p. 153 SSB 5077.PL

refused to examine the goods there is no implied warranty with regard to defects which an examination ought in the circumstances to have revealed to him or her;

- (c) An implied warranty can also be excluded or modified by course of dealing or course of performance or usage of trade; and
- (d) <u>In sales of livestock</u>, including but not limited to, horses, mules, cattle, sheep, swine, goats, poultry, and rabbits, there are no implied warranties as defined in this article that the livestock are free from sickness or disease: PROVIDED, That the seller has complied with all state and federal laws and regulations that apply to animal health and disease, and the seller is not guilty of fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of 13 this section and the provisions of RCW 62A.2-719, as now or hereafter 14 amended, in any case where goods are purchased primarily for personal, 15 16 family, or household use and not for commercial or business use, 17 disclaimers of the warranty of merchantability or fitness for particular purpose shall not be effective to limit the liability of 18 19 merchant sellers except insofar as the disclaimer sets forth with 20 particularity the qualities and characteristics which are not being warranted. Remedies for breach of warranty can be limited in 21 22 accordance with the provisions of this Article on liquidation or 23 limitation of damages and on contractual modification of remedy (RCW 62A.2-718 and RCW 62A.2-719). 24
- 25 **Sec. 135.** RCW 62A.2-318 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-318 are each 26 amended to read as follows:

A seller's warranty whether express or implied extends to any natural person who is in the family or household of his <u>or her</u> buyer or who is a guest in his <u>or her</u> home if it is reasonable to expect that such person may use, consume, or be affected by the goods and who is injured in person by breach of the warranty. A seller may not exclude or limit the operation of this section.

- 33 **Sec. 136.** RCW 62A.2-319 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-319 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) Unless otherwise agreed, the term F.O.B. (which means "free on

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

12

27

2829

30

31

board") at a named place, even though used only in connection with the stated price, is a delivery term under which:

1 2

- (a) When the term is F.O.B. the place of shipment, the seller must at that place ship the goods in the manner provided in this Article (RCW 62A.2-504) and bear the expense and risk of putting them into the possession of the carrier; or
- (b) When the term is F.O.B. the place of destination, the seller must at his <u>or her</u> own expense and risk transport the goods to that place and there tender delivery of them in the manner provided in this Article (RCW 62A.2-503);
- (c) When under either (a) or (b) of this subsection the term is also F.O.B. vessel, car, or other vehicle, the seller must in addition at his or her own expense and risk load the goods on board. If the term is F.O.B. vessel, the buyer must name the vessel and in an appropriate case the seller must comply with the provisions of this Article on the form of bill of lading (RCW 62A.2-323).
- (2) Unless otherwise agreed the term F.A.S. vessel (which means "free alongside") at a named port, even though used only in connection with the stated price, is a delivery term under which the seller must:
- (a) At his <u>or her</u> own expense and risk deliver the goods alongside the vessel in the manner usual in that port or on a dock designated and provided by the buyer; and
- (b) Obtain and tender a receipt for the goods in exchange for which the carrier is under a duty to issue a bill of lading.
- (3) Unless otherwise agreed, in any case falling within subsection (1)(a) or (c) or ((subsection)) (2) of this section, the buyer must seasonably give any needed instructions for making delivery, including when the term is F.A.S. or F.O.B. the loading berth of the vessel and in an appropriate case its name and sailing date. The seller may treat the failure of needed instructions as a failure of cooperation under this Article (RCW 62A.2-311). He or she may also at his or her option move the goods in any reasonable manner preparatory to delivery or shipment.
- (4) Under the term F.O.B. vessel or F.A.S., unless otherwise agreed, the buyer must make payment against tender of the required documents and the seller may not tender nor the buyer demand delivery of the goods in substitution for the documents.

p. 155 SSB 5077.PL

- **Sec. 137.** RCW 62A.2-320 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-320 are each 2 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The term C.I.F. means that the price includes in a lump sum the cost of the goods and the insurance and freight to the named destination. The term C.&F. or C.F. means that the price so includes cost and freight to the named destination.
  - (2) Unless otherwise agreed and even though used only in connection with the stated price and destination, the term C.I.F. destination or its equivalent requires the seller at his <u>or her</u> own expense and risk to:
  - (a)  $\underline{P}$ ut the goods into the possession of a carrier at the port for shipment and obtain a negotiable bill or bills of lading covering the entire transportation to the named destination; and
  - (b)  $\underline{L}$ oad the goods and obtain a receipt from the carrier (which may be contained in the bill of lading) showing that the freight has been paid or provided for; and
  - (c) Obtain a policy or certificate of insurance, including any war risk insurance, of a kind and on terms then current at the port of shipment in the usual amount, in the currency of the contract, shown to cover the same goods covered by the bill of lading and providing for payment of loss to the order of the buyer or for the account of whom it may concern; but the seller may add to the price the amount of the premium for any such war risk insurance; and
  - (d) Prepare an invoice of the goods and procure any other documents required to effect shipment or to comply with the contract; and
  - (e) Forward and tender with commercial promptness all the documents in due form and with any indorsement necessary to perfect the buyer's rights.
  - (3) Unless otherwise agreed\_ the term C.&F. or its equivalent has the same effect and imposes upon the seller the same obligations and risks as a C.I.F. term except the obligation as to insurance.
- 32 (4) Under the term C.I.F. or C.&F., unless otherwise agreed, the 33 buyer must make payment against tender of the required documents and 34 the seller may not tender nor the buyer demand delivery of the goods in 35 substitution for the documents.
- **Sec. 138.** RCW 62A.2-324 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-324 are each 37 amended to read as follows:

Under a term "no arrival, no sale" or terms of like meaning, unless otherwise  $agreed((\tau))$ :

3

5

6 7

8

9

10

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

29

30

31

32

33

- (a) <u>The seller must properly ship conforming goods and if they arrive by any means he or she must tender them on arrival but he or she assumes no obligation that the goods will arrive unless he <u>or she</u> has caused the nonarrival; and</u>
- (b) Where without fault of the seller the goods are in part lost or have so deteriorated as no longer to conform to the contract or arrive after the contract time, the buyer may proceed as if there had been casualty to identified goods (RCW 62A.2-613).
- 11 **Sec. 139.** RCW 62A.2-325 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-325 are each 12 amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) Failure of the buyer seasonably to furnish an agreed letter of credit is a breach of the contract for sale.
  - (2) The delivery to seller of a proper letter of credit suspends the buyer's obligation to pay. If the letter of credit is dishonored, the seller may on seasonable notification to the buyer require payment directly from him or her.
  - (3) Unless otherwise agreed, the term "letter of credit" or "banker's credit" in a contract for sale means an irrevocable credit issued by a financing agency of good repute and, where the shipment is overseas, of good international repute. The term "confirmed credit" means that the credit must also carry the direct obligation of such an agency which does business in the seller's financial market.
- 25 **Sec. 140.** RCW 62A.2-328 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-328 are each 26 amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) In a sale by auction if goods are put up in lots each lot is 28 the subject of a separate sale.
  - (2) A sale by auction is complete when the auctioneer so announces by the fall of the hammer or in other customary manner. Where a bid is made while the hammer is falling in acceptance of a prior bid the auctioneer may in his <u>or her</u> discretion reopen the bidding or declare the goods sold under the bid on which the hammer was falling.
- 34 (3) Such a sale is with reserve unless the goods are in explicit 35 terms put up without reserve. In an auction with reserve, the 36 auctioneer may withdraw the goods at any time until he <u>or she</u> announces

p. 157 SSB 5077.PL

- completion of the sale. In an auction without reserve, after the auctioneer calls for bids on an article or lot, that article or lot cannot be withdrawn unless no bid is made within a reasonable time. In either case a bidder may retract his <u>or her</u> bid until the auctioneer's announcement of completion of the sale, but a bidder's retraction does not revive any previous bid.
  - (4) If the auctioneer knowingly receives a bid on the seller's behalf or the seller makes or procures such a bid, and notice has not been given that liberty for such bidding is reserved, the buyer may at his <u>or her</u> option avoid the sale or take the goods at the price of the last good faith bid prior to the completion of the sale. This subsection shall not apply to any bid at a forced sale.
- **Sec. 141.** RCW 62A.2-402 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-402 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, rights of unsecured creditors of the seller with respect to goods which have been identified to a contract for sale are subject to the buyer's rights to recover the goods under this Article (RCW 62A.2-502 and RCW 62A.2-716).
  - (2) A creditor of the seller may treat a sale or an identification of goods to a contract for sale as void if as against him <u>or her</u> a retention of possession by the seller is fraudulent under any rule of law of the state where the goods are situated, except that retention of possession in good faith and current course of trade by a merchant-seller for a commercially reasonable time after a sale or identification is not fraudulent.
  - (3) Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to impair the rights of creditors of the seller:
- 29 (a) <u>Under the provisions of the Article on Secured Transactions</u> 30 (Article 9A); or
  - (b) Where identification to the contract or delivery is made not in current course of trade but in satisfaction of or as security for a preexisting claim for money, security, or the like and is made under circumstances which under any rule of law of the state where the goods are situated would apart from this Article constitute the transaction a fraudulent transfer or voidable preference.

**Sec. 142.** RCW 62A.2-501 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-501 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

- (1) The buyer obtains a special property and an insurable interest in goods by identification of existing goods as goods to which the contract refers even though the goods so identified are nonconforming and he <u>or she</u> has an option to return or reject them. Such identification can be made at any time and in any manner explicitly agreed to by the parties. In the absence of explicit agreement, identification occurs:
- (a) When the contract is made if it is for the sale of goods already existing and identified;
  - (b) <u>If</u> the contract is for the sale of future goods other than those described in ((paragraph)) (c) of this subsection, when goods are shipped, marked, or otherwise designated by the seller as goods to which the contract refers;
  - (c) When the crops are planted or otherwise become growing crops or the young are conceived if the contract is for the sale of unborn young to be born within twelve months after contracting or for the sale of crops to be harvested within twelve months or the next normal harvest season after contracting whichever is longer.
  - (2) The seller retains an insurable interest in goods so long as title to or any security interest in the goods remains in him <u>or her</u> and where the identification is by the seller alone he <u>or she</u> may until default or insolvency or notification to the buyer that the identification is final substitute other goods for those identified.
- 26 (3) Nothing in this section impairs any insurable interest 27 recognized under any other statute or rule of law.
- **Sec. 143.** RCW 62A.2-502 and 2000 c 250 s 9A-806 are each amended 29 to read as follows:
  - (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3) of this section and even though the goods have not been shipped, a buyer who has paid a part or all of the price of goods in which he or she has a special property under the provisions of the immediately preceding section may on making and keeping good a tender of any unpaid portion of their price recover them from the seller if:
  - (a) In the case of goods bought for personal, family, or household

- 1 purposes, the seller repudiates or fails to deliver as required by the 2 contract; or
- 3 (b) In all cases, the seller becomes insolvent within ten days 4 after receipt of the first installment on their price.
  - (2) The buyer's right to recover the goods under subsection (1)(a) of this section vests upon acquisition of a special property, even if the seller had not then repudiated or failed to deliver.
- 8 (3) If the identification creating his <u>or her</u> special property has 9 been made by the buyer, he <u>or she</u> acquires the right to recover the 10 goods only if they conform to the contract for sale.
- 11 **Sec. 144.** RCW 62A.2-504 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-504 are each 12 amended to read as follows:

Where the seller is required or authorized to send the goods to the buyer and the contract does not require him <u>or her</u> to deliver them at a particular destination, then unless otherwise agreed he <u>or she</u> must:

- (a)  $\underline{P}$ ut the goods in the possession of such a carrier and make such a contract for their transportation as may be reasonable having regard to the nature of the goods and other circumstances of the case; and
- (b) Obtain and promptly deliver or tender in due form any document necessary to enable the buyer to obtain possession of the goods or otherwise required by the agreement or by usage of trade; and
- (c) Promptly notify the buyer of the shipment. Failure to notify the buyer under ((paragraph (c))) this subsection or to make a proper contract under ((paragraph (a))) subsection (a) of this section is a ground for rejection only if material delay or loss ensues.
- 26 **Sec. 145.** RCW 62A.2-507 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-507 are each 27 amended to read as follows:
- 28 (1) Tender of delivery is a condition to the buyer's duty to accept 29 the goods and, unless otherwise agreed, to his <u>or her</u> duty to pay for 30 them. Tender entitles the seller to acceptance of the goods and to 31 payment according to the contract.
- 32 (2) Where payment is due and demanded on the delivery to the buyer 33 of goods or documents of title, his <u>or her</u> right as against the seller 34 to retain or dispose of them is conditional upon his <u>or her</u> making the 35 payment due.

5

6 7

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

**Sec. 146.** RCW 62A.2-508 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-508 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

- (1) Where any tender or delivery by the seller is rejected because nonconforming and the time for performance has not yet expired, the seller may seasonably notify the buyer of his <u>or her</u> intention to cure and may then within the contract time make a conforming delivery.
- (2) Where the buyer rejects a nonconforming tender which the seller had reasonable grounds to believe would be acceptable with or without money allowance, the seller may if he <u>or she</u> seasonably notifies the buyer have a further reasonable time to substitute a conforming tender.
- **Sec. 147.** RCW 62A.2-510 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-510 are each 12 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Where a tender or delivery of goods so fails to conform to the contract as to give a right of rejection, the risk of their loss remains on the seller until cure or acceptance.
  - (2) Where the buyer rightfully revokes acceptance, he <u>or she</u> may to the extent of any deficiency in his <u>or her</u> effective insurance coverage treat the risk of loss as having rested on the seller from the beginning.
  - (3) Where the buyer as to conforming goods already identified to the contract for sale repudiates or is otherwise in breach before risk of their loss has passed to him <u>or her</u>, the seller may to the extent of any deficiency in his <u>or her</u> effective insurance coverage treat the risk of loss as resting on the buyer for a commercially reasonable time.
- **Sec. 148.** RCW 62A.2-602 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-602 are each 27 amended to read as follows:
- 28 (1) Rejection of goods must be within a reasonable time after their 29 delivery or tender. It is ineffective unless the buyer seasonably 30 notifies the seller.
  - (2) Subject to the provisions of the two following sections on rejected goods (RCW 62A.2-603 and RCW 62A.2-604)((-7)):
- 33 (a) After rejection, any exercise of ownership by the buyer with 34 respect to any commercial unit is wrongful as against the seller; and
- 35 (b) <u>If</u> the buyer has before rejection taken physical possession of 36 goods in which he <u>or she</u> does not have a security interest under the

p. 161 SSB 5077.PL

- provisions of this Article (((subsection (3) of)) RCW 62A.2-711(3)), he or she is under a duty after rejection to hold them with reasonable care at the seller's disposition for a time sufficient to permit the seller to remove them; but
- 5 (c) The buyer has no further obligations with regard to goods 6 rightfully rejected.
- 7 (3) The seller's rights with respect to goods wrongfully rejected 8 are governed by the provisions of this Article on seller's remedies in 9 general (RCW 62A.2-703).
  - **Sec. 149.** RCW 62A.2-603 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-603 are each amended to read as follows:
    - (1) Subject to any security interest in the buyer (((subsection (3) of)) RCW 62A.2-711(3)), when the seller has no agent or place of business at the market of rejection a merchant buyer is under a duty after rejection of goods in his or her possession or control to follow any reasonable instructions received from the seller with respect to the goods and in the absence of such instructions to make reasonable efforts to sell them for the seller's account if they are perishable or threaten to decline in value speedily. Instructions are not reasonable if on demand indemnity for expenses is not forthcoming.
    - (2) When the buyer sells goods under subsection (1) of this section, he or she is entitled to reimbursement from the seller or out of the proceeds for reasonable expenses of caring for and selling them, and if the expenses include no selling commission then to such commission as is usual in the trade or if there is none to a reasonable sum not exceeding ten per cent on the gross proceeds.
  - (3) In complying with this section, the buyer is held only to good faith and good faith conduct hereunder is neither acceptance nor conversion nor the basis of an action for damages.
- 30 **Sec. 150.** RCW 62A.2-604 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-604 are each amended to read as follows:
- Subject to the provisions of the immediately preceding section on perishables, if the seller gives no instructions within a reasonable time after notification of rejection, the buyer may store the rejected goods for the seller's account or reship them to him <u>or her</u> or resell

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

- them for the seller's account with reimbursement as provided in the preceding section. Such action is not acceptance or conversion.
- 3 **Sec. 151.** RCW 62A.2-606 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-606 are each 4 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Acceptance of goods occurs when the buyer:

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

2728

29

30

31

32

3334

- 6 (a) After a reasonable opportunity to inspect the goods signifies
  7 to the seller that the goods are conforming or that he or she will take
  8 or retain them in spite of their nonconformity; or
- 9 (b) <u>Fails</u> to make an effective rejection (((<del>subsection (1) of</del>)) RCW 62A.2-602(1)), but such acceptance does not occur until the buyer has had a reasonable opportunity to inspect them; or
- 12 (c) <u>D</u>oes any act inconsistent with the seller's ownership; but if 13 such act is wrongful as against the seller it is an acceptance only if 14 ratified by him <u>or her</u>.
- 15 (2) Acceptance of a part of any commercial unit is acceptance of that entire unit.
- 17 **Sec. 152.** RCW 62A.2-607 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-607 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The buyer must pay at the contract rate for any goods accepted.
  - (2) Acceptance of goods by the buyer precludes rejection of the goods accepted and if made with knowledge of a nonconformity cannot be revoked because of it unless the acceptance was on the reasonable assumption that the nonconformity would be seasonably cured but acceptance does not of itself impair any other remedy provided by this Article for nonconformity.
    - (3) Where a tender has been accepted:
  - (a) The buyer must within a reasonable time after he or she discovers or should have discovered any breach notify the seller of breach or be barred from any remedy; and
  - (b) If the claim is one for infringement or the like (((subsection (3) of)) RCW 62A.2-312(3)) and the buyer is sued as a result of such a breach, he or she must so notify the seller within a reasonable time after he or she receives notice of the litigation or be barred from any remedy over for liability established by the litigation.
- 35 (4) The burden is on the buyer to establish any breach with respect 36 to the goods accepted.

p. 163 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (5) Where the buyer is sued for breach of a warranty or other 2 obligation for which his <u>or her</u> seller is answerable over:
  - (a) He or she may give his or her seller written notice of the litigation. If the notice states that the seller may come in and defend and that if the seller does not do so he or she will be bound in any action against him or her by his or her buyer by any determination of fact common to the two litigations, then unless the seller after seasonable receipt of the notice does come in and defend he or she is so bound.
  - (b) If the claim is one for infringement or the like (((subsection (3) of)) RCW 62A.2-312(3)), the original seller may demand in writing that his or her buyer turn over to him or her control of the litigation including settlement or else be barred from any remedy over and if he or she also agrees to bear all expense and to satisfy any adverse judgment, then unless the buyer after seasonable receipt of the demand does turn over control the buyer is so barred.
- 17 (6) The provisions of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section 18 apply to any obligation of a buyer to hold the seller harmless against 19 infringement or the like (((subsection (3) of)) RCW 62A.2-312(3)).
- **Sec. 153.** RCW 62A.2-608 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-608 are each 21 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The buyer may revoke his <u>or her</u> acceptance of a lot or commercial unit whose nonconformity substantially impairs its value to him <u>or her</u> if he <u>or she</u> has accepted it:
  - (a)  $\underline{O}n$  the reasonable assumption that its nonconformity would be cured and it has not been seasonably cured; or
  - (b) Without discovery of such nonconformity if his <u>or her</u> acceptance was reasonably induced either by the difficulty of discovery before acceptance or by the seller's assurances.
  - (2) Revocation of acceptance must occur within a reasonable time after the buyer discovers or should have discovered the ground for it and before any substantial change in condition of the goods which is not caused by their own defects. It is not effective until the buyer notifies the seller of it.
- 35 (3) A buyer who so revokes has the same rights and duties with 36 regard to the goods involved as if he <u>or she</u> had rejected them.

1 **Sec. 154.** RCW 62A.2-609 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-609 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

3

4

6 7

8

- (1) A contract for sale imposes an obligation on each party that the other's expectation of receiving due performance will not be impaired. When reasonable grounds for insecurity arise with respect to the performance of either party the other may in writing demand adequate assurance of due performance and until he or she receives such assurance may if commercially reasonable suspend any performance for which he or she has not already received the agreed return.
- 10 (2) Between merchants, the reasonableness of grounds for insecurity 11 and the adequacy of any assurance offered shall be determined according 12 to commercial standards.
- 13 (3) Acceptance of any improper delivery or payment does not 14 prejudice the aggrieved party's right to demand adequate assurance of 15 future performance.
- (4) After receipt of a justified demand, failure to provide within a reasonable time not exceeding thirty days such assurance of due performance as is adequate under the circumstances of the particular case is a repudiation of the contract.
- 20 **Sec. 155.** RCW 62A.2-610 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-610 are each 21 amended to read as follows:
- When either party repudiates the contract with respect to a performance not yet due the loss of which will substantially impair the value of the contract to the other, the aggrieved party may:
- 25 (a) For a commercially reasonable time await performance by the 26 repudiating party; or
- (b) Resort to any remedy for breach (RCW 62A.2-703 or ((RCW)) 62A.2-711), even though he <u>or she</u> has notified the repudiating party that he <u>or she</u> would await the latter's performance and has urged retraction; and
- 31 (c) <u>In either case suspend his or her</u> own performance or proceed in 32 accordance with the provisions of this Article on the seller's right to 33 identify goods to the contract notwithstanding breach or to salvage 34 unfinished goods (RCW 62A.2-704).
- 35 **Sec. 156.** RCW 62A.2-611 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-611 are each amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) Until the repudiating party's next performance is due, he <u>or</u>
  2 <u>she</u> can retract his <u>or her</u> repudiation unless the aggrieved party has
  3 since the repudiation canceled or materially changed his <u>or her</u>
  4 position or otherwise indicated that he <u>or she</u> considers the
  5 repudiation final.
  - (2) Retraction may be by any method which clearly indicates to the aggrieved party that the repudiating party intends to perform, but must include any assurance justifiably demanded under the provisions of this Article (RCW 62A.2-609).
- 10 (3) Retraction reinstates the repudiating party's rights under the 11 contract with due excuse and allowance to the aggrieved party for any 12 delay occasioned by the repudiation.
- **Sec. 157.** RCW 62A.2-612 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-612 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) An "installment contract" is one which requires or authorizes the delivery of goods in separate lots to be separately accepted, even though the contract contains a clause "each delivery is a separate contract" or its equivalent.
  - (2) The buyer may reject any installment which is nonconforming if the nonconformity substantially impairs the value of that installment and cannot be cured or if the nonconformity is a defect in the required documents; but if the nonconformity does not fall within subsection (3) of this section and the seller gives adequate assurance of its cure, the buyer must accept that installment.
  - (3) Whenever nonconformity or default with respect to one or more installments substantially impairs the value of the whole contract there is a breach of the whole. But the aggrieved party reinstates the contract if he <u>or she</u> accepts a nonconforming installment without seasonably notifying of cancellation or if he <u>or she</u> brings an action with respect only to past installments or demands performance as to future installments.
- **Sec. 158.** RCW 62A.2-613 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-613 are each 33 amended to read as follows:
- Where the contract requires for its performance goods identified when the contract is made, and the goods suffer casualty without fault

of either party before the risk of loss passes to the buyer, or in a proper case under a "no arrival, no sale" term (RCW 62A.2-324) then:

(a) If the loss is total, the contract is avoided; and

- (b) If the loss is partial or the goods have so deteriorated as no longer to conform to the contract, the buyer may nevertheless demand inspection and at his <u>or her</u> option either treat the contract as avoided or accept the goods with due allowance from the contract price for the deterioration or the deficiency in quantity but without further right against the seller.
- **Sec. 159.** RCW 62A.2-615 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-615 are each 11 amended to read as follows:

Except so far as a seller may have assumed a greater obligation and subject to the preceding section on substituted performance:

- (a) Delay in delivery or nondelivery in whole or in part by a seller who complies with ((paragraphs (b) and (c))) subsections (b) and (c) of this section is not a breach of his or her duty under a contract for sale if performance as agreed has been made impracticable by the occurrence of a contingency the nonoccurrence of which was a basic assumption on which the contract was made or by compliance in good faith with any applicable foreign or domestic governmental regulation or order whether or not it later proves to be invalid.
- (b) Where the causes mentioned in ((paragraph (a))) subsection (a) of this section affect only a part of the seller's capacity to perform, he or she must allocate production and deliveries among his or her customers but may at his or her option include regular customers not then under contract as well as his or her own requirements for further manufacture. He or she may so allocate in any manner which is fair and reasonable.
- (c) The seller must notify the buyer seasonably that there will be delay or nondelivery and, when allocation is required under ((paragraph (b))) subsection (b) of this section, of the estimated quota thus made available for the buyer.
- **Sec. 160.** RCW 62A.2-616 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-616 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) Where the buyer receives notification of a material or 36 indefinite delay or an allocation justified under the preceding

p. 167 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 section, he or she may by written notification to the seller as to any
- 2 delivery concerned, and where the prospective deficiency substantially
- 3 impairs the value of the whole contract under the provisions of this
- 4 Article relating to breach of installment contracts (RCW 62A.2-612),
- 5 then also as to the whole ((-)):
- 6 (a) <u>Terminate</u> and thereby discharge any unexecuted portion of the 7 contract; or
- 8 (b) Modify the contract by agreeing to take his <u>or her</u> available 9 quota in substitution.
- 10 (2) If after receipt of such notification from the seller the buyer 11 fails so to modify the contract within a reasonable time not exceeding 12 thirty days, the contract lapses with respect to any deliveries 13 affected.
- 14 **Sec. 161.** RCW 62A.2-702 and 1981 c 41 s 4 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
  - (1) Where the seller discovers the buyer to be insolvent, he or she may refuse delivery except for cash including payment for all goods theretofore delivered under the contract, and stop delivery under this Article (RCW 62A.2-705).
    - (2) Where the seller discovers that the buyer has received goods on credit while insolvent, he <u>or she</u> may reclaim the goods upon demand made within ten days after the receipt, but if misrepresentation of solvency has been made to the particular seller in writing within three months before delivery the ten\_day limitation does not apply. Except as provided in this subsection, the seller may not base a right to reclaim goods on the buyer's fraudulent or innocent misrepresentation of solvency or of intent to pay.
    - (3) The seller's right to reclaim under subsection (2) of this section is subject to the rights of a buyer in ordinary course or other good faith purchaser under this Article (RCW 62A.2-403). Successful reclamation of goods excludes all other remedies with respect to them.
- 32 **Sec. 162.** RCW 62A.2-704 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-704 are each 33 amended to read as follows:
- 34 (1) An aggrieved seller under the preceding section may:
- 35 (a) <u>Identify</u> to the contract conforming goods not already

18

19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

2829

30

identified if at the time he <u>or she</u> learned of the breach they are in his <u>or her</u> possession or control;

- (b)  $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$  reat as the subject of resale goods which have demonstrably been intended for the particular contract even though those goods are unfinished.
  - (2) Where the goods are unfinished, an aggrieved seller may in the exercise of reasonable commercial judgment for the purposes of avoiding loss and of effective realization either complete the manufacture and wholly identify the goods to the contract or cease manufacture and resell for scrap or salvage value or proceed in any other reasonable manner.
- **Sec. 163.** RCW 62A.2-706 and 1967 c 114 s 13 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
  - (1) Under the conditions stated in RCW 62A.2-703 on seller's remedies, the seller may resell the goods concerned or the undelivered balance thereof. Where the resale is made in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, the seller may recover the difference between the resale price and the contract price together with any incidental damages allowed under the provisions of this Article (RCW 62A.2-710), but less expenses saved in consequence of the buyer's breach.
  - (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section or unless otherwise agreed, resale may be at public or private sale including sale by way of one or more contracts to sell or of identification to an existing contract of the seller. Sale may be as a unit or in parcels and at any time and place and on any terms but every aspect of the sale including the method, manner, time, place, and terms must be commercially reasonable. The resale must be reasonably identified as referring to the broken contract, but it is not necessary that the goods be in existence or that any or all of them have been identified to the contract before the breach.
  - (3) Where the resale is at private sale, the seller must give the buyer reasonable notification of his <u>or her</u> intention to resell.
    - (4) Where the resale is at public sale:
- 35 (a) Only identified goods can be sold except where there is a 36 recognized market for a public sale of futures in goods of the kind; 37 and

p. 169 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (b) <u>I</u>t must be made at a usual place or market for public sale if 2 one is reasonably available and except in the case of goods which are 3 perishable or threaten to decline in value speedily the seller must 4 give the buyer reasonable notice of the time and place of the resale; 5 and
  - (c) If the goods are not to be within the view of those attending the sale the notification of sale must state the place where the goods are located and provide for their reasonable inspection by prospective bidders; and
- 10 (d) The seller may buy.

8

- 11 (5) A purchaser who buys in good faith at a resale takes the goods 12 free of any rights of the original buyer even though the seller fails 13 to comply with one or more of the requirements of this section.
- (6) The seller is not accountable to the buyer for any profit made on any resale. A person in the position of a seller (RCW 62A.2-707) or a buyer who has rightfully rejected or justifiably revoked acceptance must account for any excess over the amount of his <u>or her</u> security interest, as hereinafter defined (((subsection-(3)-of)) RCW 62A.2-711(3)).
- 20 **Sec. 164.** RCW 62A.2-707 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-707 are each 21 amended to read as follows:
- 22 (1) A "person in the position of a seller" includes as against a 23 principal an agent who has paid or become responsible for the price of 24 goods on behalf of his <u>or her</u> principal or anyone who otherwise holds 25 a security interest or other right in goods similar to that of a 26 seller.
- (2) A person in the position of a seller may as provided in this Article withhold or stop delivery (RCW 62A.2-705) and resell (RCW 62A.2-706) and recover incidental damages (RCW 62A.2-710).
- 30 **Sec. 165.** RCW 62A.2-709 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-709 are each 31 amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) When the buyer fails to pay the price as it becomes due, the 33 seller may recover, together with any incidental damages under the next 34 section, the price:
- 35 (a) Of goods accepted or of conforming goods lost or damaged within

a commercially reasonable time after risk of their loss has passed to the buyer; and

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

11 12

20

21

2223

24

25

26

2728

- (b) Of goods identified to the contract if the seller is unable after reasonable effort to resell them at a reasonable price or the circumstances reasonably indicate that such effort will be unavailing.
- (2) Where the seller sues for the price, he <u>or she</u> must hold for the buyer any goods which have been identified to the contract and are still in his <u>or her</u> control except that if resale becomes possible he <u>or she</u> may resell them at any time prior to the collection of the judgment. The net proceeds of any such resale must be credited to the buyer and payment of the judgment entitles him <u>or her</u> to any goods not resold.
- 13 (3) After the buyer has wrongfully rejected or revoked acceptance 14 of the goods or has failed to make a payment due or has repudiated (RCW 15 62A.2-610), a seller who is held not entitled to the price under this 16 section shall nevertheless be awarded damages for nonacceptance under 17 the preceding section.
- 18 **Sec. 166.** RCW 62A.2-711 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-711 are each 19 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Where the seller fails to make delivery or repudiates or the buyer rightfully rejects or justifiably revokes acceptance, then with respect to any goods involved, and with respect to the whole if the breach goes to the whole contract (RCW 62A.2-612), the buyer may cancel and whether or not he <u>or she</u> has done so may in addition to recovering so much of the price as has been paid:
  - (a) "Cover" and have damages under the next section as to all the goods affected whether or not they have been identified to the contract; or
- 29 (b) Recover damages for nondelivery as provided in this Article 30 (RCW 62A.2-713).
- 31 (2) Where the seller fails to deliver or repudiates, the buyer may 32 also:
- 33 (a) If the goods have been identified recover them as provided in this Article (RCW 62A.2-502); or
- 35 (b) <u>In a proper case obtain specific performance or replevy the</u> 36 goods as provided in this Article (RCW 62A.2-716).

p. 171 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (3) On rightful rejection or justifiable revocation of acceptance, 2 a buyer has a security interest in goods in his <u>or her</u> possession or 3 control for any payments made on their price and any expenses 4 reasonably incurred in their inspection, receipt, transportation, care, 5 and custody and may hold such goods and resell them in like manner as 6 an aggrieved seller (RCW 62A.2-706).
- 7 **Sec. 167.** RCW 62A.2-712 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-712 are each 8 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) After a breach within the preceding section, the buyer may "cover" by making in good faith and without unreasonable delay any reasonable purchase of or contract to purchase goods in substitution for those due from the seller.
- 13 (2) The buyer may recover from the seller as damages the difference 14 between the cost of cover and the contract price together with any 15 incidental or consequential damages as hereinafter defined (RCW 62A.2-16 715), but less expenses saved in consequence of the seller's breach.
- 17 (3) Failure of the buyer to effect cover within this section does 18 not bar him <u>or her</u> from any other remedy.
- 19 **Sec. 168.** RCW 62A.2-714 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-714 are each 20 amended to read as follows:
- (1) Where the buyer has accepted goods and given notification (((subsection-(3)-of)) RCW 62A.2-607(3)), he or she may recover as damages for any nonconformity of tender the loss resulting in the ordinary course of events from the seller's breach as determined in any manner which is reasonable.
  - (2) The measure of damages for breach of warranty is the difference at the time and place of acceptance between the value of the goods accepted and the value they would have had if they had been as warranted, unless special circumstances show proximate damages of a different amount.
- 31 (3) In a proper case, any incidental and consequential damages 32 under the next section may also be recovered.
- 33 **Sec. 169.** RCW 62A.2-716 and 2000 c 250 s 9A-807 are each amended to read as follows:

11

12

26

27

2829

1 (1) Specific performance may be decreed where the goods are unique 2 or in other proper circumstances.

- (2) The decree for specific performance may include such terms and conditions as to payment of the price, damages, or other relief as the court may deem just.
- (3) The buyer has a right of replevin for goods identified to the contract if after reasonable effort he or she is unable to effect cover for such goods or the circumstances reasonably indicate that such effort will be unavailing or if the goods have been shipped under reservation and satisfaction of the security interest in them has been made or tendered. In the case of goods bought for personal, family, or household purposes, the buyer's right of replevin vests upon acquisition of a special property, even if the seller had not then repudiated or failed to deliver.
- **Sec. 170.** RCW 62A.2-717 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-717 are each amended to read as follows:
  - The buyer on notifying the seller of his <u>or her</u> intention to do so may deduct all or any part of the damages resulting from any breach of the contract from any part of the price still due under the same contract.
- **Sec. 171.** RCW 62A.2-718 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-718 are each 22 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Damages for breach by either party may be liquidated in the agreement but only at an amount which is reasonable in the light of the anticipated or actual harm caused by the breach, the difficulties of proof of loss, and the inconvenience or nonfeasibility of otherwise obtaining an adequate remedy. A term fixing unreasonably large liquidated damages is void as a penalty.
  - (2) Where the seller justifiably withholds delivery of goods because of the buyer's breach, the buyer is entitled to restitution of any amount by which the sum of his <u>or her</u> payments exceeds:
- 32 (a) The amount to which the seller is entitled by virtue of terms 33 liquidating the seller's damages in accordance with subsection (1) of 34 this section, or
  - (b) In the absence of such terms, twenty per cent of the value of

p. 173 SSB 5077.PL

- the total performance for which the buyer is obligated under the contract or five hundred dollars, whichever is smaller.
  - (3) The buyer's right to restitution under subsection (2) of this section is subject to offset to the extent that the seller establishes:
  - (a)  $\underline{A}$  right to recover damages under the provisions of this Article other than subsection (1) of this section, and
  - (b)  $\underline{T}$ he amount or value of any benefits received by the buyer directly or indirectly by reason of the contract.
  - (4) Where a seller has received payment in goods, their reasonable value or the proceeds of their resale shall be treated as payments for the purposes of subsection (2) of this section; but if the seller has notice of the buyer's breach before reselling goods received in part performance, his or her resale is subject to the conditions laid down in this Article on resale by an aggrieved seller (RCW 62A.2-706).
- **Sec. 172.** RCW 62A.2-722 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-722 are each 16 amended to read as follows:

Where a third party so deals with goods which have been identified to a contract for sale as to cause actionable injury to a party to that contract:

- (a)  $\underline{A}$  right of action against the third party is in either party to the contract for sale who has title to or a security interest or a special property or an insurable interest in the goods; and if the goods have been destroyed or converted a right of action is also in the party who either bore the risk of loss under the contract for sale or has since the injury assumed that risk as against the other;
- (b) If at the time of the injury the party plaintiff did not bear the risk of loss as against the other party to the contract for sale and there is no arrangement between them for disposition of the recovery, his or her suit or settlement is, subject to his or her own interest, as a fiduciary for the other party to the contract;
- 31 (c)  $\underline{E}$ ither party may with the consent of the other sue for the 32 benefit of whom it may concern.
- **Sec. 173.** RCW 62A.2-723 and 1965 ex.s. c 157 s 2-723 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) If an action based on anticipatory repudiation comes to trial 36 before the time for performance with respect to some or all of the

goods, any damages based on market price (RCW 62A.2-708 or ((RCW))) 62A.2-713) shall be determined according to the price of such goods prevailing at the time when the aggrieved party learned of the repudiation.

- (2) If evidence of a price prevailing at the times or places described in this Article is not readily available, the price prevailing within any reasonable time before or after the time described or at any other place which in commercial judgment or under usage of trade would serve as a reasonable substitute for the one described may be used, making any proper allowance for the cost of transporting the goods to or from such other place.
- (3) Evidence of a relevant price prevailing at a time or place other than the one described in this Article offered by one party is not admissible unless and until he <u>or she</u> has given the other party such notice as the court finds sufficient to prevent unfair surprise.
- **Sec. 174.** RCW 62A.11-109 and 1981 c 41 s 45 are each amended to read as follows:

From and after midnight June 30, 1982, upon request of any person, the county auditor shall issue his <u>or her</u> certificate showing whether there is on file with the county auditor's office on the date and hour stated therein, any presently effective financing statement filed with the county auditor's office before midnight June 30, 1982, naming a particular debtor and any statement of assignment thereof and if there is, giving the date and hour of filing of each such statement and the names and addresses of each secured party therein. The uniform fee for such a certificate shall be four dollars. Upon request, the county auditor shall issue his <u>or her</u> certificate and shall furnish a copy of any filed financing statements or statements of assignment for a uniform fee of ten dollars for each particular debtor's statements requested.

- **Sec. 175.** RCW 64.34.364 and 1990 c 166 s 6 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1) The association has a lien on a unit for any unpaid assessments 34 levied against a unit from the time the assessment is due.
- 35 (2) A lien under this section shall be prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except: (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded

p. 175

SSB 5077.PL

- before the recording of the declaration; (b) a mortgage on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and (c) liens for real property taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit. A lien under this section is not subject to the provisions of chapter 6.13 RCW.
- (3) Except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the lien shall also be prior to the mortgages described in subsection (2)(b) of this section to the extent of assessments for common expenses, excluding any amounts for capital improvements, based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to RCW 64.34.360(1) which would have become due during the six months immediately preceding the date of a sheriff's sale in an action for judicial foreclosure by either the association or a mortgagee, the date of a trustee's sale in a nonjudicial foreclosure by a mortgagee, or the date of recording of the declaration of forfeiture in a proceeding by the vendor under a real estate contract.
- (4) The priority of the association's lien against units encumbered by a mortgage held by an eligible mortgagee or by a mortgagee which has given the association a written request for a notice of delinquent assessments shall be reduced by up to three months if and to the extent that the lien priority under subsection (3) of this section includes delinquencies which relate to a period after such holder becomes an eligible mortgagee or has given such notice and before the association gives the holder a written notice of the delinquency. This subsection does not affect the priority of mechanics' or ((materialmen's)) material suppliers' liens, or the priority of liens for other assessments made by the association.
- (5) If the association forecloses its lien under this section nonjudicially pursuant to chapter 61.24 RCW, as provided by subsection (9) of this section, the association shall not be entitled to the lien priority provided for under subsection (3) of this section.
- (6) Unless the declaration otherwise provides, if two or more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on the same real estate, those liens have equal priority.
- (7) Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of the lien for assessments. While no further recording of any claim of lien for assessment under this section shall be required to perfect the association's lien, the association may record a notice

of claim of lien for assessments under this section in the real property records of any county in which the condominium is located. Such recording shall not constitute the written notice of delinquency to a mortgagee referred to in subsection (2) of this section.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

- (8) A lien for unpaid assessments and the personal liability for payment of assessments is extinguished unless proceedings to enforce the lien or collect the debt are instituted within three years after the amount of the assessments sought to be recovered becomes due.
- (9) The lien arising under this section may be enforced judicially by the association or its authorized representative in the manner set forth in chapter 61.12 RCW. The lien arising under this section may be enforced nonjudicially in the manner set forth in chapter 61.24 RCW for nonjudicial foreclosure of deeds of trust if the declaration (a) contains a grant of the condominium in trust to a trustee qualified under RCW 61.24.010 to secure the obligations of the unit owners to the association for the payment of assessments, (b) contains a power of sale, (c) provides in its terms that the units are not used principally for agricultural or farming purposes, and (d) provides that the power of sale is operative in the case of a default in the obligation to pay assessments. The association or its authorized representative shall have the power, unless prohibited by the declaration, to purchase the unit at the foreclosure sale and to acquire, hold, lease, mortgage, or convey the same. Upon an express waiver in the complaint of any right to a deficiency judgment in a judicial foreclosure action, the period of redemption shall be eight months. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- (10) From the time of commencement of an action by the association to foreclose a lien for nonpayment of delinquent assessments against a unit that is not occupied by the owner thereof, the association shall be entitled to the appointment of a receiver to collect from the lessee thereof the rent for the unit as and when due. If the rental is not paid, the receiver may obtain possession of the unit, refurbish it for rental up to a reasonable standard for rental units in this type of condominium, rent the unit or permit its rental to others, and apply the rents first to the cost of the receivership and attorneys' fees thereof, then to the cost of refurbishing the unit, then to applicable charges, then to costs, fees, and charges of the foreclosure action, and then to the payment of the delinquent assessments. Only a receiver

- may take possession and collect rents under this subsection, and a receiver shall not be appointed less than ninety days after the delinquency. The exercise by the association of the foregoing rights shall not affect the priority of preexisting liens on the unit.
  - (11) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the holder of a mortgage or other purchaser of a unit who obtains the right of possession of the unit through foreclosure shall not be liable for assessments or installments thereof that became due prior to such right of possession. Such unpaid assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses collectible from all the unit owners, including such mortgagee or other purchaser of the unit. Foreclosure of a mortgage does not relieve the prior owner of personal liability for assessments accruing against the unit prior to the date of such sale as provided in this subsection.
  - (12) In addition to constituting a lien on the unit, each assessment shall be the joint and several obligation of the owner or owners of the unit to which the same are assessed as of the time the assessment is due. In a voluntary conveyance, the grantee of a unit shall be jointly and severally liable with the grantor for all unpaid assessments against the grantor up to the time of the grantor's conveyance, without prejudice to the grantee's right to recover from the grantor the amounts paid by the grantee therefor. Suit to recover a personal judgment for any delinquent assessment shall be maintainable in any court of competent jurisdiction without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing such sums.
  - (13) The association may from time to time establish reasonable late charges and a rate of interest to be charged on all subsequent delinquent assessments or installments thereof. In the absence of another established nonusurious rate, delinquent assessments shall bear interest from the date of delinquency at the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020 on the date on which the assessments became delinquent.
  - (14) The association shall be entitled to recover any costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the collection of delinquent assessments, whether or not such collection activities result in suit being commenced or prosecuted to judgment. In addition, the association shall be entitled to recover costs and reasonable

1 attorneys' fees if it prevails on appeal and in the enforcement of a judgment.

- (15) The association upon written request shall furnish to a unit owner or a mortgagee a statement signed by an officer or authorized agent of the association setting forth the amount of unpaid assessments against that unit. The statement shall be furnished within fifteen days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association, the board of directors, and every unit owner, unless and to the extent known by the recipient to be false.
- 10 (16) To the extent not inconsistent with this section, the 11 declaration may provide for such additional remedies for collection of 12 assessments as may be permitted by law.
- **Sec. 176.** RCW 66.20.120 and 1933 ex.s. c 62 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person in charge of an institution regularly conducted as a hospital or sanatorium for the care of persons in ill health, or as a home devoted exclusively to the care of aged people, may, if he or she holds a special permit under this title for that purpose, administer liquor purchased by him or her under his or her special permit to any patient or inmate of the institution who is in need of the same, either by way of external application or otherwise for medicinal purposes, and may charge for the liquor so administered; but no liquor shall be administered by any person under this section except to bona fide patients or inmates of the institution of which he or she is in charge and in cases of actual need and every person in charge of an institution who administers liquor in evasion or violation of this title shall be guilty of a violation of this title.

**Sec. 177.** RCW 67.08.080 and 1999 c 282 s 5 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

A boxing event held in this state may not be for more than ten rounds and no one round of any bout shall be scheduled for longer than three minutes and there shall be not less than one minute intermission between each round. In the event of bouts involving state, regional, national, or world championships, the department may grant an extension of no more than two additional rounds to allow total bouts of twelve rounds. A contestant in any boxing event under this chapter may not be

p. 179

SSB 5077.PL

permitted to wear gloves weighing less than eight ounces. The director 1 2 shall adopt rules to assure clean and ((sportsmanlike)) sporting conduct on the part of all contestants and officials, and the orderly 3 and proper conduct of the event in all respects, and to otherwise make 4 rules consistent with this chapter, but such rules shall apply only to 5 events held under the provisions of this chapter. The director may 6 7 adopt rules with respect to round and bout limitations and clean and ((sportsmanlike)) sporting conduct for kickboxing, martial arts, or 8 9 wrestling events.

- 10 **Sec. 178.** RCW 67.16.200 and 2007 c 100 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- 12 (1) A class 1 racing association licensed by the commission to 13 conduct a race meet may seek approval from the commission to conduct parimutuel wagering at a satellite location or locations within the 14 state of Washington. In order to participate in parimutuel wagering at 15 a satellite location or locations within the state of Washington, the 16 17 holder of a class 1 racing association license must have conducted at least one full live racing season. All class 1 racing associations 18 must hold a live race meet within each succeeding twelve-month period 19 20 to maintain eligibility to continue to participate in parimutuel 21 wagering at a satellite location or locations. The sale of parimutuel pools at satellite locations shall be conducted simultaneous to all 22 23 parimutuel wagering activity conducted at the licensee's live racing 24 facility in the state of Washington. The commission's authority to 25 approve satellite wagering at a particular location is subject to the 26 following limitations:
  - (a) The commission may approve only one satellite location in each county in the state; however, the commission may grant approval for more than one licensee to conduct wagering at each satellite location. A satellite location shall not be operated within twenty driving miles of any class 1 racing facility. For the purposes of this section, "driving miles" means miles measured by the most direct route as determined by the commission; and
- 34 (b) A licensee shall not conduct satellite wagering at any 35 satellite location within sixty driving miles of any other racing 36 facility conducting a live race meet.

27

28

29

3031

32

(2) Subject to local zoning and other land use ordinances, the commission shall be the sole judge of whether approval to conduct wagering at a satellite location shall be granted.

- (3) The licensee shall combine the parimutuel pools of the satellite location with those of the racing facility for the purpose of determining odds and computing payoffs. The amount wagered at the satellite location shall be combined with the amount wagered at the racing facility for the application of take out formulas and distribution as provided in RCW 67.16.102, 67.16.105, 67.16.170, and 67.16.175. A satellite extension of the licensee's racing facility shall be subject to the same application of the rules of racing as the licensee's racing facility.
- (4) Upon written application to the commission, a class 1 racing association may be authorized to transmit simulcasts of live horse races conducted at its racetrack to locations outside of the state of Washington approved by the commission and in accordance with the interstate horse racing act of 1978 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 3001 to 3007) or any other applicable laws. The commission may permit parimutuel pools on the simulcast races to be combined in a common pool. A racing association that transmits simulcasts of its races to locations outside this state shall pay at least fifty percent of the fee that it receives for sale of the simulcast signal to the horsemen's <u>or horsewomen's</u> purse account for its live races after first deducting the actual cost of sending the signal out of state.
- (5) Upon written application to the commission, a class 1 racing association may be authorized to transmit simulcasts of live horse races conducted at its racetrack to licensed racing associations located within the state of Washington and approved by the commission for the receipt of the simulcasts. The commission shall permit parimutual pools on the simulcast races to be combined in a common pool. The fee for in-state, track-to-track simulcasts shall be five and one-half percent of the gross parimutual receipts generated at the receiving location and payable to the sending racing association. A racing association that transmits simulcasts of its races to other licensed racing associations shall pay at least fifty percent of the fee that it receives for the simulcast signal to the horsemen's or horsewomen's purse account for its live race meet after first deducting the actual cost of sending the simulcast signal. A racing association

p. 181

SSB 5077.PL

- that receives races simulcast from class 1 racing associations within the state shall pay at least fifty percent of its share of the parimutuel receipts to the horsemen's <u>or horsewomen's</u> purse account for its live race meet after first deducting the purchase price and the actual direct costs of importing the race.
  - (6) A class 1 racing association may be allowed to import simulcasts of horse races from out-of-state racing facilities. With the prior approval of the commission, the class 1 racing association may participate in a multijurisdictional common pool and may change its commission and breakage rates to achieve a common rate with other participants in the common pool.
  - (a) The class 1 racing association shall make written application with the commission for permission to import simulcast horse races for the purpose of parimutuel wagering. Subject to the terms of this section, the commission is the sole authority in determining whether to grant approval for an imported simulcast race.
  - (b) When open for parimutuel wagering, a class 1 racing association which imports simulcast races shall also conduct simulcast parimutuel wagering within its licensed racing enclosure on all races simulcast from other class 1 racing associations within the state of Washington.
  - (c) On any imported simulcast race, the class 1 racing association shall pay fifty percent of its share of the parimutuel receipts to the horsemen's <u>or horsewomen's</u> purse account for its live race meet after first deducting the purchase price of the imported race and the actual costs of importing and offering the race.
  - (7) A licensed nonprofit racing association may be approved to import one simulcast race of regional or national interest on each live race day.
  - (8) For purposes of this section, a class 1 racing association is defined as a licensee approved by the commission to conduct during each twelve-month period at least forty days of live racing. If a live race day is canceled due to reasons directly attributable to acts of God, labor disruptions affecting live race days but not directly involving the licensee or its employees, or other circumstances that the commission decides are beyond the control of the class 1 racing association, then the canceled day counts toward the forty-day requirement. The commission may by rule increase the number of live

racing days required to maintain class 1 racing association status or make other rules necessary to implement this section.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

3637

- (9) This section does not establish a new form of gaming in Washington or allow expanded gaming within the state beyond what has been previously authorized. Simulcast wagering has been allowed in Washington before April 19, 1997. Therefore, this section does not allow gaming of any nature or scope that was prohibited before April 19, 1997. This section is necessary to protect the Washington equine breeding and racing industries, and in particular those sectors of these industries that are dependent upon live horse racing. purpose of this section is to protect these industries from adverse economic impacts and to promote fan attendance at class 1 racing facilities. Therefore, a licensed class 1 racing association may be approved to disseminate imported simulcast race card programs to satellite locations approved under this section, provided that the class 1 racing association has conducted at least forty live racing days with an average on-track handle on the live racing product of a minimum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars per day during the twelve months immediately preceding the application date. However, to promote the development of a new class 1 racing association facility and to meet the best interests of the Washington equine breeding and racing industries, the commission may by rule reduce the required minimum average on-track handle on the live racing product from one hundred fifty thousand dollars per day to thirty thousand dollars per day.
- (10) A licensee conducting simulcasting under this section shall place signs in the licensee's gambling establishment under RCW 9.46.071. The informational signs concerning problem and compulsive gambling must include a toll-free telephone number for problem and pathological gamblers and be developed under RCW 9.46.071.
- (11) Chapter 10, Laws of 2001 1st sp. sess. does not establish a new form of gaming in Washington or allow expanded gaming within the state beyond what has been previously authorized. Simulcast wagering has been allowed in Washington before August 23, 2001. Therefore, this section does not allow gaming of any nature or scope that was prohibited before August 23, 2001. Chapter 10, Laws of 2001 1st sp. sess. is necessary to protect the Washington equine breeding and racing industries, and in particular those sectors of these industries that are dependent upon live horse racing. The purpose of chapter 10, Laws

- 1 of 2001 1st sp. sess. is to protect these industries from adverse
- 2 economic impacts and to promote fan attendance at class 1 racing
- 3 facilities.

- **Sec. 179.** RCW 70.97.040 and 2005 c 504 s 406 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1)(a) Every person who is a resident of an enhanced services facility shall be entitled to all the rights set forth in this chapter, and chapters 71.05 and 70.96A RCW, and shall retain all rights not denied him or her under these chapters.
  - (b) No person shall be presumed incompetent as a consequence of receiving an evaluation or voluntary or involuntary treatment for a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, under this chapter, or chapter 71.05 or 70.96A RCW, or any prior laws of this state dealing with mental illness. Competency shall not be determined or withdrawn except under the provisions of chapter 10.77 or 11.88 RCW.
  - (c) At the time of his or her treatment planning meeting, every resident of an enhanced services facility shall be given a written statement setting forth the substance of this section. The department shall by rule develop a statement and process for informing residents of their rights in a manner that is likely to be understood by the resident.
  - (2) Every resident of an enhanced services facility shall have the right to adequate care and individualized treatment.
  - (3) The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed to deny to any person treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a church or religious denomination.
  - (4) Persons receiving evaluation or treatment under this chapter shall be given a reasonable choice of an available physician or other professional person qualified to provide such services.
  - (5) The physician-patient privilege or the psychologist-client privilege shall be deemed waived in proceedings under this chapter relating to the administration of antipsychotic medications. As to other proceedings under chapter 10.77, 70.96A, or 71.05 RCW, the privileges shall be waived when a court of competent jurisdiction in its discretion determines that such waiver is necessary to protect either the detained person or the public.

- 1 (6) Insofar as danger to the person or others is not created, each 2 resident of an enhanced services facility shall have, in addition to 3 other rights not specifically withheld by law, the following rights, a 4 list of which shall be prominently posted in all facilities, 5 institutions, and hospitals providing such services:
  - (a) To wear his or her own clothes and to keep and use his or her own personal possessions, except when deprivation of same is essential to protect the safety of the resident or other persons;
  - (b) To keep and be allowed to spend a reasonable sum of his or her own money for canteen expenses and small purchases;
- 11 (c) To have access to individual storage space for his or her 12 private use;
  - (d) To have visitors at reasonable times;

8

9

10

13

20

2122

23

2425

26

32

33

34

35

36

- 14 (e) To have reasonable access to a telephone, both to make and 15 receive confidential calls, consistent with an effective treatment 16 program;
- 17 (f) To have ready access to letter writing materials, including 18 stamps, and to send and receive uncensored correspondence through the 19 mails;
  - (g) Not to consent to the administration of antipsychotic medications beyond the hearing conducted pursuant to RCW 71.05.215 or 71.05.217, or the performance of electroconvulsant therapy, or surgery, except emergency life-saving surgery, unless ordered by a court under RCW 71.05.217;
  - (h) To discuss and actively participate in treatment plans and decisions with professional persons;
- 27 (i) Not to have psychosurgery performed on him or her under any 28 circumstances;
- (j) To dispose of property and sign contracts unless such person has been adjudicated an incompetent in a court proceeding directed to that particular issue; and
  - (k) To complain about rights violations or conditions and request the assistance of a mental health ((ombudsman)) ombuds or representative of Washington protection and advocacy. The facility may not prohibit or interfere with a resident's decision to consult with an advocate of his or her choice.
- 37 (7) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit a resident 38 from petitioning by writ of habeas corpus for release.

p. 185 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (8) Nothing in this section permits any person to knowingly violate 2 a no-contact order or a condition of an active judgment and sentence or 3 active supervision by the department of corrections.
- (9) A person has a right to refuse placement, except where subject to commitment, in an enhanced services facility. No person shall be denied other department services solely on the grounds that he or she has made such a refusal.
- 8 (10) A person has a right to appeal the decision of the department 9 that he or she is eligible for placement at an enhanced services 10 facility, and shall be given notice of the right to appeal in a format 11 that is accessible to the person with instructions regarding what to do 12 if the person wants to appeal.
- 13 **Sec. 180.** RCW 70.97.100 and 2005 c 504 s 412 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- 15 (1) The department shall establish licensing rules for enhanced 16 services facilities to serve the populations defined in this chapter.
  - (2) No person or public or private agency may operate or maintain an enhanced services facility without a license, which must be renewed annually.
  - (3) A licensee shall have the following readily accessible and available for review by the department, residents, families of residents, and the public:
    - (a) Its license to operate and a copy of the department's most recent inspection report and any recent complaint investigation reports issued by the department;
  - (b) Its written policies and procedures for all treatment, care, and services provided directly or indirectly by the facility; and
- (c) The department's toll-free complaint number, which shall also be posted in a clearly visible place and manner.
- 30 (4) Enhanced services facilities shall maintain a grievance 31 procedure that meets the requirements of rules established by the 32 department.
- 33 (5) No facility shall discriminate or retaliate in any manner 34 against a resident or employee because the resident, employee, or any 35 other person made a complaint or provided information to the 36 department, the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, Washington

18 19

20

21

22

2324

2526

- protection and advocacy system, or a mental health ((ombudsperson))
  ombuds.
- 3 (6) Each enhanced services facility will post in a prominent place 4 in a common area a notice by the Washington protection and advocacy 5 system providing contact information.
- 6 **Sec. 181.** RCW 70.128.150 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 27 are each 7 amended to read as follows:
- Whenever possible, adult family homes are encouraged to contact and work with local quality assurance projects such as the volunteer ((ombudsman)) ombuds with the goal of assuring high quality care is provided in the home.
- An adult family home may not willfully interfere with a representative of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program in the performance of official duties. The department shall impose a penalty of not more than one thousand dollars for any such willful interference.
- 17 **Sec. 182.** RCW 70.128.163 and 2009 c 560 s 6 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- 19 (1) When the department has summarily suspended a license, the 20 licensee may, subject to the department's approval, elect to 21 participate in a temporary management program. All provisions of this 22 section shall apply.
  - The purposes of a temporary management program are as follows:

- (a) To mitigate dislocation and transfer trauma of residents while the department and licensee may pursue dispute resolution or appeal of a summary suspension of license;
- 27 (b) To facilitate the continuity of safe and appropriate resident 28 care and services;
- 29 (c) To preserve a residential option that meets a specialized 30 service need and/or is in a geographical area that has a lack of 31 available providers; and
- 32 (d) To provide residents with the opportunity for orderly 33 discharge.
- 34 (2) Licensee participation in the temporary management program is 35 voluntary. The department shall have the discretion to approve any

- temporary manager and the temporary management arrangements. The temporary management shall assume the total responsibility for the daily operations of the home.
  - (3) The temporary management shall contract with the licensee as an independent contractor and is responsible for ensuring that all minimum licensing requirements are met. The temporary management shall protect the health, safety, and well-being of the residents for the duration of the temporary management and shall perform all acts reasonably necessary to ensure that residents' needs are met. The licensee is responsible for all costs related to administering the temporary management program and contracting with the temporary management. The temporary management agreement shall at a minimum address the following:
- 14 (a) Provision of liability insurance to protect residents and their property;
  - (b) Preservation of resident trust funds;
  - (c) The timely payment of past due or current accounts, operating expenses, including but not limited to staff compensation, and all debt that comes due during the period of the temporary management;
  - (d) The responsibilities for addressing all other financial obligations that would interfere with the ability of the temporary manager to provide adequate care and services to residents; and
  - (e) The authority of the temporary manager to manage the home, including the hiring, managing, and firing of employees for good cause, and to provide adequate care and services to residents.
  - (4) The licensee and department shall provide written notification immediately to all residents, legal representatives, interested family members, and the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program, of the temporary management and the reasons for it. This notification shall include notice that residents may move from the home without notifying the licensee in advance, and without incurring any charges, fees, or costs otherwise available for insufficient advance notice, during the temporary management period.
  - (5) The temporary management period under this section concludes twenty-eight days after issuance of the formal notification of enforcement action or conclusion of administrative proceedings, whichever date is later. Nothing in this section precludes the department from revoking its approval of the temporary management

- and/or exercising its licensing enforcement authority under this chapter. The department's decision whether to approve or to revoke a temporary management arrangement is not subject to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 5 (6) The department is authorized to adopt rules implementing this 6 section. In implementing this section, the department shall consult 7 with consumers, advocates, and organizations representing adult family 8 homes. The department may recruit and approve qualified, licensed 9 providers interested in serving as temporary managers.
- 10 **Sec. 183.** RCW 70.128.200 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 30 are each 11 amended to read as follows:

13

2425

26

2728

29

30

- (1) The department shall maintain a toll-free telephone number for receiving complaints regarding adult family homes.
- 14 (2) An adult family home shall post in a place and manner clearly 15 visible to residents and visitors the department's toll-free complaint 16 telephone number.
- 17 (3) No adult family home shall discriminate or retaliate in any manner against a resident on the basis or for the reason that such 18 resident or any other person made a complaint to the department or the 19 20 ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) ombuds long-term care or cooperated with the 21 investigation of such a complaint.
- 22 **Sec. 184.** RCW 70.129.030 and 1998 c 272 s 5 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
  - (1) The facility must inform the resident both orally and in writing in a language that the resident understands of his or her rights and all rules and regulations governing resident conduct and responsibilities during the stay in the facility. The notification must be made prior to or upon admission. Receipt of the information must be acknowledged in writing.
    - (2) The resident or his or her legal representative has the right:
- 31 (a) Upon an oral or written request, to access all records 32 pertaining to himself or herself including clinical records within 33 twenty-four hours; and
- 34 (b) After receipt of his or her records for inspection, to purchase 35 at a cost not to exceed the community standard photocopies of the

p. 189 SSB 5077.PL

records or portions of them upon request and two working days' advance notice to the facility.

- (3) The facility shall only admit or retain individuals whose needs it can safely and appropriately serve in the facility with appropriate available staff and through the provision of reasonable accommodations required by state or federal law. Except in cases of genuine emergency, the facility shall not admit an individual before obtaining a thorough assessment of the resident's needs and preferences. assessment shall contain, unless unavailable despite the best efforts of the facility, the resident applicant, and other interested parties, the following minimum information: Recent medical history; necessary and contraindicated medications; a licensed medical or other health professional's diagnosis, unless the individual objects for religious reasons; significant known behaviors or symptoms that may cause concern or require special care; mental illness, except where protected by confidentiality laws; level of personal care needs; activities and service preferences; and preferences regarding other issues important to the resident applicant, such as food and daily routine.
- (4) The facility must inform each resident in writing in a language the resident or his or her representative understands before admission, and at least once every twenty-four months thereafter of: Services, items, and activities customarily available in the facility or arranged for by the facility as permitted by the facility's license; (b) charges for those services, items, and activities including charges for services, items, and activities not covered by the facility's per diem rate or applicable public benefit programs; and (c) the rules of facility operations required under RCW 70.129.140(2). Each resident and his or her representative must be informed in writing in advance of changes in the availability or the charges for services, items, or activities, or of changes in the facility's rules. Except emergencies, thirty days' advance notice must be given prior to the change. However, for facilities licensed for six or fewer residents, if there has been a substantial and continuing change in the resident's condition necessitating substantially greater or lesser services, items, or activities, then the charges for those services, items, or activities may be changed upon fourteen days' advance written notice.
- (5) The facility must furnish a written description of residents rights that includes:

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

- 1 (a) A description of the manner of protecting personal funds, under 2 RCW 70.129.040;
  - (b) A posting of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the state survey and certification agency, the state licensure office, the state ((ombudsmen)) ombuds program, and the protection and advocacy systems; and
  - (c) A statement that the resident may file a complaint with the appropriate state licensing agency concerning alleged resident abuse, neglect, and misappropriation of resident property in the facility.
    - (6) Notification of changes.

4

5

6 7

8

9

24

34

- 11 (a) A facility must immediately consult with the resident's 12 physician, and if known, make reasonable efforts to notify the 13 resident's legal representative or an interested family member when 14 there is:
- 15 (i) An accident involving the resident which requires or has the potential for requiring physician intervention;
- (ii) A significant change in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial status (i.e., a deterioration in health, mental, or psychosocial status in either life-threatening conditions or clinical complications).
- 21 (b) The facility must promptly notify the resident or the 22 resident's representative shall make reasonable efforts to notify an 23 interested family member, if known, when there is:
  - (i) A change in room or roommate assignment; or
- 25 (ii) A decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the 26 facility.
- (c) The facility must record and update the address and phone number of the resident's representative or interested family member, upon receipt of notice from them.
- 30 **Sec. 185.** RCW 70.129.090 and 1994 c 214 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The resident has the right and the facility must not interfere 33 with access to any resident by the following:
  - (a) Any representative of the state;
  - (b) The resident's individual physician;
- 36 (c) The state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds as established 37 under chapter 43.190 RCW;

- 1 (d) The agency responsible for the protection and advocacy system
  2 for ((developmentally—disabled)) individuals with developmental
  3 disabilities as established under part C of the developmental
  4 disabilities assistance and bill of rights act;
  - (e) The agency responsible for the protection and advocacy system for ((mentally-ill)) individuals with mental illness as established under the protection and advocacy for mentally ill individuals act;
  - (f) Subject to reasonable restrictions to protect the rights of others and to the resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at any time, immediate family or other relatives of the resident and others who are visiting with the consent of the resident;
- 12 (g) The agency responsible for the protection and advocacy system 13 for individuals with disabilities as established under section 509 of 14 the rehabilitation act of 1973, as amended, who are not served under 15 the mandates of existing protection and advocacy systems created under 16 federal law.
- 17 (2) The facility must provide reasonable access to a resident by 18 his or her representative or an entity or individual that provides 19 health, social, legal, or other services to the resident, subject to 20 the resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at any time.
- 21 (3) The facility must allow representatives of the state ((ombudsman)) ombuds to examine a resident's clinical records with the permission of the resident or the resident's legal representative, and consistent with state and federal law.
- 25 **Sec. 186.** RCW 70.129.110 and 1997 c 392 s 205 are each amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) The facility must permit each resident to remain in the 28 facility, and not transfer or discharge the resident from the facility 29 unless:
- 30 (a) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's 31 welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met in the facility;
  - (b) The safety of individuals in the facility is endangered;
- 33 (c) The health of individuals in the facility would otherwise be endangered;
- 35 (d) The resident has failed to make the required payment for his or 36 her stay; or
- 37 (e) The facility ceases to operate.

6 7

8

10

11

(2) All long-term care facilities shall fully disclose to potential residents or their legal representative the service capabilities of the facility prior to admission to the facility. If the care needs of the applicant who is medicaid eligible are in excess of the facility's service capabilities, the department shall identify other care settings or residential care options consistent with federal law.

1 2

3

4

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19 20

21

24

25

2627

28

31

32

- (3) Before a long-term care facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must:
- (a) First attempt through reasonable accommodations to avoid the transfer or discharge, unless agreed to by the resident;
- (b) Notify the resident and representative and make a reasonable effort to notify, if known, an interested family member of the transfer or discharge and the reasons for the move in writing and in a language and manner they understand;
  - (c) Record the reasons in the resident's record; and
- 16 (d) Include in the notice the items described in subsection (5) of this section.
  - (4)(a) Except when specified in this subsection, the notice of transfer or discharge required under subsection (3) of this section must be made by the facility at least thirty days before the resident is transferred or discharged.
- 22 (b) Notice may be made as soon as practicable before transfer or 23 discharge when:
  - (i) The safety of individuals in the facility would be endangered;
  - (ii) The health of individuals in the facility would be endangered;
  - (iii) An immediate transfer or discharge is required by the resident's urgent medical needs; or
    - (iv) A resident has not resided in the facility for thirty days.
- 29 (5) The written notice specified in subsection (3) of this section 30 must include the following:
  - (a) The reason for transfer or discharge;
  - (b) The effective date of transfer or discharge;
- 33 (c) The location to which the resident is transferred or 34 discharged;
- 35 (d) The name, address, and telephone number of the state long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds;
- 37 (e) For residents with developmental disabilities, the mailing 38 address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the

p. 193 SSB 5077.PL

- protection and advocacy of ((developmentally-disabled)) individuals with developmental disabilities established under part C of the developmental disabilities assistance and bill of rights act; and
- 4 (f) For residents ((who are mentally ill)) with mental illness, the
  5 mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the
  6 protection and advocacy of ((mentally—ill)) individuals with mental
  7 illness established under the protection and advocacy for mentally ill
  8 individuals act.
- 9 (6) A facility must provide sufficient preparation and orientation 10 to residents to ensure safe and orderly transfer or discharge from the 11 facility.
- 12 (7) A resident discharged in violation of this section has the 13 right to be readmitted immediately upon the first availability of a 14 gender-appropriate bed in the facility.
- 15 **Sec. 187.** RCW 70.129.160 and 2012 c 10 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:
- 17 The long-term care ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) ombuds shall monitor implementation of this chapter and determine the degree to which 18 veterans' homes, nursing facilities, adult family homes, and assisted 19 20 living facilities ensure that residents are able to exercise their 21 The long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall consult with the departments of health and social and health services, long-term care 22 23 facility organizations, resident groups, senior citizen organizations, and organizations concerning individuals with disabilities. 24
- 25 **Sec. 188.** RCW 70.129.170 and 1994 c 214 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature intends that long-term care facility or nursing 27 home residents, their family members or guardians, the long-term care 28 29 ((ombudsman)) ombuds, protection and advocacy personnel identified in 30 RCW 70.129.110( $(\frac{4}{1})$ ) (6) and (f), and others who may seek to assist long-term care facility or nursing home residents, use the least 31 formal means available to satisfactorily resolve disputes that may 32 arise regarding the rights conferred by the provisions of this chapter 33 34 ((70.129 RCW)) and RCW 18.20.180, 18.51.009, 72.36.037, and 70.128.125. 35 Wherever feasible, direct discussion with facility personnel or 36 administrators should be employed. Failing that, and where feasible,

recourse may be sought through state or federal long-term care or 1 2 nursing home licensing or other regulatory authorities. However, the procedures suggested in this section are cumulative and shall not 3 restrict an agency or person from seeking a remedy provided by law or 4 5 from obtaining additional relief based on the same facts, including any remedy available to an individual at common law. Chapter 214, Laws of 6 7 1994 is not intended to, and shall not be construed to, create any right of action on the part of any individual beyond those in existence 8 under any common law or statutory doctrine. Chapter 214, Laws of 1994 9 10 is not intended to, and shall not be construed to, operate in derogation of any right of action on the part of any individual in 11 12 existence on June 9, 1994.

13 **Sec. 189.** RCW 71.24.350 and 2005 c 504 s 803 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

2425

26

27

2829

The department shall require each regional support network to provide for a separately funded mental health ((ombudsman)) ombuds office in each regional support network that is independent of the regional support network. The ((ombudsman)) ombuds office shall maximize the use of consumer advocates.

- 20 **Sec. 190.** RCW 73.16.061 and 2001 c 133 s 10 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
  - (1) In case any employer, his or her successor or successors fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of RCW 73.16.031 through 73.16.061 and 73.16.090, the attorney general shall bring action in the superior court in the county in which the employer is located or does business to obtain an order to specifically require such employer to comply with the provisions of this chapter, and, as an incident thereto, to compensate such person for any loss of wages or benefits suffered by reason of such employer's unlawful act if:
- 30 (a) The service in question was state duty not covered by the 31 uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act of 1994, P.L. 32 103-353 (38 U.S.C. Sec. 4301 et seq.); and
- 33 (b) The employer support for guard and reserve ((ombudsman))
  34 ombuds, or his or her designee, has inquired in the matter and has been
  35 unable to resolve it.

1 (2) If the conditions in subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section 2 are met, any such person who does not desire the services of the 3 attorney general may, by private counsel, bring such action.

Sec. 191. RCW 73.20.010 and 1945 c 271 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to the acknowledgment of instruments and the performance of other notarial acts in the manner and form and as otherwise authorized by law, instruments may be acknowledged, documents attested, oaths and affirmations administered, depositions and affidavits executed, and other notarial acts performed, before or by any commissioned officer in active service of the armed forces of the United States with the rank of second lieutenant or higher in the army or marine corps, or with the rank of ensign or higher in the navy or coast guard, or with equivalent rank in any other component part of the armed forces of the United States, by any person who either:

- (1) <u>I</u>s a member of the armed forces of the United States(( )) or
- (2) <u>Is serving</u> as a merchant seaman <u>or seawoman</u> outside the limits of the United States included within the forty-eight states and the District of Columbia; or
- (3) <u>Is outside</u> said limits by permission, assignment, or direction of any department or official of the United States government, in connection with any activity pertaining to the prosecution of any war in which the United States is then engaged.

Such acknowledgment of instruments, attestation of documents, administration of oaths and affirmations, execution of depositions and affidavits, and performance of other notarial acts, heretofore or hereafter made or taken, are hereby declared legal, valid, and binding, and instruments and documents so acknowledged, authenticated, or sworn to shall be admissible in evidence and eligible to record in this state under the same circumstances, and with the same force and effect as if such acknowledgment, attestation, oath, affirmation, deposition, affidavit, or other notarial act, had been made or taken within this state before or by a duly qualified officer or official as otherwise provided by law.

In the taking of acknowledgments and the performing of other notarial acts requiring certification, a certificate endorsed upon or attached to the instrument or documents, which shows the date of the

notarial act and which states, in substance, that the person appearing before the officer acknowledged the instrument as his <u>or her</u> act or made or signed the instrument or document under oath, shall be sufficient for all intents and purposes. The instrument or document shall not be rendered invalid by the failure to state the place of execution or acknowledgment.

If the signature, rank, and branch of service or subdivision thereof, of any such commissioned officer appear upon such instrument or document or certificate, no further proof of the authority of such officer so to act shall be required and such action by such commissioned officer shall be prima facie evidence that the person making such oath or acknowledgment is within the purview of this section.

**Sec. 192.** RCW 74.04.011 and 1979 c 141 s 295 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary of social and health services shall be the administrative head and appointing authority of the department of social and health services and he or she shall have the power to and shall employ such assistants and personnel as may be necessary for the general administration of the department: PROVIDED, That such employment is in accordance with the rules and regulations of the state merit system. The secretary shall through and by means of his or her assistants and personnel exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be prescribed by the public assistance laws of this state.

The authority vested in the secretary as appointing authority may be delegated by the secretary or his <u>or her</u> designee to any suitable employee of the department.

- **Sec. 193.** RCW 74.04.014 and 2012 c 253 s 4 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
  - (1) In carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the office of fraud and accountability shall have prompt access to all individuals, records, electronic data, reports, audits, reviews, documents, and other materials available to the department of revenue, department of labor and industries, department of early learning, employment security department, department of licensing, and any other government entity

p. 197

SSB 5077.PL

- that can be used to help facilitate investigations of fraud or abuse as determined necessary by the director of the office of fraud and accountability.
  - (2) The investigator shall have access to all original child care records maintained by licensed and unlicensed child care providers with the consent of the provider or with a court order or valid search warrant.
  - (3) Information gathered by the department, the office, or the fraud ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall be safeguarded and remain confidential as required by applicable state or federal law. Whenever information or assistance requested under subsection (1) or (2) of this section is, in the judgment of the director, unreasonably refused or not provided, the director of the office of fraud and accountability must report the circumstances to the secretary immediately.
- 15 **Sec. 194.** RCW 74.04.080 and 1979 c 141 s 300 are each amended to read as follows:

The county administrator shall have the power to, and shall, employ such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title, which employment shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations of the state merit system, and in accordance with personnel and administrative standards established by the department. The county administrator before qualifying shall furnish a surety bond in such amount as may be fixed by the secretary, but not less than five thousand dollars, conditioned that the administrator will faithfully account for all money and property that may come into his or her possession or control. The cost of such bond shall be an administrative expense and shall be paid by the department.

28 **Sec. 195.** RCW 74.04.350 and 1959 c 26 s 74.04.350 are each amended 29 to read as follows:

Federal surplus commodities shall not be deemed or construed to be public assistance and care or a substitute, in whole or in part, therefor; and the receipt of such commodities by eligible families and individuals shall not subject them, their legally responsible relatives, their property, or their estates to any demand, claim, or liability on account thereof. A person's need or eligibility for

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

2526

public assistance or care shall not be affected by his <u>or her</u> receipt of federal surplus commodities.

**Sec. 196.** RCW 74.04.385 and 1979 c 141 s 314 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any recipient of federal or other surplus commodities received under RCW 74.04.380 to sell, transfer, barter, or otherwise dispose of such commodities to any other person. It shall be unlawful for any person to receive, possess, or use any surplus commodities received under RCW 74.04.380 unless he or she has been certified as eligible to receive, possess, and use such commodities by the state department of social and health services.

Violation of the provisions of RCW 74.04.380 or this section shall constitute a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or both.

**Sec. 197.** RCW 74.04.480 and 1979 c 141 s 321 are each amended to read as follows:

The state department of social and health services is hereby authorized to promulgate rules and regulations governing the granting to any employee of the department, other than a provisional employee, a leave of absence for educational purposes to attend an institution of learning for the purpose of improving his <u>or her</u> skill, knowledge, and technique in the administration of social welfare programs which will benefit the department.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the department, employees of the department who are engaged in the administration of public welfare programs may (1) attend courses of training provided by institutions of higher learning; (2) attend special courses of study or seminars of short duration conducted by experts on a temporary basis for the purpose; (3) accept fellowships or traineeships at institutions of higher learning with such stipends as are permitted by regulations of the federal government.

The department of social and health services is hereby authorized to accept any funds from the federal government or any other public or private agency made available for training purposes for public

- 1 assistance personnel and to conform with such requirements as are
- 2 necessary in order to receive such funds.
- 3 **Sec. 198.** RCW 74.08.050 and 1971 ex.s. c 169 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- 5 Application for a grant in any category of public assistance shall 6 be made to the county office by the applicant or by another on his or
- 7 <u>her</u> behalf, and shall be reduced to writing upon standard forms
- 8 prescribed by the department, and a written acknowledgment of receipt
- 9 of the application by the department shall be given to each applicant
- 10 at the time of making application.
- 11 **Sec. 199.** RCW 74.08.280 and 1987 c 406 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- 13 If any person receiving public assistance has demonstrated an
- 14 inability to care for oneself or for money, the department may direct
- 15 the payment of the installments of public assistance to any responsible
- 16 person, social service agency, or corporation or to a legally appointed
- 17 guardian for his <u>or her</u> benefit. The state may contract with persons,
- 18 social service agencies, or corporations approved by the department to
- 19 provide protective payee services for a fixed amount per recipient
- 20 receiving protective payee services to cover administrative costs. The
- 21 department may by rule specify a fee to cover administrative costs.
- 22 Such fee shall not be withheld from a recipient's grant.
- 23 If the state requires the appointment of a guardian for this
- 24 purpose, the department shall pay all costs and reasonable fees as
- 25 fixed by the court.
- 26 Sec. 200. RCW 74.08.340 and 1997 c 58 s 102 are each amended to
- 27 read as follows:
- 28 All assistance granted under this title shall be deemed to be
- 29 granted and to be held subject to the provisions of any amending or
- 30 repealing act that may hereafter be enacted, and no recipient shall
- 31 have any claim for compensation, or otherwise, by reason of his or her
- 32 assistance being affected in any way by such amending or repealing act.
- 33 There is no legal entitlement to public assistance.

- 1 **Sec. 201.** RCW 74.08.370 and 1973 c 106 s 33 are each amended to read as follows:
  - All old age assistance grants under this title shall be a charge against and payable out of the general fund of the state. Payment thereof shall be by warrant drawn upon vouchers duly prepared and verified by the secretary of the department of social and health services or his or her official representative.
- 8 **Sec. 202.** RCW 74.09.210 and 2012 c 241 s 102 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- (1) No person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, agency, institution, or other legal entity, but not including an individual public assistance recipient of health care, shall, on behalf of himself or herself or others, obtain or attempt to obtain benefits or payments under this chapter in a greater amount than that to which entitled by means of:
  - (a) A willful false statement;

4

6 7

16

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- 17 (b) By willful misrepresentation, or by concealment of any material facts; or
- 19 (c) By other fraudulent scheme or device, including, but not 20 limited to:
- 21 (i) Billing for services, drugs, supplies, or equipment that were 22 unfurnished, of lower quality, or a substitution or misrepresentation 23 of items billed; or
  - (ii) Repeated billing for purportedly covered items, which were not in fact so covered.
  - (2) Any person or entity knowingly violating any of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall be liable for repayment of any excess benefits or payments received, plus interest at the rate and in the manner provided in RCW 43.20B.695. Such person or other entity shall further, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, be subject to civil penalties. The director or the attorney general may assess civil penalties in an amount not to exceed three times the amount of such excess benefits or payments: PROVIDED, That these civil penalties shall not apply to any acts or omissions occurring prior to September 1, 1979. RCW 43.20A.215 governs notice of a civil fine assessed by the director and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding.

- 1 (3) A criminal action need not be brought against a person for that 2 person to be civilly liable under this section.
  - (4) In all administrative proceedings under this section, service, adjudicative proceedings, and judicial review of such determinations shall be in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act.
  - (5) Civil penalties shall be deposited upon their receipt into the medicaid fraud penalty account established in RCW 74.09.215.
- 9 (6) The attorney general may contract with private attorneys and local governments in bringing actions under this section as necessary.
- 11 **Sec. 203.** RCW 74.09.230 and 1979 ex.s. c 152 s 4 are each amended 12 to read as follows:

Any person, including any corporation, that

- (1) knowingly makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact in any application for any payment under any medical care program authorized under this chapter, or
- (2) at any time knowingly makes or causes to be made any false statement or representation of a material fact for use in determining rights to such payment, or knowingly falsifies, conceals, or covers up by any trick, scheme, or device a material fact in connection with such application or payment, or
- (3) having knowledge of the occurrence of any event affecting (a) the initial or continued right to any payment, or (b) the initial or continued right to any such payment of any other individual in whose behalf he or she has applied for or is receiving such payment, conceals or fails to disclose such event with an intent fraudulently to secure such payment either in a greater amount or quantity than is due or when no such payment is authorized,
- shall be guilty of a class C felony: PROVIDED, That the fine, if imposed, shall not be in an amount more than twenty-five thousand dollars, except as authorized by RCW 9A.20.030.
- 32 **Sec. 204.** RCW 74.12.010 and 1999 c 120 s 1 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- For the purposes of the administration of temporary assistance for needy families, the term "dependent child" means any child in need under the age of eighteen years who is living with a relative as

3

4 5

6 7

8

13

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

specified under federal temporary assistance for needy families program 1 2 requirements, in a place of residence maintained by one or more of such relatives as his or her or their homes. The term a "dependent child" 3 shall, notwithstanding the foregoing, also include a child who would 4 5 meet such requirements except for his or her removal from the home of a relative specified above as a result of a judicial determination that 6 7 continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child, for whose placement and care the state department of social and health 8 services or the county office is responsible, and who has been placed 9 10 in a licensed or approved child care institution or foster home as a result of such determination and who: (1) Was receiving an aid to 11 12 families with dependent children grant for the month in which court 13 proceedings leading to such determination were initiated; or (2) would 14 have received aid to families with dependent children for such month if application had been made therefor; or (3) in the case of a child who 15 had been living with a specified relative within six months prior to 16 17 the month in which such proceedings were initiated, would have received aid to families with dependent children for such month if in such month 18 he or she had been living with such a relative and application had been 19 20 made therefor, as authorized by the social security act.

"Temporary assistance for needy families" means money payments, services, and remedial care with respect to a dependent child or dependent children and the needy parent or relative with whom the child lives.

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

**Sec. 205.** RCW 74.12.250 and 1997 c 58 s 506 are each amended to read as follows:

If the department, after investigation, finds that any applicant for assistance under this chapter or any recipient of funds under this chapter would not use, or is not utilizing, the grant adequately for the needs of his or her child or children or would dissipate the grant or is dissipating such grant, or would be or is unable to manage adequately the funds paid on behalf of said child and that to provide or continue payments to the applicant or recipient would be contrary to the welfare of the child, the department may make such payments to another individual who is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such child and relative: PROVIDED, That the department shall provide such counseling and other services as are available and

necessary to develop greater ability on the part of the relative to 1 2 manage funds in such manner as to protect the welfare of the family. Periodic review of each case shall be made by the department to 3 determine if said relative is able to resume management of the 4 5 assistance grant. If after a reasonable period of time the payments to the relative cannot be resumed, the department may request the attorney 6 7 general to file a petition in the superior court for the appointment of a guardian for the child or children. Such petition shall set forth 8 the facts warranting such appointment. Notice of the hearing on such 9 petition shall be served upon the recipient and the department not less 10 than ten days before the date set for such hearing. Such petition may 11 be filed with the clerk of superior court and all process issued and 12 served without payment of costs. If upon the hearing of such petition 13 the court is satisfied that it is for the best interest of the child or 14 children, and all parties concerned, that a guardian be appointed, he 15 or she shall order the appointment, and may require the guardian to 16 17 render to the court a detailed itemized account of expenditures of such assistance payments at such time as the court may deem advisable. 18

It is the intention of this section that the guardianship herein provided for shall be a special and limited guardianship solely for the purpose of safeguarding the assistance grants made to dependent children. Such guardianship shall terminate upon the termination of such assistance grant, or sooner on order of the court, upon good cause shown.

- Sec. 206. RCW 74.13.333 and 2009 c 520 s 82 and 2009 c 491 s 11 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) A foster parent who believes that a department or supervising agency employee has retaliated against the foster parent or in any other manner discriminated against the foster parent because:
- (a) The foster parent made a complaint with the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, the department, or the supervising agency, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint;
- 35 (b) The foster parent has caused to be instituted any proceedings 36 under or related to Title 13 RCW;

19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

- 1 (c) The foster parent has testified or is about to testify in any 2 proceedings under or related to Title 13 RCW;
- 3 (d) The foster parent has advocated for services on behalf of the 4 foster child;

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

- (e) The foster parent has sought to adopt a foster child in the foster parent's care; or
  - (f) The foster parent has discussed or consulted with anyone concerning the foster parent's rights under this chapter or chapter 74.15 or 13.34 RCW, may file a complaint with the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
- (2) The ((ombudsman)) ombuds may investigate the allegations of retaliation. The ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall have access to all relevant information and resources held by or within the department by which to conduct the investigation. Upon the conclusion of its investigation, the ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall provide its findings in written form to the department.
- (3) The department shall notify the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds in writing, within thirty days of receiving the ((ombudsman's)) ombuds's findings, of any personnel action taken or to be taken with regard to the department employee.
- (4) The office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall also include its recommendations regarding complaints filed under this section in its annual report pursuant to RCW 43.06A.030. The office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall identify trends which may indicate a need to improve relations between the department or supervising agency and foster parents.
- 27 **Sec. 207.** RCW 74.13.334 and 2009 c 520 s 83 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- The department and supervising agency shall develop procedures for responding to recommendations of the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds as a result of any and all complaints filed by foster parents under RCW 74.13.333.
- 33 **Sec. 208.** RCW 74.13.368 and 2012 c 205 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1)(a) The child welfare transformation design committee is 36 established, with members as provided in this subsection.

p. 205 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (i) The governor or the governor's designee;
- (ii) Four private agencies that, as of May 18, 2009, provide child welfare services to children and families referred to them by the department. Two agencies must be headquartered in western Washington and two must be headquartered in eastern Washington. Two agencies must have an annual budget of at least one million state-contracted dollars and two must have an annual budget of less than one million state-contracted dollars;
- 9 (iii) The assistant secretary of the children's administration in the department;
  - (iv) Two regional administrators in the children's administration selected by the assistant secretary, one from one of the department's administrative regions one or two, and one from one of the department's administrative regions three, four, five, or six;
- 15 (v) The administrator for the division of licensed resources in the children's administration;
- 17 (vi) Two nationally recognized experts in performance-based 18 contracts;
- 19 (vii) The attorney general or the attorney general's designee;
- (viii) A representative of the collective bargaining unit that represents the largest number of employees in the children's administration;
- 23 (ix) A representative from the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds;
- 25 (x) Four representatives from the Indian policy advisory committee 26 convened by the department's office of Indian policy and support 27 services;
- 28 (xi) Two currently elected or former superior court judges with 29 significant experience in dependency matters, selected by the superior 30 court judges' association;
- 31 (xii) One representative from partners for our children affiliated 32 with the University of Washington school of social work;
- 33 (xiii) A member of the Washington state racial disproportionality 34 advisory committee;
- 35 (xiv) A foster parent;
- 36 (xv) A youth currently in or a recent alumnus of the Washington 37 state foster care system, to be designated by the cochairs of the 38 committee; and

12

13

- 1 (xvi) A parent representative who has had personal experience with 2 the dependency system.
  - (b) The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives shall jointly appoint the members under (a)(ii), (xiv), and (xvi) of this subsection.
- 6 (c) The representative from partners for our children shall convene 7 the initial meeting of the committee no later than June 15, 2009.
  - (d) The cochairs of the committee shall be the assistant secretary for the children's administration and another member selected by a majority vote of those members present at the initial meeting.
  - (2) The committee shall establish a transition plan containing recommendations to the legislature and the governor consistent with this section for the provision of child welfare services by supervising agencies pursuant to RCW 74.13.360.
    - (3) The plan shall include the following:
- 16 (a) A model or framework for performance-based contracts to be used 17 by the department that clearly defines:
  - (i) The target population;

4 5

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

18

19

24

25

2627

- (ii) The referral and exit criteria for the services;
- 20 (iii) The child welfare services including the use of evidence-21 based services and practices to be provided by contractors;
- (iv) The roles and responsibilities of public and private agency workers in key case decisions;
  - (v) Contract performance and outcomes, including those related to eliminating racial disparities in child outcomes;
  - (vi) That supervising agencies will provide culturally competent service;
- (vii) How to measure whether each contractor has met the goals listed in RCW 74.13.360(4); and
  - (viii) Incentives to meet performance outcomes;
- 31 (b) A method or methods by which clients will access community-32 based services, how private supervising agencies will engage other 33 services or form local service networks, develop subcontracts, and 34 share information and supervision of children;
- 35 (c) Methods to address the effects of racial disproportionality, as 36 identified in the 2008 Racial Disproportionality Advisory Committee 37 Report published by the Washington state institute for public policy in 38 June 2008;

- (d) Methods for inclusion of the principles and requirements of the centennial accord executed in November 2001, executed between the state of Washington and federally recognized tribes in Washington state;
  - (e) Methods for assuring performance-based contracts adhere to the letter and intent of the federal Indian child welfare act;
  - (f) Contract monitoring and evaluation procedures that will ensure that children and families are receiving timely and quality services and that contract terms are being implemented;
  - (g) A method or methods by which to ensure that the children's administration has sufficiently trained and experienced staff to monitor and manage performance-based contracts;
  - (h) A process by which to expand the capacity of supervising and other private agencies to meet the service needs of children and families in a performance-based contractual arrangement;
  - (i) A method or methods by which supervising and other private agencies can expand services in underserved areas of the state;
  - (j) The appropriate amounts and procedures for the reimbursement of supervising agencies given the proposed services restructuring;
  - (k) A method by which to access and enhance existing data systems to include contract performance information;
    - (1) A financing arrangement for the contracts that examines:
  - (i) The use of case rates or performance-based fee-for-service contracts that include incentive payments or payment schedules that link reimbursement to outcomes; and
  - (ii) Ways to reduce a contractor's financial risk that could jeopardize the solvency of the contractor, including consideration of the use of a risk-reward corridor that limits risk of loss and potential profits or the establishment of a statewide risk pool;
  - (m) A description of how the transition will impact the state's ability to obtain federal funding and examine options to further maximize federal funding opportunities and increased flexibility;
  - (n) A review of whether current administrative staffing levels in the regions should be continued when the majority of child welfare services are being provided by supervising agencies;
- (o) A description of the costs of the transition, the initial start-up costs and the mechanisms to periodically assess the overall adequacy of funds and the fiscal impact of the changes, and the

feasibility of the plan and the impact of the plan on department employees during the transition; and

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

- (p) Identification of any statutory and regulatory revisions necessary to accomplish the transition.
- (4)(a) The committee, with the assistance of the department, shall select two demonstration sites within which to implement chapter 520, Laws of 2009. One site must be located on the eastern side of the state. The other site must be located on the western side of the state. Neither site must be wholly located in any of the department's administrative regions.
- (b) The committee shall develop two sets of performance outcomes to be included in the performance-based contracts the department enters into with supervising agencies. The first set of outcomes shall be used for those cases transferred to a supervising agency over time. The second set of outcomes shall be used for new entrants to the child welfare system.
- (c) The committee shall also identify methods for ensuring that comparison of performance between supervising agencies and the existing service delivery system takes into account the variation in the characteristics of the populations being served as well as historical trends in outcomes for those populations.
- (5) The committee shall determine the appropriate size of the child and family populations to be provided services under performance-based contracts with supervising agencies. The committee shall also identify the time frame within which cases will be transferred to supervising performance-based contracts entered agencies. The into with supervising agencies shall encompass the provision of child welfare services to enough children and families in each demonstration site to allow for the assessment of whether there are meaningful differences, to be defined by the committee, between the outcomes achieved in the demonstration sites and the comparison sites or populations. To ensure adequate statistical power to assess these differences, the populations served shall be large enough to provide a probability greater than seventy percent that meaningful difference will be detected and a ninety-five percent probability that observed differences are not due to chance alone.
  - (6) The committee shall also prepare as part of the plan a

- recommendation as to how to implement chapter 520, Laws of 2009 so that full implementation of chapter 520, Laws of 2009 is achieved no later than December 30, 2015.
  - (7) The committee shall prepare the plan to manage the delivery of child welfare services in a manner that achieves coordination of the services and programs that deliver primary prevention services.
  - (8) Beginning June 30, 2009, the committee shall report quarterly to the governor and the legislative children's oversight committee established in RCW 44.04.220. From June 30, 2012, until December 30, 2015, the committee need only report twice a year. The committee shall report on its progress in meeting its duties under subsections (2) and (3) of this section and on any other matters the committee or the legislative children's oversight committee or the governor deems appropriate. The portion of the plan required in subsection (6) of this section shall be due to the legislative children's oversight committee on or before June 1, 2010. The reports shall be in written form.
  - (9) The committee, by majority vote, may establish advisory committees as it deems necessary.
    - (10) All state executive branch agencies and the agencies with whom the department contracts for child welfare services shall cooperate with the committee and provide timely information as the chair or cochairs may request. Cooperation by the children's administration must include developing and scheduling training for supervising agencies to access data and information necessary to implement and monitor the contracts.
  - (11) It is expected that the administrative costs for the committee will be supported through private funds.
- 29 (12) The committee is subject to chapters 42.30 (open public 30 meetings act) and 42.52 (ethics in public service) RCW.
- 31 (13) This section expires July 1, 2016.
- **Sec. 209.** RCW 74.13.640 and 2011 c 61 s 2 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 (1)(a) The department shall conduct a child fatality review in the 35 event of a fatality suspected to be caused by child abuse or neglect of 36 any minor who is in the care of the department or a supervising agency

or receiving services described in this chapter or who has been in the care of the department or a supervising agency or received services described in this chapter within one year preceding the minor's death.

1 2

- (b) The department shall consult with the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds to determine if a child fatality review should be conducted in any case in which it cannot be determined whether the child's death is the result of suspected child abuse or neglect.
- (c) The department shall ensure that the fatality review team is made up of individuals who had no previous involvement in the case, including individuals whose professional expertise is pertinent to the dynamics of the case.
- (d) Upon conclusion of a child fatality review required pursuant to this section, the department shall within one hundred eighty days following the fatality issue a report on the results of the review, unless an extension has been granted by the governor. Reports must be distributed to the appropriate committees of the legislature, and the department shall create a public web site where all child fatality review reports required under this section must be posted and maintained. A child fatality review report completed pursuant to this section is subject to public disclosure and must be posted on the public web site, except that confidential information may be redacted by the department consistent with the requirements of RCW 13.50.100, 68.50.105, 74.13.500 through 74.13.525, chapter 42.56 RCW, and other applicable state and federal laws.
- (e) The department shall develop and implement procedures to carry out the requirements of this section.
- (2) In the event of a near fatality of a child who is in the care of or receiving services described in this chapter from the department or a supervising agency or who has been in the care of or received services described in this chapter from the department or a supervising agency within one year preceding the near fatality, the department shall promptly notify the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds. The department may conduct a review of the near fatality at its discretion or at the request of the office of the family and children's ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
- (3) In any review of a child fatality or near fatality in which the child was placed with or received services from a supervising agency

p. 211 SSB 5077.PL

pursuant to a contract with the department, the department and the fatality review team shall have access to all records and files regarding the child or otherwise relevant to the review that have been produced or retained by the supervising agency.

- (4)(a) A child fatality or near fatality review completed pursuant to this section is subject to discovery in a civil or administrative proceeding, but may not be admitted into evidence or otherwise used in a civil or administrative proceeding except pursuant to this section.
- (b) A department employee responsible for conducting a child fatality or near fatality review, or member of a child fatality or near fatality review team, may not be examined in a civil or administrative proceeding regarding (i) the work of the child fatality or near fatality review team, (ii) the incident under review, (iii) his or her statements, deliberations, thoughts, analyses, or impressions relating to the work of the child fatality or near fatality review team or the incident under review, or (iv) the statements, deliberations, thoughts, analyses, or impressions of any other member of the child fatality or near fatality review team, or any person who provided information to the child fatality or near fatality review team, relating to the work of the child fatality or near fatality review team or the incident under review.
- (c) Documents prepared by or for a child fatality or near fatality review team are inadmissible and may not be used in a civil or administrative proceeding, except that any document that exists before its use or consideration in a child fatality or near fatality review, or that is created independently of such review, does not become inadmissible merely because it is reviewed or used by a child fatality or near fatality review team. A person is not unavailable as a witness merely because the person has been interviewed by or has provided a statement for a child fatality or near fatality review, but if called as a witness, a person may not be examined regarding the person's interactions with the child fatality or near fatality review including, without limitation, whether the person was interviewed during such review, the questions that were asked during such review, and the answers that the person provided during such review. This section may not be construed as restricting the person from testifying fully in any proceeding regarding his or her knowledge of the incident under review.

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

(d) The restrictions set forth in this section do not apply in a licensing or disciplinary proceeding arising from an agency's effort to revoke or suspend the license of any licensed professional based in whole or in part upon allegations of wrongdoing in connection with a minor's death or near fatality reviewed by a child fatality or near fatality review team.

1 2

3

4 5

6

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

7 **Sec. 210.** RCW 74.13A.025 and 1996 c 130 s 1 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

The factors to be considered by the secretary in setting the amount of any payment or payments to be made pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080 and in adjusting standards hereunder shall include: The size of the family including the adoptive child, the usual living expenses of the family, the special needs of any family member including education needs, the family income, the family resources and plan for savings, the medical and hospitalization needs of the family, the family's means of purchasing or otherwise receiving such care, and any other expenses likely to be needed by the child to be adopted. In setting the amount of any initial payment made pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100))74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080, the secretary authorized to establish maximum payment amounts that are reasonable and allow permanency planning goals related to adoption of children under RCW 13.34.145 to be achieved at the earliest possible date.

The amounts paid for the support of a child pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080 may vary from family to family and from year to year. Due to changes in economic circumstances or the needs of the child such payments may be discontinued and later resumed.

Payments under RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080 may be continued by the secretary subject to review as provided for herein, if such parent or parents having such child in their custody establish their residence in another state or a foreign jurisdiction.

In fixing the standards to govern the amount and character of payments to be made for the support of adopted children pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080 and before issuing rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of

p. 213 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145))
- 2 74.13A.080, the secretary shall consider the comments and
- 3 recommendations of the committee designated by the secretary to advise
- 4 him or her with respect to child welfare.
- 5 **Sec. 211.** RCW 74.13A.040 and 2009 c 527 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 (1) Any parent who is a party to an agreement under RCW 8 ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080 may at any time, in writing, request, for reasons set forth in such request, a 9 review of the amount of any payment or the level of continuing 10 11 payments. The review shall begin not later than thirty days from the 12 receipt of such request. Any adjustment may be made retroactive to the date such request was received by the secretary. If such request is 13 not acted on within thirty days after it has been received by the 14 15 secretary, such parent may invoke his or her rights under the hearing 16 provisions set forth in RCW ((74.13.127)) 74.13A.055.
- 17 (2) The secretary may make adjustments in payments at the time of the review, or at other times, if the secretary finds that 18 circumstances have changed and warrant an adjustment in payments. 19 20 Changes in circumstances may include, but are not limited to, 21 variations in medical opinions, prognosis, and costs. Appropriate 22 adjustments in payments shall be made based upon changes in the needs 23 of the child and/or changes in the adoptive parents' income, resources, 24 and expenses for the care of such child or other members of the family, including medical and/or hospitalization expense not otherwise covered 25 26 by or subject to reimbursement from insurance or other sources of financial assistance. 27
- 28 **Sec. 212.** RCW 74.13A.075 and 1985 c 7 s 145 are each amended to read as follows:
- 30 As used in RCW 26.33.320 and ((74.13.100)) 74.13A.005 through 31 ((74.13.145)) 74.13A.080 the following definitions shall apply:
- 32 (1) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and 33 health services or his <u>or her</u> designee.
- 34 (2) "Department" means the department of social and health services.

**Sec. 213.** RCW 74.15.140 and 1979 c 141 s 363 are each amended to 1 2 read as follows:

3 4

5

6 7

8 9

10

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25 26

27 28

32

35

36

Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary may, in the manner provided by law, upon the advice of the attorney general, who shall represent the department in the proceeding, maintain an action in the name of the state for injunction or such other relief as he or she may deem advisable against any agency subject to licensing under the provisions of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 or against any such agency not having a license as heretofore provided in chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031.

**Sec. 214.** RCW 74.20.260 and 1979 c 141 s 368 are each amended to 11 read as follows: 12

Any parent in the state whose absence is the basis upon which an application is filed for public assistance on behalf of a child shall be required to complete a statement, under oath, of his or her current monthly income, his or her total income over the past twelve months, the number of dependents for whom he or she is providing support, the amount he or she is contributing regularly toward the support of all children for whom application for such assistance is made, his or her current monthly living expenses, and such other information as is pertinent to determining his or her ability to support his or her Such statement shall be provided upon demand made by the state department of social and health services or attorney general, and if assistance based upon such application is granted on behalf of such child, additional statements shall be filed annually thereafter with the state department of social and health services until such time as the child is no longer receiving such assistance. Failure to comply with this section shall constitute a misdemeanor.

- 29 Sec. 215. RCW 74.20A.040 and 1989 c 360 s 8 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- 31 (1) The secretary may issue a notice of a support debt accrued and/or accruing based upon RCW 74.20A.030, assignment of a support debt or a request for support enforcement services under RCW 74.20.040 (2) 33 or (3), to enforce and collect a support debt created by a superior 34 court order or administrative order. The payee under the order shall be informed when a notice of support debt is issued under this section.

p. 215 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (2) The notice may be served upon the debtor in the manner 2 prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or be mailed 3 to the debtor at his <u>or her</u> last known address by certified mail, 4 return receipt requested, demanding payment within twenty days of the 5 date of receipt.
  - (3) The notice of debt shall include:

8

9

10 11

24

2526

27

- (a) A statement of the support debt accrued and/or accruing, computable on the amount required to be paid under any superior court order to which the department is subrogated or is authorized to enforce and collect under RCW 74.20A.030, has an assigned interest, or has been authorized to enforce pursuant to RCW 74.20.040 (2) or (3);
- 12 (b) A statement that the property of the debtor is subject to collection action;
- 14 (c) A statement that the property is subject to lien and 15 foreclosure, distraint, seizure and sale, or order to withhold and 16 deliver; and
- 17 (d) A statement that the net proceeds will be applied to the satisfaction of the support debt.
- 19 (4) Action to collect a support debt by lien and foreclosure, or 20 distraint, seizure and sale, or order to withhold and deliver shall be 21 lawful after twenty days from the date of service upon the debtor or 22 twenty days from the receipt or refusal by the debtor of said notice of 23 debt.
  - (5) The secretary shall not be required to issue or serve such notice of support debt prior to taking collection action under this chapter when a responsible parent's support order:
  - (a) Contains language directing the parent to make support payments to the Washington state support registry; and
- 29 (b) Includes a statement that income-withholding action under this 30 chapter may be taken without further notice to the responsible parent, 31 as provided in RCW 26.23.050(1).
- 32 **Sec. 216.** RCW 74.20A.130 and 1987 c 435 s 32 are each amended to read as follows:
- Whenever a support lien has been filed pursuant to RCW 74.20A.060, the secretary may collect the support debt stated in said lien by the distraint, seizure, and sale of the property subject to said lien. Not less than ten days prior to the date of sale, the secretary shall cause

a copy of the notice of sale to be transmitted by regular mail and by 1 2 any form of mailing requiring a return receipt to the debtor and any person known to have or claim an interest in the property. Said notice 3 shall contain a general description of the property to be sold and the 4 time, date, and place of the sale. The notice of sale shall be posted 5 in at least two public places in the county wherein the distraint has 6 7 been made. The time of sale shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty days from the date of posting of such notices. Said sale shall 8 be conducted by the secretary, who shall proceed to sell such property 9 by parcel or by lot at a public auction, and who may set a minimum 10 reasonable price to include the expenses of making a levy and of 11 12 advertising the sale, and if the amount bid for such property at the 13 sale is not equal to the price so fixed, the secretary may declare such 14 property to be purchased by the department for such price, or may conduct another sale of such property pursuant to the provisions of 15 In the event of sale, the debtor's account shall be 16 this section. 17 credited with the amount for which the property has been sold. Property acquired by the department as herein prescribed may be sold by 18 the secretary at public or private sale, and the amount realized shall 19 be placed in the state general fund to the credit of the department of 20 21 social and health services. In all cases of sale, as aforesaid, the 22 secretary shall issue a bill of sale or a deed to the purchaser and said bill of sale or deed shall be prima facie evidence of the right of 23 24 the secretary to make such sale and conclusive evidence of the regularity of his or her proceeding in making the sale, and shall 25 transfer to the purchaser all right, title, and interest of the debtor 26 27 in said property. The proceeds of any such sale, except in those cases wherein the property has been acquired by the department, shall be 28 first applied by the secretary to reimbursement of the costs of 29 distraint and sale, and thereafter in satisfaction of the delinquent 30 account. Any excess which shall thereafter remain in the hands of the 31 secretary shall be refunded to the debtor. Sums so refundable to a 32 debtor may be subject to seizure or distraint by any taxing authority 33 of the state or its political subdivisions or by the secretary for new 34 sums due and owing subsequent to the subject proceeding. Except as 35 specifically provided in this chapter, there shall be exempt from 36 37 distraint, seizure, and sale under this chapter such property as is 38 exempt therefrom under the laws of this state.

1 **Sec. 217.** RCW 74.20A.150 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 183 s 14 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

Any person owning real property, or any interest in real property, 3 against which a support lien has been filed and foreclosure instituted, 4 5 shall have the right to pay the amount due, together with expenses of the proceedings and reasonable attorneys' fees to the secretary and 6 upon such payment the secretary shall restore said property to him or 7 her and all further proceedings in the said foreclosure action shall 8 9 Said person shall also have the right within two hundred forty days after sale of property foreclosed under RCW 74.20A.140 to redeem 10 11 said property by making payment to the purchaser in the amount paid by the purchaser plus interest thereon at the rate of six percent per 12 13 annum.

- 14 **Sec. 218.** RCW 74.34.095 and 2000 c 87 s 4 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- 16 (1) The following information is confidential and not subject to 17 disclosure, except as provided in this section:
- 18 (a) A report of abandonment, abuse, financial exploitation, or 19 neglect made under this chapter;
  - (b) The identity of the person making the report; and
- (c) All files, reports, records, communications, and working papers used or developed in the investigation or provision of protective services.
  - (2) Information considered confidential may be disclosed only for a purpose consistent with this chapter or as authorized by chapter 18.20, 18.51, or 74.39A RCW, or as authorized by the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds programs under federal law or state law, chapter 43.190 RCW.
  - (3) A court or presiding officer in an administrative proceeding may order disclosure of confidential information only if the court, or presiding officer in an administrative proceeding, determines that disclosure is essential to the administration of justice and will not endanger the life or safety of the vulnerable adult or individual who made the report. The court or presiding officer in an administrative hearing may place restrictions on such disclosure as the court or presiding officer deems proper.

20

24

2526

2728

2930

31

32

33

34

- **Sec. 219.** RCW 74.34.200 and 1999 c 176 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to other remedies available under the law, a vulnerable adult who has been subjected to abandonment, abuse, financial exploitation, or neglect either while residing in a facility or in the case of a person residing at home who receives care from a home health, hospice, or home care agency, or an individual provider, shall have a cause of action for damages on account of his or her injuries, pain and suffering, and loss of property sustained thereby. This action shall be available where the defendant is or was a corporation, trust, unincorporated association, partnership, administrator, employee, agent, officer, partner, or director of a facility, or of a home health, hospice, or home care agency licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, or subsequently designated, or an individual provider.
  - (2) It is the intent of the legislature, however, that where there is a dispute about the care or treatment of a vulnerable adult, the parties should use the least formal means available to try to resolve the dispute. Where feasible, parties are encouraged but not mandated to employ direct discussion with the health care provider, use of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds or other intermediaries, and, when necessary, recourse through licensing or other regulatory authorities.

- (3) In an action brought under this section, a prevailing plaintiff shall be awarded his or her actual damages, together with the costs of the suit, including a reasonable attorneys' fee. The term "costs" includes, but is not limited to, the reasonable fees for a guardian, guardian ad litem, and experts, if any, that may be necessary to the litigation of a claim brought under this section.
- **Sec. 220.** RCW 76.09.100 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 200 s 7 are each 30 amended to read as follows:

If the department of ecology determines that a person has failed to comply with the forest practices regulations relating to water quality protection, and that the department of natural resources has not issued a stop work order or notice to comply, the department of ecology shall inform the department thereof. If the department of natural resources fails to take authorized enforcement action within twenty-four hours under RCW 76.09.080, 76.09.090, 76.09.120, or 76.09.130, the department

SSB 5077.PL

- of ecology may petition to the ((chairman)) chair of the appeals board,
- 2 who shall, within forty-eight hours, either deny the petition or direct
- 3 the department of natural resources to immediately issue a stop work
- 4 order or notice to comply, or to impose a penalty. No civil or
- 5 criminal penalties shall be imposed for past actions or omissions if
- 6 such actions or omissions were conducted pursuant to an approval or
- 7 directive of the department of natural resources.
- 8 **Sec. 221.** RCW 76.36.100 and 1925 ex.s. c 154 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- 10 The owner of any mark or brand registered as herein provided, by
- 11 himself <u>or herself</u> or his <u>or her</u> duly authorized agent or
- 12 representative, shall have a lawful right, at any time and in any
- 13 peaceable manner, to enter into or upon any tidelands, marshes, and
- 14 beaches of this state and any mill, mill yard, mill boom, rafting, or
- 15 storage grounds and any forest products or raft or boom thereof, for
- 16 the purpose of searching for any forest products and booming equipment
- 17 having impressed thereupon or cut therein a registered mark or brand
- 18 belonging to him <u>or her</u> and to retake any forest products and booming
- 19 equipment so found by him or her.
- 20 Sec. 222. RCW 74.36.110 and 1971 ex.s. c 169 s 10 are each amended
- 21 to read as follows:
- The secretary of the department of social and health services or
- 23 his or her designee is authorized to allot for such purposes all or a
- 24 portion of whatever state funds the legislature appropriates or are
- 25 otherwise made available for the purpose of matching local funds
- 26 dedicated to community programs and projects for the aging. The
- 27 purpose of RCW 74.36.110 through 74.36.130 is to stimulate and assist
- 28 local communities to obtain federal funds made available under the
- 29 <u>federal older Americans act of 1965 as amended.</u>
- 30 Sec. 223. RCW 74.36.120 and 1971 ex.s. c 169 s 11 are each amended
- 31 to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The secretary or his <u>or her</u> designee shall adopt and set forth
- 33 standards for determining the eligibility and approval of community
- 34 projects and priorities therefor, and shall have final authority to

- approve or deny such projects and funding requested under RCW 74.36.110 through 74.36.130.
- 3 (2) Only community project proposals submitted by local public 4 agencies, by private nonprofit agencies or organizations, or by public 5 or other nonprofit institutions of higher education, shall be eligible 6 for approval.
- 7 (3) Any community project applicant whose application for approval 8 is denied will be afforded an opportunity for an informal hearing 9 before the secretary or his <u>or her</u> designee, but the administrative 10 procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, shall not apply.
- 11 **Sec. 224.** RCW 74.36.130 and 1971 ex.s. c 169 s 12 are each amended 12 to read as follows:
- (1) State funds made available under RCW 74.36.110 through 74.36.130 for any project shall not exceed fifty per centum of the nonfederal share of the costs. To the extent that federal law permits, and the secretary or his <u>or her</u> designee deems appropriate, the local community share and/or the state share may be in the form of cash or in-kind resources.
  - (2) Payments made under RCW 74.36.110 through 74.36.130 may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, and in such installments and on such conditions as the secretary or his <u>or her</u> designee may determine, including provisions for adequate accounting systems, reasonable record retention periods, and financial audits.

2021

22

23

2627

28

29

30

31

32

24 Sec. 225. RCW 74.38.040 and 1983 c 290 s 14 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

The community based services for low-income eligible persons provided by the department or the respective area agencies may include:

- (1) Access services designed to provide identification of eligible persons, assessment of individual needs, reference to the appropriate service, and follow-up service where required. These services shall include information and referral, outreach, transportation, and counseling;
- 33 (2) Day care offered on a regular, recurrent basis. General 34 nursing, rehabilitation, personal care, nutritional services, social 35 casework, mental health as provided pursuant to chapter 71.24 RCW,

p. 221 SSB 5077.PL

- and/or limited transportation services may be made available within this program;
  - (3) In-home care for persons, including basic health care; performance of various household tasks and other necessary chores, or, a combination of these services;
  - (4) Counseling on death for the terminally ill and care and attendance at the time of death; except, that this is not to include reimbursement for the use of life-sustaining mechanisms;
  - (5) Health services which will identify health needs and which are designed to avoid institutionalization; assist in securing admission to medical institutions or other health related facilities when required; and, assist in obtaining health services from public or private agencies or providers of health services. These services shall include health screening and evaluation, in-home services, health education, and such health appliances which will further the independence and well-being of the person;
  - (6) The provision of low\_cost, nutritionally sound meals in central locations or in the person's home in the instance of incapacity. Also, supportive services may be provided in nutritional education, shopping assistance, diet counseling, and other services to sustain the nutritional well-being of these persons;
  - (7) The provisions of services to maintain a person's home in a state of adequate repair, insofar as is possible, for their safety and comfort. These services shall be limited, but may include housing counseling, minor repair and maintenance, and moving assistance when such repair will not attain standards of health and safety, as determined by the department;
  - (8) Civil legal services, as limited by RCW 2.50.100, for counseling and representation in the areas of housing, consumer protection, public entitlements, property, and related fields of law;
- 31 (9) Long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds programs for residents of all long-term care facilities.
- **Sec. 226.** RCW 74.38.050 and 1983 c 290 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- The services provided in RCW 74.38.040 may be provided to nonlow income eligible persons: PROVIDED, That the department and the area agencies on aging shall utilize volunteer workers and public assistant

recipients to the maximum extent possible to provide the services 1 2 provided in RCW 74.38.040: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That the department and the area agencies shall utilize the bid procedure pursuant to chapter 3 43.19 RCW for providing such services to low\_income and nonlow\_income 4 persons whenever the services to be provided are available through 5 private agencies at a cost savings to the department. 6 The department 7 shall establish a fee schedule based on the ability to pay and graduated to full recovery of the cost of the service provided; except, 8 that nutritional services, health screening, services under the long-9 10 term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program under chapter 43.190 RCW, and access services provided in RCW 74.38.040 shall not be based on need 11 and no fee shall be charged; except further, notwithstanding any other 12 provision of this chapter, that well-adult clinic services may be 13 provided in lieu of health screening services if such clinics use the 14 fee schedule established by this section. 15

Sec. 227. RCW 74.39A.060 and 2001 c 193 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

3536

- (1) The aging and adult services administration of the department shall establish and maintain a toll-free telephone number for receiving complaints regarding a facility that the administration licenses or with which it contracts for long-term care services.
- (2) All facilities that are licensed by, or that contract with the aging and adult services administration to provide chronic long-term care services shall post in a place and manner clearly visible to residents and visitors the department's toll-free complaint telephone number and the toll-free number and program description of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds as provided by RCW 43.190.050.
- (3) The aging and adult services administration shall investigate complaints if the subject of the complaint is within its authority unless the department determines that: (a) The complaint is intended to willfully harass a licensee or employee of the licensee; or (b) there is no reasonable basis for investigation; or (c) corrective action has been taken as determined by the ((ombudsman)) ombuds or the department.
- (4) The aging and adult services administration shall refer complaints to appropriate state agencies, law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, or other

entities if the department lacks authority to investigate or if its investigation reveals that a follow-up referral to one or more of these entities is appropriate.

- (5) The department shall adopt rules that include the following complaint investigation protocols:
- (a) Upon receipt of a complaint, the department shall make a preliminary review of the complaint, assess the severity of the complaint, and assign an appropriate response time. Complaints involving imminent danger to the health, safety, or well-being of a resident must be responded to within two days. When appropriate, the department shall make an on-site investigation within a reasonable time after receipt of the complaint or otherwise ensure that complaints are responded to.
- (b) The complainant must be: Promptly contacted by the department, unless anonymous or unavailable despite several attempts by the department, and informed of the right to discuss the alleged violations with the inspector and to provide other information the complainant believes will assist the inspector; informed of the department's course of action; and informed of the right to receive a written copy of the investigation report.
- (c) In conducting the investigation, the department shall interview the complainant, unless anonymous, and shall use its best efforts to interview the vulnerable adult or adults allegedly harmed, and, consistent with the protection of the vulnerable adult shall interview facility staff, any available independent sources of relevant information, including if appropriate the family members of the vulnerable adult.
- (d) Substantiated complaints involving harm to a resident, if an applicable law or rule has been violated, shall be subject to one or more of the actions provided in RCW 74.39A.080 or 70.128.160. Whenever appropriate, the department shall also give consultation and technical assistance to the provider.
- (e) After a department finding of a violation for which a stop placement has been imposed, the department shall make an on-site revisit of the provider within fifteen working days from the request for revisit, to ensure correction of the violation. For violations that are serious or recurring or uncorrected following a previous citation, and create actual or threatened harm to one or more

1 2

- residents' well-being, including violations of residents' rights, the 1 2 department shall make an on-site revisit as soon as appropriate to ensure correction of the violation. Verification of correction of all 3 other violations may be made by either a department on-site revisit or 4 5 by written or photographic documentation found by the department to be credible. This subsection does not prevent the department from 6 7 enforcing license or contract suspensions or revocations. Nothing in this subsection shall interfere with or diminish the department's 8 authority and duty to ensure that the provider adequately cares for 9 10 residents, including to make departmental on-site revisits as needed to ensure that the provider protects residents and to enforce compliance 11 12 with this chapter.
  - (f) Substantiated complaints of neglect, abuse, exploitation, or abandonment of residents, or suspected criminal violations, shall also be referred by the department to the appropriate law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, and appropriate professional disciplining authority.

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

- (6) The department may provide the substance of the complaint to the licensee or contractor before the completion of the investigation by the department unless such disclosure would reveal the identity of a complainant, witness, or resident who chooses to remain anonymous. Neither the substance of the complaint provided to the licensee or contractor nor any copy of the complaint or related report published, released, or made otherwise available shall disclose, or reasonably lead to the disclosure of, the name, title, or identity of any complainant, or other person mentioned in the complaint, except that the name of the provider and the name or names of any officer, employee, or agent of the department conducting the investigation shall be disclosed after the investigation has been closed and the complaint has been substantiated. The department may disclose the identity of the complainant if such disclosure is requested in writing by the complainant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to interfere with the obligation of the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program or department staff to monitor the department's licensing, contract, and complaint investigation files for long-term care facilities.
- (7) The resident has the right to be free of interference, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal from a facility in exercising

his or her rights, including the right to voice grievances about 1 2 treatment furnished or not furnished. A facility that provides longterm care services shall not discriminate or retaliate in any manner 3 against a resident, employee, or any other person on the basis or for 4 the reason that such resident or any other person made a complaint to 5 the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the 6 7 long-term care ((<del>ombudsman</del>)) ombuds, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint. Any attempt to 8 discharge a resident against the resident's wishes, or any type of 9 10 retaliatory treatment of a resident by whom or upon whose behalf a complaint substantiated by the department has been made to the 11 department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the 12 13 long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds, within one year of the filing of 14 the complaint, raises a rebuttable presumption that such action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint. "Retaliatory treatment" 15 means, but is not limited to, monitoring a resident's phone, mail, or 16 17 visits; involuntary seclusion or isolation; transferring a resident to a different room unless requested or based upon legitimate management 18 reasons; withholding or threatening to withhold food or treatment 19 unless authorized by a terminally ill resident or his or her 20 21 representative pursuant to law; or persistently delaying responses to 22 a resident's request for service or assistance. A facility that provides long-term care services shall not willfully interfere with the 23 24 performance of official duties by a long-term care ((ombudsman)) 25 ombuds. The department shall sanction and may impose a civil penalty 26 of not more than three thousand dollars for a violation of this 27 subsection.

28 **Sec. 228.** RCW 74.39A.380 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 3 s 502 are each 29 amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to funding provided for this specific purpose, the department of social and health services shall develop for phased-in implementation a statewide internal quality review and accountability program for residential care services. The program must be designed to enable the department to improve the accountability of staff and the consistent application of investigative activities across all long-term care settings, and must allow the systematic monitoring and evaluation of long-term care licensing and certification. The program must be

3031

32

3334

35

36

- designed to improve and standardize investigative outcomes for the vulnerable individuals at risk of abuse and neglect, and coordinate outcomes across the department to prevent perpetrators from changing settings and continuing to work with vulnerable adults.
- 5 (2) The department shall convene a quality assurance panel to review problems in the quality of care in adult family homes and to 6 7 reduce incidents of abuse, neglect, abandonment, and financial exploitation. The state's long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds shall 8 chair the panel and identify appropriate stakeholders to participate. 9 10 The panel must consider inspection, investigation, public complaint, and enforcement issues that relate to adult family homes. 11 12 must also focus on oversight issues to address de minimis violations, 13 processes for handling unresolved citations, and better ways to oversee 14 new providers. The panel shall meet at least quarterly, and provide a report with recommendations to the governor's office, the senate health 15 and long-term care committee, and the house of representatives health 16 17 and wellness committee by December 1, 2012.
- 18 **Sec. 229.** RCW 74.42.450 and 1997 c 392 s 216 are each amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) The facility shall admit as residents only those individuals 21 whose needs can be met by:
  - (a) The facility;

3

4

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

36

- (b) The facility cooperating with community resources; or
- (c) The facility cooperating with other providers of care affiliated or under contract with the facility.
- (2) The facility shall transfer a resident to a hospital or other appropriate facility when a change occurs in the resident's physical or mental condition that requires care or service that the facility cannot provide. The resident, the resident's guardian, if any, the resident's next of kin, the attending physician, and the department shall be consulted at least fifteen days before a transfer or discharge unless the resident is transferred under emergency circumstances. The department shall use casework services or other means to insure that adequate arrangements are made to meet the resident's needs.
- (3) A resident shall be transferred or discharged only for medical reasons, the resident's welfare or request, the welfare of other

p. 227 SSB 5077.PL

- residents, or nonpayment. A resident may not be discharged for nonpayment if the discharge would be prohibited by the medicaid program.
  - (4) If a resident chooses to remain in the nursing facility, the department shall respect that choice, provided that if the resident is a medicaid recipient, the resident continues to require a nursing facility level of care.
  - (5) If the department determines that a resident no longer requires a nursing facility level of care, the resident shall not be discharged from the nursing facility until at least thirty days after written notice is given to the resident, the resident's surrogate decision maker and, if appropriate, a family member or the resident's representative. A form for requesting a hearing to appeal the discharge decision shall be attached to the written notice. The written notice shall include at least the following:
    - (a) The reason for the discharge;
- 17 (b) A statement that the resident has the right to appeal the 18 discharge; and
- 19 (c) The name, address, and telephone number of the state long-term 20 care ((ombudsman)) ombuds.
  - (6) If the resident appeals a department discharge decision, the resident shall not be discharged without the resident's consent until at least thirty days after a final order is entered upholding the decision to discharge the resident.
  - (7) Before the facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must first attempt through reasonable accommodations to avoid the transfer or discharge unless the transfer or discharge is agreed to by the resident. The facility shall admit or retain only individuals whose needs it can safely and appropriately serve in the facility with available staff or through the provision of reasonable accommodations required by state or federal law. "Reasonable accommodations" has the meaning given to this term under the federal Americans with disabilities act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq. and other applicable federal or state antidiscrimination laws and regulations.
- **Sec. 230.** RCW 74.42.640 and 2006 c 209 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 (1) To ensure the proper delivery of services and the maintenance

- and improvement in quality of care through self-review, each facility may maintain a quality assurance committee that, at a minimum, includes:
  - (a) The director of nursing services;

- (b) A physician designated by the facility; and
- (c) Three other members from the staff of the facility.
- (2) When established, the quality assurance committee shall meet at least quarterly to identify issues that may adversely affect quality of care and services to residents and to develop and implement plans of action to correct identified quality concerns or deficiencies in the quality of care provided to residents.
- (3) To promote quality of care through self-review without the fear of reprisal, and to enhance the objectivity of the review process, the department shall not require, and the long-term care ((ombudsman)) ombuds program shall not request, disclosure of any quality assurance committee records or reports, unless the disclosure is related to the committee's compliance with this section, if:
- (a) The records or reports are not maintained pursuant to statutory or regulatory mandate; and
- (b) The records or reports are created for and collected and maintained by the committee.
- (4) The department may request only information related to the quality assurance committee that may be necessary to determine whether a facility has a quality assurance committee and that it is operating in compliance with this section.
- (5) Good faith attempts by the committee to identify and correct quality deficiencies shall not be used as a basis for imposing sanctions.
- (6) If the facility offers the department documents generated by, or for, the quality assurance committee as evidence of compliance with nursing facility requirements, the documents are protected as quality assurance committee documents under subsections (7) and (9) of this section when in the possession of the department. The department is not liable for an inadvertent disclosure, a disclosure related to a required federal or state audit, or disclosure of documents incorrectly marked as quality assurance committee documents by the facility.
- (7) Information and documents, including the analysis of complaints and incident reports, created specifically for, and collected and

p. 229 SSB 5077.PL

maintained by, a quality assurance committee are not subject to 1 2 discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action, and no person who was in attendance at a meeting of such committee or who 3 participated in the creation, collection, or maintenance of information 4 or documents specifically for the committee shall be permitted or 5 required to testify in any civil action as to the content of such 6 7 proceedings or the documents and information prepared specifically for the committee. This subsection does not preclude: (a) In any civil 8 action, the discovery of the identity of persons involved in the care 9 10 that is the basis of the civil action whose involvement was independent of any quality improvement committee activity; and (b) in any civil 11 action, the testimony of any person concerning the facts which form the 12 13 basis for the institution of such proceedings of which the person had 14 personal knowledge acquired independently of their participation in the quality assurance committee activities. 15

(8) A quality assurance committee under subsection (1) of this section, RCW 18.20.390, 70.41.200, 4.24.250, or 43.70.510 may share information and documents, including the analysis of complaints and incident reports, created specifically for, and collected and maintained by, the committee, with one or more other quality assurance committees created under subsection (1) of this section, RCW 18.20.390, 70.41.200, 4.24.250, or 43.70.510 for the improvement of the quality of care and services rendered to nursing facility residents. Information and documents disclosed by one quality assurance committee to another quality assurance committee and any information and documents created or maintained as a result of the sharing of information and documents shall not be subject to the discovery process and confidentiality shall be respected as required by subsections (7) and (9) of this section, RCW 18.20.390 (6) and (8), 43.70.510(4), 70.41.200(3), and 4.24.250(1). The privacy protections of chapter 70.02 RCW and the federal health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 and implementing regulations apply to the sharing of individually identifiable patient information held by a coordinated quality improvement program. Any rules necessary to implement this section shall meet the requirements of applicable federal and state privacy laws.

(9) Information and documents, including the analysis of complaints

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

3435

36

and incident reports, created specifically for, and collected and maintained by, a quality assurance committee are exempt from disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

4 5

6 7

8

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

28

- (10) Notwithstanding any records created for the quality assurance committee, the facility shall fully set forth in the resident's records, available to the resident, the department, and others as permitted by law, the facts concerning any incident of injury or loss to the resident, the steps taken by the facility to address the resident's needs, and the resident outcome.
- (11) A facility operated as part of a hospital licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW may maintain a quality assurance committee in accordance with this section which shall be subject to the provisions of subsections (1) through (10) of this section or may conduct quality improvement activities for the facility through a quality improvement committee under RCW 70.41.200 which shall be subject to the provisions of RCW 70.41.200(9).
- 17 **Sec. 231.** RCW 76.09.320 and 1987 c 95 s 6 are each amended to read 18 as follows:
  - (1) Subject to the availability of appropriated funds, the department shall pay fifty percent of the cost of implementing the hazard-reduction program, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
    - (2) In the event department funds described in subsection (1) of this section are not available for all or a portion of a forest landowner's property, the landowner may request application of the hazard-reduction program to the owner's lands, provided the landowner funds one hundred percent of the cost of implementation of the department's recommended actions on his <u>or her</u> property.
- 29 (3) No cost-sharing funds may be made available for sites where the 30 department determines that the hazardous condition results from a 31 violation of then-prevailing standards as established by statute or 32 rule.
- 33 **Sec. 232.** RCW 76.14.080 and 1988 c 128 s 43 are each amended to read as follows:
- The department shall develop fire protection projects within the high hazard forest area and shall determine the boundaries thereof in

SSB 5077.PL

accordance with the lands benefited thereby and shall assess one-sixth 1 2 of the cost of such projects equally upon all forest lands within the project on an acreage basis. Such assessment shall not, however, 3 exceed twenty-five cents per acre annually nor more than one dollar and 4 5 fifty cents per acre in the aggregate and shall constitute a lien upon any forest products harvested therefrom. The landowner may by written 6 7 notice to the department elect to pay his or her assessment on a deferred basis at a rate of ten cents per thousand board feet and/or 8 one cent per Christmas tree when these products are harvested from the 9 lands for commercial use until the assessment plus two percent interest 10 from the date of completion of each project has been paid for each 11 acre. Payments under the deferred plan shall be credited by forty acre 12 tracts and shall be first applied to payment of the assessment against 13 the forty acre tract from which the funds were derived and secondly to 14 other forty acre tracts held and designated by the payor. In the event 15 16 total ownership is less than forty acres, then payment shall be applied 17 on an undivided basis to the entire areas as to which the assessment 18 remains unpaid. The landowner who elects to pay on deferred basis may 19 pay any unpaid assessment and interest at any time.

20 **Sec. 233.** RCW 76.14.090 and 1988 c 128 s 44 are each amended to read as follows:

Notice of each project, the estimated assessment per acre, and a description of the boundaries thereof shall be given by publication in a local newspaper of general circulation thirty days in advance of commencing work. Any person owning land within the project may within ten days after publication of notice demand a hearing before the department in Olympia and present any reasons why he or she feels the assessment should not be made upon his or her land. Thereafter, the department may change the boundaries of said project to eliminate land from the project which it determines in its discretion will not be benefited by the project.

32 **Sec. 234.** RCW 76.14.100 and 1988 c 128 s 45 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

Except when the owner has notified the department in writing that he <u>or she</u> will make payment on the deferred plan, the assessment shall be collected by the department reporting the same to the county

22

2324

2526

2728

29

30

assessor of the county in which the property is situated upon 1 2 completion of the work in that project and the assessor shall annually extend the amounts upon the tax rolls covering the property, and the 3 amounts shall be collected in the same manner, by the same procedure, 4 5 and with the same penalties attached as the next general state and county taxes on the same property are collected. Errors in assessments 6 7 may be corrected at any time by the department by certifying them to the treasurer of the county in which the land involved is situated. 8 9 Upon the collection of such assessments, the county treasurer shall 10 transmit them to the department. Payment on the deferred plan shall be made directly to the department. Such payment must be made by January 11 12 31st for any timber or Christmas trees harvested during the previous 13 calendar year and must be accompanied by a statement of the amount of 14 timber or number of Christmas trees harvested and the legal description of the property from which they were harvested. 15 Whenever an owner 16 paying on the deferred plan desires to pay any unpaid balance or 17 portion thereof, he or she may make direct payment to the department.

18 **Sec. 235.** RCW 76.14.110 and 1988 c 128 s 46 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

30

3132

3334

35

Where the department finds that a portion of the work in any project, except road building, has been done by private expenditures for fire protection purposes only and that the work was not required by other forestry laws having general application, then the department shall appraise the work on the basis of what it would have cost the state and shall credit the amount of the appraisal toward payment of any sums assessed against lands contained in the project and owned by the person or his <u>or her</u> predecessors in title making the expenditure. Such appraisal shall be added to the cost of the project for purposes of determining the general assessment.

Sec. 236. RCW 76.42.030 and 1994 c 163 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of natural resources may by contract, license, or permit, or other arrangements, cause such wood debris to be removed by private contractors, department of natural resources employees, or by other public bodies. Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit

p. 233 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 any individual from using any nonmerchantable wood debris for his or
- 2 <u>her</u> own personal use.
- 3 **Sec. 237.** RCW 76.52.020 and 1979 c 100 s 2 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- The department of natural resources may, by agreement, make available to forest landowners, equipment, materials, and personnel for the purpose of more intensively managing or protecting the land when the department determines that such services are not otherwise available at a cost which would encourage the landowner to so avail himself or herself, and that the use of department equipment,
- 11 materials, or personnel will not jeopardize the management of state
- 12 lands or other programs of the department. The department shall enter
- 13 into a contractual agreement with the landowner for services rendered
- 14 and shall recover the costs thereof.
- 15 **Sec. 238.** RCW 77.04.060 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 63 are each amended to read as follows:
- The commission shall hold at least one regular meeting during the first two months of each calendar quarter, and special meetings when called by the chair and by five members. Five members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- The commission at a meeting in each odd-numbered year shall elect one of its members as ((chairman)) chair and another member as vice ((chairman)) chair, each of whom shall serve for a term of two years or until a successor is elected and qualified.
- Members of the commission shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.250. In addition, members are allowed their travel expenses incurred while absent from their usual places of residence in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.
- 29 **Sec. 239.** RCW 77.12.370 and 1987 c 506 s 43 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- Prior to the forwarding of a request needing endorsement under RCW 77.12.360, the director shall present the request to the legislative authority of the county in which the lands are located for its approval. The legislative authority, before acting on the request, may

- call a public hearing. The hearing shall take place within thirty days after presentation of the request to the legislative authority.
- The director shall publish notice of the public hearing called by the legislative authority in a newspaper of general circulation within the county at least once a week for two successive weeks prior to the hearing. The notice shall contain a copy of the request and the time and place of the hearing.
- 8 The ((chairman)) chair of the county legislative authority shall 9 preside at the public hearing. The proceedings shall be informal and 10 all persons shall have a reasonable opportunity to be heard.
- 11 Within ten days after the hearing, the county legislative authority 12 shall endorse its decision on the request for withdrawal. The decision 13 is final and not subject to appeal.
- 14 **Sec. 240.** RCW 77.12.620 and 2000 c 107 s 226 are each amended to read as follows:
- 16 The department is authorized to require hunters and ((fishermen)) 17 <u>fishers</u> occupying a motor vehicle approaching or entering a check station to stop and produce for inspection: (1) Any wildlife, fish, 18 19 shellfish, or seaweed in their possession; (2) licenses, permits, tags, 20 stamps, or catch record cards, required under Title 77 RCW, or rules 21 adopted thereunder. For these purposes, the department is authorized to operate check stations which shall be plainly marked by signs, 22 23 operated by at least one uniformed fish and wildlife officer, and 24 operated in a safe manner.
- 25 **Sec. 241.** RCW 77.12.760 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 78 are each amended to read as follows:
- Steelhead trout shall be managed solely as a recreational fishery for non-Indian ((fishermen)) fishers under the rule-setting authority of the fish and wildlife commission.
- 30 Commercial non-Indian steelhead fisheries are not authorized.
- 31 **Sec. 242.** RCW 77.15.570 and 2000 c 107 s 251 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, it is 34 unlawful for a person who is not a treaty Indian ((fisherman)) fisher 35 to participate in the taking of fish or shellfish in a treaty Indian

- fishery, or to be on board a vessel, or associated equipment, operating in a treaty Indian fishery. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor.
  - (2) A person who violates subsection (1) of this section with the intent of acting for commercial purposes, including any sale of catch, control of catch, profit from catch, or payment for fishing assistance, is guilty of a class C felony. Upon conviction, the department shall order revocation of any license and a one-year suspension of all commercial fishing privileges requiring a license under chapter 77.65 or 77.70 RCW.
  - (3)(a) The spouse, forebears, siblings, children, and grandchildren of a treaty Indian ((fisherman)) fisher may assist the ((fisherman)) fisher in exercising treaty Indian fishing rights when the treaty Indian ((fisherman)) fisher is present at the fishing site.
  - (b) Other treaty Indian ((fishermen)) fishers with off-reservation treaty fishing rights in the same usual and accustomed places, whether or not the ((fishermen)) fishers are members of the same tribe or another treaty tribe, may assist a treaty Indian ((fisherman)) fisher in exercising treaty Indian fishing rights when the treaty Indian ((fisherman)) fisher is present at the fishing site.
  - (c) Biologists approved by the department may be on board a vessel operating in a treaty Indian fishery.
    - (4) For the purposes of this section:
    - (a) "Treaty Indian ((fisherman)) fisher" means a person who may exercise treaty Indian fishing rights as determined under United States v. Washington, 384 F. Supp. 312 (W.D. Wash. 1974), or Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Oregon 1969), and post-trial orders of those courts;
- 29 (b) "Treaty Indian fishery" means a fishery open to only treaty
  30 Indian ((fishermen)) fishers by tribal or federal regulation;
  - (c) "To participate" and its derivatives mean an effort to operate a vessel or fishing equipment, provide immediate supervision in the operation of a vessel or fishing equipment, or otherwise assist in the fishing operation, to claim possession of a share of the catch, or to represent that the catch was lawfully taken in an Indian fishery.
- 36 (5) A violation of this section constitutes illegal fishing and is 37 subject to the suspensions provided for commercial fishing violations.

**Sec. 243.** RCW 77.32.155 and 2009 c 269 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1)(a) When purchasing any hunting license, persons under the age of eighteen shall present certification of completion of a course of instruction of at least ten hours in the safe handling of firearms, safety, conservation, and ((sportsmanship)) sporting/hunting behavior. All persons purchasing any hunting license for the first time, if born after January 1, 1972, shall present such certification.
- (b)(i) The director may establish a program for training persons in the safe handling of firearms, conservation, and ((sportsmanship)) sporting/hunting behavior and shall prescribe the type of instruction and the qualifications of the instructors. The director shall, as part of establishing the training program, exempt members of the United States military from the firearms skills portion of any instruction course completed over the internet.
- (ii) The director may cooperate with the <u>national rifle</u> association, organized ((sportsmen's)) sports/outdoor enthusiasts' groups, or other public or private organizations when establishing the training program.
- (c) Upon the successful completion of a course established under this section, the trainee shall receive a hunter education certificate signed by an authorized instructor. The certificate is evidence of compliance with this section.
- (d) The director may accept certificates from other states that persons have successfully completed firearm safety, hunter education, or similar courses as evidence of compliance with this section.
- (2)(a) The director may authorize a once in a lifetime, one license year deferral of hunter education training for individuals who are accompanied by a nondeferred Washington-licensed hunter who has held a Washington hunting license for the prior three years and is over eighteen years of age. The commission shall adopt rules for the administration of this subsection to avoid potential fraud and abuse.
- (b) The director is authorized to collect an application fee, not to exceed twenty dollars, for obtaining the once in a lifetime, one license year deferral of hunter education training from the department. This fee must be deposited into the fish and wildlife enforcement reward account and must be used exclusively to administer the deferral program created in this subsection.

- 1 (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "accompanied" means to go 2 along with another person while staying within a range of the other 3 person that permits continual unaided visual and auditory 4 communication.
- 5 (3) To encourage the participation of an adequate number of 6 instructors for the training program, the commission shall develop 7 nonmonetary incentives available to individuals who commit to serving 8 as an instructor. The incentives may include additional hunting 9 opportunities for instructors.
- 10 **Sec. 244.** RCW 77.65.280 and 2011 c 339 s 25 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

A wholesale fish dealer's license is required for:

- (1) A business in the state to engage in the commercial processing of food fish or shellfish, including custom canning or processing of personal use food fish or shellfish.
- (2) A business in the state to engage in the wholesale selling, buying, or brokering of food fish or shellfish. A wholesale fish dealer's license is not required of those businesses which buy exclusively from Washington licensed wholesale dealers and sell solely at retail.
- (3) ((Fishermen)) Fishers who land and sell their catch or harvest in the state to anyone other than a licensed wholesale dealer within or outside the state, unless the fisher has a direct retail endorsement.
- (4) A business to engage in the commercial manufacture or preparation of fertilizer, oil, meal, caviar, fish bait, or other byproducts from food fish or shellfish.
- 27 (5) A business employing a fish buyer as defined under RCW 28 77.65.340.

The annual license fee for a wholesale dealer is two hundred fifty dollars. The application fee is one hundred five dollars. A wholesale fish dealer's license is not required for persons engaged in the processing, wholesale selling, buying, or brokering of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020. However, if a means of identifying such products is required by rules adopted under RCW 15.85.060, the exemption from licensing requirements established by this subsection applies only if the aquatic products are identified in conformance with those rules.

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

2526

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- 1 **Sec. 245.** RCW 77.65.340 and 2011 c 339 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) A fish buyer's license is required of and shall be carried by each individual engaged by a wholesale fish dealer to purchase food fish or shellfish from a licensed commercial ((fisherman)) fisher. A fish buyer may represent only one wholesale fish dealer.
- 7 (2) The annual fee for a fish buyer's license is ninety-five dollars. The application fee is one hundred five dollars.
- 9 **Sec. 246.** RCW 77.95.030 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 2 s 35 are each 10 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The commission shall develop a detailed salmon enhancement plan with proposed enhancement projects. The plan and the regional policy statements shall be submitted to the secretary of the senate and chief clerk of the house of representatives for legislative distribution by June 30, 1986. The enhancement plan and regional policy statements shall be provided by June 30, 1986, to the natural resources committees of the house of representatives and the senate. The commission shall provide a maximum opportunity for the public to participate in the the salmon enhancement development of plan. То insure full participation by all interested parties, the commission shall solicit and consider enhancement project proposals from Indian tribes, sports ((fishermen)) fishers, commercial ((fishermen)) fishers, private aquaculturists, and other interested groups or individuals potential inclusion in the salmon enhancement plan. Joint cooperative enhancement projects shall be considered for funding.
  - (2) The following criteria shall be used by the commission in formulating the project proposals:
    - (a) Compatibility with the long-term policy statement;
    - (b) Benefit/cost analysis;

4

6

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28 29

30

33

- (c) Needs of all fishing interests;
- 31 (d) Compatibility with regional plans, including harvest management 32 plans;
  - (e) Likely increase in resource productivity;
- 34 (f) Direct applicability of any research;
- 35 (q) Salmon advisory council recommendations;
- 36 (h) Compatibility with federal court orders;

p. 239 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 (i) Coordination with the salmon and steelhead advisory commission 2 program;
  - (j) Economic impact to the state;
  - (k) Technical feasibility; and

4

5

6

7

8

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

- (1) Preservation of native salmon runs.
- (3) The commission shall not approve projects that serve as replacement funding for projects that exist prior to May 21, 1985, unless no other sources of funds are available.
- 9 (4) The commission shall prioritize various projects and establish 10 a recommended implementation time schedule.

11 **Sec. 247.** RCW 78.04.030 and Code 1881 s 2446 are each amended to read as follows:

In incorporations already formed, or which may hereafter be formed under this chapter, where the amount of the capital stock of such corporation consists of the aggregate valuation of the whole number of feet, shares, or interest in any mining claim in this state, for the working and development of which such corporation shall be or have been formed, no actual subscription to the capital stock of such corporation shall be necessary; but each owner in said mining claim shall be deemed to have subscribed such an amount to the capital stock of such corporation as under its bylaws will represent the value of so much of his or her interest in said mining claim, the legal title to which he or she may by deed, deed of trust, or other instrument vest, or have vested in such corporation for mining purposes; such subscription to be deemed to have been made on the execution and delivery to such corporation of such deed, deed of trust, or other instrument; nor shall the validity of any assessment levied by the board of trustees of such corporation be affected by the reason of the fact that the full amount of the capital stock of such corporation, as mentioned in its certificate of incorporation, shall not have been subscribed as provided in this section: PROVIDED, That the greater portion of said amount of capital stock shall have been so subscribed: AND, PROVIDED FURTHER, That this section shall not be so construed as to prohibit the stockholders of any corporation formed, or which may be formed, for mining purposes as provided in this section, from regulating the mode of making subscriptions to its capital stock and calling in the same by bylaws or express contract.

**Sec. 248.** RCW 78.08.080 and 1983 c 3 s 198 are each amended to read as follows:

If at any time the locator of any quartz or lode mining claim heretofore or hereafter located, or his or her assigns, shall learn that his or her original certificate was defective or that the requirements of the law had not been complied with before filing, or shall be desirous of changing his or her surface boundaries or of taking in any additional ground which is subject to location, or in any case the original certificate was made prior to the passage of this law, and he or she shall be desirous of securing the benefits of RCW 78.08.050 through 78.08.115, such locator or his or her assigns may file an amended certificate of location, subject to the provisions of RCW 78.08.050 through 78.08.115, regarding the making of new locations. 

**Sec. 249.** RCW 78.08.100 and 1901 c 137 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The discoverer of placers or other forms of deposits subject to location and appropriation under mining laws applicable to placers shall locate his <u>or her</u> claim in the following manner:

First. He <u>or she</u> must immediately post in a conspicuous place at the point of discovery thereon, a notice or certificate of location thereof, containing (1) the name of the claim; (2) the name of the locator or locators; (3) the date of discovery and posting of the notice hereinbefore provided for, which shall be considered as the date of the location; (4) a description of the claim by reference to legal subdivisions of sections, if the location is made in conformity with the public surveys, otherwise, a description with reference to some natural object or permanent monuments as will identify the claim; and where such claim is located by legal subdivisions of the public surveys, such location shall, notwithstanding that fact, be marked by the locator upon the ground the same as other locations.

Second. Within thirty days from the date of such discovery, he <u>or</u> <u>she</u> must record such notice or certificate of location in the office of the auditor of the county in which such discovery is made, and so distinctly mark his <u>or her</u> location on the ground that its boundaries may be readily traced.

Third. Within sixty days from the date of discovery, the discoverer shall perform labor upon such location or claim in

- 1 developing the same to an amount which shall be equivalent in the
- 2 aggregate to at least ten dollars worth of such labor for each twenty
- 3 acres, or fractional part thereof, contained in such location or claim:
- 4 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing in this subdivision shall be held to
- 5 apply to lands located under the laws of the United States as placer
- 6 claims for the purpose of the development of petroleum and natural gas
- 7 and other natural oil products.
- 8 Fourth. Such locator shall, upon the performance of such labor,
- 9 file with the auditor of the county an affidavit showing such
- 10 performance and generally the nature and kind of work so done.
- 11 Sec. 250. RCW 78.12.070 and 1890 p 123 s 9 are each amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- Nothing contained in this chapter shall be so construed as to
- 14 prevent recovery being had in a suit for damages for injuries sustained
- 15 by the party so injured, or his <u>or her</u> heirs or administrator or
- 16 administratrix, or anyone else now competent to sue in an action of
- 17 such character.
- 18 **Sec. 251.** RCW 78.16.030 and 1907 c 38 s 3 are each amended to read
- 19 as follows:
- 20 Upon payment of the full purchase price, in cases where an option
- 21 to purchase is given, a conveyance shall be executed to the purchaser
- 22 by the ((chairman)) chair of the board of county commissioners. Such
- 23 conveyance shall refer to the order of the board authorizing such
- 24 leasing with the option to purchase, and shall be deemed to convey all
- 25 the estate, right, title and interest of the county in and to the
- 26 property sold; and such conveyance, when executed, shall be conclusive
- 27 evidence of the regularity and validity of all proceedings hereunder.
- 28 Sec. 252. RCW 78.16.040 and 1945 c 93 s 2 are each amended to read
- 29 as follows:
- The lessee under any such petroleum lease shall have the option of
- 31 surrendering any of the lands included in said lease at any time, and
- 32 shall thereby be relieved of all liability with respect to such lands
- 33 except the payment of accrued royalties as provided in said lease.
- 34 Upon such surrender, the lessee shall have the right for a period of

- one hundred twenty days following the date of such surrender, to remove
- 2 all improvements placed by him or her on the lands which have been
- 3 surrendered.

1314

15

16 17

18

19

20

- 4 **Sec. 253.** RCW 78.52.550 and 1951 c 146 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:
- Every person who shall violate or knowingly aid and abet the violation of this chapter or any valid orders, rules, and regulations issued thereunder, or who fails to perform any act which is herein made his or her duty to perform, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 10 **Sec. 254.** RCW 78.60.110 and 1974 ex.s. c 43 s 11 are each amended 11 to read as follows:
  - (1) The department may authorize the operator to suspend drilling operations, shut-in a completed well, or remove equipment from a well for the period stated in the department's written authorization. The period of suspension may be extended by the department upon the operator showing good cause for the granting of such extension.
  - (2) If drilling operations are not resumed by the operator, or the well is not put into production, upon expiration of the suspension or shut-in permit, an intention to unlawfully abandon shall be presumed.
  - (3) A well shall also be deemed unlawfully abandoned if, without written approval from the department, drilling equipment is removed.
- (4) An unlawful abandonment under this chapter shall be entered in the department records and written notice thereof shall be mailed by registered mail both to such operator at his <u>or her</u> last known address as disclosed by records of the department and to the operator's surety. The department may thereafter proceed against the operator and his <u>or</u> her surety.
- 28 **Sec. 255.** RCW 78.60.170 and 1974 ex.s. c 43 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
- Each owner or operator of a well shall designate a person who resides in this state as his <u>or her</u> agent upon whom may be served all legal processes, orders, notices, and directives of the department or any court.

1 **Sec. 256.** RCW 78.60.250 and 1974 ex.s. c 43 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever it appears with probable cause to the department that:

- (1) A violation of any provision of this chapter, regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or condition of a permit issued pursuant to this chapter has occurred or is about to occur, or
- 7 (2) That a modification of a permit is deemed necessary to carry 8 out the purpose of this chapter,

9 the department shall issue a written order in person to the operator or his or her employees or agents, or by certified mail, concerning the 10 drilling, testing, or other operation conducted with respect to any 11 well drilled, in the process of being drilled, or in the process of 12 being abandoned or in the process of reclamation or restoration, and 13 the operator, owner, or designated agent of either shall comply with 14 15 the terms of the order and may appeal from the order in the manner 16 provided for in RCW ((79.76.280)) 78.60.280. When the department deems 17 necessary, the order may include a shutdown order to remain in effect 18 until the deficiency is corrected.

19 **Sec. 257.** RCW 79.02.150 and 1927 c 255 s 19 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

So long as any grant of lands by the United States to the state of Washington, for any purpose, or as lieu or indemnity lands therefor, remains incomplete, the commissioner of public lands shall, from time to time, cause the records in his or her office and in the United States land offices, to be examined for the purpose of ascertaining what of the unappropriated lands of the United States are open to selection, and whether any thereof may be of sufficient value and so situated as to warrant their selection as state lands, and in that case may cause the same to be inspected and appraised by one or more state land inspectors, and a full report made thereon by the smallest legal subdivisions of forty acres each, classifying such lands into grazing, farming, and timbered lands, and estimating the value of each tract inspected and the quantity and value of all valuable material thereon, and in the case of timbered lands the amount and value of the standing timber thereon, and the estimated value of such lands after the timber is removed, which report shall be made as amply and expeditiously as possible on blanks to be furnished by the commissioner of public lands

3

45

6

2122

23

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

32

33

34

3536

- for that purpose, under the oath of the inspector to the effect that he

  or she has personally examined the tracts mentioned in each forty acres
  thereof, and that said report and appraisement is made from such
  personal examination, and is, to the best of affiant's knowledge and
  belief, true and correct, and that the lands are not occupied by any
  bona fide settler.
  - The commissioner of public lands shall select such unappropriated lands as he <u>or she</u> shall deem advisable, and do all things necessary under the laws of the United States to vest title thereto in the state, and shall assign lands of equal value, as near as may be, to the various uncompleted grants.

8

10

- 12 **Sec. 258.** RCW 79.14.060 and 1955 c 131 s 6 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- Every lessee shall have the option of surrendering his <u>or her</u> lease as to all or any portion or portions of the land covered thereby at any time and shall be relieved of all liability thereunder with respect to the land so surrendered except for monetary payments theretofore accrued and except for physical damage to the premises embraced by his <u>or her</u> lease which have been occasioned by his <u>or her</u> operations.
- 20 **Sec. 259.** RCW 79.22.120 and 1991 c 10 s 1 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- 22 If the board of natural resources determines that any forest lands deeded to the board or the state pursuant to this chapter, which are 23 leased to any county for uses which have as one permitted use a 24 25 sanitary landfill and/or transfer station, are no longer appropriate for management by the board, the board may reconvey all of the lands 26 27 included within any such lease to that county. Reconveyance shall be by quitclaim deed executed by the ((chairman)) chair of the board. 28 29 Upon execution of such deed, full legal and equitable title to such 30 lands shall be vested in that county, and any leases on such lands shall terminate. A county that receives any such reconveyed lands 31 shall indemnify and hold the state of Washington harmless from any 32 liability or expense arising out of the reconveyed lands. 33
- 34 **Sec. 260.** RCW 79.24.030 and 1988 c 128 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of natural resources and the department of natural may employ such cruisers, ((draughtsmen)) drafters, engineers, architects, or other assistants as may be necessary for the best interests of the state in carrying out the provisions of RCW 79.24.010 through 79.24.085, and all expenses incurred by the board and department, and all claims against the capitol building construction account shall be audited by the department and presented in vouchers to the state treasurer, who shall draw a warrant therefor against the capitol building construction account as herein provided or out of any appropriation made for such purpose. 

**Sec. 261.** RCW 79.24.150 and 1947 c 186 s 6 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

Bonds authorized by RCW 79.24.100 through 79.24.160 shall be accepted by the state, counties, cities, towns, school districts, and other political subdivisions as security for the deposit of any of their funds in any banking institution. Any officer of this state, or any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision may invest surplus funds, which he or she or it is authorized to invest in securities, and where such authorization is not limited or restricted as to the class of securities in which he or she or it may invest, in bonds issued under RCW 79.24.100 through 79.24.160.

**Sec. 262.** RCW 79.24.660 and 1969 ex.s. c 272 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Bonds authorized by RCW 79.24.650 through 79.24.668 shall be accepted by the state, counties, cities, towns, school districts, and other political subdivisions as security for the deposit of any of their funds in any banking institution. Any officer of this state, or any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision may invest surplus funds, which he or she or it is authorized to invest in securities, and where such authorization is not limited or restricted as to the class of securities in which he or she or it may invest, in bonds issued under RCW 79.24.650 through 79.24.668.

**Sec. 263.** RCW 79.44.050 and 2002 c 260 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the approval and confirmation of the assessment roll ordered

by the proper authorities of any assessing district, the treasurer of such assessing district shall certify and forward to the chief administrative officer of the agency of state government occupying, using, or having jurisdiction over the lands, a statement of all the lots or parcels of land held or owned by the state and charged on such assessment roll, separately describing each such lot or parcel of the state's land, with the amount of the local assessment charged against it, or the proportionate amount assessed against the fee simple interest of the state, in case the land has been leased. The chief administrative officer upon receipt of such statement shall cause a proper record to be made in his or her office of the cost of such assessment upon the lands occupied, used, or under the jurisdiction of his or her agency.

No penalty shall be provided or enforced against the state, and the interest upon such assessments shall be computed and paid at the rate paid by other property situated in the same assessing district.

Sec. 264. RCW 79.44.100 and 1963 c 20 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any such tide, state, school, granted, or other lands situated within the limits of any assessing district, has been included within any local improvement district by such assessing district, and the contract, leasehold, or other interest of any individual has been sold to satisfy the lien of such assessment for local improvement, the purchaser of such interest at such sale shall be entitled to receive from the state of Washington, on demand, an assignment of the contract, leasehold, or other interest purchased by him or her, and shall assume, subject to the terms and conditions of the contract or lease, the payment to the state of the amount of the balance which his or her predecessor in interest was obligated to pay.

Sec. 265. RCW 79A.05.085 and 1974 ex.s. c 151 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission shall determine the fair market value for television station leases based upon independent appraisals and existing leases for television stations shall be extended at said fair market rental for at least one period of not more than twenty years: PROVIDED, That the rates in said leases shall be renegotiated at five year intervals:

PROVIDED FURTHER, That said stations shall permit the attachment of antennae of publicly operated broadcast and microwave stations where electronically practical to combine the towers: PROVIDED FURTHER, That notwithstanding any term to the contrary in any lease, this section shall not preclude the commission from prescribing new and reasonable lease terms relating to the modification, placement, or design of facilities operated by or for a station, and any extension of a lease granted under this section shall be subject to this proviso: PROVIDED FURTHER, That notwithstanding any other provision of law the director in his or her discretion may waive any requirement that any environmental impact statement or environmental assessment be submitted as to any lease negotiated and signed between January 1, 1974, and December 31, 1974.

**Sec. 266.** RCW 79A.05.105 and 1965 c 8 s 43.51.100 are each amended to read as follows:

Inasmuch as the value of land with standing timber is increasing and will continue to increase from year to year and no loss will be caused to the common school fund or other fund into which the proceeds of the sale of any land held by the state would be paid by postponing the sale thereof, the commissioner of public lands may, upon his or her own motion, and shall, when directed so to do by the state parks and recreation commission, withdraw from sale any land held by the state abutting on any public highway and certify to the commission that such land is withheld from sale pursuant to the terms of this section.

Such lands shall not be sold until directed by the legislature, and shall in the meantime be under the care, charge, control, and supervision of the commission.

**Sec. 267.** RCW 79A.05.700 and 1969 ex.s. c 162 s 1 are each amended 29 to read as follows:

The Green River Gorge, between the town of Kanasket and the Kummer bridge in King county, is a twelve mile spectacularly winding gorge with steep to overhanging rock walls reaching heights of from one hundred fifty to three hundred feet. The beauty and natural features of the gorge are generally confined within the canyon rim. This twelve mile gorge area contains many examples of unique biological and geological features for educational and recreational interpretation,

almost two miles of Eocene sediment rocks and fossils are exposed 1 2 revealing one of the most complete stratographic sections to be found in the region. The area, a unique recreational attraction with more 3 than one million seven hundred thousand people living within an hour's 4 driving time, is presently used by hikers, geologists, ((fishermen)) 5 fishers, kayakers and canoeists, picnickers and swimmers, and those 6 7 seeking the solitude offered by this unique area. Abutting and adjacent landowners generally have kept the gorge lands in their 8 natural state; however, economic and urbanization pressures for 9 10 development are rapidly increasing. Local and state outdoor recreation plans show a regional need for resources and facilities which could be 11 developed in this area. A twelve\_mile strip incorporating the visual 12 13 basins of the Green  $\underline{r}$ iver from the Kummer bridge to Palmer needs to be 14 acquired and developed as a conservation area to preserve this unique 15 area for the recreational needs of the region.

**Sec. 268.** RCW 80.01.020 and 1961 c 14 s 80.01.020 are each amended to read as follows:

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

32

3334

35

Each commissioner shall, before entering upon the duties of his or her office, take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office, and furnish bond to the state in the sum of twenty thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his or her office and for the proper accounting for all funds that may come into or her possession by virtue of his or her office. commissioner shall be a qualified elector of this state and no person in the employ of or holding any official relation to any corporation or person, which corporation or person is subject in whole or in part to regulation by the commission, and no person owning stocks or bonds of any such corporation or who is in any manner pecuniarily interested therein shall be appointed or hold the office of commissioner or be appointed or employed by the commission: PROVIDED, That if any such person shall become the owner of such stocks or bonds or become pecuniarily interested in such corporation otherwise than voluntarily, he or she shall within a reasonable time divest himself or herself of such ownership or interest, and failing to do so his or her office or employment shall become vacant.

Sec. 269. RCW 80.01.100 and 1961 c 14 s 80.01.100 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the attorney general to represent and appear for the people of the state of Washington and the commission in all actions and proceedings involving any question under this title or Title 81 RCW, or under or in reference to any act or order of the commission; and it shall be the duty of the attorney general generally to see that all laws affecting any of the persons or corporations herein enumerated are complied with, and that all laws, the enforcement of which devolves upon the commission, are enforced, and to that end he or she is authorized to institute, prosecute, and defend all necessary actions and proceedings.

13 **Sec. 270.** RCW 80.04.020 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Each commissioner shall have power to administer oaths, certify to all official acts, and to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state.

The superior court of the county in which any such inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding may be had, shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony as required by such subpoena. The commission or the commissioner before which the testimony is to be given or produced, in case of the refusal of any witness to attend or testify or produce any papers required by the subpoena, shall report to the superior court in and for the county in which the proceeding is pending by petition, setting forth that due notice has been given of the time and place of attendance of said witnesses, or the production of said papers, and that the witness has been summoned in the manner prescribed in this chapter, and that the fees and mileage of the witness have been paid or tendered to the witness for his or her attendance and testimony, and that the witness has failed and refused to attend or produce the papers required by the subpoena, before the commission, in the cause or proceedings named in the notice and subpoena, or has refused to answer questions propounded to him or her in the course of such proceeding, and ask an order of said court,

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- compelling the witness to attend and testify before the commission. 1 2 The court, upon the petition of the commission, shall enter an order directing the witness to appear before said court at a time and place 3 to be fixed by the court in such order, and then and there show cause 4 5 why he or she has not responded to said subpoena. A copy of said order shall be served upon said witness. If it shall appear to the court 6 that said subpoena was regularly issued by the commission, the court 7 shall thereupon enter an order that said witness appear before the 8 9 commission at said time and place as fixed in said order, and testify or produce the required papers, and upon failing to obey said order, 10 said witness shall be dealt with as for contempt of court. 11
- 12 **Sec. 271.** RCW 80.04.040 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.040 are each amended 13 to read as follows:
- Each witness who shall appear under subpoena shall receive for his or her attendance four dollars per day and ten cents per mile traveled by the nearest practicable route in going to and returning from the place of hearing. No witness shall be entitled to fees or mileage from the state when summoned at the instance of the public service companies affected.
- 20 **Sec. 272.** RCW 80.04.050 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.050 are each amended to read as follows:

23

2425

2627

30

31

32

3334

- The claim by any witness that any testimony sought to be elicited may tend to incriminate him <u>or her</u> shall not excuse such witness from testifying, but such evidence or testimony shall not be used against such person on the trial of any criminal proceeding, excepting in a prosecution for perjury. The commissioner shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses at any place within the state.
- 28 **Sec. 273.** RCW 80.04.070 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.070 are each amended to read as follows:
  - The commission and each commissioner, or any person employed by the commission, shall have the right, at any and all times, to inspect the accounts, books, papers, and documents of any public service company, and the commission, or any commissioner, may examine under oath any officer, agent, or employee of such public service company in relation thereto, and with reference to the affairs of such company: PROVIDED,

- 1 That any person other than a commissioner who shall make any such
- 2 demand shall produce his or her authority from the commission to make
- 3 such inspection.

5

30

31

**Sec. 274.** RCW 80.04.120 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.120 are each amended to read as follows:

6 At the time fixed for the hearing mentioned in RCW 80.04.110, the 7 complainant and the person or corporation complained of shall be entitled to be heard and introduce such evidence as he or she or it may 8 9 desire. The commission shall issue process to enforce the attendance of all necessary witnesses. At the conclusion of such hearing, the 10 11 commission shall make and render findings concerning the subject matter and facts inquired into and enter its order based thereon. A copy of 12 such order, certified under the seal of the commission, shall be served 13 upon the person or corporation complained of, or his or her or its 14 15 attorney, which order shall, of its own force, take effect and become 16 operative twenty days after the service thereof, except as otherwise provided. Where an order cannot, in the judgment of the commission, be 17 complied with within twenty days, the commission may prescribe such 18 19 additional time as in its judgment is reasonably necessary to comply 20 with the order, and may, on application and for good cause shown, 21 extend the time for compliance fixed in its order. A full and complete 22 record of all proceedings had before the commission, or any member 23 thereof, on any formal hearing had, and all testimony shall be taken 24 down by a stenographer appointed by the commission, and the parties shall be entitled to be heard in person or by attorney. In case of an 25 26 action to review any order of the commission, a transcript of such testimony, together with all exhibits introduced, and of the record and 27 28 proceedings in the cause, shall constitute the record of the 29 commission.

**Sec. 275.** RCW 80.04.170 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.170 are each amended to read as follows:

Any complainant or any public service company affected by any findings or order of the commission, and deeming such findings or order to be contrary to law, may, within thirty days after the service of the findings or order upon him <u>or her</u> or it, apply to the superior court of Thurston county for a writ of review, for the purpose of having the

reasonableness and lawfulness of such findings or order inquired into 1 2 and determined. Such writ shall be made returnable not later than thirty days from and after the date of the issuance thereof, unless 3 upon notice to all parties affected further time be allowed by the 4 5 court, and shall direct the commission to certify its record in the case to the court. Such cause shall be heard by the court without the 6 7 intervention of a jury on the evidence and exhibits introduced before the commission and certified to by it. Upon such hearing, the superior 8 court shall enter judgment either affirming or setting aside or 9 remanding for further action the findings or order of the commission 10 The reasonable cost of preparing the transcript of 11 under review. 12 testimony taken before the commission shall be assessable as part of 13 the statutory court costs, and the amount thereof, if collected by the commission, shall be deposited in the public service revolving fund. 14 In case such findings or order be set aside, or reversed and remanded, 15 16 the court shall make specific findings based upon evidence in the 17 record indicating clearly all respects in which the commission's findings or order are erroneous. 18

19 **Sec. 276.** RCW 80.04.280 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.280 are each amended 20 to read as follows:

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

36

No public service company shall permit any employee to sell, offer for sale, or solicit the purchase of any security of any other person or corporation during such hours as such employee is engaged to perform any duty of such public service company; nor shall any public service company by any means or device require any employee to purchase or contract to purchase any of its securities or those of any other person or corporation; nor shall any public service company require any employee to permit the deduction from his or her wages or salary of any sum as a payment or to be applied as a payment of any purchase or contract to purchase any security of such public service company or of any other person or corporation.

**Sec. 277.** RCW 80.04.460 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.460 are each amended to read as follows:

Every public service company shall give immediate notice to the commission of every accident resulting in death or injury to any person occurring in its plant or system, in such manner as the commission may

prescribe. Such notice shall not be admitted as evidence or used for any purpose against the company giving it in any action for damages growing out of any matter mentioned in the notice.

The commission may investigate any accident resulting in death or injury to any person occurring in connection with the plant or system of any public service company. Notice of the investigation shall be given in all cases for a sufficient length of time to enable the company affected to participate in the hearing and may be given orally or in writing, in such manner as the commission may prescribe.

Such witnesses may be examined as the commission deems necessary and proper to thoroughly ascertain the cause of the accident and fix the responsibility therefor. The examination and investigation may be conducted by an inspector or deputy inspector, and ((they)) he or she may administer oaths, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses, and when the examination is conducted by an inspector or deputy inspector, he or she shall make a full and complete report thereof to the commission.

**Sec. 278.** RCW 80.04.470 and 1961 c 173 s 1 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the commission to enforce the provisions of this title and all other acts of this state affecting public service companies, the enforcement of which is not specifically vested in some other officer or tribunal. Any employee of the commission may, without a warrant, arrest any person found violating in his <u>or her</u> presence any provision of this title, or any rule or regulation adopted by the commission: PROVIDED, That each such employee shall be first specifically designated in writing by the commission or a member thereof as having been found to be a fit and proper person to exercise such authority. Upon being so designated, such person shall be a peace officer and a police officer for the purposes herein mentioned.

**Sec. 279.** RCW 80.04.510 and 1961 c 14 s 80.04.510 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the attorney general to represent and appear for the people of the state of Washington and the commission in all actions and proceedings involving any question under this title, or under or in reference to any act or order of the commission; and it

- shall be the duty of the attorney general generally to see that all laws affecting any of the persons or corporations herein enumerated are complied with, and that all laws, the enforcement of which devolves upon the commission, are enforced, and to that end he <u>or she</u> is authorized to institute, prosecute, and defend all necessary actions and proceedings.
- 7 **Sec. 280.** RCW 80.08.110 and 1994 c 251 s 3 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 Every public service company which, directly or indirectly, issues or causes to be issued, any stock or stock certificate or other 10 11 evidence of interest or ownership, or bond, note, or other evidence of 12 indebtedness, in nonconformity with the provisions of this chapter, or which applies the proceeds from the sale thereof, or any part thereof, 13 to any purpose other than the purpose or purposes allowed by this 14 chapter, shall be subject to a penalty of not more than one thousand 15 16 dollars for each offense. Every violation shall be a separate and 17 distinct offense and in case of a continuing violation every day's 18 continuance thereof shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct 19 offense.
- 20 The act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, or employee of 21 any public service company acting within the scope of his <u>or her</u> 22 official duties or employment, shall in every case be deemed to be the 23 act, omission, or failure of such public service company.
- 24 Sec. 281. RCW 80.32.100 and 1961 c 14 s 80.32.100 are each amended to read as follows:

In the event of the violation of any of the requirements of RCW 26 80.32.080 and 80.32.090 by any corporation availing itself of its 27 provisions, an appropriate suit may be maintained in the name of the 28 29 state upon the relation of the attorney general, or, if he or she shall 30 refuse or neglect to act, upon the relation of any individual aggrieved by the violation, or violations, complained of, to compel such 31 corporation to comply with the requirements of RCW 80.32.080 and 32 80.32.090. A violation of RCW 80.32.080 and 80.32.090 shall cause the 33 34 forfeiture of the corporate franchise if the corporation refuses or 35 neglects to comply with the orders with respect thereto made in the 36 suit herein provided for.

1 **Sec. 282.** RCW 80.50.080 and 1977 ex.s. c 371 s 6 are each amended 2 to read as follows:

3 After the council has received a site application, the attorney general shall appoint an assistant attorney general as a counsel for 4 the environment. The counsel for the environment shall represent the 5 public and its interest in protecting the quality of the environment. 6 7 Costs incurred by the counsel for the environment in the performance of these duties shall be charged to the office of the attorney general, 8 and shall not be a charge against the appropriation to the energy 9 10 facility site evaluation council. He or she shall be accorded all the rights, privileges, and responsibilities of an attorney representing a 11 12 party in a formal action. This section shall not be construed to 13 prevent any person from being heard or represented by counsel in 14 accordance with the other provisions of this chapter.

## Sec. 283. RCW 80.50.150 and 1979 ex.s. c 254 s 2 and 1979 c 41 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The courts are authorized to grant such restraining orders, and such temporary and permanent injunctive relief as is necessary to secure compliance with this chapter and/or with a site certification agreement issued pursuant to this chapter or a <u>n</u>ational <u>p</u>ollutant discharge elimination system (hereafter in this section, NPDES) permit issued by the council pursuant to chapter 90.48 RCW or any permit issued pursuant to RCW 80.50.040(14). The court may assess civil penalties in an amount not less than one thousand dollars per day nor more than twenty-five thousand dollars per day for each day of construction or operation in material violation of this chapter, or in material violation of any site certification agreement issued pursuant to this chapter, or in violation of any NPDES permit issued by the council pursuant to chapter 90.48 RCW, or in violation of any permit issued pursuant to RCW 80.50.040(14). The court may charge the expenses of an enforcement action relating to a site certification agreement under this section, including, but not limited to, expenses incurred for legal services and expert testimony, against any person found to be in material violation of the provisions of certification: PROVIDED, That the expenses of a person found not to be in material violation of the provisions of such certification,

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

including, but not limited to, expenses incurred for legal services and expert testimony, may be charged against the person or persons bringing an enforcement action or other action under this section.

1 2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

38

- (2) Willful violation of any provision of this chapter shall be a gross misdemeanor.
- Willful or criminally negligent, as defined (3) in RCW 9A.08.010( $(\frac{\{(1)\}}{\{(1)\}})$ ) (1)(d), violation of any provision of an NPDES permit issued by the council pursuant to chapter 90.48 RCW or any permit issued by the council pursuant to RCW 80.50.040(14) or any emission standards promulgated by the council in order to implement the federal clean air act and the state implementation plan with respect to energy facilities under the jurisdiction provisions of this chapter shall be deemed a crime, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of up to twenty-five thousand dollars per day and costs of Any violation of this subsection shall be a gross prosecution. misdemeanor.
- (4) Any person knowingly making any false statement, representation, or certification in any document in any NPDES form, notice, or report required by an NPDES permit or in any form, notice, or report required for or by any permit issued pursuant to RCW 80.50.090(14) shall be deemed guilty of a crime, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of up to ten thousand dollars and costs of prosecution.
- (5) Every person who violates the provisions of certificates and permits issued or administered by the council shall incur, in addition to any other penalty as provided by law, a penalty in an amount of up to five thousand dollars a day for every such violation. Each and every such violation shall be a separate and distinct offense, and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance shall be and be deemed to be a separate and distinct violation. Every act of commission or omission which procures, aids, or abets in the violation shall be considered a violation under the provisions of this section and subject to the penalty provided in this section. The penalty provided in this section shall be imposed by a notice in writing, either by certified mail with return receipt requested or by personal service, to the person incurring the same from the council describing such violation with reasonable particularity. The council may, upon written application therefor received within fifteen days after notice

p. 257 SSB 5077.PL

imposing any penalty is received by the person incurring the penalty, and when deemed in the best interest to carry out the purposes of this chapter, remit or mitigate any penalty provided in this section upon such terms as the council shall deem proper, and shall have authority to ascertain the facts upon all such applications in such manner and under such regulations as it may deem proper. Any person incurring any penalty under this section may appeal the same to the council. appeals shall be filed within thirty days of receipt of notice imposing any penalty unless an application for remission or mitigation is made to the council. When an application for remission or mitigation is made, such appeals shall be filed within thirty days of receipt of notice from the council setting forth the disposition of the application. Any penalty imposed under this section shall become due and payable thirty days after receipt of a notice imposing the same unless application for remission or mitigation is made or an appeal is When an application for remission or mitigation is made, any penalty incurred hereunder shall become due and payable thirty days after receipt of notice setting forth the disposition of application unless an appeal is filed from such disposition. Whenever an appeal of any penalty incurred hereunder is filed, the penalty shall become due and payable only upon completion of all review proceedings and the issuance of a final order confirming the penalty in whole or in If the amount of any penalty is not paid to the council within thirty days after it becomes due and payable, the attorney general, upon the request of the council, shall bring an action in the name of the state of Washington in the superior court of Thurston county or of any county in which such violator may do business, to recover such penalty. In all such actions, the procedure and rules of evidence shall be the same as an ordinary civil action except as otherwise provided in this chapter. All penalties recovered under this section shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

(6) Civil proceedings to enforce this chapter may be brought by the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of any county affected by the violation on his <u>or her</u> own motion or at the request of the council. Criminal proceedings to enforce this chapter may be brought by the prosecuting attorney of any county affected by the violation on his <u>or her</u> own motion or at the request of the council.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

3435

36

(7) The remedies and penalties in this section, both civil and criminal, shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to any other penalties and remedies available at law, or in equity, to any person.

1

3

4

5

7

8

10 11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

3536

37

**Sec. 284.** RCW 81.04.020 and 1961 c 14 s 81.04.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Each commissioner shall have power to administer oaths, certify to all official acts, and to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, waybills, books, accounts, documents, and testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state.

The superior court of the county in which any such inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding may be had, shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, waybills, books, accounts, documents, and testimony as required by such The commission or the commissioner before which the testimony is to be given or produced, in case of the refusal of any witness to attend or testify or produce any papers required by the subpoena, shall report to the superior court in and for the county in which the proceeding is pending by petition, setting forth that due notice has been given of the time and place of attendance of said witnesses, or the production of said papers, and that the witness has been summoned in the manner prescribed in this chapter, and that the fees and mileage of the witness have been paid or tendered to the witness for his or her attendance and testimony, and that the witness has failed and refused to attend or produce the papers required by the subpoena, before the commission, in the cause or proceedings named in the notice and subpoena, or has refused to answer questions propounded to him or her in the course of such proceeding, and ask an order of said court, compelling the witness to attend and testify before the commission. The court, upon the petition of the commission, shall enter an order directing the witness to appear before said court at a time and place to be fixed by the court in such order, and then and there show cause why he or she has not responded to said subpoena. A copy of said order shall be served upon said witness. If it shall appear to the court that said subpoena was regularly issued by the commission, the court shall thereupon enter an order that said witness appear before the commission at said time and place as fixed in said

p. 259 SSB 5077.PL

- order, and testify or produce the required papers, and upon failing to 1
- 2 obey said order, said witness shall be dealt with as for contempt of
- 3 court.

- 4 Sec. 285. RCW 81.04.040 and 1961 c 14 s 81.04.040 are each amended to read as follows: 5
- Each witness who appears under subpoena shall receive for his or 6 7 her attendance four dollars per day and ten cents per mile traveled by the nearest practicable route in going to and returning from the place of hearing. No witness shall be entitled to fees or mileage from the 9 10 state when summoned at the instance of the public service companies
- affected. 11
- Sec. 286. RCW 81.04.050 and 1961 c 14 s 81.04.050 are each amended 12 13 to read as follows:
- 14 The claim by any witness that any testimony sought to be elicited 15 may tend to incriminate him or her shall not excuse such witness from testifying, but such evidence or testimony shall not be used against 16 17 such person on the trial of any criminal proceeding, excepting in a 18 prosecution for perjury. The commissioner shall have power to compel
- the attendance of witnesses at any place within the state. 19
- 20 Sec. 287. RCW 81.04.070 and 1961 c 14 s 81.04.070 are each amended to read as follows: 21
- 22 The commission and each commissioner, or any person employed by the 23 commission, shall have the right, at any and all times, to inspect the
- 24 accounts, books, papers, and documents of any public service company,
- and the commission, or any commissioner, may examine under oath any 25
- officer, agent, or employee of such public service company in relation 26
- 27 thereto, and with reference to the affairs of such company: PROVIDED,
- 28 That any person other than a commissioner who shall make any such
- 29 demand shall produce his or her authority from the commission to make
- such inspection. 30
- Sec. 288. RCW 81.04.120 and 1961 c 14 s 81.04.120 are each amended 31 32 to read as follows:
- 33 At the time fixed for the hearing mentioned in RCW 81.04.110, the
- 34 complainant and the person or corporation complained of shall be

entitled to be heard and introduce such evidence as he or she or it may 1 2 The commission shall issue process to enforce the attendance of all necessary witnesses. At the conclusion of such hearing, the 3 commission shall make and render findings concerning the subject matter 4 and facts inquired into and enter its order based thereon. A copy of 5 such order, certified under the seal of the commission, shall be served 6 7 upon the person or corporation complained of, or his or her or its attorney, which order shall, of its own force, take effect and become 8 operative twenty days after the service thereof, except as otherwise 9 10 provided. Where an order cannot, in the judgment of the commission, be complied with within twenty days, the commission may prescribe such 11 12 additional time as in its judgment is reasonably necessary to comply 13 with the order, and may, on application and for good cause shown, 14 extend the time for compliance fixed in its order. A full and complete record of all proceedings had before the commission, or any member 15 thereof, on any formal hearing had, and all testimony shall be taken 16 17 down by a stenographer appointed by the commission, and the parties shall be entitled to be heard in person or by attorney. In case of an 18 action to review any order of the commission, a transcript of such 19 testimony, together with all exhibits introduced, and of the record and 20 21 proceedings in the cause, shall constitute the record of the 22 commission.

**Sec. 289.** RCW 81.04.280 and 2007 c 234 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

35

A public service company subject to regulation by the commission as to rates and service shall not: (1) Permit any employee to sell, offer for sale, or solicit the purchase of any security of any other person or corporation during such hours as such employee is engaged to perform any duty of such public service company; (2) by any means or device, require any employee to purchase or contract to purchase any of its securities or those of any other person or corporation; or (3) require any employee to permit the deduction from his <u>or her</u> wages or salary of any sum as a payment or to be applied as a payment of any purchase or contract to purchase any security of such public service company or of any other person or corporation.

**Sec. 290.** RCW 81.04.460 and 1961 c 173 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the commission to enforce the provisions of this title and all other acts of this state affecting public service companies, the enforcement of which is not specifically vested in some other officer or tribunal. Any employee of the commission may, without a warrant, arrest any person found violating in his or her presence any provision of this title, or any rule or regulation adopted by the PROVIDED, That each such employee shall be first commission: specifically designated in writing by the commission or a member thereof as having been found to be a fit and proper person to exercise such authority. Upon being so designated, such person shall be a peace officer and a police officer for the purposes herein mentioned. 

**Sec. 291.** RCW 81.04.500 and 1961 c 14 s 81.04.500 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the attorney general to represent and appear for the people of the state of Washington and the commission in all actions and proceedings involving any question under this title, or under or in reference to any act or order of the commission; and it shall be the duty of the attorney general generally to see that all laws affecting any of the persons or corporations herein enumerated are complied with, and that all laws, the enforcement of which devolves upon the commission, are enforced, and to that end he or she is authorized to institute, prosecute, and defend all necessary actions and proceedings.

**Sec. 292.** RCW 81.04.510 and 1973 c 115 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

Whether or not any person or corporation is conducting business requiring operating authority, or has performed or is performing any act requiring approval of the commission without securing such approval, shall be a question of fact to be determined by the commission. Whenever the commission believes that any person or corporation is engaged in operations without the necessary approval or authority required by any provision of this title, it may institute a special proceeding requiring such person or corporation to appear before the commission at a location convenient for witnesses and the

production of evidence and bring with him <u>or her or it</u> books, records, accounts, and other memoranda, and give testimony under oath as to his <u>or her or its</u> operations or acts, and the burden shall rest upon such person or corporation of proving that his <u>or her or its</u> operations or acts are not subject to the provisions of this chapter. The commission may consider any and all facts that may indicate the true nature and extent of the operations or acts and may subpoena such witnesses and documents as it deems necessary.

1 2

After having made the investigation herein described, the commission is authorized and directed to issue the necessary order or orders declaring the operations or acts to be subject to, or not subject to, the provisions of this title. In the event the operations or acts are found to be subject to the provisions of this title, the commission is authorized and directed to issue cease and desist orders to all parties involved in the operations or acts.

In proceedings under this section, no person or corporation shall be excused from testifying or from producing any book, waybill, document, paper, or account before the commission when ordered to do so, on the ground that the testimony or evidence, book, waybill, document, paper, or account required of him or her or it may tend to incriminate him or her or it or subject him or her or it to penalty or forfeiture; but no person or corporation shall be prosecuted, punished, or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any account, transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he or she or it shall under oath have testified or produced documentary evidence in proceedings under this section: PROVIDED, That no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution or punishment for any perjury committed by him or her in his or her testimony.

**Sec. 293.** RCW 81.08.110 and 1994 c 251 s 10 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

Every public service company which, directly or indirectly, issues or causes to be issued, any stock or stock certificate or other evidence of interest or ownership, or bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness, in nonconformity with the provisions of this chapter, or which applies the proceeds from the sale thereof, or any part thereof, to any purpose other than the purpose or purposes allowed by this chapter shall be subject to a penalty of not more than one thousand

p. 263 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 dollars for each offense. Every violation of any such order, rules,
- 2 direction, demand, or requirement of the department, or of any
- 3 provision of this chapter, shall be a separate and distinct offense and
- 4 in case of a continuing violation every day's continuance thereof shall
- 5 be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense.
- The act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, or employee of
- 7 any public service company acting within the scope of his or her
- 8 official duties or employment, shall in every case be deemed to be the
- 9 act, omission, or failure of such public service company.
- 10 Sec. 294. RCW 81.24.070 and 1961 c 14 s 81.24.070 are each amended
- 11 to read as follows:
- 12 All moneys collected under the provisions of this chapter shall
- 13 within thirty days be paid to the state treasurer and by him or her
- 14 deposited to the public service revolving fund.
- 15 Sec. 295. RCW 81.28.290 and 1961 c 14 s 81.28.290 are each amended
- 16 to read as follows:
- 17 The commission shall investigate all accidents that may occur upon
- 18 the lines of any common carrier resulting in loss of life, to any
- 19 passenger or employee, and may investigate any and all accidents or
- 20 wrecks occurring on the line of any common carrier. Notice of the
- 21 investigation shall be given in all cases for a sufficient length of
- 22 time to enable the company affected to participate in the hearing and
- 23 may be given orally or in writing, in such manner as the commission may
- 24 prescribe.
- 25 Such witnesses may be examined as the commission deems necessary
- 26 and proper to thoroughly ascertain the cause of the accident or wreck
- 27 and fix the responsibility therefor. The examination and investigation
- 28 may be conducted by an inspector or deputy inspector, and ((they)) he
- 29 or she may administer oaths, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance
- 30 of witnesses, and when the examination is conducted by an inspector or
- 31 deputy inspector, he or she shall make a full and complete report
- 32 thereof to the commission.
- 33 Sec. 296. RCW 81.40.060 and 2003 c 53 s 388 are each amended to
- 34 read as follows:
- 35 (1) It shall be unlawful for any railroad or other transportation

- company doing business in the state of Washington, or of any officer, 1 2 agent, or servant of such railroad or other transportation company, to require any conductor, engineer, ((<del>brakeman</del>)) brake operator, 3 ((fireman)) fire tender, purser, or other employee, as a condition of 4 5 his or her continued employment, or otherwise to require or compel, or attempt to require or compel, any such employees to purchase of any 6 7 such railroad or other transportation company or of any particular person, firm, or corporation or at any particular place or places, any 8 9 uniform or other clothing or apparel, required by any such railroad or 10 other transportation company to be used by any such employee in the performance of his or her duties as such; and any such railroad or 11 transportation company or any officer, agent or servant thereof, who 12 shall order or require any conductor, engineer, ((brakeman)) brake 13 14 operator, ((fireman)) fire tender, purser, or other person in its employ, to purchase any uniform or other clothing or apparel as 15 aforesaid, shall be deemed to have required such purchase as a 16 17 condition of such employee's continued employment.
- (2) Any railroad or other transportation company doing business in the state of Washington, or any officer, agent, or servant thereof, violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine in any sum not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail of the county where the misdemeanor is committed, not exceeding six months.
- 25 **Sec. 297.** RCW 81.40.110 and 1961 c 14 s 81.40.110 are each amended to read as follows:
- Any railroad operating within this state, shall not employ or use as ((flagman)) flagger any person or persons who cannot read, write, and speak the English language.
- 30 **Sec. 298.** RCW 81.44.070 and 1961 c 14 s 81.44.070 are each amended to read as follows:
- It shall be the duty of the inspector of tracks, bridges, structures, and equipment, and such deputies as may be appointed, to inspect all equipment, and appliances connected therewith, and all apparatus, tracks, bridges and structures, depots and facilities and accommodations connected therewith, and facilities and accommodations

furnished for the use of employees, and make such reports of his or her 1 2 inspection to the commission as may be required. He or she shall, on discovering any defective equipment or appliances connected therewith, 3 rendering the use of such equipment dangerous, immediately report the 4 5 same to the superintendent of the road on which it is found, and to the proper official at the nearest point where such defect is discovered, 6 7 describing the defect. Such inspector may, on the discovery of any defect rendering the use of any car, motor or locomotive dangerous, 8 condemn such car, motor or locomotive, and order the same out of 9 10 service until repaired and put in good working order. He or she shall, on discovering any track, bridge, or structure defective or unsafe in 11 12 any particular, report such condition to the commission, and, in 13 addition thereto, report the same to the official in charge of the 14 division of such railroad upon which such defect is found. In case any track, bridge, or structure is found so defective as to be dangerous to 15 the employees or public for a train or trains to be operated over the 16 17 same, the inspector is hereby authorized to condemn such track, bridge, or structure and notify the commission and the office in charge of the 18 division of such railroad where such defect is found of his or her 19 action concerning the same, reporting in detail the defect complained 20 21 of, and the work or improvements necessary to repair such defect. 22 or she shall also report to the commission the violation of any law governing, controlling, or affecting the conduct of public service 23 24 companies in this state, as such companies are defined in this title or 25 in Title 80 RCW.

The inspector, or such deputies as may be appointed, shall have the right and privilege of riding on any locomotive, either on freight or passenger trains, or on the caboose of any freight train, for the purpose of inspecting the track on any railroad in this state: PROVIDED, That the engineer or conductor in charge of any such locomotive or caboose may require such inspector to produce his or her authority, under the seal of the commission, showing that he or she is such inspector or deputy inspector.

The inspector, or such deputy inspector or inspectors as may be appointed, shall, when required by the commission, inspect any street railroad, gas plant, electrical plant, water system, telephone line, or telegraph line, and upon discovering any defective or dangerous track, bridge, structure, equipment, apparatus, machinery, appliance,

2627

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

3637

- 1 facility, instrumentality, or building, rendering the use of the same
- 2 dangerous to the public or to the employees of the company owning or
- 3 operating the same, report the same to the commission, and to the
- 4 official in charge of such road, plant, system, or line.
- 5 **Sec. 299.** RCW 81.48.060 and 1961 c 14 s 81.48.060 are each amended to read as follows:
- 7 Every engineer, ((motorman)) motor operator, ((gripman)) grip
- 8 <u>operator</u>, conductor, ((<del>brakeman</del>)) <u>brake operator</u>, switch tender, train
- 9 dispatcher, or other officer, agent, or servant of any railway company,
- 10 who shall be guilty of any willful violation or omission of his or her
- 11 duty as such officer, agent, or servant, by which human life or safety
- 12 shall be endangered, for which no punishment is specially prescribed,
- 13 shall be quilty of a misdemeanor.
- 14 **Sec. 300.** RCW 81.48.070 and 1994 c 261 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
- 16 Railroad companies in carrying or transporting animals shall not permit them to be confined in cars for a longer period than forty-eight 17 consecutive hours without unloading them for rest, water, and feeding 18 for a period of at least two consecutive hours, unless prevented from 19 20 so unloading them by unavoidable accident. In estimating such confinement, the time during which the animals have been confined 21 22 without such rest on connecting roads from which they are received 23 shall be included. Animals so unloaded shall, during such rest, be properly fed, watered by the owner or person having the custody of 24 25 them, or in case of his or her default in so doing, then by the railroad company transporting them, at the expense of said owner or 26 person in custody thereof, and said company shall in such case have a 27 lien upon such animals for food, care, and custody furnished, and shall 28 not be liable for such detention of such animals. If animals are 29 30 transported where they can and do have proper food, water, space, and 31 opportunity for rest, the foregoing provision in regard to their being 32 unloaded shall not apply. Violators of this section shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars per animal. 33
- 34 **Sec. 301.** RCW 81.52.050 and 1961 c 14 s 81.52.050 are each amended to read as follows:

Every person, company, or corporation having the control or management of any railroad shall, outside of any corporate city or town, and outside the limits of any sidetrack or switch, cause to be constructed and maintained in good repair on each side of said railroad, along the line of said right-of-way of such person, company, or corporation operating the same, a substantial fence, and at every point where any roadway or other public highway shall cross said railroad, a safe and sufficient crossing must be built and maintained, and on each side of such crossing and at each end of such sidetrack or switch, outside of any incorporated city or town, a sufficient cattle guard: PROVIDED, That any person holding land on both sides of said right-of-way shall have the right to put in gates for his or her own use at such places as may be convenient. 

**Sec. 302.** RCW 81.53.010 and 1961 c 14 s 81.53.010 are each amended to read as follows:

The term "commission," when used in this chapter, means the utilities and transportation commission of Washington.

The term "highway," when used in this chapter, includes all state and county roads, streets, alleys, avenues, boulevards, parkways, and other public places actually open and in use, or to be opened and used, for travel by the public.

The term "railroad," when used in this chapter, means every railroad, including interurban and suburban electric railroads, by whatsoever power operated, for the public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire, with all bridges, ferries, tunnels, equipment, switches, spurs, sidings, tracks, stations, and terminal facilities of every kind, used, operated, controlled, managed, or owned by or in connection therewith. The said term shall also include every logging and other industrial railway owned or operated primarily for the purpose of carrying the property of its owners or operators or of a limited class of persons, with all tracks, spurs, and sidings used in connection therewith. The said term shall not include street railways operating within the limits of any incorporated city or town.

The term "railroad company," when used in this chapter, includes every corporation, company, association, joint stock association, partnership, or person, its, their, or his or her lessees, trustees, or

receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, operating, controlling, or managing any railroad, as that term is defined in this section.

4 5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

1415

18 19

20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

The term "over-crossing," when used in this chapter, means any point or place where a highway crosses a railroad by passing above the same.

The term "under-crossing," when used in this chapter, means any point or place where a highway crosses a railroad by passing under the same.

The term "over-crossing" or "under-crossing," shall also mean any point or place where one railroad crosses another railroad not at grade.

The term "grade crossing," when used in this chapter, means any point or place where a railroad crosses a highway or a highway crosses a railroad or one railroad crosses another, at a common grade.

16 **Sec. 303.** RCW 81.53.030 and 1984 c 7 s 373 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a railroad company desires to cross a highway or railroad at grade, it shall file a written petition with the commission setting forth the reasons why the crossing cannot be made either above or below grade. Whenever the legislative authority of a county, or the municipal authorities of a city, or the state officers authorized to lay out and construct state roads, or the state parks and recreation commission, desire to extend a highway across a railroad at grade, they shall file a written petition with the commission, setting forth the reasons why the crossing cannot be made either above or below grade. Upon receiving the petition, the commission shall immediately investigate it, giving at least ten days' notice to the railroad company and the county or city affected thereby, of the time and place of the investigation, to the end that all parties interested may be present and heard. If the highway involved is a state road or parkway, the secretary of transportation or the state parks and recreation commission shall be notified of the time and place of hearing. The evidence introduced shall be reduced to writing and be filed by the If it finds that it is not practicable to cross the commission. railroad or highway either above or below grade, the commission shall enter a written order in the cause, either granting or denying the

right to construct a grade crossing at the point in question. 1 2 commission may provide in the order authorizing a grade crossing, or at any subsequent time, that the railroad company shall install and 3 maintain proper signals, warnings, ((flagmen)) flaggers, interlocking 4 5 devices, or other devices or means to secure the safety of the public and its employees. In respect to existing railroad grade crossings 6 7 over highways the construction of which grade crossings accomplished other than under a commission order authorizing it, the 8 9 commission may in any event require the railroad company to install and 10 maintain, at or near each crossing, on both sides of it, a sign known as the sawbuck crossing sign with the lettering "Railroad Crossing" 11 inscribed thereon with a suitable inscription indicating the number of 12 13 The sign shall be of standard design conforming tracks. 14 specifications furnished by the Washington state department of 15 transportation.

16 **Sec. 304.** RCW 81.53.120 and 1961 c 14 s 81.53.120 are each amended 17 to read as follows:

Whenever two or more lines of railroad owned or operated by different companies cross a highway, or each other, by an overcrossing, under-crossing, or grade crossing required or permitted by this chapter or by an order of the commission, the portion of the expense of making such crossing not chargeable to any municipality, county, or to the state, and the expense of constructing and maintaining such signals, warnings, ((flagmen)) flaggers, interlocking devices, or other devices or means to secure the safety of the public and the employees of the railroad company, as the commission may require to be constructed and maintained, shall be apportioned between said railroad companies by the commission in such manner as justice may require, regard being had for all facts relating to the establishment, reason for, and construction of said improvement, unless said companies shall mutually agree upon an apportionment. If it becomes necessary for the commission to make an apportionment between the railroad companies, a hearing for that purpose shall be held, at least ten days' notice of which shall be given.

35 **Sec. 305.** RCW 81.53.261 and 2007 c 234 s 99 are each amended to read as follows:

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

Whenever the secretary of transportation or the governing body of any city, town, or county, or any railroad company whose road is crossed by any highway, shall deem that the public safety requires signals or other warning devices, other than sawbuck signs, at any crossing of a railroad at common grade by any state, city, town, or county highway, road, street, alley, avenue, boulevard, parkway, or other public place actually open and in use or to be opened and used for travel by the public, he or she or it shall file with the utilities and transportation commission a petition in writing, alleging that the public safety requires the installation of specified signals or other warning devices at such crossing or specified changes in the method and manner of existing crossing warning devices. Upon receiving such petition, the commission shall promptly set the matter for hearing, giving at least twenty days notice to the railroad company or companies and the county or municipality affected thereby, or the secretary of transportation in the case of a state highway, of the time and place of such hearing. At the time and place fixed in the notice, all persons and parties interested shall be entitled to be heard and introduce evidence, which shall be reduced to writing and filed by the commission. If the commission shall determine from the evidence that public safety does not require the installation of the signal, other warning device or change in the existing warning device specified in the petition, it shall make determinations to that effect and enter an order denying said petition in toto. If the commission shall determine from the evidence that public safety requires the installation of such signals or other warning devices at such crossing or such change in the existing warning devices at said crossing, it shall make determinations to that effect and enter an order directing the installation of such signals or other warning devices or directing that such changes shall be made in existing warning devices. The commission shall also at said hearing apportion the entire cost of installation and maintenance of such signals or other warning devices, other than sawbuck signs, as provided in RCW 81.53.271: PROVIDED, That upon agreement by all parties to waive hearing, the commission shall forthwith enter its order.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

37

No railroad shall be required to install any such signal or other warning device until the public body involved has either paid or

1 executed its promise to pay to the railroad its portion of the 2 estimated cost thereof.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to foreclose the right of the interested parties to enter into an agreement, franchise, or permit arrangement providing for the installation of signals or other warning devices at any such crossing or for the apportionment of the cost of installation and maintenance thereof, or compliance with an existing agreement, franchise, or permit arrangement providing for the same.

The hearing and determinations authorized by this section may be instituted by the commission on its own motion, and the proceedings, hearing, and consequences thereof shall be the same as for the hearing and determination of any petition authorized by this section.

No part of the record, or a copy thereof, of the hearing and determination provided for in this section and no finding, conclusion, or order made pursuant thereto shall be used as evidence in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of an accident at or in the vicinity of any crossing prior to installation of signals or other warning devices pursuant to an order of the commission as a result of any such investigation.

Any order entered by the utilities and transportation commission under this section shall be subject to review, supersedeas, and appeal as provided in chapter 34.05 RCW.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to relieve any railroad from liability on account of failure to provide adequate protective devices at any such crossing.

- **Sec. 306.** RCW 81.64.160 and 2003 c 53 s 397 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) No person, agent, officer, manager, or superintendent or receiver of any corporation or owner of streetcars shall require his, her, or its ((gripmen)) grip operators, ((motormen)) motor operators, drivers, or conductors to work more than ten hours in any twenty-four hours.
- 33 (2) Any person, agent, officer, manager, superintendent, or 34 receiver of any corporation, or owner of streetcar or cars, violating 35 this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in any sum 36 not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for 37 each day in which such ((gripman)) grip operator, ((motorman)) motor

- 1 operator, driver, or conductor in the employ of such person, agent,
- 2 officer, manager, superintendent, or receiver of such corporation or
- 3 owner is required to work more than ten hours during each twenty-four
- 4 hours, as provided in this section.
- 5 (3) It is the duty of the prosecuting attorney of each county of
- 6 this state to institute the necessary proceedings to enforce the
- 7 provisions of this section.
- 8 **Sec. 307.** RCW 81.77.020 and 1989 c 431 s 18 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- 10 No person, his <u>or her</u> lessees, receivers, or trustees, shall engage
- in the business of operating as a solid waste collection company in
- 12 this state, except in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
- 13 PROVIDED, That the provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the
- 14 operations of any solid waste collection company under a contract of
- 15 solid waste disposal with any city or town, nor to any city or town
- 16 which itself undertakes the disposal of solid waste.
- 17 Sec. 308. RCW 81.80.100 and 1961 c 14 s 81.80.100 are each amended
- 18 to read as follows:
- 19 Permits granted by the commission shall be in such form as the
- 20 commission shall prescribe and shall set forth the name and address of
- 21 the person to whom the permit is granted, the nature of the
- 22 transportation service to be engaged in and the principal place of
- 23 operation, termini or route to be used or territory to be served by the
- 24 operation. No permit holder shall operate except in accordance with
- 25 the permit issued to him or her.
- 26 Sec. 309. RCW 81.80.355 and 1961 c 14 s 81.80.355 are each amended
- 27 to read as follows:
- 28 Any person not holding a permit authorizing him or her to operate
- 29 as a common carrier, contract carrier, or temporary carrier for the
- 30 transportation of property for compensation in this state, or an exempt
- 31 carrier, who displays on any building, vehicle, billboard, or in any
- 32 manner, any advertisement of, or by circular, letter, newspaper,
- 33 magazine, poster, card, or telephone directory, advertises the
- 34 transportation of property for compensation shall be guilty of a
- 35 misdemeanor and punishable as such.

**Sec. 310.** RCW 81.96.030 and 1984 c 7 s 376 are each amended to 1 2 read as follows:

The secretary of transportation or his or her designee may serve as the Washington state member to the western regional short-haul air transportation compact and may execute the compact on behalf of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein.

7 Sec. 311. RCW 82.03.050 and 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 34 s 176 are each 8 amended to read as follows:

The board shall operate on either a part\_time or a full\_time basis, 9 as determined by the governor. If it is determined that the board 10 shall operate on a full\_time basis, each member of the board shall receive an annual salary to be determined by the governor. 12 If it is determined that the board shall operate on a part-time basis, each 13 member of the board shall receive compensation on the basis of seventy-14 15 five dollars for each day spent in performance of his or her duties, 16 but such compensation shall not exceed ten thousand dollars in a fiscal Each board member shall receive reimbursement for travel 17 expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended. 19

- 20 Sec. 312. RCW 82.03.060 and 1967 ex.s. c 26 s 35 are each amended 21 to read as follows:
- Each member of the board of tax appeals: 22
- (1) Shall not be a candidate for nor hold any other public office 23 or trust, and shall not engage in any occupation or business 24 25 interfering with or inconsistent with his or her duty as a member of the board, nor shall he or she serve on or under any committee of any 26 political party; and 27
- 28 (2) Shall not for a period of one year after the termination of his 29 or her membership on the board, act in a representative capacity before 30 the board on any matter.
- Sec. 313. RCW 82.03.080 and 1967 ex.s. c 26 s 37 are each amended 31 to read as follows: 32
- 33 The board shall as soon as practicable after the 34 appointment of the members thereof, meet and elect from among its

3

4 5

6

11

- members a ((chairman)) chair, and shall at least biennially thereafter meet and elect such a ((chairman)) chair.
- **Sec. 314.** RCW 82.04.290 and 2011 c 174 s 101 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

- (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of providing international investment management services, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income or gross proceeds of sales of the business multiplied by a rate of 0.275 percent.
- (2)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in any business activity other than or in addition to an activity taxed explicitly under another section in this chapter or subsection (1) or (3) of this section; as to such persons the amount of tax on account of such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 1.5 percent.
- (b) This subsection (2) includes, among others, and without limiting the scope hereof (whether or not title to materials used in the performance of such business passes to another by accession, confusion or other than by outright sale), persons engaged in the business of rendering any type of service which does not constitute a "sale at retail" or a "sale at wholesale." The value of advertising, demonstration, and promotional supplies and materials furnished to an agent by his or her principal or supplier to be used for informational, educational, and promotional purposes shall not be considered a part of the agent's remuneration or commission and shall not be subject to taxation under this section.
- (3)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of performing aerospace product development for others, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by a rate of 0.9 percent.
- 32 (b) "Aerospace product development" has the meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.4461.
- **Sec. 315.** RCW 82.04.425 and 1980 c 37 s 78 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 This chapter shall not apply to sales for resale by persons

regularly engaged in the business of making sales of the type of property so sold to other persons similarly engaged in the business of selling such property where (1) the amount paid by the buyer does not exceed the amount paid by the seller to his or her vendor in the acquisition of the article and (2) the sale is made as an accommodation to the buyer to enable him or her to fill a bona fide existing order of a customer or is made within fourteen days to reimburse in kind a previous accommodation sale by the buyer to the seller; nor to sales by a wholly owned subsidiary of a person making sales at retail which are exempt under RCW 82.08.0262 when the parent corporation shall have paid the tax imposed under this chapter. 

**Sec. 316.** RCW 82.08.0266 and 1999 c 358 s 5 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales to nonresidents of this state for use outside of this state of watercraft requiring coast guard registration or registration by the state of principal use according to the <u>federal boating act</u> of 1958, even though delivery be made within this state, but only when (1) the watercraft will not be used within this state for more than forty-five days and (2) an appropriate exemption certificate supported by identification ascertaining residence as required by the department of revenue and signed by the purchaser or his <u>or her</u> agent establishing the fact that the purchaser is a nonresident and that the watercraft is for use outside of this state, a copy of which shall be retained by the dealer.

**Sec. 317.** RCW 82.08.0269 and 1980 c 37 s 36 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales for use in states, territories, and possessions of the United States which are not contiguous to any other state, but only when, as a necessary incident to the contract of sale, the seller delivers the subject matter of the sale to the purchaser or his <u>or her</u> designated agent at the usual receiving terminal of the carrier selected to transport the goods, under such circumstances that it is reasonably certain that the goods will be transported directly to a destination in such noncontiguous states, territories, and possessions.

**Sec. 318.** RCW 82.08.100 and 2004 c 153 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of revenue, by general regulation, shall provide that a taxpayer whose regular books of account are kept on a cash receipts basis may file returns based upon his <u>or her</u> cash receipts for each reporting period and pay the tax herein provided upon such basis in lieu of reporting and paying the tax on all sales made during such period. A taxpayer filing returns on a cash receipts basis is not required to pay such tax on debt subject to credit or refund under RCW 82.08.037.

**Sec. 319.** RCW 82.12.070 and 2004 c 153 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of revenue, by general regulation, shall provide that a taxpayer whose regular books of account are kept on a cash receipts basis may file returns based upon his <u>or her</u> cash receipts for each reporting period and pay the tax herein provided upon such basis in lieu of reporting and paying the tax on all sales made during such period. A taxpayer filing returns on a cash receipts basis is not required to pay such tax on debt subject to credit or refund under RCW 82.12.037.

**Sec. 320.** RCW 82.24.210 and 2003 c 25 s 11 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

The department of revenue may promulgate rules and regulations providing for the refund to dealers for the cost of stamps affixed to articles taxed herein, which by reason of damage become unfit for sale and are destroyed by the dealer or returned to the manufacturer or jobber. In the case of any articles to which stamps have been affixed, and which articles have been sold and shipped to a regular dealer in such articles in another state, the seller in this state shall be entitled to a refund of the actual amount of the stamps so affixed, less the affixing discount, upon condition that the seller in this state makes affidavit that the articles were sold and shipped outside of the state and that he or she has received from the purchaser outside the state a written acknowledgment that he or she has received such articles with the amount of stamps affixed thereto, together with the name and address of such purchaser. The department of revenue may

- 1 redeem any unused stamps purchased from it at the face value thereof
- 2 less the affixing discount. A distributor or wholesaler that has
- 3 lawfully affixed stamps to cigarettes, and subsequently is unable to
- 4 sell those cigarettes lawfully because the cigarettes are removed from
- 5 the directory created pursuant to RCW 70.158.030(2), may apply to the
- 6 department for a refund of the cost of the stamps.
- **Sec. 321.** RCW 82.24.250 and 2008 c 226 s 5 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
  - (1) No person other than: (a) A licensed wholesaler in the wholesaler's own vehicle; or (b) a person who has given notice to the board in advance of the commencement of transportation shall transport or cause to be transported in this state cigarettes not having the stamps affixed to the packages or containers.
  - (2) When transporting unstamped cigarettes, such persons shall have in their actual possession or cause to have in the actual possession of those persons transporting such cigarettes on their behalf invoices or delivery tickets for such cigarettes, which shall show the true name and address of the consignor or seller, the true name and address of the consignee or purchaser, and the quantity and brands of the cigarettes so transported.
  - (3) If unstamped cigarettes are consigned to or purchased by any person in this state, such purchaser or consignee must be a person who is authorized by this chapter to possess unstamped cigarettes in this state.
  - (4) In the absence of the notice of transportation required by this section or in the absence of such invoices or delivery tickets, or, if the name or address of the consignee or purchaser is falsified or if the purchaser or consignee is not a person authorized by this chapter to possess unstamped cigarettes, the cigarettes so transported shall be deemed contraband subject to seizure and sale under the provisions of RCW 82.24.130.
  - (5) Transportation of cigarettes from a point outside this state to a point in some other state will not be considered a violation of this section provided that the person so transporting such cigarettes has in his <u>or her</u> possession adequate invoices or delivery tickets which give the true name and address of such out-of-state seller or consignor and such out-of-state purchaser or consignee.

- (6) In any case where the department or its duly authorized agent, or any peace officer of the state, has knowledge or reasonable grounds to believe that any vehicle is transporting cigarettes in violation of this section, the department, such agent, or such police officer, is authorized to stop such vehicle and to inspect the same for contraband cigarettes.
- (7) For purposes of this section, the term "person authorized by this chapter to possess unstamped cigarettes in this state" means:
  - (a) A wholesaler, licensed under Washington state law;
  - (b) The United States or an agency thereof;

- (c) Any person, including an Indian tribal organization, who, after notice has been given to the board as provided in this section, brings or causes to be brought into the state unstamped cigarettes, if within a period of time after receipt of the cigarettes as the department determines by rule to be reasonably necessary for the purpose the person has caused stamps to be affixed in accordance with RCW 82.24.030 or otherwise made payment of the tax required by this chapter in the manner set forth in rules adopted by the department; and
- (d) Any purchaser or consignee of unstamped cigarettes, including an Indian tribal organization, who has given notice to the board in advance of receiving unstamped cigarettes and who within a period of time after receipt of the cigarettes as the department determines by rule to be reasonably necessary for the purpose the person has caused stamps to be affixed in accordance with RCW 82.24.030 or otherwise made payment of the tax required by this chapter in the manner set forth in rules adopted by the department.
- Nothing in this subsection (7) shall be construed as modifying RCW 82.24.050 or 82.24.110.
- 29 (8) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting any 30 otherwise lawful activity under a cigarette tax compact pursuant to 31 chapter 43.06 RCW.
- 32 (9) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the 33 right to travel upon all public highways under Article III of the 34 treaty with the Yakamas of 1855.
- **Sec. 322.** RCW 82.32.070 and 1999 c 358 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 (1) Every person liable for any fee or tax imposed by chapters

p. 279 SSB 5077.PL

- 82.04 through 82.27 RCW shall keep and preserve, for a period of five 1 2 years, suitable records as may be necessary to determine the amount of any tax for which he or she may be liable, which records shall include 3 copies of all federal income tax and state tax returns and reports made 4 5 by him or her. All his or her books, records, and invoices shall be open for examination at any time by the department of revenue. 6 7 case of an out-of-state person or concern which does not keep the necessary books and records within this state, it shall be sufficient 8 9 if it produces within the state such books and records as shall be required by the department of revenue, or permits the examination by an 10 agent authorized or designated by the department of revenue at the 11 place where such books and records are kept. Any person who fails to 12 13 comply with the requirements of this section shall be forever barred from questioning, in any court action or proceedings, the correctness 14 of any assessment of taxes made by the department of revenue based upon 15 16 any period for which such books, records, and invoices have not been so 17 kept and preserved.
  - (2) A person liable for any fee or tax imposed by chapters 82.04 through 82.27 RCW who contracts with another person or entity for work subject to chapter 18.27 or 19.28 RCW shall obtain and preserve a record of the unified business identifier account number for the person or entity performing the work. Failure to obtain or maintain the record is subject to RCW 39.06.010 and to a penalty determined by the director, but not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars. The department shall notify the taxpayer and collect the penalty in the same manner as penalties under RCW 82.32.100.
- 27 **Sec. 323.** RCW 82.32.120 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 80 are each 28 amended to read as follows:
  - All officers empowered by law to administer oaths, the director of the department of revenue, and such officers as he or she may designate shall have the power to administer an oath to any person or to take the acknowledgment of any person with respect to any return or report required by law or the rules and regulations of the department of revenue.
- 35 **Sec. 324.** RCW 82.32.170 and 2007 c 111 s 111 are each amended to read as follows:

2021

22

2324

25

26

2930

31

32

Any person, having paid any tax, original assessment, additional 1 2 assessment, or corrected assessment of any tax, may apply to the department within the time limitation for refund provided in this 3 chapter, by petition in writing for a correction of the amount paid, 4 5 and a conference for examination and review of the tax liability, in which petition he or she shall set forth the reasons why the conference 6 7 should be granted, and the amount in which the tax, interest, or penalty, should be refunded. The department shall promptly consider 8 the petition, and may grant or deny it. If denied, the petitioner 9 10 shall be notified by mail, or electronically as provided in RCW 82.32.135, thereof forthwith. If a conference is granted, the 11 department shall notify the petitioner by mail, or electronically as 12 provided in RCW 82.32.135, of the time and place fixed therefor. After 13 the hearing, the department may make such determination as may appear 14 to it just and lawful, and shall mail a copy of its determination to 15 16 the petitioner, or provide a copy of its determination electronically 17 as provided in RCW 82.32.135.

Sec. 325. RCW 82.32.260 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 87 are each amended to read as follows:

18

19

20

21

2223

24

2526

2728

29

30

31

32

3334

35

In the case of any corporation organized under the laws of this state, the courts shall not enter or sign any decree of dissolution, nor shall the secretary of state file in his <u>or her</u> office any certificate of dissolution, and in the case of any corporation organized under the laws of another jurisdiction and admitted to do business in this state, the secretary of state shall withhold the issuance of any certificate of withdrawal, until proof, in the form of a certificate from the department of revenue, has been furnished by the applicant for such dissolution or withdrawal, that every license fee, tax, increase, or penalty has been paid or provided for.

Sec. 326. RCW 82.32.270 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 88 are each amended to read as follows:

The taxes imposed hereunder, and the returns required therefor, shall be upon a calendar year basis; but, if any taxpayer in transacting his <u>or her</u> business, keeps books reflecting the same on a basis other than the calendar year, he <u>or she</u> may, with consent of the

- 1 department of revenue, make his or her returns, and pay taxes upon the
- 2 basis of his or her accounting period as shown by the method of keeping
- 3 the books of his or her business.

Sec. 327. RCW 82.32.310 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 91 are each amended to read as follows:

When recovery is had in any suit or proceeding against an officer, agent, or employee of the department of revenue for any act done by him or her or for the recovery of any money exacted by or paid to him or her and by him or her paid over to the department, in the performance of his or her official duty, and the court certifies that there was probable cause for the act done by such officer, agent, or employee, or that he or she acted under the direction of the department or an officer thereof, no execution shall issue against such officer, agent, or employee, but the amount so recovered shall, upon final judgment, be paid by the department as an expense of operation.

Sec. 328. RCW 82.36.110 and 1993 c 54 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

If any person liable for the tax imposed by this chapter fails to pay the same, the amount thereof, including any interest, penalty, or addition to such tax, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto, shall be a lien in favor of the state upon all franchises, property, and rights to property, whether real or personal, then belonging to or thereafter acquired by such person, whether such property is employed by such person in the prosecution of business or is in the hands of a trustee, or receiver, or assignee for the benefit of creditors, from the date the taxes were due and payable, until the amount of the lien is paid or the property sold in payment thereof.

The lien shall have priority over any lien or encumbrance whatsoever, except the lien of other state taxes having priority by law, and except that such lien shall not be valid as against any bona fide mortgagee, pledgee, judgment creditor, or purchaser whose rights have attached prior to the time the department has filed notice of such lien in the office of the county auditor of the county in which the principal place of business of the taxpayer is located.

The auditor, upon presentation of a notice of lien, and without requiring the payment of any fee, shall file and index it in the manner

now provided for deeds and other conveyances except that he <u>or she</u> shall not be required to include, in the index, any description of the property affected by the lien. The lien shall continue until the amount of the tax, together with any penalties and interest subsequently accruing thereon, is paid. The department may issue a certificate of release of lien when the amount of the tax, together with any penalties and interest subsequently accruing thereon, has been satisfied, and such release may be recorded with the auditor of the county in which the notice of lien has been filed.

1 2

The department shall furnish to any person applying therefor a certificate showing the amount of all liens for motor vehicle fuel tax, penalties and interest that may be of record in the files of the department against any person under the provisions of this chapter.

**Sec. 329.** RCW 82.36.250 and 1961 c 15 s 82.36.250 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person who purchases or otherwise acquires motor vehicle fuel upon which the tax has not been paid, from the United States government, or any of its agents or officers, for use not specifically associated with any governmental function or operation or so acquires inflammable petroleum products other than motor vehicle fuel and uses the same in the propulsion of motor vehicles as herein defined, for a use not associated with any governmental function or operation, shall pay to the state the tax herein provided upon the motor vehicle fuel, or other inflammable petroleum products so acquired. It shall be unlawful for any person to use or to conspire with any governmental official, agent, or employee for the use of any requisition, purchase order, or any card or any authority to which he or she is not specifically entitled by government regulations, for the purpose of obtaining any motor vehicle fuel or other inflammable petroleum products upon which the state tax has not been paid.

Sec. 330. RCW 82.36.310 and 1998 c 176 s 38 and 1998 c 115 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Any person claiming a refund for motor vehicle fuel used or exported as in this chapter provided shall not be entitled to receive such refund until he <u>or she</u> presents to the director a claim upon forms to be provided by the director with such information as the director

shall require, which claim to be valid shall in all cases be accompanied by invoices issued to the claimant at the time of the purchases of the motor vehicle fuel, approved as to invoice form by the director. The requirement to provide invoices may be waived for small refund amounts, as determined by the department. Claims for refund of motor vehicle fuel tax must be at least twenty dollars.

Any person claiming refund by reason of exportation of motor vehicle fuel shall in addition to the invoices required furnish to the director the export certificate therefor, and the signature on the exportation certificate shall be certified by a notary public. In all cases, the claim shall be signed by the person claiming the refund, if it is a corporation, by some proper officer of the corporation, or if it is a limited liability company, by some proper manager or member of the limited liability company.

**Sec. 331.** RCW 82.36.410 and 1973 c 95 s 5 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

All moneys collected by the director shall be transmitted forthwith to the state treasurer, together with a statement showing whence the moneys were derived, and shall be by him <u>or her</u> credited to the motor vehicle fund.

**Sec. 332.** RCW 82.38.060 and 1996 c 90 s 1 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

In the event the tax on special fuel imported into this state in the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles for taxable use on Washington highways can be more accurately determined on a mileage basis, the department is authorized to approve and adopt such basis. When a special fuel user imports special fuel into or exports special fuel from the state of Washington in the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles, the amount of special fuel consumed in such vehicles on Washington highways shall be deemed to be such proportion of the total amount of such special fuel consumed in his or her entire operations within and without this state as the total number of miles traveled on the public highways within this state bears to the total number of miles traveled within and without the state. The department may also adopt such mileage basis for determining the taxable use of special fuel used in motor vehicles which travel regularly over prescribed

1 2

courses on and off the highways within the state of Washington. In the absence of records showing the number of miles actually operated per gallon of special fuel consumed, fuel consumption shall be calculated at the rate of one gallon for every: (1) Four miles traveled by vehicles over forty thousand pounds gross vehicle weight; (2) seven miles traveled by vehicles twelve thousand one to forty thousand pounds gross vehicle weight; (3) ten miles traveled by vehicles six thousand one to twelve thousand pounds gross vehicle weight; and (4) sixteen miles traveled by vehicles six thousand pounds or less gross vehicle weight. 

**Sec. 333.** RCW 82.38.275 and 1979 c 40 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

The department may initiate and conduct investigations as may be reasonably necessary to establish the existence of any alleged violations of or noncompliance with the provisions of this chapter or any rules or regulations issued hereunder.

For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under this chapter, the director or any officer designated by him <u>or her</u> may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements, or other documents or records which the director deems relevant or material to the inquiry.

In case of contumacy by or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, any court of competent jurisdiction upon application by the director, may issue to that person an order requiring him or her to appear before the director, or the officer designated by him or her to produce testimony or other evidence touching the matter under investigation or in question. The failure to obey an order of the court may be punishable by contempt.

Sec. 334. RCW 82.41.080 and 1982 c 161 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The department may initiate and conduct investigations as may be reasonably necessary to establish the existence of any alleged violations of or noncompliance with this chapter or any rules issued hereunder.

For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under this chapter, the director or any officer designated by the director may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements, or other documents or records which the director deems relevant or material to the inquiry.

In case of contumacy by or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any person, any court of competent jurisdiction, upon application by the director, may issue to that person an order requiring him or her to appear before the director, or the officer designated by the director, to produce testimony or other evidence touching the matter under investigation or in question. The failure to obey an order of the court may be punishable by contempt.

14 **Sec. 335.** RCW 82.42.040 and 2008 c 181 s 507 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall by rule and regulation adopted as provided in chapter 34.05 RCW (Administrative Procedure Act) set up the necessary administrative procedure for collection by the department of the aircraft fuel excise tax as provided for in RCW 82.42.020, placing the responsibility of collection of said tax upon every distributor of aircraft fuel within the state; he or she may require the licensing of every distributor of aircraft fuel and shall require such a corporate surety bond or security of any distributor or person not otherwise bonded under provisions of chapter 82.36 RCW as is provided for distributors of motor vehicle fuel under RCW 82.36.060; he or she shall provide such forms and may require such reports or statements as in his or her determination shall be necessary for the proper administration of this chapter. The director may require such records to be kept, and for such periods of time, as deemed necessary for the administration of this chapter, which records shall be available at all times for the director or his or her representative who may require a statement under oath as to the contents thereof. During a state of emergency declared under RCW 43.06.010(12), the director, on his or her own motion or at the request of any taxpayer affected by the emergency, may extend the time for filing any report or the due date for tax remittances as the director deems proper.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

Every application for a distributor's license must contain the following information to the extent it applies to the applicant:

- (1) Proof as the department may require concerning the applicant's identity, including but not limited to his or her fingerprints or those of the officers of a corporation making the application;
- (2) The applicant's form and place of organization including proof that the individual, partnership, or corporation is licensed to do business in this state;
- (3) The qualification and business history of the applicant and any partner, officer, or director;
- (4) The applicant's financial condition or history including a bank reference and whether the applicant or any partner, officer, or director has ever been adjudged bankrupt or has an unsatisfied judgment in a federal or state court;
- (5) Whether the applicant has been adjudged guilty of a crime that directly relates to the business for which the license is sought and the time elapsed since the conviction is less than ten years, or has suffered a judgment within the preceding five years in a civil action involving fraud, misrepresentation, or conversion and in the case of a corporation or partnership, all directors, officers, or partners.

After receipt of an application for a license, the director may conduct an investigation to determine whether the facts set forth are true. The director may require a fingerprint record check of the applicant through the Washington state patrol criminal identification system and the federal bureau of investigation before issuance of a license. The results of the background investigation including criminal history information may be released to authorized department personnel as the director deems necessary. The department shall charge a license holder or license applicant a fee of fifty dollars for each background investigation conducted.

An applicant who makes a false statement of a material fact on the application may be prosecuted for false swearing as defined by RCW 9A.72.040.

- **Sec. 336.** RCW 82.42.100 and 1967 ex.s. c 10 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- The director is charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. The

p. 287 SSB 5077.PL

- 1 director may, in his or her discretion, call on the state patrol or any
- 2 peace officer in the state, who shall then aid in the enforcement of
- 3 this chapter or any rules or regulations promulgated hereunder.
- 4 **Sec. 337.** RCW 82.44.140 and 1979 c 158 s 237 are each amended to read as follows:
- Any duties required by this chapter to be performed by the county auditor may be performed by any other person designated by the director
- 8 of licensing and authorized by him or her to receive motor vehicle
- 9 license fees and issue receipt therefor.
- 10 **Sec. 338.** RCW 82.50.520 and 1983 c 26 s 4 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- The following travel trailers or campers are specifically exempted from the operation of this chapter:
- 14 (1) Any unoccupied travel trailer or camper when it is part of an 15 inventory of travel trailers or campers held for sale by a manufacturer 16 or dealer in the course of his or her business.
- 17 (2) A travel trailer or camper owned by any government or political subdivision thereof.
- 19 (3) A travel trailer or camper owned by a nonresident and currently 20 licensed in another state, unless such travel trailer or camper is 21 required by law to be licensed in this state.
- For the purposes of this subsection only, a camper owned by a nonresident shall be considered licensed in another state if the vehicle to which such camper is attached is currently licensed in another state.
- 26 (4) Travel trailers eligible to be used under a dealer's license 27 plate, and taxed under RCW 82.44.030 while so eligible.
- 28 **Sec. 339.** RCW 82.56.030 and 1967 c 125 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- The member representing this state on the multistate tax commission
- 31 may be represented thereon by an alternate designated by him or her.
- 32 Any such alternate shall be a principal deputy or assistant of the
- 33 member of the commission in the agency which the member heads.

- 1 **Sec. 340.** RCW 82.56.040 and 1967 c 125 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- The governor, after consultation with representatives of local governments, shall appoint three persons who are representative of subdivisions affected or likely to be affected by the multistate tax compact. The member of the commission representing this state, and any alternate designated by him <u>or her</u>, shall consult regularly with these appointees, in accordance with Article VI 1(b) of the compact.
- 9 **Sec. 341.** RCW 83.100.020 and 2005 c 516 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 11 As used in this chapter:

2829

- 12 (1) "Decedent" means a deceased individual;
- 13 (2) "Department" means the department of revenue, the director of 14 that department, or any employee of the department exercising authority 15 lawfully delegated to him <u>or her</u> by the director;
- 16 (3) "Federal return" means any tax return required by chapter 11 of the <u>i</u>nternal <u>revenue code;</u>
- 18 (4) "Federal tax" means a tax under chapter 11 of the <u>i</u>nternal 19 <u>revenue code;</u>
- 20 (5) "Gross estate" means "gross estate" as defined and used in 21 section 2031 of the  $\underline{i}$ nternal  $\underline{r}$ evenue  $\underline{c}$ ode;
- (6) "Person" means any individual, estate, trust, receiver, cooperative association, club, corporation, company, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate, or other entity and, to the extent permitted by law, any federal, state, or other governmental unit or subdivision or agency, department, or instrumentality thereof;
  - (7) "Person required to file the federal return" means any person required to file a return required by chapter 11 of the <u>internal</u> revenue <u>code</u>, such as the personal representative of an estate;
    - (8) "Property" means property included in the gross estate;
- 31 (9) "Resident" means a decedent who was domiciled in Washington at 32 time of death;
- 33 (10) "Taxpayer" means a person upon whom tax is imposed under this 34 chapter, including an estate or a person liable for tax under RCW 35 83.100.120;
- 36 (11) "Transfer" means "transfer" as used in section 2001 of the 37  $\underline{i}$ nternal  $\underline{r}$ evenue  $\underline{c}$ ode. However, "transfer" does not include a

- qualified heir disposing of an interest in property qualifying for a deduction under RCW 83.100.046 or ceasing to use the property for farming purposes;
  - (12) "Internal <u>revenue code</u>" means, for the purposes of this chapter and RCW 83.110.010, the United States <u>internal revenue code</u> of 1986, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2005;
    - (13) "Washington taxable estate" means the federal taxable estate, less: (a) One million five hundred thousand dollars for decedents dying before January 1, 2006; and (b) two million dollars for decedents dying on or after January 1, 2006; and (c) the amount of any deduction allowed under RCW 83.100.046; and
  - (14) "Federal taxable estate" means the taxable estate as determined under chapter 11 of the <u>internal revenue code</u> without regard to: (a) The termination of the federal estate tax under section 2210 of the <u>internal revenue code</u> or any other provision of law, and (b) the deduction for state estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes allowable under section 2058 of the <u>internal revenue code</u>.
- 18 **Sec. 342.** RCW 84.08.120 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 155 are each 19 amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of every public officer to comply with any lawful order, rule, or regulation of the department of revenue made under the provisions of this title, and whenever it shall appear to the department of revenue that any public officer or employee whose duties relate to the assessment or equalization of assessments of property for taxation or to the levy or collection of taxes has failed to comply with the provisions of this title or with any other law relating to such duties or the rules of the department made in pursuance thereof, the department after a hearing on the facts may issue its order directing such public officer or employee to comply with such provisions of law or of its rules, and if such public officer or employee for a period of ten days after service on him or her of the department's order shall neglect or refuse to comply therewith, the department of revenue may apply to a judge of the superior court or court commissioner of the county in which said public officer or employee holds office for an order returnable within five days from the date thereof to compel such public officer or employee to comply with such provisions of law or of the department's order, or to show cause

4 5

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

20

21

2223

24

2526

2728

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- 1 why he <u>or she</u> should not be compelled so to do, and any order issued by
- 2 the judge pursuant thereto shall be final. The remedy herein provided
- 3 shall be cumulative and shall not exclude the department of revenue
- 4 from exercising any power or rights otherwise granted.

8

10 11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

37

5 **Sec. 343.** RCW 84.08.140 and 1994 c 301 s 19 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

Any taxpayer feeling aggrieved by the levy or levies of any taxing district except levies authorized by a vote of the voters of the district may appeal therefrom to the department of revenue as hereinafter provided. Such taxpayer, upon the execution of a bond, with two or more sufficient sureties to be approved by the county auditor, payable to the state of Washington, in the penal sum of two hundred dollars and conditioned that if the petitioner shall fail in his or her appeal for a reduction of said levy or levies the taxpayer will pay the taxable costs of the hearings hereinafter provided, not exceeding the amount of such bond, may file a written complaint with the county auditor wherein such taxing district is located not later than ten days after the making and entering of such levy or levies, setting forth in such form and detail as the department of revenue shall by general rule prescribe, the taxpayer's objections to such levy or levies. Upon the filing of such complaint, the county auditor shall immediately transmit a certified copy thereof, together with a copy of the budget or estimates of such taxing district as finally adopted, including estimated revenues and such other information as the department of revenue shall by rule require, to the department of revenue. The department of revenue shall fix a date for a hearing on said complaint at the earliest convenient time after receipt of said record, which hearing shall be held in the county in which said taxing district is located, and notice of such hearing shall be given to the officials of such taxing district, charged with determining the amount of its levies, and to the taxpayer on said complaint by registered mail at least five days prior to the date of said hearing. At such hearings all interested parties may be heard and the department of revenue shall receive all competent evidence. After such hearing, the department of revenue shall either affirm or decrease the levy or levies complained of, in accordance with the evidence, and shall thereupon certify its action with respect thereto to the county auditor, who, in turn, shall

- 1 certify it to the taxing district or districts affected, and the action
- 2 of the department of revenue with respect to such levy or levies shall
- 3 be final and conclusive.

Sec. 344. RCW 84.08.190 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 158 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of instruction on the subject of taxation, the county assessors of the state shall meet with the department of revenue at the capital of the state, or at such place within the state as they may determine at their previous meeting, on the second Monday of October of each year or on such other date as may be fixed by the department of revenue. Each assessor shall be paid by the county of his <u>or her</u> residence his <u>or her</u> actual expenses in attending such meeting, upon presentation to the county auditor of proper vouchers.

**Sec. 345.** RCW 84.09.040 and 1961 c 15 s 84.09.040 are each amended to read as follows:

Every county auditor, county assessor, and county treasurer who in any case refuses or knowingly neglects to perform any duty enjoined on him or her by this title, or who consents to or connives at any evasion of its provisions whereby any proceeding herein provided for is prevented or hindered, or whereby any property required to be listed for taxation is unlawfully exempted, or the valuation thereof is entered on the tax roll at less than its true taxable value, shall, for every such neglect, refusal, consent, or connivance, forfeit and pay to the state not less than two hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, at the discretion of the court, to be recovered before any court of competent jurisdiction upon the complaint of any citizen who is a taxpayer; and the prosecuting attorney shall prosecute such suit to judgment and execution.

**Sec. 346.** RCW 84.12.240 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 162 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of revenue shall have access to all books, papers, documents, statements, and accounts on file or of record in any of the departments of the state; and it shall have the power to issue subpoenas, signed by the director of the department or any duly authorized employee and served in a like manner as a subpoena issued

from courts of record, to compel witnesses to appear and give evidence 1 2 and to produce books and papers. The director of the department or any employee officially designated by the department is authorized to 3 administer oaths to witnesses. The attendance of any witness may be 4 5 compelled by attachment issued out of any superior court upon application to said court by the director or any duly authorized 6 7 employee of the department, upon a proper showing that such witness has been duly served with a subpoena and has refused to appear before the 8 9 said department. In case of the refusal of a witness to produce books, 10 papers, documents, or accounts, or to give evidence on matters material to the hearing, the department may institute proceedings in the proper 11 12 superior court to compel such witness to testify or to produce such 13 books or papers, and to punish him or her for such failure or refusal. 14 All process issued by the department shall be served by the sheriff of the proper county or by a duly authorized agent of the department and 15 such service, if made by the sheriff, shall be certified by him or her 16 17 to the department of revenue without any compensation therefor. Persons appearing before the department in obedience to a subpoena 18 shall receive the same compensation as witnesses in the superior court. 19 The records, books, accounts, and papers of each company shall be 20 21 subject to visitation, investigation, or examination by the department, 22 or any employee thereof officially designated by the department. All 23 real and/or personal property of any company shall be subject to 24 visitation, investigation, examination, and/or listing at any and all 25 times by the department, or any person officially designated by the director. 26

**Sec. 347.** RCW 84.16.032 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 176 are each amended to read as follows:

27

2829

30

31

3233

34

3536

37

The department of revenue shall have access to all books, papers, documents, statements, and accounts on file or of record in any of the departments of the state; and shall have the power, by summons signed by director and served in a like manner as a subpoena issued from courts of record, to compel witnesses to appear and give evidence and to produce books and papers. The director or any employee officially designated by the director is authorized to administer oaths to witnesses. The attendance of any witness may be compelled by attachment issued out of any superior court upon application to said

p. 293 SSB 5077.PL

court by the department, upon a proper showing that such witness has 1 2 been duly served with a summons and has refused to appear before the said department. In case of the refusal of a witness to produce books, 3 papers, documents, or accounts or to give evidence on matters material 4 5 to the hearing, the department may institute proceedings in the proper superior court to compel such witness to testify, or to produce such 6 7 books or papers and to punish him or her for the refusal. All summons and process issued by the department shall be served by the sheriff of 8 the proper county and such service certified by him or her to the 9 10 department of revenue without any compensation therefor. Persons appearing before the department in obedience to a summons, shall, in 11 12 the discretion of the department, receive the same compensation as 13 witnesses in the superior court. The records, books, accounts, and 14 papers of each company shall be subject to visitation, investigation, or examination by the department, or any employee thereof officially 15 designated by the director. All real and/or personal property of any 16 17 company shall be subject to visitation, investigation, examination, and/or listing at any and all times by the department, or any person 18 19 employed by the department.

## 20 **Sec. 348.** RCW 84.36.300 and 1973 c 149 s 2 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

There shall be exempt from taxation a portion of each separately assessed stock of merchandise, as that word is defined in this section, owned or held by any taxpayer on the first day of January of any year computed by first multiplying the total amount of that stock of such merchandise, as determined in accordance with RCW 84.40.020, by a percentage determined by dividing the amount of such merchandise brought into this state by the taxpayer during the preceding year for that stock by the total additions to that stock by the taxpayer during that year, and then multiplying the result of the latter computation by a percentage determined by dividing the total out-of-state shipments of such merchandise by the taxpayer during the preceding year from that stock (and regardless of whether or not any such shipments involved a sale of, or a transfer of title to, the merchandise within this state) by the total shipments of such merchandise by the taxpayer during the preceding year from that stock. As used in this section, the word "merchandise" means goods, wares, merchandise, or material which were

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

3536

not manufactured in this state by the taxpayer and which were acquired by him or her (in any other manner whatsoever, including manufacture by him or her outside of this state) for the purpose of sale or shipment in substantially the same form in which they were acquired by him or her within this state or were brought into this state by him or her. Breaking of packages or of bulk shipments, packaging, repackaging, labeling, or relabeling shall not be considered as a change in form within the meaning of this section. A taxpayer who has made no shipments of merchandise, either out-of-state or in-state, during the preceding year, may compute the percentage to be applied to the stock of merchandise on the basis of his or her experience from March 1st of the preceding year to the last day of February of the current year, in lieu of computing the percentage on the basis of his or her experience during the preceding year. The rule of strict construction shall not apply to this section.

All rights, title, or interest in or to any aircraft parts, equipment, furnishings, or accessories (but not engines or major structural components) which are manufactured outside of the state of Washington and are owned by purchasers of the aircraft constructed, under construction or to be constructed in the state of Washington, and are shipped into the state of Washington for installation in or use in connection with the operation of such aircraft shall be exempt from taxation prior to and during construction of such aircraft and while held in this state for periods preliminary to and during the transportation of such aircraft from the state of Washington.

## Sec. 349. RCW 84.36.320 and 1969 ex.s. c 124 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

An owner or agent filing a claim under RCW 84.36.310 shall consent to the inspection of the books and records upon which the claim has been based, such inspection to be similar in manner to that provided by RCW 84.40.340, or if the owner or agent does not maintain records within this state, the consent shall apply to the records of a warehouse, person, or agent having custody of the inventory to which the claim applies. Consent to the inspection of the records shall be executed as a part of the claim. The owner, his or her agent, or other person having custody of the inventory referred to herein shall retain within this state, for a period of at least two years from the date of

p. 295

SSB 5077.PL

- 1 the claim, the records referred to above. If adequate records are not
- 2 made available to the assessor within the county where the claim is
- 3 made, then the exemption shall be denied.

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

1415

Sec. 350. RCW 84.36.400 and 1972 ex.s. c 125 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Any physical improvement to single-family dwellings upon real property shall be exempt from taxation for the three assessment years subsequent to the completion of the improvement to the extent that the improvement represents thirty percent or less of the value of the original structure. A taxpayer desiring to obtain the exemption granted by this section must file notice of his <u>or her</u> intention to construct the improvement prior to the improvement being made on forms prescribed by the department of revenue and furnished to the taxpayer by the county assessor: PROVIDED, That this exemption cannot be claimed more than once in a five-year period.

- The department of revenue shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary and convenient to properly administer the provisions of this section.
- 19 **Sec. 351.** RCW 84.36.813 and 1977 ex.s. c 209 s 3 are each amended 20 to read as follows:

21 An exempt property owner shall notify the department of revenue of 22 any change of use prior to each assessment year. Any other person 23 believing that a change in the use of exempt property has occurred shall report same to the county assessor, who shall examine the 24 25 property and if the use is not in compliance with chapter 84.36 RCW he or she shall report the information to the department with a 26 27 recommendation that the exempt status be canceled. The final 28 determination shall be made by the department.

- 29 **Sec. 352.** RCW 84.36.850 and 1989 c 378 s 13 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- Any applicant aggrieved by the department of revenue's denial of an exemption application may petition the state board of tax appeals to review an application for either real or personal property tax exemption and the board shall consider any appeals to determine (1) if

the property is entitled to an exemption, and (2) the amount or portion thereof.

3

4 5

6

20

21

22

2324

2526

27

2829

30

31

3233

34

A county assessor of the county in which the exempted property is located shall be empowered to appeal to the state board of tax appeals to review any real or personal property tax exemption approved by the department of revenue which he <u>or she</u> feels is not warranted.

Appeals from a department of revenue decision must be made within thirty days after the mailing of the approval or denial.

- 9 **Sec. 353.** RCW 84.38.040 and 2001 c 185 s 10 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 (1) Each claimant electing to defer payment of special assessments and/or real property tax obligations under this chapter shall file with 12 the county assessor, on forms prescribed by the department and supplied 13 by the assessor, a written declaration thereof. The declaration to 14 15 defer special assessments and/or real property taxes for any year shall 16 be filed no later than thirty days before the tax or assessment is due 17 or thirty days after receiving notice under RCW 84.64.050, whichever is 18 later: PROVIDED, That for good cause shown, the department may waive 19 this requirement.
  - (2) The declaration shall designate the property to which the deferral applies, and shall include a statement setting forth (a) a list of all members of the claimant's household, (b) the claimant's equity value in his <u>or her</u> residence, (c) facts establishing the eligibility for the deferral under the provisions of this chapter, and (d) any other relevant information required by the rules of the department. Each copy shall be signed by the claimant subject to the penalties as provided in chapter 9A.72 RCW for false swearing. The first declaration to defer filed in a county shall include proof of the claimant's age acceptable to the assessor.
  - (3) The county assessor shall determine if each claimant shall be granted a deferral for each year but the claimant shall have the right to appeal this determination to the county board of equalization, in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038, whose decision shall be final as to the deferral of that year.
- 35 **Sec. 354.** RCW 84.38.060 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 291 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

- If the claimant is unable to make his <u>or her</u> own declaration of deferral, it may be made by a duly authorized agent or by a guardian or other person charged with care of the person or property of such claimant.
- 5 **Sec. 355.** RCW 84.38.080 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 291 s 33 are each 6 amended to read as follows:
- A person's right to defer special assessments and/or property tax obligations on his <u>or her</u> residence shall not be reduced by contract or agreement, from January 1, 1976 onward.
- 10 **Sec. 356.** RCW 84.38.090 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 291 s 34 are each 11 amended to read as follows:
- If any residence is under mortgage or purchase contract requiring accumulation of reserves out of which the holder of the mortgage or contract is required to pay real estate taxes, said holder shall cosign the declaration of deferral either before a notary public or the county assessor or his <u>or her</u> deputy in the county where the real property is located.
- 18 **Sec. 357.** RCW 84.40.070 and 2003 c 302 s 3 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- 20 The president, secretary, or principal accounting officer or agent of any company or association, whether incorporated or unincorporated, 21 except as otherwise provided for in this title, shall make out and 22 23 deliver to the assessor a statement of its property, setting forth 24 particularly (1) the name and location of the company or association; 25 (2) the real property of the company or association, and where situated; and (3) the nature and value of its personal property. The 26 27 real and personal property of such company or association shall be 28 assessed the same as other real and personal property. In all cases of 29 failure or refusal of any person, officer, company, or association to 30 make such return or statement, it shall be the duty of the assessor to make such return or statement from the best information he or she can 31 32 obtain.
- 33 **Sec. 358.** RCW 84.40.110 and 1961 c 15 s 84.40.110 are each amended to read as follows:

When the assessor shall be of opinion that the person listing property for himself <u>or herself</u> or for any other person, company, or corporation, has not made a full, fair, and complete list of such property, he <u>or she</u> may examine such person under oath in regard to the amount of the property he <u>or she</u> is required to list, and if such person shall refuse to answer under oath, and a full discovery make, the assessor may list the property of such person, or his <u>or her</u> principal, according to his <u>or her</u> best judgment and information.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

Sec. 359. RCW 84.40.160 and 1997 c 135 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The assessor shall list all real property according to the largest legal subdivision as near as practicable. The assessor shall make out in the plat and description book in numerical order a complete list of all lands or lots subject to taxation, showing the names and owners, if to him or her known and if unknown, so stated; the number of acres and lots or parts of lots included in each description of property and the value per acre or lot: PROVIDED, That the assessor shall give to each tract of land where described by metes and bounds a number, to be designated as Tax No. . . . , which said number shall be placed on the tax rolls to indicate that certain piece of real property bearing such number, and described by metes and bounds in the plat and description book herein mentioned, and it shall not be necessary to enter a description by metes and bounds on the tax roll of the county, and the assessor's plat and description book shall be kept as a part of the tax collector's records: AND PROVIDED, FURTHER, That the board of county commissioners of any county may by order direct that the property be listed numerically according to lots and blocks or section, township and range, in the smallest platted or government subdivision, and when so listed the value of each block, lot or tract, the value of the improvements thereon and the total value thereof, improvements thereon, shall be extended after the description of each lot, block or tract, which last extension shall be in the column headed "Total value of each tract, lot or block of land assessed with improvements as returned by the assessor." In carrying the values of said property into the column representing the equalized value thereof, the county assessor shall include and carry over in one item the equalized valuation of all lots in one block, or land in one section,

p. 299

listed consecutively, which belong to any one person, firm, or corporation, and are situated within the same taxing district, and in the assessed value of which the county board of equalization has made no change. Where assessed valuations are changed, the equalized valuation must be extended and shown by item.

The assessor shall prepare and possess a complete set of maps drawn to indicate parcel configuration for lands in the county. The assessor shall continually update the maps to reflect transfers, conveyances, acquisitions, or any other transaction or event that changes the boundaries of any parcel and shall renumber the parcels or prepare new map pages for any portion of the maps to show combinations or divisions of parcels.

**Sec. 360.** RCW 84.40.185 and 1995 c 318 s 5 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

Every individual, corporation, limited liability company, association, partnership, trust, or estate shall list all personal property in his <u>or her</u> or its ownership, possession, or control which is subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of this title. Such listing shall be made and delivered in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

**Sec. 361.** RCW 84.40.210 and 1961 c 168 s 1 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

Every person who purchases, receives, or holds personal property of any description for the purpose of adding to the value thereof by any process of manufacturing, refining, rectifying, or by the combination of different materials with the view of making gain or profit by so doing shall be held to be a manufacturer, and he or she shall, when required to, make and deliver to the assessor a statement of the amount of his or her other personal property subject to taxes, also include in his or her statement the value of all articles purchased, received, or otherwise held for the purpose of being used in whole or in part in any process or processes of manufacturing, combining, rectifying, or refining. Every person owning a manufacturing establishment of any kind and every manufacturer shall list as part of his or her manufacturer's stock the value of all engines and machinery of every description used or designed to be used in any process of refining or

- 1 manufacturing except such fixtures as have been considered as part of 2 any parcel of real property, including all tools and implements of
- 3 every kind, used or designed to be used for the first aforesaid

4 purpose.

5 Sec. 362. RCW 84.40.220 and 1974 ex.s. c 83 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

7 Whoever owns, or has in his or her possession or subject to his or 8 her control, any goods, merchandise, grain, or produce of any kind, or other personal property within this state, with authority to sell the 9 same, which has been purchased either in or out of this state, with a 10 11 view to being sold at an advanced price or profit, or which has been 12 consigned to him or her from any place out of this state for the purpose of being sold at any place within the state, shall be held to 13 be a merchant, and when he or she is by this title required to make out 14 15 and to deliver to the assessor a statement of his or her other personal 16 property, he or she shall state the value of such property pertaining to his or her business as a merchant. No consignee shall be required 17 to list for taxation the value of any property the product of this 18 19 state, nor the value of any property consigned to him or her from any 20 other place for the sole purpose of being stored or forwarded, if he or 21 she has no interest in such property nor any profit to be derived from 22 its sale. The growing stock of ((nurserymen)) nursery dealers, which is owned by the original producer thereof or which has been held or 23 24 possessed by the ((nurserymen)) nursery dealers for one hundred eighty days or more, shall, whether personal or real property, be considered 25 26 the same as growing crops on cultivated lands: PROVIDED, That the ((nurserymen)) nursery dealers be licensed by the department of 27 agriculture: PROVIDED FURTHER, That an original producer, within the 28 meaning of this section, shall include a person who, beginning with 29 30 seeds, cuttings, bulbs, corms, or any form of immature plants, grows 31 such plants in the course of their development into either a marketable 32 partially grown product or a marketable consumer product.

33 **Sec. 363.** RCW 84.40.240 and 1961 c 15 s 84.40.240 are each amended to read as follows:

The assessor of each county shall, on or before the first day of January of each year, obtain from the department of natural resources,

- and from the local land offices of the state, lists of public lands sold or contracted to be sold during the previous year in his or her county, and certify them for taxation, together with the various classes of state lands sold during the same year, and it shall be the duty of the department of natural resources to certify a list or lists of all public lands sold or contracted to be sold during the previous year, on application of the assessor of any county applying therefor.
- 8 **Sec. 364.** RCW 84.40.370 and 1984 c 220 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- The assessor shall list the property and assess it with reference to its value on the date the property lost its exempt status unless such property has been previously listed and assessed. He <u>or she</u> shall extend the taxes on the tax roll using the rate of percent applicable as if the property had been assessed in the previous year.
- 15 **Sec. 365.** RCW 84.41.080 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 199 are each 16 amended to read as follows:
  - Upon receiving a request from the county assessor, either upon his or her initiation or at the direction of the board of county commissioners, for special assistance in the county's revaluation program, the department of revenue may, before undertaking to render such special assistance, negotiate a contract with the board of county commissioners of the county concerned. Such contracts as negotiated shall provide that the county will reimburse the state for fifty percent of the costs of such special assistance within three years of the date of expenditure of such costs. All such reimbursements shall be paid to the department of revenue for deposit to the state general fund. The department of revenue shall keep complete records of such contracts, including costs incurred, payments received, and services performed thereunder.
- 30 **Sec. 366.** RCW 84.41.120 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 202 are each 31 amended to read as follows:
- Each county assessor shall keep such books and records as are required by the rules and regulations of the department of revenue and shall comply with any lawful order, rule, or regulation of the department of revenue.

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

2627

28

Whenever it appears to the department of revenue that any assessor 1 2 has failed to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter relating to his or her duties or the rules of the department of revenue 3 made in pursuance thereof, the department of revenue, after a hearing 4 5 on the facts, may issue an order directing such assessor to comply with such provisions of this chapter or rules of the department of revenue. 6 7 Such order shall be mailed by registered mail to the assessor at the county court house. If, upon the expiration of fifteen days from the 8 9 date such order is mailed, the assessor has not complied therewith or has not taken measures that will insure compliance within a reasonable 10 time, the department of revenue may apply to a judge of the superior 11 court or court commissioner of the county in which such assessor holds 12 office, for an order returnable within five days from the date thereof 13 to compel him or her to comply with such provisions of law or of the 14 order of the department of revenue or to show cause why he or she 15 should not be compelled so to do. Any order issued by the judge 16 17 pursuant to such order to show cause shall be final. The remedy herein provided shall be cumulative and shall not exclude the department of 18 revenue from exercising any powers or rights otherwise granted. 19

20 **Sec. 367.** RCW 84.44.080 and 1961 c 15 s 84.44.080 are each amended to read as follows:

22

2324

2526

27

2829

30

31

32

The owner of personal property removing from one county to another between the first day of January and the first day of July shall be assessed in either in which he <u>or she</u> is first called upon by the assessor. The owner of personal property moving into this state from another state between the first day of January and the first day of July shall list the property owned by him <u>or her</u> on the first day of January of such year in the county in which he <u>or she</u> resides: PROVIDED, That if such person has been assessed and can make it appear to the assessor that he <u>or she</u> is held for the tax of the current year on the property in another state or county, he <u>or she</u> shall not be again assessed for such year.

33 **Sec. 368.** RCW 84.48.018 and 1970 ex.s. c 55 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The members of each board of equalization shall meet and choose a ((chairman)) chair. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. 1 **Sec. 369.** RCW 84.56.090 and 2007 c 295 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever in the judgment of the assessor or the county treasurer personal property is being removed or is about to be removed without the limits of the state, or is being dissipated or about to be dissipated, or is being or about to be sold, disposed of, or removed from the county so as to jeopardize collection of taxes, the treasurer shall immediately prepare papers in distraint, which shall contain a description of the personal property, including mobile manufactured homes, or park model trailers, being or about to be removed, dissipated, sold, disposed of, or removed from the county so as to jeopardize collection of taxes, the amount of the tax, the amount of accrued interest at the rate provided by law from the date of delinquency, and the name of the owner or reputed owner, and he or she shall without demand or notice distrain sufficient goods and chattels belonging to the person charged with such taxes to pay the same with interest at the rate provided by law from the date of delinquency, together with all accruing costs, and shall advertise and sell said property as provided in RCW 84.56.070.

If said personal property is being removed or is about to be removed from the limits of the state, is being dissipated or about to be dissipated, or is being or about to be sold, disposed of, or removed from the county so as to jeopardize collection of taxes, at any time subsequent to the first day of January in any year, and prior to the levy of taxes thereon, the taxes upon such property so distrained shall be computed upon the rate of levy for state, county, and local purposes for the preceding year; and all taxes collected in advance of levy under this section and RCW 84.56.120, together with the name of the owner and a brief description of the property assessed shall be entered forthwith by the county treasurer upon the personal property tax rolls of such preceding year, and all collections thereon shall be considered and treated in all respects, and without recourse by either the owner or any taxing unit, as collections for such preceding year. Property on which taxes are thus collected shall thereupon become discharged from the lien of any taxes that may thereafter be levied in the year in which payment or collection is made.

Whenever property has been removed from the county wherein it has been assessed, on which the taxes have not been paid, then the county

3

45

6 7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

- treasurer, or his <u>or her</u> deputy, shall have the same power to distrain and sell said property for the satisfaction of said taxes as he <u>or she</u> would have if said property were situated in the county in which the property was taxed, and in addition thereto said treasurer, or his <u>or</u> <u>her</u> deputy, in the distraint and sale of property for the payment of taxes, shall have the same powers as are now by law given to the sheriff in making levy and sale of property on execution.
- 8 **Sec. 370.** RCW 84.56.210 and 1961 c 15 s 84.56.210 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever standing timber which has been assessed as real estate is 10 11 severed from the land as part of which it was so assessed, it may be 12 considered by the county assessor as personal property, and the county treasurer shall thereafter be entitled to pursue all of the rights and 13 remedies provided by law for the collection of personal property taxes 14 15 in the collection of taxes levied against such timber: PROVIDED, That 16 whenever the county assessor elects to treat severed timber as 17 personalty under the provisions of this section, he or she shall 18 immediately give notice by mail to the person or persons charged with the tax of the fact of his or her election, and the amount of tax 19 20 standing against the timber.

21 **Sec. 371.** RCW 84.56.210 and 1961 c 15 s 84.56.210 are each amended 22 to read as follows:

23

2425

26

27

2829

30

31

32

33

Whenever standing timber which has been assessed as real estate is severed from the land as part of which it was so assessed, it may be considered by the county assessor as personal property, and the county treasurer shall thereafter be entitled to pursue all of the rights and remedies provided by law for the collection of personal property taxes in the collection of taxes levied against such timber: PROVIDED, That whenever the county assessor elects to treat severed timber as personalty under the provisions of this section, he <u>or she</u> shall immediately give notice by mail to the person or persons charged with the tax of the fact of his <u>or her</u> election, and the amount of tax standing against the timber.

34 **Sec. 372.** RCW 84.56.270 and 1984 c 132 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The county treasurer of any county of the state of Washington, after he or she has first received the approval of the board of county commissioners of such county, through a resolution duly adopted, is hereby empowered to petition the superior court in or for his or her county to finally cancel and completely extinguish the lien of any delinquent personal property tax which appears on the tax rolls of his or her county, which is more than four years delinquent, which he or she attests to be beyond hope of collection, and the cancellation of which will not impair the obligation of any bond issue nor be precluded by any other legal impediment that might invalidate such cancellation. The superior court shall have jurisdiction to hear any such petition and to enter such order as it shall deem proper in the premises. 

**Sec. 373.** RCW 84.56.320 and 1961 c 15 s 84.56.320 are each amended to read as follows:

When any tax on real property is paid by or collected of any occupant or tenant, or any other person, which, by agreement or otherwise, ought to have been paid by the owner, lessor, or other party in interest, such occupant, tenant, or other person may recover by action the amount which such owner, lessor, or party in interest ought to have paid, with interest thereon at the rate of ten percent per annum, or he or she may retain the same from any rent due or accruing from him or her to such owner or lessor for real property on which such tax is so paid; and the same shall, until paid, constitute a lien upon such real property.

**Sec. 374.** RCW 84.60.040 and 1961 c 15 s 84.60.040 are each amended to read as follows:

When it becomes necessary, in the opinion of the county treasurer, to charge the tax on personal property against real property, in order that such personal property tax may be collected, such county treasurer shall select for that purpose some particular tract or lots of real property owned by the person owing such personal property tax, and in his or her tax roll and certificate of delinquency shall designate the particular tract or lots of real property against which such personal property tax is charged, and such real property shall be chargeable therewith.

Sec. 375. RCW 84.64.040 and 1961 c 15 s 84.64.040 are each amended to read as follows:

The county prosecuting attorney shall furnish to holders 3 of certificates of delinquency, at the expense of the county, forms of 4 applications for judgment and forms of notice and summons when the same 5 are required, and shall prosecute to final judgment all actions brought 6 7 by holders of certificates under the provisions of this chapter for the foreclosure of tax liens, when requested so to do by the holder of any 8 certificate of delinquency: PROVIDED, Said holder has duly paid to the 9 10 clerk of the court the sum of two dollars for each action brought as per RCW 84.64.120: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That nothing herein shall be 11 construed to prevent said holder from employing other and additional 12 13 counsel, or prosecuting said action independent of and without assistance from the prosecuting attorney, if he or she so desires, but 14 in such cases, no other and further costs or charge whatever shall be 15 16 allowed than the costs provided in this section and RCW 84.64.120: AND 17 PROVIDED, ALSO, That in no event shall the county prosecuting attorney collect any fee for the services herein enumerated. 18

19 **Sec. 376.** RCW 84.64.130 and 1961 c 15 s 84.64.130 are each amended 20 to read as follows:

21

2223

24

2526

27

2829

30

3132

3334

35

36

The books and records belonging to the office of county treasurer, certified by said treasurer, shall be deemed prima facie evidence to prove the issuance of any certificate, the sale of any land or lot for taxes, the redemption of the same or payment of taxes thereon. The county treasurer shall, at the expiration of his <u>or her</u> term of office, pay over to his <u>or her</u> successor in office all moneys in his <u>or her</u> hands received for redemption from sale for taxes on real property.

**Sec. 377.** RCW 84.64.180 and 1961 c 15 s 84.64.180 are each amended to read as follows:

Deeds executed by the county treasurer, as aforesaid, shall be prima facie evidence in all controversies and suits in relation to the right of the purchaser, his <u>or her</u> heirs and assigns, to the real property thereby conveyed of the following facts: First, that the real property conveyed was subject to taxation at the time the same was assessed, and had been listed and assessed in the time and manner required by law; second, that the taxes were not paid at any time

before the issuance of deed; third, that the real property conveyed had 1 2 not been redeemed from the sale at the date of the deed; fourth, that the real property was sold for taxes, interest, and costs, as stated in 3 the deed; fifth, that the grantee in the deed was the purchaser, or 4 5 assignee of the purchaser; sixth, that the sale was conducted in the manner required by law. And any judgment for the deed to real property 6 7 sold for delinquent taxes rendered after January 9, 1926, except as otherwise provided in this section, shall estop all parties from 8 raising any objections thereto, or to a tax title based thereon, which 9 10 existed at or before the rendition of such judgment, and could have been presented as a defense to the application for such judgment in the 11 12 court wherein the same was rendered, and as to all such questions the 13 judgment itself shall be conclusive evidence of its regularity and 14 validity in all collateral proceedings, except in cases where the tax has been paid, or the real property was not liable to the tax. 15

**Sec. 378.** RCW 84.68.110 and 1961 c 15 s 84.68.110 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a taxpayer believes or has reason to believe that, through error in description, double assessments, or manifest errors in assessment which do not involve a revaluation of the property, he or she has been erroneously assessed or that a tax has been incorrectly extended against him or her upon the tax rolls, and the tax based upon such erroneous assessment or incorrect extension has been paid, such taxpayer may initiate a proceeding for the cancellation or reduction of the assessment of his or her property and the tax based thereon or for correction of the error in extending the tax on the tax rolls, and for the refund of the claimed erroneous tax or excessive portion thereof, by filing a petition therefor with the county assessor of the county in which the property is or was located or taxed, which petition shall legally describe the property, show the assessed valuation and tax placed against the property for the year or years in question and the taxpayer's reasons for believing that there was an error in the assessment within the meaning of RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150, or in extending the tax upon the tax rolls and set forth the sum to which the taxpayer desires to have the assessment reduced or the extended tax corrected.

16

17

18 19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

35

Sec. 379. RCW 84.68.120 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 208 are each amended to read as follows:

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

Upon the filing of the petition with the county assessor that officer shall proceed forthwith to conduct such investigation as may be necessary to ascertain and determine whether or not the assessment in question was erroneous or whether or not the tax was incorrectly extended upon the tax rolls and if he or she finds there is probable cause to believe that the property was erroneously assessed, and that such erroneous assessment was due to an error in description, double assessment, or manifest error in assessment which does not involve a revaluation of the property, or that the tax was incorrectly extended upon the tax rolls, he or she shall endorse his or her findings upon the petition, and thereupon within ten days after the filing of the petition by the taxpayer forward the same to the county treasurer. the assessor's findings be in favor of cancellation or reduction or correction he or she shall include therein a statement of the amount to which he or she recommends that the assessment and tax be reduced. shall be the duty of the county treasurer, upon whom a petition with endorsed findings is served, as in RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150 provided, to endorse thereon a statement whether or not the tax against which complaint is made has in fact been paid and, if paid, the amount thereof, whereupon the county treasurer shall immediately transmit the petition to the prosecuting attorney and the prosecuting attorney shall make such investigation as he or she deems necessary and, within ten days after receipt of the petition and findings by him or her, transmit same to the state department of revenue with his or her recommendation in respect to the granting or denial of the petition.

28 **Sec. 380.** RCW 84.68.150 and 1961 c 15 s 84.68.150 are each amended to read as follows:

No petition for cancellation or reduction of assessment or correction of tax rolls and the refund of taxes based thereon under RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150 shall be considered unless filed within three years after the year in which the tax became payable or purported to become payable. The maximum refund under the authority of RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150 for each year involved in the taxpayer's petition shall be two hundred dollars. Should the amount of excess tax for any such year be in excess of two hundred dollars, a refund of two

- 1 hundred dollars shall be allowed under RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150,
- 2 without prejudice to the right of the taxpayer to proceed as may be
- 3 otherwise provided by law to recover the balance of the excess tax paid
- 4 by him or her.

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

- 5 **Sec. 381.** RCW 84.69.090 and 1961 c 15 s 84.69.090 are each amended to read as follows:
- The payment of refunds shall be made payable, at the election of the appropriate treasurer, to the taxpayer, his <u>or her</u> guardian, executor, or administrator or the owner of record of the property
- 10 taxed, his or her guardian, executor, or administrator.
- 11 **Sec. 382.** RCW 85.05.076 and 1915 c 153 s 7 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
  - Any person deeming himself or herself aggrieved by the assessment for benefits made against any lot or parcel of land owned by him or her, may appeal therefrom to the superior court for the county in which the diking district is situated; such appeal shall be taken within the time and substantially in the manner prescribed by the laws of this state for appeals from justices' courts and all notices of appeal shall be filed with the said board, and the board of diking commissioners shall at the appellant's expense certify to the superior court so much of the record as appellant may request, and the hearing in said superior court shall be de novo, and the superior court shall have power and authority to reverse or modify the determination of the commissioners and to certify the result of its determination to the county auditor and shall have full power and authority to do anything in the premises necessary to adjust the assessment upon the lots or parcels of land involved in the appeal in accordance with the benefits.
- 28 **Sec. 383.** RCW 85.05.100 and 1895 c 117 s 10 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- In the preparation of the facts and data to be inserted in said petition and filed therewith for the purpose of presenting the matter to the said superior court, the board of commissioners of said diking district may employ one or more good and competent surveyors and ((draughtsmen)) drafters to assist them in compiling data required to be presented to the court with said petition as hereinbefore provided,

- and such legal assistance as may be necessary, with full power to bind said district for the compensation of such assistants or employees employed by them, and such services shall be taxed as costs in the suit.
  - Sec. 384. RCW 85.05.120 and 1895 c 117 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

Any or all of said defendants may appear jointly or separately, and admit or deny the allegations of said petition, and plead any affirmative matter in defense thereof, at the time and place appointed for hearing said petition, or to which the same may have been adjourned. If the court or judge thereof shall have satisfactory proof that all of the defendants in said action have been duly served with said summons, as above provided, and shall be further satisfied by competent proof that said improvement is practicable, and conducive to the public health, welfare, and convenience, and will increase the value of said lands for the purpose of public revenue, and that the contemplated use for which the land, real estate, premises, or other property sought to be appropriated is really a public use, and that the land, real estate, premises, or other property sought to be appropriated are required and necessary for the establishment of said improvement, the court or judge thereof shall cause a jury of twelve qualified persons to be impaneled to assess the damages and benefits as herein provided, if in attendance upon his or her court; and if not, he or she may, if satisfied that the public interests require the immediate construction of said improvement, direct the sheriff of his or her county to summon from the citizens of the county in which said petition is filed as many qualified persons as may be necessary in order to form a jury of twelve persons, unless the parties to the proceedings consent to a less number, such number to be not less than three, and such consent shall be entered by the clerk in the minutes of the trial. If necessary to complete the jury in any case, the sheriff, under direction of the court or judge thereof, shall summon as many qualified persons as may be required to complete the jury from the citizens of the county in which the petition is filed. In case a special jury is summoned, the cost thereof shall be taxed as part of the costs in the proceeding, and paid by the district seeking to appropriate said land, the same as other costs in the case; and no

person shall be competent as a juror who is a resident of, or landowner 1 2 in, the district seeking to appropriate said land. The jurors at such trial shall make in each case a separate assessment of damages which 3 4 shall result to any person, corporation or company, or to the state, by 5 reason of the appropriation and use of such land, real estate, premises, or other property for said improvement, and shall ascertain, 6 7 determine, and award the amount of damages to be paid to said owner or owners, respectively, and to all tenants, incumbrancers, and others 8 9 interested, for the taking or injuriously affecting such land, real estate, premises, or other property for the establishment of said 10 improvement; and shall further find the maximum amount of benefits, per 11 acre, to be derived by each of the landowners from the construction of 12 13 said improvement. And upon a return of the verdict into court, the 14 same shall be recorded as in other cases; whereupon a decree shall be entered in accordance with the verdict so rendered, setting forth all 15 16 the facts found by the jury, and decreeing that said right-of-way be 17 appropriated, and directing the commissioners of said diking district 18 to draw their warrant on the county treasurer for the amount awarded by 19 the jury to each person, for damages sustained by reason of the 20 establishment of said improvement, payable out of the funds of said 21 diking district.

22 **Sec. 385.** RCW 85.05.130 and 1971 c 81 s 157 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

If at any time it shall appear to the board of diking commissioners that any lands within or without said district as originally established are being benefited by the diking system of said district and that said lands are not being assessed for the benefits received, or that any lands within said district are being assessed out of or not in proportion to the benefits which said lands are receiving from the maintenance of the diking system of said district, and said board of diking commissioners shall determine that certain lands, either within or without the boundaries of the district as originally established, should be assessed for the purpose of raising funds for the future maintenance of the diking system of the district, or that the assessments on land already assessed should be equalized by diminishing or increasing the same so that said lands shall be assessed in proportion to the benefits received, said commissioners shall file a

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

petition in the superior court in the original cause, setting forth the facts, describing the lands not previously assessed and the lands the assessments on which should be equalized, stating the estimated amount of benefits per acre being received by each tract of land respectively, giving the name of the owner or reputed owner of each such tract of land, and praying that such original cause be opened for further proceedings for the purpose of subjecting new lands to assessment or equalizing the assessments upon lands already assessed, or both.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

2122

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

3637

38

Upon the filing of such petition, summons shall issue thereon and be served on the owners of all lands affected, in the same manner as summons is issued and served in original proceedings, as near as may be, and if such new lands lie within the boundaries of any other diking district, said summons shall also be served upon the commissioners of such other diking district.

In case any of the new lands sought to be assessed in said proceeding lie within the boundaries of any other diking district, and the diking commissioners of such other district believe that the maintenance of the dike or dikes of such other district is benefiting lands within the district instituting the proceedings, said diking commissioners of such other districts shall intervene in such proceedings by petition, setting forth the facts, describing the lands in the district instituting the proceeding which they believe are being benefited by the maintenance of the diking system of their district, and praying that the benefits to such lands may be determined and such lands subjected to assessment for the further maintenance of the diking system of their district, to the end that all questions of benefits to lands in the respective districts may be settled and determined in one proceeding, and such petitioners in intervention shall cause summons to be issued upon such petition in intervention and served upon the commissioners of the diking district instituting the proceeding and upon the owners of all lands sought to be affected by such petition in intervention.

In case the owner of any such new lands sought to be assessed in said proceedings shall be maintaining a private dike against salt or freshwater for the benefit of said lands, and shall believe that the maintenance of such private dike is benefiting any lands within or without the district instituting the proceedings, or in case any such new lands sought to be assessed are included within the boundaries of

p. 313 SSB 5077.PL

some other diking district and are being assessed for the maintenance of the dikes of such other district, and the owner of such lands believes that the maintenance of the dike or dikes of such other district is benefiting lands included within the district instituting said proceedings, such owner or owners may by answer and cross-petition set forth the facts and pray that at the hearing upon said petition and 7 cross-petition the benefits accruing from the maintenance of the respective dikes may be considered, to the end that a fair and equitable adjustment of the benefits being received by any lands from the maintenance of the various dikes benefiting the same, may be determined for the purpose of fixing the assessments for the future maintenance of such dikes, and may interplead in said proceeding such other diking district in which his or her lands sought to be assessed in said proceeding are being assessed for the maintenance of the dike or dikes of such other district.

No answer to any petition or petition in intervention shall be required, unless the party served with summons desires to offset benefits or to ask other affirmative relief, and no default judgment shall be taken for failure to answer any petition or petition in intervention, but the petitioners or petitioners in intervention shall be required to establish the facts alleged by competent evidence.

Upon the issues being made up, or upon the lapse of time within which the parties served are required to appear by any summons, the court shall impanel a jury to hear and determine the matters in issue, and the jury shall determine and assess the benefits, if any, which the respective tracts of land are receiving or will receive from the maintenance of the dike or dikes to be maintained, taking into consideration any and all matters relating to the benefits, if any, received or to be received from any dike, structure, or improvement, and to credit, or charge, as the case may be, to each tract so situated as to affect any other tract or tracts, or having improvements or structures thereon or easements granted in connection therewith affecting any other tract or tracts included in such proceedings and shall specify in their verdict the respective amount of benefits per acre, if any, assessed to each particular tract of land, by legal subdivisions. Upon the return of the verdict of the jury, the court shall enter its judgment in accordance therewith, as supplemental to the original decree, or in case a petition in intervention be filed by

1 2

3

4

5

6

8

9 10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22 23

24

25

26 27

28

29 30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

the diking commissioners of some other district than that instituting the proceeding, such judgment to be supplemental to all such original decrees, and thereafter, all assessments and levies for the future maintenance of any dike or dikes described in said judgment shall be based upon the respective benefits determined and assessed against the respective tracts of land as specified in said judgment. Every person or corporation feeling himself or herself or itself aggrieved by any such judgment may appeal to the supreme court or the court of appeals within thirty days after the entry thereof, and such appeal shall bring before the supreme court or the court of appeals the propriety and justness of the verdicts of the jury in respect to the parties to the appeal. No bonds shall be allowed on such appeals. Nothing in this section contained shall be construed as affecting the right of diking districts to consolidation in any manner provided by law.

**Sec. 386.** RCW 85.05.150 and 1895 c 117 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person or corporation claiming to be entitled to any money ordered paid by the court, as provided in this act, may apply to the court therefor, and upon furnishing evidence satisfactory to the court that he or she is entitled to the same, the court shall make an order directing the payment to such claimant of the portion of such money as he or she or it may be found entitled to; but if, upon application, the court or judge thereof shall decide that the title to the land, real estate, or premises specified in the application of such claimant is in such condition as to require that an action be commenced to determine the title of claimants thereto, it shall refuse such order until such action is commenced and the conflicting claims to such land, real estate, or premises be determined according to law.

Sec. 387. RCW 85.05.160 and 1895 c 117 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the entry of the judgment upon the verdict of the jury, the clerk of said court shall immediately prepare a transcript, which shall contain a list of the names of all the persons and corporations benefited by said improvement and the amount of benefit derived by each, respectively, and shall duly certify the same, together with a list of the lands benefited by said improvement belonging to each

p. 315 SSB 5077.PL

person or corporation, and shall file the same with the auditor of the 1 2 county, who shall immediately enter the same upon the tax rolls of his or her office, as provided by law for the entry of other taxes, against 3 4 the land of each of the said persons named in said list, together with 5 the amounts thereof, and the same shall be subject to the same interest and penalties in case of delinquency as in case of general taxes, and 6 7 shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes and subject to the same right of redemption and the lands sold for the collection of said 8 9 taxes shall be subject to the same right of redemption as in the sale of lands for general taxes: PROVIDED, That said assessment shall not 10 become due and payable except at such time or times and in such amount 11 as may be designated by the board of commissioners of said dike 12 13 district, which designation shall be made to the county auditor by said 14 board of commissioners of said diking district, by serving a written notice upon the county auditor designating the time and the amount of 15 16 the assessment, said assessment to be in proportion to benefits, to 17 become due and payable, which amount shall fall due at the time of the falling due of general taxes, and the amount so designated shall be 18 added by the auditor to the general taxes of said person, persons, or 19 20 corporations, according to said notice, upon the assessment rolls in his or her said office, and collected therewith: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, 21 22 That no one call for assessments by said commissioners shall be in an 23 amount to exceed twenty-five percent of the actual amount necessary to 24 pay the costs of the proceedings, and the establishment of said 25 district and system of dikes and the cost of construction of said work.

**Sec. 388.** RCW 85.05.180 and 1895 c 117 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

After the filing of said certificate said commissioners of such diking district shall proceed at once in the construction of said improvements, and in carrying on said construction or any extension thereof they shall have full charge and management thereof, and shall have the power to employ such assistance as they may deem necessary, and purchase all material that may be necessary in the construction and carrying on of the work of said improvement, and shall have power to let the whole or any portion of said work to any responsible contractor, and shall in such case enter into all necessary agreements with such contractor that may be necessary in the premises: PROVIDED,

26

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

That in case the whole or any portion of said improvement is let to any 1 2 contractor, said commissioners shall require such contractor to give a bond in double the amount of the contract price of the whole or of such 3 portion of said work covered by such contract, with two or more good 4 5 and sufficient sureties to be approved by the board of commissioners of said diking district and running to said district as obligee therein, 6 7 conditioned for the faithful and accurate performance of said contract by said contractor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, 8 according to the terms and conditions of said agreement, and shall 9 10 cause said contractor to enter into a further and additional bond in the same amount, with two or more good and sufficient sureties to be 11 12 approved by said board of commissioners of said diking district in the name of said district as obligee therein, conditioned that said 13 14 contractor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, or subcontractor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, shall 15 perform the whole or any portion of said work under contract of said 16 17 original contractor; shall pay or cause to be paid all just claims of all persons performing labor or rendering services in the construction 18 of said work, or furnishing materials, merchandise, or provisions of 19 any kind or character used by said contractor or subcontractor, or any 20 21 employee thereof in the construction of said improvement: PROVIDED 22 FURTHER, That no sureties on said last mentioned bond shall be liable 23 thereon unless the persons or corporations performing said labor and 24 furnishing said materials, goods, wares, merchandise, and provisions, 25 shall, within ninety days after the completion of such improvement, file their claim, duly verified, that the amount is just and due and 26 27 remains unpaid, with the commissioners of said diking district.

28 **Sec. 389.** RCW 85.06.100 and 1895 c 115 s 10 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

3031

32

33

3435

36

In the preparation of the facts and data to be inserted in said petition and filed therewith for the purpose of presenting the matter to the superior court, the board of commissioners of said drainage district may employ one or more good and competent surveyors and ((draughtsmen)) drafters to assist them in compiling data required to be presented to the court with said petition, as hereinbefore provided, and such legal assistance as may be necessary, with full power to bind

p. 317 SSB 5077.PL

- said district for the compensation of such assistants or employees employed by them, and such services shall be taxed as costs in the suit.
  - Sec. 390. RCW 85.06.120 and 1909 c 143 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Any or all of said defendants may appear jointly or separately and 6 7 admit or deny the allegations of said petition and plead any affirmative matter in defense thereof at the time and place appointed 8 9 for hearing said petition, or to which the same may have been adjourned. If the court or judge thereof shall have satisfactory proof 10 11 that all of the defendants in said action have been duly served with said summons, as above provided, and shall be further satisfied by 12 competent proof that said improvement is practicable and conducive to 13 the public health, welfare, and convenience, and will increase the 14 15 value of said lands for the purpose of public revenue, and that the 16 contemplated use for which the land, real estate, premises, or other property sought to be appropriated is really a public use, and that the 17 land, real estate, premises, or other property sought 18 appropriated are required and necessary for the establishment of said 19 20 improvement, and that said improvement has a good and sufficient 21 outlet, the court or judge thereof shall cause a jury of twelve 22 qualified persons to be impaneled to assess the damages and benefits, 23 as herein provided, if in attendance upon his or her court; and if not 24 he or she may, if satisfied that the public interests require the immediate construction of said improvement, direct the sheriff of his 25 26 or her county to summons from the citizens of the county in which petition is filed as many qualified persons as may be necessary in 27 order to form a jury of twelve persons, unless the parties to the 28 proceedings consent to a less number, such number to be not less than 29 30 three, and such consent shall be entered by the clerk in the minutes of 31 the trial. If necessary, to complete the jury in any case, the sheriff, under the directions of the court or the judge thereof shall 32 33 summon as many qualified persons as may be required to complete the jury from the citizens of the county in which the petition is filed. 34 In case a special jury is summoned the cost thereof shall be taxed as 35 36 part of the cost in the proceedings and paid by the district seeking to 37 appropriate said land, the same as other costs in the case; and no

4

person shall be competent as a juror who is a resident of, or landowner 1 2 in, the district seeking to appropriate said land. The jurors at such trial shall make in each case a separate assessment of damages which 3 shall result to any person, corporation, or company, or to the state, 4 5 by reason of the appropriation and use of such land, real estate, premises, or other property for said improvements and shall ascertain, 6 7 determine and award the amount of damages to be paid to said owner or owners, respectively, and to all tenants, incumbrancers, and others 8 9 interested, for the taking or injuriously affecting such land, real 10 estate, premises, or other property for the establishment of said improvement; and shall further find a maximum amount of benefits per 11 acre to be derived by each of the landowners, and also the maximum 12 13 amount of benefits resulting to any municipality, public highway, 14 corporate road, or district from construction of said improvement. upon a return of the verdict into court the same shall be reported as 15 16 in other cases; whereupon, a decree shall be entered in accordance with 17 the verdict so rendered setting forth all the facts found by the jury, and decreeing that said right-of-way be appropriated, and directing the 18 commissioners of said drainage district to draw their warrant on the 19 20 county treasurer for the amount awarded by the jury to each person for 21 damages sustained by reason of the establishment of said improvement, 22 payable out of the funds of said drainage district.

**Sec. 391.** RCW 85.06.130 and 1971 c 81 s 159 are each amended to read as follows:

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

If at any time it shall appear to the board of drainage commissioners that any lands within or without said district as originally established are being benefited by the drainage system of said district and that said lands are not being assessed for the benefits received, or if after the construction of any drainage system, it appears that lands embraced therein have in fact received or are receiving benefits different from those found in the original proceedings, and which could not reasonably have been foreseen before the final completion of the improvement, or that any lands within said district are being assessed out of or not in proportion to the benefits which said lands are receiving from the maintenance of the drainage system of said district, and said board of drainage commissioners shall determine that certain lands, either within or without the boundaries

p. 319

of the district as originally established, should be assessed for the 1 2 purpose of raising funds for the future maintenance of the drainage system of the district, or that the assessments on land already 3 assessed should be equalized by diminishing or increasing the same so 4 5 that said lands shall be assessed in proportion to the benefits received, said commissioners shall file a petition in the superior 6 7 court in the original cause, setting forth the facts, describing the lands not previously assessed and the lands the assessment on which 8 should be equalized, stating the estimated amount of benefits per acre 9 being received by each tract of land respectively, giving the name of 10 the owner or reputed owner of each such tract of land and praying that 11 such original cause be opened for further proceedings for the purpose 12 13 of subjecting new lands to assessments or equalizing the assessments 14 upon lands already assessed, or both. Upon the filing of such petition, summons shall issue thereon and be served on the owners of 15 all lands affected, in the same manner as summons is issued and served 16 17 in original proceedings, as near as may be, and if such new lands lie within the boundaries of any other drainage district, said summons 18 shall also be served upon the commissioners of such other drainage 19 district. In case any of the new lands sought to be assessed in said 20 21 proceeding lie within the boundaries of any other drainage district, 22 and the drainage commissioners of such other district believe that the maintenance of the drain or drains of such other district is benefiting 23 24 lands within the district instituting the proceeding, said drainage 25 commissioners of such other districts shall intervene proceedings by petition, setting forth the facts, describing the lands 26 27 in the district instituting the proceeding which they believe are being benefited by the maintenance of the drainage system of their district, 28 and praying that the benefits to such lands may be determined and such 29 lands subjected to assessment for the further maintenance of the 30 drainage system of their district, to the end that all questions of 31 32 benefits to lands in the respective districts may be settled and determined in one proceeding, and such petitioners in intervention 33 shall cause summons to be issued upon such petition in intervention and 34 served upon the commissioners of the drainage district instituting the 35 proceeding and upon the owners of all lands sought to be affected by 36 37 such petition in intervention. In case the owner of any such new lands sought to be assessed in said proceedings shall be maintaining a 38

private drain against salt or freshwater for the benefit of said lands, 1 and shall believe that the maintenance of such private drain is 2 benefiting any lands within or without the district instituting the 3 proceedings, or in case any such new lands sought to be assessed are 4 included within the boundaries of some other drainage district and are 5 being assessed for the maintenance of the drains of such other 6 district, and the owner of such lands believes that the maintenance of 7 the drain or drains of such other district is benefiting lands included 8 within the district instituting said proceedings, such owner or owners 9 may by answer and cross-petition set forth the facts and pray that at 10 the hearing upon said petition and cross-petition the benefits accruing 11 12 from the maintenance of the respective drains may be considered, to the 13 end that a fair and equitable adjustment of the benefits being received 14 by any lands from the maintenance of the various drains benefiting the same, may be determined for the purpose of fixing the assessments for 15 the future maintenance of such drains, and may interplead in said 16 17 proceeding such other drainage district in which his or her lands sought to be assessed in said proceeding are being assessed for the 18 maintenance of the drain or drains of such other district. No answer 19 to any petition or petition in intervention shall be required, unless 20 21 the party served with summons desires to offset benefits or to ask 22 other affirmative relief, and no default judgment shall be taken for failure to answer any petition or petition in intervention, but the 23 24 petitioners or petitioners in intervention shall be required to 25 establish the facts alleged by competent evidence. Upon the issues being made up, or upon the lapse of time within which the parties 26 27 served are required to appear by any summons, the court shall impanel a jury to hear and determine the matters in issue, and the jury shall 28 determine and assess the benefits, if any, which the respective tracts 29 of land are receiving or will receive from the maintenance of the drain 30 or drains to be maintained, taking into consideration any and all 31 32 matters relating to the benefits, if any, received or to be received from any drain, structure or improvement, and to credit or charge, as 33 the case may be, to each tract so situated as to affect any other tract 34 or tracts, or having improvement or structures thereon or easements 35 granted in connection therewith, affecting any other tract or tracts 36 37 included in such proceedings, and shall specify in their verdict the 38 respective amount of benefits per acre, if any, assessed to each

particular tract of land, by legal subdivisions. Upon the return of 1 2 the verdict of the jury, the court shall enter its judgment in accordance therewith, as supplemental to the original decree, or in 3 case a petition in intervention be filed by the drainage commissioners 4 5 of some other district than that instituting the proceeding, such judgment to be supplemental to all such original decrees, and 6 7 thereafter, all assessments and levies for the cost of construction or future maintenance of any drain or drains described in said judgment 8 shall be based upon the respective benefits determined and assessed 9 against the respective tracts of land as specified in said judgment. 10 Every person or corporation feeling himself or herself or itself 11 12 aggrieved by any such judgment may appeal to the supreme court or the 13 court of appeals within thirty days after the entry thereof, and such 14 appeal shall bring before the supreme court or the court of appeals the propriety and justness of the verdicts of the jury in respect to the 15 16 parties to the appeal. No bonds shall be required on such appeals. 17 Nothing in this section contained shall be construed as affecting the right of drainage districts to consolidation in any manner provided by 18 19 law.

20 **Sec. 392.** RCW 85.06.150 and 1895 c 115 s 15 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

Any person or corporation claiming to be entitled to any money ordered paid by the court, as provided in this chapter, may apply to the court therefor, and upon furnishing evidence satisfactory to the court that he or she is entitled to the same, the court shall make an order directing the payment to such claimant of the portion of such money as he or she or it may be found entitled to; but if, upon application, the court or judge thereof shall decide that the title to the land, real estate, or premises specified in the application of such claimant is in such condition as to require that an action be commenced to determine the title of claimants thereto, it shall refuse such order until such action is commenced and the conflicting claims to such land, real estate, or premises be determined according to law.

34 **Sec. 393.** RCW 85.06.160 and 1907 c 242 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the entry of the judgment upon the verdict of the jury, the

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

32

33

clerk of said court shall immediately prepare a transcript, which shall 1 2 contain a list of the names of all the persons and corporations benefited by said improvement and the amount of benefit derived by 3 each, respectively, and shall duly certify the same, together with a 4 list of the lands benefited by said improvement belonging to each 5 person and corporation, and shall file the same with the auditor of the 6 7 county, who shall immediately enter the same upon the tax rolls of his or her office, as provided by law for the entry of other taxes, against 8 9 the land of each of the said persons named in said list, together with 10 the amounts thereof, and the same shall be subject to the same interest and penalties in case of delinquency as in case of general taxes, and 11 12 shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes and subject to the 13 same right of redemption, and the lands sold for the collection of said 14 taxes shall be subject to the same right of redemption as the sale of lands for general taxes: PROVIDED, That said assessments shall not 15 become due and payable except at such time or times and in such amounts 16 17 as may be designated by the board of commissioners of said drainage district, which designation shall be made to the county auditor by said 18 board of commissioners of said drainage district, by serving written 19 notice upon the county auditor designating the time and the amount of 20 21 the assessment, said assessment to be in proportion to benefits to 22 become due and payable, which amount shall fall due at the time of the falling due of general taxes, and the amount so designated shall be 23 24 added by the auditor to the general taxes of said person, persons, or 25 corporation, according to said notice, upon the assessment rolls in his or her said office, and collected therewith; PROVIDED FURTHER, That no 26 27 one call for assessments by said commissioners shall be in an amount to exceed twenty-five percent of the amount estimated by the board of 28 commissioners to be necessary to pay the costs of the proceedings, and 29 the establishment of said district and drainage system and the cost of 30 construction of said work; PROVIDED FURTHER, That where the amount 31 32 realized from the original assessment and tax shall not prove sufficient to complete the original plans and specifications of any 33 drainage system, alterations, extensions, or changes therein, for which 34 the said original assessment was made, the board of commissioners of 35 36 said district shall make such further assessment as may be necessary to 37 complete said system according to the original plans and

specifications, which assessment shall be made and collected in the manner provided in this section for the original assessment.

Sec. 394. RCW 85.06.180 and 1895 c 115 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

After the filing of said certificate said commissioners of such drainage district shall proceed at once in the construction of said improvement, and in carrying on said construction or any extensions thereof they shall have full charge and management thereof, and shall have the power to employ such assistance as they may deem necessary and purchase all material that may be necessary in the construction and carrying on of the work of said improvement, and shall have power to let the whole or any portion of said work to any responsible contractor, and shall in such case enter into all necessary agreements with such contractor that may be necessary in the premises: PROVIDED, That in case the whole or any portion of said improvement is let to any contractor said commissioners shall require said contractor to give a bond in double the amount of the contract price of the whole or of such portion of said work covered by said contract, with two or more sureties to be approved by the board of commissioners of said drainage district and running to said district as obligee therein, conditioned for the faithful and accurate performance of said contract by said contractor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, according to the terms and conditions of said agreement, and shall cause said contractor to enter into a further or additional bond in the same amount, with two or more good and sufficient sureties to be approved by said board of commissioners of said drainage district in the name of said district as obligee therein, conditioned that said contractor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, or subcontractor, his or her executors, administrators, or assigns, performing the whole or any portion of said work under contract of said original contractor, shall pay or cause to be paid all just claims for all persons performing labor or rendering services in the construction of said work, or furnishing materials, merchandise, or provisions of any kind or character used by said contractor or subcontractor, or any employee thereof in the construction of said improvement: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no sureties on said last mentioned bond shall be liable thereon unless the persons or corporation performing said labor and furnishing

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- said materials, goods, wares, merchandise, and provisions, shall, within ninety days after the completion of said improvement, file their claim, duly verified; that the amount is just and due and remains unpaid, with the board of commissioners of said drainage district.
  - Sec. 395. RCW 85.06.210 and 1895 c 115 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

5

7

9

10 11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

Any person or corporation owning land within said district shall have a right to connect any private drains or ditches for the proper drainage of such land with said system, and in case any persons or corporations shall desire to drain such lands into said system and shall find it necessary, in order to do so, to procure the right-of-way over the land of another, or others, and if consent thereto cannot be procured from such person or persons, then such landowner may present in writing a request to the board of commissioners of said district, setting forth therein the necessity of being able to connect his or her private drainage with said system, and pray therein that said system be extended to such point as he or she may designate in said writing, and immediately thereon said board of commissioners shall cause a petition to be filed in the superior court, for and in the name of said drainage district, requesting in said petition that said system be extended as requested, setting forth therein the necessity thereof and praying that leave be granted by the board to extend the system in accordance with the prayer of said petition, and the proceedings in such case, upon the presentation of such petition and the hearing thereof, shall be, in all matters, the same as in the hearing and presentation of the original petition for the establishment of the original system of drainage in said district, as far as applicable. That the costs in such proceedings shall be paid from the assessment of benefits to be made on the lands of the person or persons benefited by such extension, and the assessment and compensation for the right-of-way, damages and benefits, and payment of damages and compensation, and the collection of the assessments for benefits, shall be the same as in the proceedings under the original petition, and the construction of the said extension shall be made under the same provisions as the construction of the original improvement; and all things that may be done or performed in connection therewith shall be, as near as may be applicable, in accordance with the provisions already set forth herein for the establishment and

- 1 construction of said original improvement: PROVIDED, That such
- 2 petitioner or petitioners shall, at the time of filing such petition by
- 3 said drainage commissioners, enter into a good and sufficient bond to
- 4 said drainage district in the full penal sum of five hundred dollars,
- 5 with two or more sureties, to be approved by the court, conditioned for
- 6 the payment of all costs in case the prayer of said petition should not
- 7 be granted, which bond shall be filed in said cause.
- 8 **Sec. 396.** RCW 85.06.250 and 1985 c 396 s 42 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

The board of commissioners of such district shall elect one of 10 their number ((chairman)) chair and shall either elect one of their 11 number, or appoint a voter of the district, as secretary, who shall 12 keep minutes of all the district's proceedings. 13 The board of commissioners may issue warrants of such district in payment of all 14 15 claims of indebtedness against such district, which shall be in form 16 and substance the same as county warrants, or as near the same as may be practicable, and shall draw the legal rate of interest from the date 17 of their presentation to the treasurer for payment, as hereinafter 18 provided, and shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair and attested by 19 the secretary of said board: PROVIDED, That no warrants shall be 20 21 issued by said board of commissioners in payment of any indebtedness of 22 such district for less than the face or par value.

**Sec. 397.** RCW 85.06.330 and 1986 c 278 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

All warrants issued under the provisions of this chapter shall be presented by the owners thereof to the county treasurer, who shall indorse thereon the day of presentation for payment, with the additional indorsement thereon, in case of nonpayment, that they are not paid for want of funds; and no warrant shall draw interest under the provisions of this chapter until it is so presented and indorsed by the county treasurer. And it shall be the duty of such treasurer, from time to time, when he or she has sufficient funds in his or her hands for that purpose, to advertise in the newspaper doing the county printing for the presentation to him or her for payment of as many of the outstanding warrants as he or she may be able to pay: PROVIDED, That thirty days after the first publication of said notice of the

23

2425

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

3435

- 1 treasurer calling in any of said outstanding warrants said warrants
- 2 shall cease to bear interest, which shall be stated in the notice.
- 3 Said notice shall be published two weeks consecutively, and said
- 4 warrants shall be called in and paid in the order of their indorsement.

5 **Sec. 398.** RCW 85.06.550 and 1903 c 67 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

When any drainage district has been or shall be established and 7 8 created under the provisions of an act of the legislature of the state of Washington, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment and 9 10 creation of drainage districts, and the construction and maintenance of a system of drainage, and to provide for the means of payment thereof, 11 and declaring an emergency", approved March 20, 1895, and when the 12 drainage commissioners of such district have employed surveyors or 13 ((draughtsmen)) drafters, or legal assistance as provided in RCW 14 15 85.06.100, and have incurred expenses for the compensation of such 16 surveyors, ((draughtsmen)) drafters, and legal assistance, and have 17 issued to such surveyors, ((draughtsmen)) drafters, or persons rendering said legal assistance any warrants, orders, vouchers, or 18 19 other evidence of indebtedness for said expenses so incurred, and when such warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness 20 21 remain outstanding and unpaid, and when from any cause no further 22 proceedings are had as provided for in said act approved March 20, 1895, within a reasonable time, it shall be the duty of the county 23 24 commissioners of the county in which such drainage district is located to assess in accordance with the provisions of RCW 85.06.550 through 25 26 85.06.630, the lands constituting and embraced within such drainage 27 district for the purpose of paying such outstanding warrants, orders, 28 vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness, together with interest 29 thereon.

**Sec. 399.** RCW 85.06.560 and 1903 c 67 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

30

31

32

33

3435

36

The county auditor of any county in which such drainage district is located upon the written request of any holder or owner of any such warrant, order, voucher, or other evidence of indebtedness, mentioned in the preceding section, shall forthwith cause to be published in the newspaper doing the county printing, if any such there be, and if not,

then in some newspaper of general circulation in the county, a notice 1 2 directing any and all holders or owners of any such warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness, to present the same to 3 him or her, at his or her office, for registration within ninety days 4 5 from the date of the first publication of such notice; and such notice shall be published once a week for six consecutive weeks. Said notice 6 7 shall be directed to all holders and owners of warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness issued by the drainage 8 commissioners of the particular district giving its name and number, 9 and shall designate the character of the warrants, orders, vouchers, or 10 other evidences of indebtedness, the registration of which is called 11 for by said notice. Upon the presentation to him or her of such 12 warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness, the 13 county auditor shall register the same in a separate book to be kept 14 for that purpose, showing the date of registration, the date of issue, 15 16 the purpose of issue when the same is shown upon the face, the name of 17 the person by whom presented, and the face value thereof. Any such warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness, not 18 19 presented within the time prescribed in such notice, shall not share in 20 the benefits of RCW 85.06.550 through 85.06.630, and no assessment or 21 reassessment shall thereafter be made for the purpose of paying the 22 same.

23 **Sec. 400.** RCW 85.06.570 and 1903 c 67 s 3 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

At any time after the expiration of the time within which warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness, may be registered as provided in the preceding section, the holder or owner of any such registered warrant, order, voucher, or other evidence of indebtedness, may for himself or herself and in behalf of all other holders or owners of such registered warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness, file a petition in the superior court of the county in which such drainage district is located praying for an order directing the publication and posting of the notice hereinafter provided for, and for a hearing upon said petition, and for an order directing the board of county commissioners to assess the lands embraced within said drainage district for the purpose of paying such registered warrants,

2526

2728

2930

31

32

33

34

orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness and the costs of the proceedings provided for in RCW 85.06.550 through 85.06.630. Said petition shall set forth:

1

3

4 5

6 7

8

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

36

- (1) That said drainage district was duly established and created, giving the time.
- (2) The facts in connection with the expenses incurred by the drainage commissioners in the employment of surveyors, ((draughtsmen)) drafters, or legal assistance and the issuance of such registered warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness.
- 10 (3) The facts in connection with the compliance with the provisions of RCW 85.06.550 through 85.06.630.
  - (4) A list of such registered warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness showing the names of owners or holders, the amounts, the date of issuance, the purpose for which issued, when shown upon the face thereof, and the date of presentation for payment, respectively.
  - Sec. 401. RCW 85.06.600 and 1903 c 67 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

At the time and place fixed in said order for the hearing of said petition, or at such time to which the court may continue said hearing, the court shall proceed to a hearing upon said petition and upon any objections or exceptions which have been filed thereto. And upon it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from the proofs offered in support thereof that the allegations of said petition are true, the said court shall ascertain the total amount of said registered warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness with the accrued interest and the costs of said proceedings, and thereupon the said court shall enter an order directing the board of county commissioners to levy a tax upon all the real estate within said drainage district exclusive of improvements, taking as a basis the last equalized assessment of said real estate for state and county purposes, sufficient to pay said outstanding registered warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences of indebtedness with interest as aforesaid and the costs of said proceeding, and the cost of levying said tax, and further directing the county auditor to issue a warrant on the county treasurer to the petitioner for the costs advanced by him or her in

p. 329

- such proceeding, which shall be paid in the same manner as the said 1
- 2 registered warrants, orders, vouchers, or other evidences
- indebtedness. 3

6

7

8

9

15

16

21

22

28 29

4 **Sec. 402.** RCW 85.06.630 and 1988 c 202 s 74 are each amended to read as follows: 5

From any final order entered by the said superior court as above provided for, any party to said proceeding feeling himself or herself aggrieved thereby may seek appellate review, as provided by the general appeal law of this state.

10 **Sec. 403.** RCW 85.06.750 and 1988 c 202 s 76 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

Upon the return of the verdict of the jury as provided in the 12 preceding section, if it shall appear to the court that the total 13 14 benefits found by the jury to have accrued to the lands of the district is equal to or exceeds the actual cost of the improvement including the increased cost of completing the same, the court shall enter its 17 judgment in accordance therewith, as supplemental to and in lieu of the 18 original decree fixing the benefits to the respective tracts of land, and thereafter the assessment and levy for the original cost of the 19 20 construction of the improvement, including the indebtedness incurred for completing the improvement together with interest at the legal rate on the warrants issued therefor, and all assessments and levies if any, 23 for the future maintenance of the drainage system described in the judgment shall be based upon the respective benefits determined and 24 25 assessed against the respective tracts of land as specified in the judgment. Every person or corporation feeling himself or herself or 26 itself aggrieved by any such judgment may seek appellate review within 27 thirty days after the entry thereof, and such review shall bring before the appellate court the propriety and justness of the verdict of the 30 jury in respect to the parties to the proceeding.

- **Sec. 404.** RCW 85.07.070 and 1983 c 167 s 190 are each amended to 31 32 read as follows:
- (1) Said bonds shall be numbered consecutively from one upwards and 33 34 shall be in denominations of not less than one hundred dollars nor more 35 than one thousand dollars each. They shall bear the date of issue,

- shall be made payable in not more than ten years from the date of their issue, and shall bear interest at a rate or rates as authorized by the board of commissioners, payable annually. The bonds may be in any form, including bearer bonds or registered bonds as provided in RCW 39.46.030. The bonds and any coupon shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair of the board of commissioners of each district and shall be attested by the secretary of said board. The seal, if any, of such district shall be affixed to each bond, but it need not be affixed to any coupon.
- 10 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, such bonds may 11 be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.
- **Sec. 405.** RCW 85.07.090 and 1935 c 103 s 4 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

All outstanding warrants of such district so sought to be redeemed shall become due and payable immediately upon receipt by the county treasurer of the money from the sale of said bonds; and upon a call of such outstanding warrants or obligations issued by him or her, the same shall cease to draw interest at the end of thirty days after the date of the first publication of such call. The call shall be made by the treasurer by publishing notice thereof for two consecutive weeks in the county paper authorized to do the county printing. The notice shall designate the number of each warrant sought to be redeemed.

Sec. 406. RCW 85.07.120 and 1935 c 103 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of each county in which there may be a district issuing bonds under the provisions of RCW 85.07.060 through 85.07.120, whenever he or she has on hand one thousand dollars over and above interest requirements in the special fund for the payment of said bonds and interest, to advertise in the newspaper doing the county printing, for the presentation to him or her for payment of as many of the bonds issued under the provisions of RCW 85.07.060 through 85.07.120 as he or she may be able to pay with the funds in his or her hands. The bonds shall be redeemed and paid in their numerical order, beginning with bond No. 1 and continuing until all of said bonds are paid. The treasurer's call for presentation and redemption of such bonds shall state the number of the bond or bonds so

p. 331

SSB 5077.PL

called. Thirty days after the first publication of said notice of the treasurer calling any of said bonds by their numbers, such bonds shall cease to bear interest, and the notice of call shall so state. If any bond so called is not presented, the treasurer shall hold in said fund until presentation of such bond is made, the amount of money sufficient to redeem the same with interest thereon to the date interest was terminated by such call.

8 **Sec. 407.** RCW 85.07.140 and 1935 c 102 s 2 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

If the court is satisfied that the status of said property has changed so that it is no longer susceptible to benefit from the improvement of such district and should be removed from the assessment roll thereof, and it be established that all benefits assessed against said lands up to the date of trial have been paid, such court may enter a decree striking such land from the assessment roll of said district, and it shall not be subject to future assessment for benefits or maintenance by such district, unless, thereafter, it is again brought into such districts by the proceedings provided by law to extend the district or include benefited property which is not assessed. Nothing herein shall prevent such property from being again brought into said district in the manner provided by law generally for the inclusion of benefited property, if it appear at a future date that said property will receive benefits from the improvement in such district. Upon entry of such decree of the court a certified copy thereof shall be filed in the office of the auditor of such county wherein the property is situated, and upon receipt thereof, he or she shall correct the assessment roll of said district accordingly and strike the property therefrom.

Sec. 408. RCW 85.08.340 and 1917 c 130 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever in the progress of the construction of the system of improvement it shall become necessary to construct a portion of such system across any public or other road or public utility, the board of supervisors, or in case the work is being done by contract the board of county commissioners, shall serve notice in writing upon the public officers, corporation, or person having charge of, or controlling or

10

11

12

13

1415

16 17

18

19

20

2122

2324

2526

2728

29

30

31

32

3334

35

owning such road or public utility, as the case may be, of the present necessity of such crossing, giving the location, kind, dimensions, and requirement thereof, for the purpose of the system of improvement, and stating a reasonable time, to be fixed by the county engineer, within which plans for such crossing must be filed for approval in case the public officers, corporation, or person controlling or owning such road or public utility desire to construct such crossing. As soon as convenient, within the time fixed in the notice, the public officers, corporation, or person shall, if they desire to construct such crossing, prepare and submit to the county engineer for approval duplicate detailed plans and specifications for such crossing. submission of such plans, the county engineer shall examine and may modify the same to meet the requirements of the system of improvement, and when such plans or modified plans are satisfactory to the county engineer, he or she shall approve the same and return one thereof to the public officers, corporation, or person submitting the same, and file the duplicate in his or her office, and shall notify such public officers, corporation, or person of the time within which said crossing must be constructed. Upon the return of such approved plans, the public officers, corporation, or person controlling such road or public utility shall, within the time fixed by the county engineer, construct such crossing in accordance with the approved plans, and shall same. In case thereafter maintain the such public officers, corporation, or person controlling or owning such road or public utility shall fail to file plans for such crossing within the time prescribed in the notice, the board of supervisors or of county commissioners, as the case may be, shall proceed with the construction of such crossing in such manner as will cause no unnecessary injury to or interference with such road or public utility. The cost of construction and maintenance of only such crossings or such portion of such cost as would not have been necessary but for the construction of the system of improvement shall be a proper charge against the improvement district, and only so much of such cost as the board of county commissioners shall deem reasonable shall be allowed as a charge against the district in the case of crossings constructed by others than the district. The amount of costs of construction allowed as a charge against the district by the board of county commissioners shall

1

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

33

3435

36

- be credited on the assessments against the property on which the crossing is constructed, and any excess over such assessment shall be paid out of the funds of the district.
  - **Sec. 409.** RCW 85.08.360 and 1917 c 130 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

6 When the improvement is fully completed and accepted by the county 7 engineer, the clerk of the board shall compile and file with the board of county commissioners an itemized statement of the total cost of 8 9 construction, including engineering and election expenses, the cost of publishing and posting notices, damages, and costs allowed or awarded 10 11 for property taken or damaged, including compensation of attorneys, including the costs of crossings constructed by the district and the 12 cost of crossings constructed by others and allowed by the board of 13 county commissioners, and including the sum paid or to be paid to the 14 United States, and the discount, if any, on the bonds and warrants sold 15 16 and including all other costs and expenses, including fees, per diem\_ 17 and necessary expenses of nonsalaried officers incurred in connection with the improvement, together with interest on such costs and expenses 18 from the time when incurred at the rate of interest borne by the 19 20 warrants issued for the cost of construction. There shall also be 21 included in said statement, in case the county engineer is a salaried officer, a statement of the services performed by him or her in 22 23 connection with said improvement at a per diem of five dollars per day 24 and his or her necessary expenses, and a reasonable sum to be fixed by the board of county commissioners on account of the services rendered 25 26 by the prosecuting attorney. Upon the filing of such statement of costs and expenses the board of county commissioners shall revise and 27 correct the same if necessary and add thereto a reasonable sum which 28 29 shall be not less than five percent nor more than ten percent of the 30 total thereof in drainage improvement districts, and not less than ten 31 percent nor more than fifteen percent of the total thereof in diking improvement districts, to cover possible errors in the statement or the 32 apportionment hereinafter provided for, and the cost 33 apportionment and other subsequent expenses, and interest on the costs 34 of construction from the date of the statement until fifty days after 35 36 the filing of the assessment roll with the treasurer; and unless the 37 same have been previously appointed, shall appoint a board

4

appraisers consisting of the county engineer and two other competent 1 2 persons, to apportion the grand total as contained in said statement as hereinafter provided. Each member of said board of appraisers shall 3 take, subscribe, and file with the board of county commissioners an 4 5 oath to faithfully and impartially perform his or her duties to the best of his or her ability in making said apportionment, and said board 6 7 of appraisers shall proceed to carefully examine the system and the public and private property within the district and fairly, justly, and 8 9 equitably apportion the grand total cost of the improvement against the 10 property and the county or counties, cities, and towns within the district, in proportion to the benefits accruing thereto. 11

12 **Sec. 410.** RCW 85.08.400 and 1984 c 7 s 377 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

3536

37

Upon the filing of the schedule of apportionment, the county legislative authority shall fix the time and place for a hearing thereon, which time shall be not more than sixty days from the date of the filing of the schedule. Notice of the hearing shall be given in the manner provided for giving notice of a hearing in RCW 85.08.150. The notice shall fix the time and place of the hearing on the roll, and shall state that the schedule of apportionment showing the amount of the cost of the improvement apportioned to each county, city, town, and piece of property benefited by the improvement is on file in the office of the county legislative authority and is open to public inspection, and shall notify all persons who may desire to object thereto that they may make their objections in writing and file them with the clerk of the county legislative authority at or before the date fixed for the hearing. The notice shall also state that at the time and place fixed and at such other times and places as the hearing may be continued to, the county legislative authority will sit as a board of equalization for the purpose of considering the schedule and at the hearing or hearings will also consider any objections made thereto, or any part thereof, and will correct, revise, raise, lower, change, or modify the schedule or any part thereof, or set aside the schedule and order that the apportionment be made de novo as to such body shall appear just and equitable, and that at the hearing the board will confirm the schedule as finally approved by them and will levy an assessment against the property described thereon for the amounts as fixed by them.

p. 335 SSB 5077.PL

county legislative authority shall serve by mail, at least ten days 1 2 before the hearing, upon the commissioner of public lands of the state of Washington a like notice, in duplicate, showing the amount of the 3 cost of the improvements apportioned against all state, school, 4 5 granted, or other lands owned by the state of Washington in the district. The county legislative authority shall serve a like notice 6 7 upon the state secretary of transportation showing the amount apportioned against any state primary or secondary highways. Upon 8 9 receipt of the notice the commissioner of public lands or the secretary of transportation, as the case may be, shall endorse thereon a 10 statement either that he or she elects to accept or that he or she 11 12 elects to contest the apportionment, and shall return the notice, so 13 endorsed, to the county legislative authority. At or before the 14 hearing any person interested may file with the clerk of the county legislative authority written objections to any item or items of the 15 16 apportionment.

Sec. 411. RCW 85.08.410 and 1983 c 3 s 230 are each amended to read as follows:

At such hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time and from place to place, until finally completed, the board of county commissioners shall carefully examine and consider said schedule and any objections filed or made thereto and shall correct, revise, raise, lower, change, or modify such schedule or any part thereof, or strike therefrom any property not benefited, or set aside such schedule and order that such apportionment be made de novo, as to such body shall appear equitable and just. The board shall cause the clerk of the board to enter on such schedule all such additions, cancellations, changes, modifications, and reapportionments, all credits for damages allowed or awarded to the owner of any piece of property benefited, but not paid, as provided in RCW 85.08.200; also a credit in favor of the county on any apportionment against the county, of all sums paid on account of said improvement, as provided in RCW 85.08.210; and all sums allowed the county on account of services rendered by the county engineer or prosecuting attorney, as provided in RCW 85.08.360; and all credits allowed to property owners constructing crossings as provided in RCW 85.08.340. When the board of county commissioners shall have finally determined that the apportionment as filed or as changed and

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

modified by the board is a fair, just and equitable apportionment, and 1 2 that the proper credits have been entered thereon, the members of the board approving the same shall sign the schedule and cause the clerk of 3 the board to attest their signature under his or her seal, and shall 4 5 enter an order on the journal approving the final apportionment and all proceedings leading thereto and in connection therewith, and shall levy 6 7 the amounts so apportioned against the property benefited, and the determination by the board of county commissioners in fixing and 8 approving such apportionment and making such levy shall be final and 9 10 conclusive.

The board of county commissioners shall also at said hearing, levy, in the manner hereinafter provided for the levy of maintenance assessments, such assessment as they shall deem necessary to provide funds for the maintenance of the system of improvement until the first annual assessment for maintenance shall fall due.

11

12

1314

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

## Sec. 412. RCW 85.08.420 and 1923 c 46 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the approval of said roll the county auditor shall immediately prepare a completed assessment roll which shall contain, first, a map of the district showing each separate description of property assessed; second, an index of the schedule of apportionments; third, an index of the record of the proceedings had in connection with the improvement; fourth, a copy of the resolution of the board of county commissioners fixing the method of payment of assessments; fifth, the warrant of the auditor authorizing the county treasurer to collect assessments; and sixth, the approved schedule of apportionments of assessments; and shall charge the county treasurer with the total amount of assessment and turn the roll over to the treasurer, for collection in accordance with the resolution of the board of county commissioners fixing the method of payment of assessments. As soon as the assessment roll has been turned over to the treasurer for collection, he or she shall publish a notice in the official newspaper of the county for once a week for at least two consecutive weeks, that the said roll is in his or her hands for collection and that any assessment thereon or any portion of any such assessment may be paid at any time on or before a date stated in such notice, which date shall be thirty days after the date of the first publication, without interest, and the treasurer

- 1 shall accept such payment as in said notice provided. Upon the
- 2 expiration of such thirty-day period the county treasurer shall certify
- 3 to the county auditor the total amount of assessments so collected by
- 4 him <u>or her</u> and the total amount of assessments remaining unpaid upon
- 5 said roll.

8

10 11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

6 **Sec. 413.** RCW 85.08.440 and 1988 c 202 s 77 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

The decision of the board of county commissioners upon any objections made within the time and in the manner prescribed in RCW 85.08.400 through 85.08.430, may be reviewed by the superior court upon an appeal thereto taken in the following manner. Such appeal shall be made by filing written notice of appeal with the clerk of such board and with the clerk of the superior court of the county in which such drainage or diking improvement district is situated, or in case of joint drainage or diking improvement districts with the clerk of the court of the county in which the greater length of such drainage or diking improvement system lies, within ten days after the order confirming such assessment roll shall have become effective, and such notice shall describe the property and set forth the objections of such appellant to such assessment; and, within ten days from the filing of such notice of appeal with the clerk of the superior court, the appellant shall file with the clerk of said court a transcript consisting of the assessment roll and his or her objections thereto, together with the order confirming such assessment roll, and the record of the board of county commissioners with reference to said assessment, which transcript, upon payment of the necessary fees therefor, shall be furnished by such clerk of the board of county commissioners, and by him or her certified to contain full, true, and correct copies of all matters and proceedings required to be included in such transcript. Such fees shall be the same as the fees payable to the county clerk for the preparation and certification of transcripts on appeal to the supreme court or the court of appeals in civil actions. At the time of the filing of the notice of appeal with the clerk of the superior court, the appellant shall execute and file with the clerk of the superior court a sufficient bond in the penal sum of two hundred dollars, with good and sufficient surety, to be approved by the judge of said court, conditioned to prosecute such appeal without delay, and

if unsuccessful, to pay all costs to which the county or the drainage 1 2 or diking improvement district is put by reason of such appeal. court may order the appellant upon application therefor, to execute and 3 file such additional bond or bonds as the necessity of the case may 4 5 require; within three days after such transcript is filed in the superior court as aforesaid, the appellant shall give written notice to 6 7 the prosecuting attorney of the county, and to the clerk of the board of county commissioners that such transcript is filed. Said notice 8 9 shall state a time (not less than three days from the service thereof) when the appellant will call up the said cause for hearing; and the 10 superior court of said county shall, at said time or at such further 11 12 time as may be fixed by order of the court, hear and determine such 13 appeal without a jury. The judgment of the court shall confirm, 14 correct, modify, or annul the assessment insofar as the same affects the property of the appellant. A certified copy of the decision of the 15 court shall be filed with the officer who shall have custody of the 16 17 assessment roll, and he or she shall modify and correct such assessment roll in accordance with such decision. Appellate review of the 18 judgment of the superior court may be sought as in other civil cases. 19 However, the review must be sought within fifteen days after the date 20 of the entry of the judgment of such superior court. A certified copy 21 22 of the order of the supreme court or the court of appeals upon such appeal shall be filed with the officer having custody of such 23 24 assessment roll, who shall thereupon modify and correct such assessment 25 roll in accordance with such decision.

Sec. 414. RCW 85.08.490 and 1923 c 46 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

26

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

3536

37

The purchaser, upon the foreclosure of any certificate of delinquency for any assessment or installment thereof, shall acquire title to such property subject to the installments of the assessment not yet due at the date of the decree of foreclosure, and the complaint, decree of foreclosure, order of sale, sale, certificate of sale and deed shall so state.

The holder of any certificate of delinquency for general taxes may, before commencing any action to foreclose the lien of such certificate, pay in full all drainage or diking or sewerage improvement district assessments or any installment thereof due and outstanding against the

whole or any portion of the property included in such certificate of 1 2 delinquency and the amount of all assessments so paid together with interest at ten percent per annum thereon shall be included in the 3 amount for which foreclosure may be had; or, if he or she elects to 4 5 foreclose such certificate without paying such assessments in full, the purchaser at such foreclosure sale shall acquire title to such property 6 7 subject to all such drainage or diking or sewerage improvement district Any property in any drainage or diking or sewerage 8 assessments. 9 improvement district sold under foreclosure for general taxes shall 10 remain subject to the lien of all drainage and diking or sewerage improvement district assessments or installments thereof not yet due at 11 12 the time of the decree of foreclosure and the complaint, decree of foreclosure, order of sale, sale, certificate of sale and deed shall so 13 14 state.

## 15 **Sec. 415.** RCW 85.08.500 and 1923 c 46 s 11 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

Property subject to a drainage or diking or sewerage improvement district assessment, acquired by a county pursuant to a foreclosure and sale for general taxes, when offered for sale by the county, shall be offered for the amount of the general taxes for which the same was struck off to the county, together with all drainage or diking or sewerage improvement district assessments or installments thereof, due at the time of such resale, including maintenance assessments, and supplemental assessments levied pursuant to the provisions of RCW 85.08.520, coming due while the property was held in the name of the county; and the property shall be sold subject to the lien of all drainage or diking or sewerage improvement district assessments or installments thereof not yet due at the time of such sale, and the notice of sale and deed shall so state. PROVIDED, That the county board may in its discretion, sell said property at a lesser sum than the amount for which the property is offered in the notice of sale. The proceeds of such sale shall be applied first to discharge in full the lien or liens for general taxes for which said property was sold, and the remainder, or such portion thereof as may be necessary, shall be applied toward the discharge of all drainage or diking or sewerage improvement district assessment liens upon such property, and the surplus, if any, shall be applied toward the payment of any delinquent

17

18

19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

3334

3536

or due local assessments or local assessment installments outstanding 1 2 against the property levied by any authority other than that of the county, taking them in the order of their maturities, beginning with 3 4 the earliest; after which if any money remains the treasurer shall hold 5 the same for the person whose interest in the property entitles him or her thereto. If there be no purchaser, the property shall again be 6 7 offered for sale within one year thereafter, and shall be successively offered for sale each year until a sale thereof be effected. 8

9

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

37

Property struck off to or bid in by a county may be leased pursuant to resolution of the county commissioners on such terms as the commissioners shall determine for a period ending not later than the time at which such property shall again be offered for sale as required by law. Rentals received under such lease shall be applied in the manner hereinabove provided for the proceeds of sale of such property.

All statements of general state taxes where drainage, diking, or sewer improvement district assessments against the land described therein are due shall include a notation thereon or be accompanied by a statement showing such fact.

## Sec. 416. RCW 85.08.570 and 1923 c 46 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

When a drainage, diking, or sewerage system is proposed which will require a location, or the assessment of lands, in more than one county, application therefor shall be made to the board of county commissioners in each of said counties, and the county engineers shall make preliminary reports for their respective counties. The lines of such proposed improvement shall be examined by the county engineers of the counties wherein said improvements will lie, jointly. The hearings in regard to such improvements, provided for by RCW 85.08.150, and 85.08.400 through 85.08.430 shall be had by the boards of county commissioners of the two counties in joint sessions, and all other matters required to be done by the county commissioners in regard to such improvement and the improvement district shall be had and done by the boards of county commissioners of the counties wherein such system of improvements shall lie, either in joint session at such place as the said board shall order, or by concurrent order entered into by the said boards at their respective offices. Notice of the hearings shall be given by the auditors of both counties jointly by publication in the

official paper of each of said counties. The county engineer of the 1 county wherein the greatest length of drainage, diking, or sewerage 2 system will lie, shall have charge of the engineering work and be ex 3 officio a member of the boards in this chapter provided for. 4 5 schedule of apportionment shall be prepared in separate parts for the land in the respective counties; and that part of said roll containing 6 7 the assessments upon the lands in each respective county shall be transmitted to the treasurer thereof, and the treasurer of said county 8 shall give notice of said assessments as provided in RCW 85.08.400 9 10 through 85.08.430, and shall collect the assessments therein contained and shall also extend and collect the annual maintenance levies of said 11 12 district upon the lands of said district lying in his or her county. 13 The auditor of the county in which the greater length of the drainage, 14 diking, or sewerage system shall lie shall act as clerk of the joint session of the boards of county commissioners, and shall issue the 15 warrants of the improvement district, and shall attest the signatures 16 17 of the two boards of county commissioners on the bonds. He or she shall furnish to the auditor of the other county duplicate copies of 18 the records of proceedings of such joint sessions. Duplicate records 19 of all proceedings had and papers filed in connection with such 20 21 improvements shall be kept, one with the auditor of each county. 22 Protests or other papers filed with the auditor who is not clerk of the joint sessions shall be forwarded forthwith by him or her to the 23 24 auditor who acts as clerk of such joint sessions. The treasurer of 25 said county shall register and certify and pay the warrants and the bonds, and shall have charge of the funds of the district; and to him 26 27 or her, the treasurer of the county in which the lesser portion of such system of improvements lie, shall remit semiannually, in time for the 28 semiannual warrant and bond calls, all such collections made in such 29 other county. A drainage, diking, or sewerage improvement district 30 lying in more than one county shall be designated "joint drainage (or 31 diking) or sewerage improvement district No. . . . of . . . . . and 32 . . . . . counties." All proceedings in regard to joint drainage, 33 diking improvement districts, which have heretofore been had and done 34 35 substantially in accordance with the amendatory provisions of this 36 chapter are hereby approved and declared to be valid.

1 **Sec. 417.** RCW 85.08.820 and 1988 c 127 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

3

45

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

32

33

34

3536

37

Whenever the department of ecology shall have purchased and the state of Washington owns the entire issue of any series of bonds of any county in the state, the payment of which is to be made from and is secured by assessments upon the property included within any drainage improvement district organized and existing in such county, and it shall appear to the satisfaction of the director of ecology that owing to and by reason of the nature of the soil within and the topography of such drainage improvement district the lands contained therein were not or will not be drained sufficiently to permit the cultivation thereof within the time when assessments for the payment of the interest on said bonds and to constitute a sinking fund to retire said bonds as provided by law became or will become due, and that by reason thereof the owners of said lands were or will be unable to meet said assessment, the director of ecology shall have the power and he or she is hereby authorized under such terms and conditions as he or she shall deem advisable to enter into a contract in writing with the board of county commissioners of the county issuing such bonds, waiving the payment of interest upon such bonds from the date of their issue for not to exceed five years, and extending the time of payment of said bonds for not to exceed five years; and upon the execution of said contract the board of county commissioners of said county shall have the power and is hereby authorized to cancel all assessments made upon the lands included within such drainage improvement district for the payment of principal and/or interest on said bonds prior to the date of said contract, and to omit the levy of any assessments for said purposes until the expiration of the time of the waiver of interest payments upon said bonds specified in said contract.

30 **Sec. 418.** RCW 85.08.840 and 1957 c 94 s 3 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

The boards of county commissioners of the counties in which a joint drainage improvement district is situated shall have jurisdiction in joint session to hear, supervise, and conduct the merger proceedings relating to such a district. The auditor of the county in which the greater length of the system of improvements lies shall act as clerk of the joint sessions of the boards of county commissioners, and shall

give the notice provided for in RCW 85.08.870. He or she shall furnish 1 2 to the auditor of the other county duplicate copies of the records of proceedings of the joint sessions. Duplicate records of all 3 proceedings had and papers filed in connection with the merger of a 4 5 joint drainage improvement district shall be kept with the auditor of each county. The board of county commissioners of the county in which 6 7 a drainage improvement district or consolidated drainage improvement district is situated shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear, 8 9 supervise, and conduct merger proceedings relating to such districts.

**Sec. 419.** RCW 85.15.030 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 195 s 111 are each amended to read as follows:

To operate under this chapter, the board of commissioners of the improvement district shall cause to be prepared and filed with the board of county commissioners a property roll. The roll shall contain: (1) A description of all properties benefited and improvements thereon which receive protection and service from the systems of the district with the name of the owner or the reputed owner thereof and his or her address as shown on the tax rolls of the assessor or treasurer of the county wherein the property is located and (2) the determined value of such land and improvements thereon as last assessed and equalized by the assessor of such county or counties. Such assessed and equalized values shall be deemed prima facie to be just, fair, and correct valuations against which annual taxes shall be levied for the operation of the district and the maintenance and expansion of its facilities.

If property outside of the limits of the original district are upon the roll as adopted ultimately, and the original district has outstanding bonds or long-term warrants, the board of county commissioners shall set up separate dollar rate levies for the full retirement thereof.

**Sec. 420.** RCW 85.15.090 and 1967 c 184 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The decision of the board of county commissioners upon any objection made within the time and in the manner prescribed may be reviewed by the superior court of the county wherein the property in question is located, upon appeal thereto taken in the following manner: Any person aggrieved must file his or her petition for writ of review

10

11 12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

28

29

30

3132

3334

35

with the clerk of the superior court wherein the property is located within ten days after the roll affecting such aggrieved party was adopted by resolution, and serve a copy thereof upon the county treasurer. The petition shall describe the property in question, shall set forth the written objections which were made to the decision, and the date of filing of such objections, and shall be signed by such party or someone in his or her behalf. The court shall forthwith grant such petition if correct as to form and filed in accordance with this chapter.

**Sec. 421.** RCW 85.15.110 and 1967 c 184 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

The county clerk shall charge the same filing fees for petitions for review as in civil actions. At the time of the filing of such a petition with the clerk, the appellant shall execute and file a bond in the penal sum of two hundred dollars, with at least two sureties, to be approved by the judge of the court, conditioned upon his <u>or her</u> prosecuting his <u>or her</u> appeal without delay and to guarantee all costs which may be assessed against him <u>or her</u> by reason of such review. The court shall, on motion of either party to the cause, with notice to the other party, set the cause for trial at the earliest time available to the court, fixing a date for hearing and trial without a jury. The cause shall have preference over all civil actions pending in the court except eminent domain and forcible entry and detainer proceedings.

**Sec. 422.** RCW 85.15.150 and 1967 c 184 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of any improvement district proceeding under this chapter shall, on or before the first day of September of each year, make an estimate of the costs reasonably anticipated to be required for the effective functioning of the district during the ensuing year and until further revenue therefor can be made available, and shall cause its ((chairman)) chair or secretary to file the same with the board of county commissioners of the county containing the district and other benefited area. The board of county commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday in October next ensuing, certify the amount of the district's estimate, or such amount as it shall deem advisable, to the county treasurer. The amount so certified shall be applied by the

SSB 5077.PL

regular taxing agencies against the benefit valuation of lands, 1 2 buildings and improvements as shown by the then current complete roll of such properties certified to and filed with such county treasurer by 3 the board of county commissioners. When thus levied, the amount of 4 5 assessment produced thereby shall be added by the general taxing authorities to the general taxes against said lands and collected 6 7 therewith as a part thereof. If unpaid, any delinquencies in such assessments shall bear interest at the same rate and in the same manner 8 9 as general taxes and they shall be included in and be made a part of any general tax foreclosure proceedings, according to the provisions of 10 law with relation to such foreclosures. As assessment collections are 11 made, the county treasurer shall credit the same to the funds of the 12 13 district.

14 **Sec. 423.** RCW 85.16.130 and 1949 c 26 s 9 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 At the hearing upon the report of the appraisers, which may be 17 adjourned from time to time until finally completed, the board shall carefully examine and consider 18 the special benefits and the apportionment of estimated costs determined by the appraisers and 19 20 reported in the schedule or schedules, and any objections thereto which 21 shall have been made in writing and filed with the board on or prior to ten o'clock a.m. of the date fixed for such hearing. Each objector 22 23 shall be given reasonable time and opportunity to submit evidence and 24 be heard on the merits of his or her objections. At the conclusion of such hearing, the board shall so correct, revise, raise, lower, change, 25 26 or modify such schedule or schedules, or any part thereof, or strike therefrom any property not specially benefited, as to said board shall 27 appear equitable and just. The board shall cause the clerk of the 28 board to enter on each such schedule or schedules all such additions, 29 30 cancellations, changes, and modifications made by it.

Sec. 424. RCW 85.16.150 and 1949 c 26 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

When the board shall have determined that the schedule or schedules of benefits and/or apportionment of costs as filed or as changed and modified by it are fair, just and equitable and, if estimated costs have been apportioned, that said benefits equal or exceed said costs

31

32

3334

35

apportioned, the members of the board approving the same shall sign 1 2 said schedule or schedules and cause the clerk of the board to attest their signatures under his or her seal, and shall enter an order in the 3 journal approving and confirming the final determination of such 4 benefits and apportionment of costs and all proceedings leading thereto 5 and in connection therewith. If separate schedules be established for 6 7 maintenance of the diking system and of the drainage system, the board 8 shall by order establish two separate maintenance funds, one for the 9 maintenance of the diking system and one for the maintenance of the drainage system. 10

11 **Sec. 425.** RCW 85.18.160 and 1951 c 45 s 17 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

36

The board of commissioners of any diking district proceeding under this chapter shall, on or before the first day of November of each year, make an estimate of the costs reasonably anticipated to be required for the effective functioning of such district during the ensuing year and until further revenue therefor can be made available, and cause its ((chairman)) chair or secretary to certify the same on or before said date to the county auditor, and the amount so certified shall be levied by the regular taxing agencies against the base benefits to the lands and buildings within such district as shown by the then current complete roll of such properties and the determined benefits thereto as therefore certified to and filed with such county auditor by the commissioners of such district. When thus levied, the amount of assessment produced thereby shall be added by the general taxing authorities to the general taxes against said lands and collected therewith as a part thereof. If unpaid, any delinquencies in such assessments shall bear interest at the same rate and in the same manner as general taxes and they shall be included in and be made a part of any general tax foreclosure proceedings, according to the provisions of law with relation to such foreclosures. As assessment collections are made, the county treasurer shall credit the same to the funds of such district.

34 **Sec. 426.** RCW 85.16.210 and 1988 c 202 s 80 are each amended to read as follows:

At such hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time as may be

necessary to give all persons interested or affected a reasonable 1 2 opportunity to be heard, and after consideration of all evidence offered and all factors, situations, and conditions bearing upon or 3 determinative of the benefits accruing and to accrue to such pieces or 4 5 parcels of property, the board shall correct, revise, raise, lower, or otherwise change or confirm the benefits as theretofore determined, in 6 7 respect of such pieces or parcels of property, as to it shall seem fair, just, and equitable under the circumstances, and thereafter such 8 9 proceedings shall be had with respect to the confirmation or 10 determination of the benefits and making and filing of a roll thereof, as are in RCW 85.16.130, 85.16.150, and 85.16.160 provided. 11 12 property owner affected by any change thus made in the determination of 13 benefits accruing to his or her property who shall have appeared at the 14 hearing by the board and made written objections thereto as provided in RCW 85.16.130, may appeal from the action of the board to the superior 15 16 court and seek appellate review by the supreme court or the court of 17 appeals, within the time, in the manner and upon the conditions, so far as applicable, provided in RCW 85.08.440, with respect to appeals from 18 19 the order of the board confirming the apportionment of the original cost of construction. 20

## 21 **Sec. 427.** RCW 85.16.230 and 1951 c 63 s 3 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

Whenever any payer of a diking, drainage, or sewerage improvement district maintenance assessment believes that, through obvious error in name, number, description, amount of benefit valuation, double assessment, or extension, or other obvious error, property on which he or she has paid an assessment has been erroneously assessed, he or she may pay such assessment under protest. If, within thirty days after such payment under protest, he or she files with the board a written verified petition setting out his or her name, address, and legal description of the property, the nature of the obvious error alleged to have been made, and the date and amount of any assessment paid thereon, the board shall cause such claim to be investigated. If upon investigation any assessment is found to be erroneous through obvious error, the board shall order such assessment to be corrected if no bond or long term warrant issue is affected. Where correction is ordered of an erroneous assessment already collected, the auditor, upon receipt of

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- 1 a certified copy of the board's order of correction, shall refund to
- 2 the person paying the assessment the difference between the correct
- 3 assessment and the erroneous assessment, plus legal interest on such
- 4 difference from date of payment, by a warrant drawn on the maintenance
- 5 fund of the district.
- 6 **Sec. 428.** RCW 85.18.040 and 1985 c 469 s 76 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 The notice of the time and place of hearing shall be given to any owner, or reputed owner, of the property which is listed on the roll as 9 10 aforesaid, by mailing a copy thereof at least thirty days before the 11 date fixed for the hearing to the owner or owners at his or her or their address as shown on the tax rolls of the county treasurer for the 12 property described. In addition thereto, the notice shall be published 13 14 at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of 15 general circulation in the district. At least fifteen days must elapse 16 between the last date of publication thereof and the date fixed for the 17 hearing.
- 18 **Sec. 429.** RCW 85.18.100 and 1951 c 45 s 11 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 The decision of the board of commissioners upon any objection made 21 within the time and in the manner prescribed may be reviewed by the superior court of the county wherein the property in question is 22 23 located, upon appeal thereto taken in the following manner: Any person aggrieved must file his or her petition for writ of review with the 24 25 clerk of the superior court wherein the property is located within ten days after the roll affecting such aggrieved party was adopted by 26 27 resolution, and serve a copy thereof upon the commissioners. 28 petition shall describe the property in question, set forth the written 29 objections which were made to the decision, the date of filing of such 30 objections, and be signed by such party or one in his or her behalf. 31 The court shall forthwith grant such petition if correct as to form and

33 **Sec. 430.** RCW 85.18.120 and 1951 c 45 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

filed in accordance with this chapter.

32

35 The county clerk shall charge the same filing fees for petitions

for review as in civil actions. At the time of the filing of such 1 2 petition with the clerk, the appellant shall execute and file a bond in the penal sum of two hundred dollars, with at least two sureties, to be 3 approved by the judge of said court, conditioned upon his or her 4 5 prosecuting his or her appeal without delay and to guarantee all costs which may be assessed against him or her by reason of such review. 6 7 court shall, on motion of either party to the cause, with notice to the other party, set said cause for trial at the earliest time available to 8 the court, fixing a date for hearing and trial without a jury. 9 cause shall have preference over all civil actions pending in said 10 court except eminent domain and forcible entry and detainer 11 proceedings. 12

13 **Sec. 431.** RCW 85.24.070 and 1985 c 396 s 53 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

A three-member board of commissioners shall be the governing body of an intercounty diking and drainage district. The initial commissioners shall be appointed, and the elected commissioners elected, as provided in chapter 85.38 RCW.

The members of such board, before entering upon their duties, shall take and subscribe on oath substantially as follows:

21 State of Washington
22 ss
23 County of . . . . . . . . .

I, the undersigned, a member of the board of commissioners of the diking and drainage district No. . . . , in . . . . . and . . . . . counties, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully discharge my duties as a member of the commission.

Upon the taking of such oath and the entering into a bond, as provided in RCW 85.38.080, the county legislative authority shall enter an order upon its records that the three persons named have qualified as the board of commissioners for diking and drainage district No. . . . , in . . . . and . . . . . . counties, and that those persons and their successors do and shall constitute a board of commissioners for the diking and drainage district. The order when made shall be conclusive of the regularity of the election and qualification of the board of

15

16

17

18 19

20

2425

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

diking and drainage commissioners for the particular district, and the persons named therein shall constitute the board of diking and drainage commissioners.

1

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

2829

3031

32

33

34

35

3637

38

The board of diking and drainage commissioners shall thereupon immediately organize and elect one of their number as ((chairman)) chair and may either appoint a voter of the district or another diking and drainage commissioner to act as secretary. The board shall then proceed to make and cause to be made specifications and details of a system which may be adopted by the board for the improvements to be made, together with an estimate of the total cost thereof; and shall, upon the adoption of the plan of improvement of the district, proceed to acquire the necessary property and property rights for the construction, establishment, and maintenance of the system either by purchase or by power of eminent domain as hereinafter provided. Upon such acquisition being had, the board shall then proceed with the construction of the diking and drainage system and in doing so shall have the power to do the work directly or in its discretion to have all or any part of the work done by contract. In case the board shall decide upon doing the same by contract, it shall advertise for bids for the construction work, or such part thereof as they may determine to have done by contract, and shall have the authority to let a contract to the lowest responsible bidder after advertising for bids.

Any contractor doing work hereunder shall be required to furnish a bond as provided by the laws of the state of Washington relating to contractors of public work.

The board shall have the right, power, and authority to issue vouchers or warrants in payment or evidence of payment of any and all expenses incurred under this chapter, and shall have the power to issue the same to any contractor as the work progresses, the same to be based upon the partial estimates furnished from time to time by engineers of the district. All warrants issued hereunder shall draw interest at a rate determined by the board.

Upon the completion of the construction of the system, and ascertainment of the total cost thereof including all compensation and damages and costs and expenses incident to the acquiring of the necessary property and property right, the board shall then proceed to levy an assessment upon the taxable real property within the district which the board may find to be specially benefited by the proposed

improvements; and shall make and levy such assessment upon each piece, lot, parcel, and separate tract of real estate in proportion to the particular and special benefits thereto. Upon determining the amount of the assessment against each particular tract of real estate as aforesaid, the commissioners shall make or cause to be made an assessment roll, in which shall appear the names of the owners of the property assessed, so far as known, and a general description of each lot, block, parcel, or tract of land within the district, and the amount assessed against the same, as separate, special, or particular benefits. The board shall thereupon make an order setting and fixing a day for hearing any objections to the assessment roll by any one affected thereby, which day shall be at least twenty days after the mailing of notices thereof, postage prepaid, as herein provided. board shall send or cause to be sent by mail to each owner of the premises assessed, whose name and place of residence is known, a notice, substantially in the following form:

To . . . . .: Your property (here describe the property) is assessed \$ . . . . . A hearing on the assessment roll will be had before the undersigned at the office of the board at . . . . . on the . . . . day of . . . . . at which time you are notified to be and appear and to make any and all objections which you may have as to the amount of the assessment against your property, or as to whether it should be assessed at all; and to make any and all objections which you may have to the assessment against your lands, or any part or portion thereof.

The failure to send or cause to be sent such notice shall not be fatal to the proceedings herein described. The secretary of the board on the mailing of the notices shall certify generally that he or she has mailed such notices to the known address of all owners, and such certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the mailing of all such notices at the date mentioned in the certificate.

The board shall cause at least ten days' notice of the hearing to be given by posting notice in at least ten public places within the boundaries of the district, and by publishing the same at least five successive times in a daily newspaper published in each of the counties affected; and for at least two successive weeks in one or more weekly newspapers within the boundaries of the district, in each county if there are such newspapers published therein, and if there is no such

newspaper published, then in one or more weekly newspapers, having a circulation in the district, for two successive weeks. The notice shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair or secretary of the board of commissioners, and shall state the date and place of hearing of objections to the assessment roll and levy, and of all other objections; and that all interested parties will be heard as to any objection to the assessment roll and the levies as therein made.

8 **Sec. 432.** RCW 85.24.075 and 1909 c 225 s 21 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

21

22

23

2425

2627

2829

30

31

32

3334

35

36

The ((chairman)) chair of the board shall preside at all meetings and shall have the right to vote upon all questions the same as other members, and shall perform such duties in addition to those in this chapter prescribed as may be fixed by the board. The secretary of the board shall perform the duties in this chapter prescribed, and such other duties as may be fixed by the board. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but it shall require a majority of the entire board to authorize any action by the board.

19 **Sec. 433.** RCW 85.24.130 and 1988 c 202 s 82 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

Any person interested in any real estate affected by said assessment may, within the time fixed, appear and file objections. As to all parcels, lots, or blocks as to which no objections are filed, within the time as aforesaid, the assessment thereon shall be confirmed and shall be final. On the hearing, each person may offer proof, and proof may also be offered on behalf of the assessment, and the board shall affirm, modify, change, and determine the assessment, in such sum as to the board appears just and right. The commissioners may increase the assessment during such hearing upon any particular tract by mailing notice to the owner at his or her last known address, to be and appear within a time not less than ten days after the date of the notice, to show cause why his or her assessment should not be increased. When the assessment is finally equalized and fixed by the board, the secretary thereof shall certify the same to the county treasurer of each county in which the lands are situated, for collection; or if appeal has been taken from any part thereof, then so much thereof as has not been

SSB 5077.PL

appealed from shall be certified. In case any owner of property appeals to the superior court in relation to the assessment or other matter when the amount of the assessment is determined by the court finally, either upon determination of the superior court, or review by the supreme court or the court of appeals, then the assessment as finally fixed and determined by the court shall be certified by the clerk of the proper court to the county treasurer of the county in which the lands are situated and shall be spread upon and become a part of the assessment roll hereinbefore referred to. 

Sec. 434. RCW 85.24.140 and 1988 c 202 s 83 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person who feels aggrieved by the final assessment made against any lot, block, or parcel of land owned by him <u>or her</u>, may appeal therefrom to the superior court of the county in which the land is situated. Such appeal shall be taken within the time and substantially in the manner prescribed by the laws of this state for appeals from justices' courts. All notice of appeal shall be filed with the said board, and shall be served upon the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the action is brought. The secretary of the board shall, at appellant's expense, certify to the superior court so much of the record as appellant may request, and the cause shall be tried in the superior court de novo.

Any person aggrieved by any final order or judgment made by the superior court concerning any assessment authorized by this chapter, may seek appellate review of the order or judgment as in other civil cases.

**Sec. 435.** RCW 85.24.150 and 1985 c 469 s 83 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

The final assessment shall be a lien paramount to all other liens except liens for taxes and other special assessments upon the property assessed, from the time the assessment roll shall have been finally approved by the board, and placed in the hands of the county treasurers as collectors. After the roll shall have been delivered to the county treasurers for collection, each treasurer shall proceed to collect the amounts due in the manner that other taxes are collected as to all lands situated within the county of which he or she is treasurer. The

treasurer shall give at least ten days' notice in one or more 1 2 newspapers of general circulation in the counties in which the lands are situated for two successive weeks, that the roll has been certified 3 to him or her for collection, and that unless payment be made within 4 5 thirty days from the date of the notice, that the sum charged against each lot or parcel of land shall be paid in not more than ten equal 6 7 annual payments, with interest upon the whole sum so charged, at a rate 8 not to exceed seven percent per annum. The interest shall be paid 9 annually. The county treasurer shall proceed to collect the amount due each year upon the publication of notice as hereinafter provided. 10 11 such publication notice it shall not be necessary to give a description of each tract, piece or parcel of land, or of the names of the owners 12 13 thereof.

The treasurer shall also mail a copy of the notice to the owner of the property assessed, when the post office address of the owner is known to the treasurer; but the failure to mail the notice shall not be necessary to the validity of the collection of the tax.

14

15 16

17

2021

22

23

24

27

2829

30

31

32

33

3435

36

18 **Sec. 436.** RCW 85.24.160 and 1986 c 278 s 38 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

The owner of any lot or parcel of land charged with any assessment, as hereinbefore provided, may redeem the same from all liability by paying the entire assessment charged against such lot or parcel of land, or part thereof, without interest, within thirty days after notice to him <u>or her</u> of such assessment, as herein provided.

25 **Sec. 437.** RCW 85.24.170 and 1909 c 225 s 22 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

The treasurer of each county shall collect the taxes levied and assessed hereunder upon all that portion of the property situated within the county for which the treasurer is acting. The treasurer of the county in which the smaller or minor portion of the taxes are to be collected shall forward the amount collected by him or her quarterly each year on the first Monday in January, April, July, and October, to the treasurer of the county in which the larger or major portion of the taxes are to be collected. The treasurer of the county in which the larger portion of the taxes have been levied and assessed shall be the disbursing officer of such diking and drainage district, and shall pay

- out the funds of such district upon orders drawn by the ((chairman))
- 2 chair and secretary of the board acting under authority of the board,
- 3 and shall be the treasurer of the fund.

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

24

2526

2728

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

37

Sec. 438. RCW 85.24.180 and 1909 c 225 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

If any of the installment of taxes are not paid as herein provided, the county treasurer shall sell all lots or parcels of land on which taxes have been levied and assessed, whether in the name of the designated owner or the name of an unknown owner, to satisfy all delinquent and unpaid assessments, interest, penalties, and costs. treasurer must commence the sale of property upon which taxes are delinquent within sixty days after the same become delinquent, and continue such sale from day to day thereafter until all the lots and parcels of land upon which taxes have not been paid are sold. sales shall take place at the front door of the court house. proper treasurer shall give notice of such sales by publishing a notice thereof once a week for two successive weeks in two or more newspapers published within the district, or if no such newspaper is published, within the district, then within any two or more newspapers having a general circulation in such district; such notice shall contain a list of all lots and parcels of land upon which such assessments are delinquent, with the amount of interest, penalty, and cost at the date of sale, including costs of advertising had upon each of such lots, pieces, or parcels of land, together with the names of the owners thereof, if known to the treasurer, or the word "unknown" if unknown to the treasurer, and shall specify the time and place of sale, and that the several lots or parcels of land therein described, or so much as may be necessary, will be sold to satisfy the assessment, interest, penalty, and cost due upon each. All such sales shall be made between the hours of ten o'clock a.m. and three o'clock p.m. Such sales shall be made in the manner now prescribed by the general laws of this state for the sale of property for delinquent taxes, and certificates and deeds shall be made to the purchasers and redemptions made as is now prescribed by the general laws of this state in the manner and upon the terms therein specified: PROVIDED, That no tax deeds shall be made until after the expiration of one year after the issuance of the certificate, and during such year any person interested may redeem.

certificate of purchase shall be issued to the district for all lots 1 2 and parcels of land not sold. Certificates issued to the district shall be delivered to the board of commissioners of the district. The 3 board of commissioners of the district may sell and transfer any such 4 5 certificate to any person who is willing to pay to the district the amount for which the lot or parcel of land therein described was 6 7 stricken off to the district, with the interest subsequently accrued Within ten days after the completion of sale of all lots, 8 9 pieces, and parcels of land authorized to be sold as aforesaid, the 10 treasurer must make a return to the board of commissioners with a statement of the doings thereon, showing all lots and parcels of land 11 12 sold by him or her, to whom sold and the sum paid therefor. 13 purchaser at improvement sales acquires a lien on the lot, piece, or parcel of land sold for the amount paid by him or her at such sales for 14 all delinquent taxes and assessments, and all costs and charges 15 thereon, whether levied previously or subsequently to such sale, 16 17 subsequently paid by him or her on the lot or parcel of land, and shall 18 be entitled to interest thereon at the rate of ten percent per annum from the date of such payment. 19

20 **Sec. 439.** RCW 85.24.290 and 1909 c 225 s 29 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

22

2324

2526

27

30

31

32

3334

35

When any notice is required to be given to the owner under any of the provisions of this chapter, such notice shall be given to the agent instead of the owner, in case the owner prior to the giving of the notice required by the board or proper officer has filed with the board or proper officer the name of the agent with his <u>or her</u> post office address.

28 **Sec. 440.** RCW 85.28.030 and 1899 c 125 s 3 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

The petitioner, or someone in his <u>or her</u> behalf, shall enter into a bond in the penal sum of one hundred dollars, with two or more sureties, to be approved by the clerk of said court, payable to the state of Washington, conditioned that the petitioner or petitioners will pay all costs and expenses incurred in the proceeding; which said bond shall be filed with the petition.

1 **Sec. 441.** RCW 85.28.040 and 1899 c 125 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the filing of said petition the court shall appoint three 3 viewers, two of whom shall be resident freeholders of said county, and 4 not interested in the result of the proceeding, and the other the 5 county surveyor of the county in which the lands are situated (unless 6 7 said county surveyor shall be a party in interest, in which case some 8 other competent surveyor shall be appointed in his or her place who shall receive the same compensation as is allowed by law to county 9 surveyors) who shall, upon a day to be fixed by the court, in the order 10 appointing them, view the lands of the petitioner and the lands which 11 said proposed ditch or drain is to cross, for the purpose of 12 determining: First, whether there is a necessity for the establishment 13 of a ditch; and, second, the most practicable route for said ditch to 14 run, if the same be necessary. The clerk of said court shall furnish 15 16 to said viewers a certified copy of the order appointing them, which 17 shall warrant them entering upon the lands described in the petition for the purpose of viewing the same. 18

19 **Sec. 442.** RCW 85.28.060 and 1899 c 125 s 6 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

Upon the filing of the report of the viewers aforesaid, a summons shall be issued in the same manner as summons are issued in civil actions, and served upon each person owning or interested in any lands over which the proposed ditch or drain will pass. Said summons must inform the person to whom it is directed of the appointment and report of the viewers; a description of the land over which said ditch will pass of which such person is the owner, or in which he or she has an interest; the width and depth of said proposed ditch, and the distance which it traverses said land, also an accurate description of the course thereof. It must also show the amount of damages to said land as estimated by said viewers; and that unless the person so summoned appears and files objections to the report of the viewers, within twenty days after the service of said summons upon him or her, exclusive of the day of service, the same will be approved by the court, which summons may be in the following form:

36 In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for . . . . .

37 County.

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

1	In the matter of the application of for a private
2	ditch.
3	The state of Washington to
4	Whereas, on the day of 19 filed his $\underline{\text{or her}}$
5	petition in the above entitled court praying that a private ditch or
6	drain be established across the following described lands, to wit: .
7	
8	for the purpose of draining certain lands belonging to said
9	, and whereas, on the day of , 19,
10	Messrs and with county surveyor of
11	county, were appointed to view said premises in the manner $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right$
12	provided by law, and said viewers having, on the day of
13	, 19, filed their report in this court, finding in
14	favor of said ditch and locating the same upon the following course:
15	for a distance of upon said land, and
16	of a width of feet and a depth of feet; and they
17	further find that said land will be damaged by the establishing and
18	construction of said ditch in the sum of \$: Now therefore, you
19	are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of
20	this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and file your objections
21	to said petition and the report of said viewers, with this court; and
22	in case of your failure so to do, said report will be approved and said
23	petition granted.
24	
25	Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sec. 443. RCW 85.28.080 and 1899 c 125 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

P.O. Address .....

In case any person interested in any of the lands to be crossed by such ditch, as aforesaid, does not reside in the county, or cannot be found therein, or conceals himself or herself so that personal service cannot be had upon him or her, upon proof thereof being made satisfactorily to appear to said court, said summons may be served by publication, in the same manner and with like effect as is done in civil actions: PROVIDED, That no other or different form of summons shall be required for publication than is required for personal service.

1 **Sec. 444.** RCW 85.28.090 and 1899 c 125 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the expiration of the time within which exceptions may be filed to the report of the viewers aforesaid, the court shall set a day upon which the petition and the report of the viewers shall be heard and considered by the court. In case exceptions have been filed by any party or parties, which exceptions must have been served upon the petitioner or petitioners prior to the hearing, the court shall hear evidence in regard thereto, and without a jury, pass upon the questions of the necessity for said ditch and the location thereof. If the court finds that such ditch is necessary, and the route selected is the best and most practicable, and that the compensation allowed by the viewers is just and reasonable, then the court shall file his or her findings to this effect and cause an order to be entered approving the petition and report of the viewers. If, within twenty days from the filing of the findings of facts aforesaid, the petitioner or petitioners shall pay into court all the costs and sums awarded to the owner or owners of the land over which said ditch shall pass, a decree shall be entered PROVIDED, If any party shall except to the establishing the same: amount of damages found by the viewers, then the amount of such damages shall be tried by jury, unless a jury trial be waived by the parties, in which case trial thereof may be had by the court. Such trial shall be at a regular term of said court, at which a jury shall be present, and shall be conducted and verdict rendered in the same manner as in civil actions: PROVIDED FURTHER, That it shall not be incumbent on the petitioner to pay into court the amount of the award or awards of said jury, until within twenty days after said verdict shall have been rendered and entered.

29 **Sec. 445.** RCW 85.32.050 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 195 s 122 are each 30 amended to read as follows:

The roll of properties referred to in this chapter shall contain (1) a description of all properties and improvements thereon, with the name of the owner or the reputed owner thereof and his <u>or her</u> address as shown on the tax rolls of the assessor or treasurer of the county wherein the property is located, and (2) the determined value of such land and improvements thereon as last assessed and equalized by the taxing agencies of such county. Such assessed and equalized values

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28

31

32

33

34

3536

shall be deemed prima facie as a just, fair, and correct base of value for consideration by the board in its determination ultimately of the just and correct base of value in each instance against which annual dollar rates shall be levied by the district for the operation of the district and the expansion and maintenance of its facilities.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25 26

27

28

29 30

31

32

33

34

If property outside of the territorial limits of the district are upon the roll as adopted ultimately, and the district has prior indebtedness existing, the board shall set up separate dollar rate levies for the retirement thereof until it is extinguished, which levies shall be applied solely against the properties within the territorial limits of the district. Adjustments of the roll shall be made before final adoption in such a manner that the money raised through annual dollar rate levies for maintenance, expansion, and operational costs of the district in no instance shall exceed the value of the service rendered or to be rendered and the benefit received and to be received by the property involved.

**Sec. 446.** RCW 85.32.060 and 1985 c 469 s 84 are each amended to read as follows:

When the board causes a property roll to be filed with it and a hearing to be held thereon as provided in this chapter, it shall give notice of the hearing in the following manner:

The notice shall be published at least three times in consecutive issues in a weekly newspaper, or once a week for three consecutive weeks in a daily newspaper having general circulation in the area involved. The last publication shall be more than fifteen days prior to date of hearing. The board also shall cause a copy of the notice to be mailed in regular course of the federal mail at least thirty days prior to the date of the hearing to the owner or reputed owner of the property at his or her address, all as shown on the tax rolls or records of the county taxing agencies of the county wherein the property is situated, such notice being deemed adequate and sufficient. The sworn affidavit of the one doing such mailing shall be deemed

conclusive of the fact that the notice was mailed.

The notice shall state the following:

(1) That the board has tentatively determined that the property of 35 36 the owner or reputed owner named is receiving and will receive service 37 and benefit from the facilities of the district;

> p. 361 SSB 5077.PL

- (2) That the board has caused a tentative roll of the properties with any improvements thereon which are receiving and will receive service and benefit to be filed with it; and that the roll shows a base of valuation thereon for the properties against which annual dollar rates will be levied and collected in the same manner as general taxes to pay the fair value of the benefit and service received and to be received by the property through use of the facilities of the district, and to pay the annual cost of operation, development, and maintenance of the district and its facilities;
- (3) That on a date, time, and place stated, the board will give consideration to the facts and the roll, will hear all objections filed, will review the roll and alter, modify, or change the same consistent with facts established and with equity and fair dealing concerning the properties involved to the end that just levies will be made for service and benefits received and to be received against each property for the purposes mentioned; and at the hearing or continuance thereof, it will adopt the roll in final form and certify and file a copy thereof with the assessor and treasurer of the county wherein the property is located; and will cause annual millage to be levied against such established valuations for the purposes stated;
- (4) That all persons desiring to object to the proceedings, to the proposed base valuations, or to any other thing or matter in connection with the proceedings, must file written objections with the board stating clearly the basis of the objection before the time of the hearing, or all objections will be deemed waived.
- Sec. 447. RCW 85.32.170 and 1961 c 131 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

The decision of the board upon any objection made within the time and in the manner prescribed in this chapter may be reviewed by the superior court of the county wherein the property in question is located. Any person aggrieved must file his or her petition for writ of review with the clerk of the superior court wherein the property is located within ten days after the roll affecting such aggrieved party was adopted by resolution, and he or she shall serve a copy thereof upon the board. The petition shall describe the property in question, set forth the written objections which were made to the decision, give the date of filing of such objections, and shall be signed by such

- 1 party or someone in his or her behalf. The court shall forthwith grant
- 2 such petition if correct as to form and filed in accordance with this
- 3 section.
- 4 **Sec. 448.** RCW 86.09.259 and 1985 c 396 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:
- A flood control district shall be managed by a board of directors consisting of three members. The initial directors shall be appointed,
- 8 and the elected directors elected, as provided in chapter 85.38 RCW.
- 9 The directors shall elect a ((chairman)) chair from their number and
- 10 shall either elect one of their number, or appoint a voter of the
- 11 district, as secretary to hold office at its pleasure and who shall
- 12 keep a record of its proceedings.
- 13 **Sec. 449.** RCW 86.09.292 and 1937 c 72 s 98 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- 15 In case any member of the district board is absent at the time of
- 16 any regular monthly meeting of said board, and a quorum of said board
- 17 cannot be obtained by reason of the absence of said member, it shall be
- 18 the duty of the ((chairman)) chair of the board of county commissioners
- 19 of the county in which the office of the district board is located to
- 20 act in place of said absent member, and the acts of the district board
- 21 at said meeting shall be valid so far as a quorum is concerned and
- 22 shall have the same effect as though said absent member were present
- 23 and acting thereat.
- 24 Sec. 450. RCW 86.09.301 and 1985 c 396 s 62 are each amended to
- 25 read as follows:
- 26 Every district officer, upon taking office, shall take and
- 27 subscribe an official oath for the faithful discharge of the duties of
- 28 his <u>or her</u> office during the term of his <u>or her</u> incumbency.
- 29 **Sec. 451.** RCW 86.09.304 and 1985 c 396 s 63 are each amended to
- 30 read as follows:
- 31 Every district officer or employee handling any district funds
- 32 shall execute a surety bond payable to the district in the sum of
- 33 double the estimated amount of funds handled monthly, conditioned that
- 34 the principal will strictly account for all moneys or credit received

- 1 by him or her for the use of the district. Each bond and the amount
- 2 thereof shall be approved by the county legislative authority of the
- 3 county within which the major portion of the district is situated, and
- 4 thereafter filed with the secretary of the district.
- 5 **Sec. 452.** RCW 86.09.310 and 1937 c 72 s 104 are each amended to read as follows:
- 7 Every person, upon the expiration or sooner termination of his or
- 8 <u>her</u> term of office as an officer of the district, shall immediately
- 9 turn over and deliver, under oath, to his or her successor in office,
- 10 all records, books, papers, and other property under his or her control
- 11 and belonging to such office. In case of the death of any officer, his
- 12 <u>or her</u> legal representative shall turn over and deliver such records,
- 13 books, papers, and other property to the successor in office of such
- 14 deceased person.
- 15 **Sec. 453.** RCW 86.09.319 and 1937 c 72 s 107 are each amended to
- 16 read as follows:
- 17 Any county treasurer collecting or handling funds of the district
- 18 shall be liable upon his <u>or her</u> official bond and to criminal
- 19 prosecution for malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in office
- 20 relative to any of his <u>or her</u> duties prescribed herein.
- 21 **Sec. 454.** RCW 86.09.325 and 1983 c 167 s 201 are each amended to
- 22 read as follows:
- 23 The ex officio district treasurer shall pay out moneys collected or
- 24 deposited with him or her in behalf of the district, or portions
- 25 thereof, upon warrants issued by the county auditor against the proper
- 26 funds of the districts, except the sums to be paid out of the bond fund
- 27 for interest and principal payments on bonds.
- 28 Sec. 455. RCW 86.09.328 and 1937 c 72 s 110 are each amended to
- 29 read as follows:
- The said ex officio district treasurer shall report in writing on
- 31 or before the fifteenth day of each month to the district board, the
- 32 amount of money held by him or her, the amount in each fund, the amount
- 33 of receipts for the month preceding in each fund, and the amount or

- amounts paid out of each fund, and said report shall be filed with the secretary of the board.
- **Sec. 456.** RCW 86.09.391 and 1985 c 396 s 66 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

The board of appraisers shall elect a member as ((chairman)) chair and the secretary of the district or his or her deputy shall be ex officio secretary of the board of appraisers. The appraisers shall receive such compensation and expenses as the board of directors of the district, with the approval of the county legislative authority of the county within which the major portion of the district is situated, shall determine, and which may forthwith be paid by the issuance of district warrants. 

**Sec. 457.** RCW 86.09.430 and 1986 c 278 s 43 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

- **Sec. 458.** RCW 86.09.433 and 1985 c 396 s 69 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

At the time set for said hearing the county legislative authority shall be present at the place designated in the notice and if it appears that due notice of the hearing has been given, shall proceed to hear such objections to the base map as shall be presented and shall hear all pertinent evidence that may be offered. The county legislative authority shall have authority to adjourn said hearings from time to time to study the record and evidence presented, to make

- such independent investigation as it shall deem necessary and to correct, modify, or confirm the things set out on said base map or any part thereof and to determine all questions concerning the matter and shall finally make an order confirming said map with such
- 5 substitutions, changes, or corrections, if any, as may have been made
- 6 thereon, which order shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair of the
- 7 county legislative authority and attached to said map.
- 8 **Sec. 459.** RCW 86.09.448 and 1985 c 396 s 71 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- Any person, firm, or corporation feeling aggrieved at any determination by said county legislative authority of the classification or relative percentage of his <u>or her</u> or its lands, aforesaid, may have the same reviewed by a proceeding for that purpose, in the nature of an appeal, initiated in the superior court of the county in which the land affected is situated. The matter shall be
- 16 heard and tried by the court and shall be informal and summary but full
- 17 opportunity to be heard and present evidence shall be given before
- 18 judgment is pronounced.
- 19 **Sec. 460.** RCW 86.09.466 and 1985 c 396 s 75 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 The secretary of the district on or before the first day of November in each year shall estimate the amount of money necessary to 22 23 be raised for any and all district purposes during the ensuing year based upon a budget furnished him or her by the district board and 24 25 submit the same to the county legislative authority of the county within which the major portion of the district is situated for its 26 27 suggestions, approval, and revision and upon the approval of the budget 28 by said county legislative authority, either as originally submitted or 29 as revised, the secretary shall prepare an assessment roll with 30 appropriate headings in which must be listed all the lands in each
- 32 **Sec. 461.** RCW 86.09.493 and 1937 c 72 s 165 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

assessment classification shown on the base assessment map.

On or before the fifteenth day of January in each year the secretary must deliver the assessment roll or the respective

segregations thereof to the county treasurer of each respective county in which the lands described are located, with a statement of the amounts and/or percentages of the collections on said roll which shall be apportioned to the respective district funds, and said assessments shall become due and payable at the time or times general taxes accrue payable.

One-half of all assessments on said roll shall become delinquent on the first day of June following the filing of the roll unless said one-half is paid on or before the thirty-first day of May of said year, and the remaining one-half shall become delinquent on the first day of December following, unless said one-half is paid on or before the thirtieth day of November. All delinquent assessments shall bear interest at the rate of ten percent per annum from the date of delinquency until paid.

Within twenty days after the filing of the assessment roll as aforesaid the respective county treasurers shall each publish a notice in a newspaper published in their respective counties in which any portion of the district may lie, that said assessments are due and payable at the office of the county treasurer of the county in which said land is located and will become delinquent unless paid as herein provided. Said notice shall state the dates of delinquency as fixed in this chapter and the rate of interest charged thereon and shall be published once a week for four successive weeks and shall be posted within said period of twenty days in some public place in said district in each county in which any portion of the district is situated.

Upon receiving the assessment roll, the county treasurer shall prepare therefrom an assessment book in which shall be written the description of the land as it appears in the assessment roll, the name of the owner or owners where known, and if assessed to the unknown owners, then the word "unknown", and the total assessment levied against each tract of land. Proper space shall be left in said book for the entry therein of all subsequent proceedings relating to the payment and collection of said assessments.

Upon payment of any assessment the county treasurer must enter the date of said payment in said assessment book opposite the description of the land and the name of the person paying, and give a receipt to such person specifying the amount of the assessment and the amount paid with the description of the property assessed.

p. 367 SSB 5077.PL

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of the county in which any land in the district is located to furnish upon request of the owner, or any person interested, a statement showing any and all assessments levied as shown by the assessment roll in his <u>or her</u> office upon land described in such request, and all statements of general taxes covering any land in the district shall be accompanied by a statement showing the condition of district assessments against such lands: PROVIDED, That the failure of the county treasurer to render any statement herein required of him <u>or her</u> shall not render invalid any assessments made by any district or proceedings had for the enforcement and collection of district assessments pursuant to this chapter.

13 **Sec. 462.** RCW 86.09.496 and 1937 c 72 s 166 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

On or before the thirty-first day of December of each year, the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located shall cause to be posted the delinquency list which must contain the names of persons to whom the property is assessed and a description of the property delinquent and the amount of the assessment and costs due, opposite each name and description.

He or she must append to and post with the delinquency list a notice that unless the assessments delinquent, together with costs and accrued interest, are paid, the real property upon which such assessments are a lien will be sold at public auction. The said notice and delinquent list shall be posted at least twenty days prior to the time of sale. Concurrent as nearly as possible with the date of the posting aforesaid, the said county treasurer shall publish the location of the place where said notice is posted and in connection therewith a notice that unless delinquent assessments together with costs and interest are paid, the real property upon which such assessments are a lien will be sold at public auction. Such notice must be published once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county within which the land is located; but said notice of publication need not comprise the delinquent list where the same is posted as herein provided. notices must designate the time and place of sale. The time of sale must not be less than twenty-one nor more than twenty-eight days from

1 2

3

4

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- 1 the date of posting and from the date of the first publication of the
- 2 notice thereof, and the place must be at some point designated by the
- 3 treasurer.

**Sec. 463.** RCW 86.09.499 and 1937 c 72 s 167 are each amended to read as follows:

The treasurer of the county in which the land is situated shall conduct the sale of all lands situated therein and must collect in addition to the assessment due as shown on the delinquent list the costs and expenses of sale and interest at the rate of ten percent per annum from the date or dates of delinquency as hereinbefore provided. On the day fixed for the sale, or some subsequent day to which he or she may have postponed it, and between the hours of ten o'clock a.m. and three o'clock p.m., the county treasurer making the sale must commence the same, beginning at the head of the list, and continuing alphabetically, or in the numerical order of the parcels, lots, or blocks, until completed. He or she may postpone the day of commencing the sale, or the sale from day to day, by giving oral notice thereof at the time of the postponement, but the sale must be completed within three weeks from the first day fixed.

**Sec. 464.** RCW 86.09.502 and 1937 c 72 s 168 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

The owner or person in possession of any real estate offered for sale for assessments due thereon may designate in writing to the county treasurer, by whom the sale is to be made, and prior to the sale, what portion of the property he or she wishes sold, if less than the whole; but if the owner or possessor does not, then the treasurer may designate it, and the person who will take the least quantity of the land, or in case an undivided interest is assessed, then the smallest portion of the interest, and pay the assessment and costs due, including one dollar to the treasurer for duplicate of the certificate of sale, is the purchaser. The treasurer shall account to the district for said one dollar. If the purchaser does not pay the assessment and costs before ten o'clock a.m. the following day, the property must be resold on the next sale day for the assessments and costs. In case there is no purchaser in good faith for the same on the first day that the property is offered for sale, and if there is no purchaser in good

faith when the property is offered thereafter for sale, the whole amount of the property assessed shall be struck off to the district as the purchaser, and the duplicate certificate shall be delivered to the secretary of the district, and filed by him or her in the office of the district. No charge shall be made for the duplicate certificate where the district is the purchaser, and in such case the treasurer shall make an entry, "Sold to the district", and he or she will be credited with the amount thereof in settlement. The district, as a purchaser at said sale, shall be entitled to the same rights as a private purchaser, and may assign or transfer the certificate of sale upon the payment of the amount which would be due if redemption were being made by the If no redemption is made of land for which the district holds a certificate of purchase, the district will be entitled to receive the treasurer's deed therefor in the same manner as a private person would be entitled thereto.

After receiving the amount of assessments and costs, the county treasurer must make out in duplicate a certificate, dated on the day of sale, stating (when known) the names of the persons assessed, a description of the land sold, the amount paid therefor, that it was sold for assessments, giving the amount and the year of assessment, and specifying the time when the purchaser will be entitled to a deed. The certificate must be signed by the treasurer making the sale and one copy delivered to the purchaser, and the other filed in the office of the county treasurer of the county in which the land is situated: PROVIDED, That upon the sale of any lot, parcel, or tract of land not larger than an acre, the fee for a duplicate certificate shall be twenty-five cents and in case of a sale to a person or a district, of more than one parcel or tract of land, the several parcels or tracts may be included in one certificate.

**Sec. 465.** RCW 86.09.508 and 1937 c 72 s 170 are each amended to read as follows:

A redemption of the property sold may be made by the owner or any person on behalf and in the name of the owner or by any party in interest at any time before deed issues, by paying the amount of the purchase price and interest as in this chapter provided, and the amount of any assessments which such purchaser may have paid thereon after purchase by him <u>or her</u> and during the period of redemption in this

section provided, together with like interest on such amount, and if 1 2 the district is the purchaser, the redemptioner shall not be required to pay the amount of any district assessment levied subsequent to the 3 assessment for which said land was sold, but all subsequent and unpaid 4 5 assessments levied upon said land to the date of such redemption shall remain a lien and be payable and the land be subject to sale and 6 7 redemption at the times applicable to such subsequent annual district assessment. Redemption must be made in legal tender, as provided for 8 9 the collection of state and county taxes, and the county treasurer must credit the amount paid to the person named in the certificate and pay 10 11 it on demand to such person or his or her assignees. No redemption shall be made except to the county treasurer of the county in which the 12 13 land is situated.

14 **Sec. 466.** RCW 86.09.511 and 1937 c 72 s 171 are each amended to read as follows:

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

Upon completion of redemption, the county treasurer to whom redemption has been made shall enter the word "redeemed", the date of redemption and by whom redeemed on the certificate and on the margin of the assessment book where the entry of the certificate is made. property is not redeemed within two years, after the fifteenth day of January of the year in which such property was sold, the county treasurer of the county in which the land sold is situated must thereafter, upon demand of the owner of the certificate of sale, make to the purchaser, or his or her assignees a deed of the property, reciting in the deed substantially the matters contained in the certificate, and that no person redeemed the property during the time allowed by law for its redemption. The treasurer shall receive from the purchaser, for the use of the district, one dollar for making such deed: PROVIDED, If redemption is not made of any lot, parcel, or tract of land not larger than one acre, the fee for a deed shall be twentyfive cents and when any person or district holds a duplicate certificate covering more than one tract of land, the several parcels, or tracts of lands, mentioned in the certificate may be included in one deed.

35 **Sec. 467.** RCW 86.09.556 and 1937 c 72 s 186 are each amended to read as follows:

Any claim against the district shall be presented to the district 1 2 board for allowance or rejection. Upon allowance, the claim shall be attached to a voucher verified by the claimant or his or her agent and 3 approved by the ((chairman)) chair of the board and countersigned by 4 5 the secretary and directed to the county auditor of the county in which the office of the district treasurer is located, for the issuance of a 6 7 warrant against the proper fund of the district in payment of said 8 claim.

**Sec. 468.** RCW 86.09.562 and 1986 c 278 s 45 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

Said county treasurer shall pay out the moneys received or deposited with him or her or any portion thereof upon warrants issued by the county auditor of the same county of which the district treasurer is an officer against the proper funds of the district except the sums to be paid out of the special funds for interest and principal payments on bonds or notes.

**Sec. 469.** RCW 86.09.619 and 1965 c 26 s 12 are each amended to 17 18 read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the board of directors of the district to make adequate provision for the payment of all district bonds in accordance with their terms by levy and collection of assessments or otherwise and upon its failure so to do said levy and collection of assessments shall be made as follows:

- (1) If the annual assessment roll has not been delivered to the county treasurer on or before the fifteenth day of January, he or she shall notify the secretary by registered mail that the roll must be delivered to him or her forthwith.
- (2) If the roll is not delivered within ten days from the date of mailing the notice, or if the roll has not been equalized and the levy made, the treasurer shall immediately notify the county commissioners of the county in which the office of the directors is situated, and such commissioners shall cause an assessment roll for the district to be prepared and shall equalize it if necessary, and make the levy in the same manner and with like effect as if it had been made and equalized by the directors, and all expenses incident thereto shall be borne by the district.

9

11

12

13

14 15

16

19 20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

(3) In case of neglect or refusal of the secretary to perform his or her duties, the district treasurer shall perform them, and shall be accountable therefor, on his or her official bond, as in other cases.

**Sec. 470.** RCW 86.09.703 and 1985 c 396 s 86 are each amended to read as follows:

If funds are available the county legislative authority shall, at the expense of the county, refer the petition to the county engineer for a preliminary investigation as to the feasibility of the objects sought by the petition. If the investigation discloses that the matter petitioned for is feasible, conducive to the public welfare, consistent with a comprehensive plan of development and in the best interest of the district and will promote the purposes for which the district was organized, the county legislative authority shall so find, approve the petition, enter an order in his <u>or her</u> records declaring the establishment of the new boundaries as petitioned for, or as modified by him <u>or her</u>, and file a certified copy of the order with each county auditor, without filing fee, and with the board.

The board shall forthwith cause a review of the classifications and ratio of benefits, in the same manner and with the same effect as for the determination of such matters in the first instance.

The lands in the original district shall remain bound for the whole of the original unpaid assessment thereon for the payment of any outstanding warrants or bonds to be paid by such assessments. Until the assessments are collected and all indebtedness of the original district paid, separate funds shall be maintained for the original district and the revised district.

**Sec. 471.** RCW 86.13.030 and 1913 c 54 s 3 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

When such a contract shall have been entered into it shall be the duty of each of the boards of county commissioners to make for their respective counties, each year, a tax levy at a rate sufficient to meet the requirements of the contract to be performed by the county, or sufficient to provide such lesser amount as the boards of county commissioners shall agree upon for such year, to be evidenced by separate resolution of each board, and when such levy shall be made the same shall be extended upon the tax rolls of the county levying the

p. 373 SSB 5077.PL

same as other taxes shall be extended, and shall be collected in the same manner and shall be a lien upon the property as in the case of other taxes. The fund realized in each county by such tax levy shall go into a separate fund in the treasury of the county collecting the same, to be designated intercounty river improvement fund, and the entire fund so collected in the two counties shall be devoted to and be disbursed for the purposes specified in such contract and as in this chapter provided, and for no other purpose, but without regard to the particular county in which the work is performed, material required or expenditure made, it being the intent that the entire fund realized in the two counties shall be devoted to the one common purpose as if the two counties were one county and the two funds one fund. The fund in each county shall be disbursed by the county treasurer of such county upon warrants signed by the county auditor of that county. warrants shall be issued by order of the board of county commissioners of such county, or a majority thereof. Each county auditor shall, whenever requested by the county auditor of the other county, furnish the county auditor of the other county a statement of payments into and warrants drawn upon the fund of his or her county from time to time, and in addition thereto, each county auditor shall on the first Monday of January, April, July and October each year during the life of the contract furnish the other a complete statement thereof. Obligations incurred in the prosecution of such improvement and warrants issued shall be payable only out of said special funds, and no general obligation against or debt of either county shall be created thereby or by any contract entered into by virtue of this chapter, but it is not the intent of this chapter to deny to either county the right to have in the courts any proper proceeding to compel compliance with such contract on the part of the other county.

30 **Sec. 472.** RCW 86.13.050 and 1913 c 54 s 5 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

When such a contract shall have been entered into and occasion shall arise for the joint action of the two boards of county commissioners whether such joint action is provided for in this chapter or otherwise desired upon any matter having relation to such contract or the prosecution of such improvement, such joint action may be secured by a notice calling a joint meeting signed by two county

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

2829

32

33

34

3536

commissioners, designating the time and place in either county of such 1 2 meeting, served by one of the two county auditors upon the remaining county commissioners at least seven days (exclusive of the date of 3 service or mailing) prior to the time so designated. If the notice is 4 signed by two county commissioners of the same county the place of 5 meeting shall be at some place in the other county designated in the 6 7 notice. Such service may be personal or by mail addressed to the member in care of the county auditor of his or her county. The six 8 county commissioners may constitute a legal meeting without notice by 9 10 being present together for that purpose. The auditor's certificate of such personal service or mailing, attached to a copy of the notice, 11 12 shall be made a part of the records of the meeting and be competent 13 proof of the fact. Except in the case hereinafter provided for, the presence of four of the county commissioners shall be necessary to 14 constitute a legal meeting. Each meeting shall be presided over by one 15 of those present selected by vote. The county auditor of the county 16 wherein the meeting is held shall be secretary of the meeting, and 17 shall make duplicate record of its proceedings, one of which, with his 18 or her certificate thereon, shall be forwarded to the county auditor of 19 the other county, and such record shall be a part of the record of the 20 21 board of county commissioners of each county. A majority vote of those 22 present at any legal meeting shall be determinative upon any question properly considered at the meeting, and shall be binding upon each 23 county as if enacted or adopted by its own board of county 24 commissioners separately, but no joint meeting whatsoever shall in any 25 manner continue, extend, change, alter, modify, or abrogate the 26 27 contract when made or any of the terms and conditions contained therein. Each county commissioner shall be paid out of said fund in 28 his or her own county all disbursements made by him or her for 29 traveling and other expenses incurred in attending any joint meeting or 30 in any way connected with the prosecution of the improvement. 31 32 legal meeting shall have power to adjourn to another time and place. An adjourned meeting shall have all the powers of the meeting of which 33 it is an adjournment, but shall have no power after the end of the 34 thirtieth day following the date of the original meeting of which it is 35 an adjournment. If the three county commissioners of either county 36 37 shall fail to attend any two meetings consecutively called, the notice for the next succeeding meeting may be also served upon the special 38

commissioner hereinafter provided for, and if he or she and three 1 county commissioners attend pursuant to such notice the four shall 2 constitute a legal meeting, but if he or she does not so attend and 3 three county commissioners do attend, the same shall constitute a legal 4 5 meeting: PROVIDED, All notices calling a joint meeting shall specify distinctly and separately each question to be considered at said 6 7 meeting; and it shall be unlawful to consider any question at such meeting or at any adjourned meeting thereof except those which have 8 been distinctly and separately specified, except in cases where all six 9 10 county commissioners are present or five county commissioners present are unanimous on the question, and in any action which may be taken on 11 12 any question other than those specified in the notice shall be void and 13 shall not be binding on either county, except in cases where all six 14 county commissioners are present or the action was by unanimous vote of 15 five county commissioners present at such meeting.

## Sec. 473. RCW 86.13.060 and 1913 c 54 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

When such a contract shall have been entered into there shall be designated at the first legal joint meeting, or adjournment thereof, held in each calendar year a special commissioner to serve as such until the first joint meeting held in the ensuing year. designation shall not be made at any such first annual meeting, the United States engineer in charge of the district in which such improvement is located shall be such special commissioner until the next succeeding first annual meeting. If a special commissioner shall for any reason fail to serve as such officer, or be removed by unanimous vote of any legal meeting, a successor to him or her may be chosen at any subsequent legal joint meeting during his or her term. Such special commissioner shall have power to attend and vote at any joint meeting in the following cases and none other, to wit: (1) In cases specially so provided in RCW 86.13.050 hereof; (2) in any case where the vote of any such joint meeting shall stand equally divided upon any question arising under this chapter or such contract or in the prosecution of the work of improvement. The special commissioner shall have no voice or vote except upon questions on which the vote of the county commissioners is equally divided. The procedure in cases covered by the foregoing subdivision (2) of this section shall be

16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

3233

34

3536

substantially as follows: It shall be the duty of the secretary of the 1 meeting at which the division shall occur, if the attendance of the 2 special commissioner at that meeting is not secured, to forthwith 3 transmit to the special commissioner written notice of the fact of 4 disagreement and the question involved, and of the time and place to 5 which the meeting shall have been adjourned or at which the question 6 7 will recur. If there shall be no such adjournment of the meeting, or if the secretary shall not give such notice, any two commissioners may 8 in the manner provided in RCW 86.13.050 call a joint meeting for the 9 consideration of the question in dispute, and in such event either 10 county auditor may give such notice to the special commissioner. 11 12 informality in the mode of securing the attendance of the special 13 commissioner shall invalidate the proceedings of or any vote taken at 14 any meeting which he or she shall attend and which he or she is empowered to attend by the provisions of this chapter. The special 15 16 commissioner shall receive, to be paid equally out of the two funds, 17 his or her traveling and other expenses incurred in attending meetings or otherwise in connection with the work of improvement, and such 18 compensation for his or her services as shall be fixed by the joint 19 meeting which shall have selected him or her, or failing to be so 20 21 fixed, his or her compensation shall be ten dollars per day of actual 22 service.

23 **Sec. 474.** RCW 86.13.090 and 1913 c 54 s 9 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

2526

2728

2930

31

3233

36

When such a contract shall have been entered into, it shall be lawful to issue warrants upon said fund though there be at the time of such issuance no money in the fund, but in such cases the aggregate of such warrants so issued in any year shall not exceed one-half the amount of the next annual tax levy required by such contract. Such warrants shall be stamped by the county treasurer when presented to him or her for payment, to bear interest at a certain rate thereafter until paid, such rate to be the then current rate as determined by the county auditor.

34 **Sec. 475.** RCW 86.13.100 and 1915 c 103 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever two counties of this state, acting under a contract made

- pursuant to RCW 86.13.010 through 86.13.090, shall make an improvement 1 2 in connection with the course, channel, or flow of a river, shall acquire property by statute, purchase, gift, or otherwise, said 3 counties, acting through their boards of county commissioners jointly 4 5 shall have the power, and are hereby authorized to sell, transfer, trade, lease, or otherwise dispose of said property by public or 6 7 private, negotiation or sale. The deeds to the property so granted, transferred, leased, or sold shall be executed by the ((chairman)) 8 9 chair of the meeting of the joint boards of county commissioners, and attested by the secretary of said joint meeting where the sale is 10 authorized. The proceeds of the sale of said property shall be used by 11 said counties for the carrying on, completion or maintenance of said 12 13 improvement, as directed by the boards of county commissioners of said 14 counties acting jointly.
- 15 **Sec. 476.** RCW 86.15.060 and 2005 c 127 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, administration of the affairs of zones shall be in the county engineer. The engineer may appoint such deputies and engage such employees, specialists, and technicians as may be required by the zone and as are authorized by the zone's budget. Subject to the approval of the supervisors, the engineer may organize, or reorganize as required, the zone into such departments, divisions, or other administrative relationships as he or she deems necessary to its efficient operation.
  - (2) In a zone with supervisors elected pursuant to RCW 86.15.050, the supervisors may provide for administration of the affairs of the zone by other than the county engineer, pursuant to the authority established in RCW 86.15.095 to hire employees, staff, and services and to enter into contracts.
- 30 **Sec. 477.** RCW 86.15.130 and 1961 c 153 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 The treasurer of each zone shall be the county treasurer. He or 33 she shall establish within his or her office a zone flood control fund 34 for each zone into which shall be deposited the proceeds of all tax 35 levies, assessments, gifts, grants, loans, or other revenues which may 36 become available to a zone.

17

18 19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

- The treasurer shall also establish the following accounts within the zone fund:
- 3 (1) For each flood control improvement financed by a bond issue, an 4 account to which shall be deposited the proceeds of any such bond 5 issue; and
  - (2) An account for each outstanding bond issue to which will be deposited any revenues collected for the retirement of such outstanding bonds or for the payment of interest or charges thereon; and
- 9 (3) A general account to which all other receipts of the zone shall be deposited.

6 7

8

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

- 11 **Sec. 478.** RCW 86.16.035 and 1995 c 8 s 5 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- Subject to RCW 43.21A.068, the department of ecology shall have supervision and control over all dams and obstructions in streams, and may make reasonable regulations with respect thereto concerning the flow of water which he <u>or she</u> deems necessary for the protection to life and property below such works from flood waters.
- 18 **Sec. 479.** RCW 86.24.030 and 1988 c 127 s 39 are each amended to read as follows:

The state director of ecology, when state funds shall be available therefor, shall have authority on behalf of the state to enter into contracts with the United States or any agency thereof and/or with any such flood control district, county, or counties so acting jointly, for flood control purposes for any such flood control district, county, or counties so acting jointly, the amount of the state's participation in any such contract to be such sum as may be appropriated therefor, or, in event of unallocated state appropriations for flood control purposes, in such necessary sum as to any such contract as he or she shall determine.

- 30 **Sec. 480.** RCW 87.03.025 and 1963 c 20 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- Whenever public lands of the state are situated in or taken into an irrigation district they shall be treated the same as other lands, except as hereinafter provided. The commissioner of public lands shall be served with a copy of the petition proposing to include such lands,

together with a map of the district and notice of the time and place of hearing thereon, at least thirty days before the hearing, and if he or she determines that such lands will be benefited by being included in the district he or she shall give his or her consent thereto in writing. If he or she determines that they will not be benefited he or she shall file with the board a statement of his or her objections thereto.

Any public lands of the state which are situated within the boundaries of an irrigation district, but which were not included in the district at the time of its organization, may be included after a hearing as herein provided.

Whenever the commissioner or any interested person desires to have state public lands included in an existing district, he or she shall file a request to that effect in writing with the district board, which shall thereupon fix a time and place for hearing the request and post notice thereof in three public conspicuous places in the district, one of which shall be at the place of hearing, at least twenty days before the hearing, and send by registered mail a copy of the notice to the commissioner. The notice shall describe the lands to be included and direct all persons objecting to such inclusion to appear at the time and place stated and present their objections. At the hearing the district board shall consider all objections and may adjourn to a later date, and by resolution determine the matter, and its determination shall be final: PROVIDED, That no such lands shall be included in a district without the written consent of the commissioner of public lands.

Any public lands of the state situated in any irrigation district shall be subject to the provisions of the laws of this state relating to the collection of irrigation district assessments to the same extent and in the same manner in which lands of like character held under private ownership are subject thereto, but collection and payment of the assessments shall be governed solely by the provisions of chapter 79.44 RCW.

**Sec. 481.** RCW 87.03.031 and 1961 c 105 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Any qualified district elector who certifies as provided in RCW 87.03.032 through 87.03.034 that he <u>or she</u> cannot conveniently be

- 1 present to cast his <u>or her</u> ballot at his <u>or her</u> proper election
- 2 precinct on the day of any irrigation district election shall be
- 3 entitled to vote by absentee ballot in such election in the manner
- 4 herein provided.

23

2425

26

2728

29

- 5 **Sec. 482.** RCW 87.03.032 and 1961 c 105 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 The notice of election shall conform to the requirements for election notices provided by Title 87 RCW for the election being held, 8 and shall specify in addition that any qualified district elector who 9 certifies that he or she cannot conveniently be present at his or her 10 11 proper election precinct on the day of election may vote by absentee 12 ballot, and that a ballot and form of certificate of qualifications will be furnished to him or her on written request being made of the 13 district's secretary. The requisite ballot and a form of certificate 14 15 of qualifications shall be furnished by the district's secretary to any 16 person who prior to the date of election makes written request therefor, stating that he or she is a qualified district elector. Such 17 18 ballot and form may be furnished also to qualified district electors in any way deemed to be convenient without regard to requests having been 19 20 made therefor.
- 21 **Sec. 483.** RCW 87.03.033 and 1961 c 105 s 4 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
  - (1) To be counted in a given election, an absentee ballot must conform to these requirements:
    - (a) It must be sealed in an unmarked envelope and delivered to the district's principal office prior to the close of the polls on the day of that election; or be sealed in an unmarked envelope and mailed to the district's secretary, postmarked not later than midnight of that election day and received by the secretary within five days of that date.
- 31 (b) The sealed envelope containing the ballot shall be accompanied 32 by a certificate of qualifications stating, with respect to the voter, 33 his <u>or her</u> name, age, citizenship, residence, that he <u>or she</u> holds 34 title or evidence of title to lands within the district which, under 35 RCW 87.03.045 entitles him <u>or her</u> to vote in the election, and that he

or she cannot conveniently be present to cast his or her ballot at his or her proper election precinct on election day.

- (c) The statements in the certificate of qualifications shall be certified as correct by the voter by the affixing of his <u>or her</u> signature thereto in the presence of a witness who is acquainted with the voter, and the voter shall enclose and seal his <u>or her</u> ballot in the unmarked envelope in the presence of this witness but without disclosing his <u>or her</u> vote. The witness, by affixing his <u>or her</u> signature to the certificate of qualifications, shall certify that he <u>or she</u> is acquainted with the voter, that in his <u>or her</u> presence the voter's signature was affixed and the ballot enclosed as required in this paragraph.
- (2) The form of statement of qualifications and its certification shall be substantially as prescribed by the district's board of directors. This form may also provide that the voter shall describe all or some part of his or her lands within the district which, under RCW 87.03.045 entitles him or her to vote in the election, but a voter otherwise qualified shall not be disqualified because of the absence or inaccuracy of the description so given. The regular form of irrigation district ballot shall be used by absentee voters.

## **Sec. 484.** RCW 87.03.045 and 1985 c 66 s 1 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

In districts with two hundred thousand acres or more, a person eighteen years old, being a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state and who holds title or evidence of title to land in the district or proposed district shall be entitled to vote therein. He or she shall be entitled to one vote for the first ten acres of said land or fraction thereof and one additional vote for all of said land over ten acres. A majority of the directors shall be residents of the county or counties in which the district is situated and all shall be electors of the district. If more than one elector residing outside the county or counties is voted for as director, only that one who receives the highest number of votes shall be considered in ascertaining the result of the election. Where land is community property both the husband and wife may vote if otherwise qualified. An agent of a corporation owning land in the district, duly authorized in writing, may vote on behalf of the corporation by filing with the

- election officers his <u>or her</u> instrument of authority. An elector resident in the district shall vote in the precinct in which he <u>or she</u> resides, all others shall vote in the precinct nearest their residence.
  - Sec. 485. RCW 87.03.075 and 1985 c 66 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

4

5

7

8

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

Voting in an irrigation district shall be by ballot. Ballots shall be of uniform size and quality, provided by the district, and for the election of directors shall contain only the names of the candidates who have filed with the secretary of the district a declaration in writing of their candidacy, or a petition of nomination as hereinafter provided, not later than five o'clock p.m. on the first Monday in November. Ballots shall contain space for sticker voting or for the writing in of the name of an undeclared candidate. Ballots shall be issued by the election board according to the number of votes an elector is entitled to cast. A person filing a declaration of candidacy, or petition of nomination as hereinafter provided, shall designate therein the position for which he or she is a candidate. No ballots on any form other than the official form shall be received or counted.

In any election for directors where the number of votes which may be received will have no bearing on the length of the term to be served, the candidates for the position of director, in lieu of filing a declaration of candidacy hereunder, shall file with the secretary of the district a petition of nomination signed by at least ten qualified electors of the district, or of the division if the district has been divided into director divisions, not later than five o'clock p.m. on the first Monday in November. If, after the expiration of the date for filing petitions of nomination, it appears that only one qualified candidate has been nominated thereby for each position to be filled it shall not be necessary to hold an election, and the board of directors shall at their next meeting declare such candidate elected as director. The secretary shall immediately make and deliver to such person a certificate of election signed by him or her and bearing the seal of the district. The procedure set forth in this paragraph shall not apply to any other irrigation district elections.

1 **Sec. 486.** RCW 87.03.080 and 1961 c 192 s 14 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

An election of directors in an irrigation district shall be held on 3 the second Tuesday of December of each year, and the term of each 4 5 director shall be three years from the first Tuesday of January following his or her election. The directors elected at 6 7 organization election shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified. At the first annual election occurring thirty days or 8 more after the date of the order establishing the district, there shall 9 10 be elected directors to succeed those chosen at the organization If the board consists of three directors the candidate 11 election. receiving the highest number of votes shall serve a term of three 12 years; the next highest, two years; and the next highest, one year. 13 case of five directors, the two candidates receiving the highest number 14 of votes shall each serve a term of three years; the next two highest, 15 two years; and the next highest, one year; or until successors are 16 17 elected and qualified. In case of seven directors, the three candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall each serve a 18 term of three years, the next two highest, two years, and the next two 19 highest, one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified. 20 21 Whenever a district with three directors desires to increase the number 22 of its directors to five directors or whenever a district with five directors desires to increase the number of its directors to seven 23 24 directors, the board of directors, acting on its own initiative or on 25 the written petition of at least twenty electors of the district, shall submit the question to the electors of the district at a regular or 26 27 special district election. In the event the electors by a majority of the votes cast favor an increase in the number of directors, there 28 shall be elected at the next annual district election two additional 29 directors. The person receiving the highest number of votes shall 30 31 serve for a three year term and the next highest, a two year term.

The number of directors may be decreased to five or three, as the case may be, substantially in the same manner as that provided for the increase of directors. In case of three directors the term of one director only shall expire annually.

36 **Sec. 487.** RCW 87.03.081 and 1961 c 192 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

32

33

A vacancy in the office of director shall be filled by appointment by the board of county commissioners of the county in which the proceedings for the organization of the district were had. At the next annual election occurring thirty days or more after the date of the appointment, a successor shall be elected who shall take office on the first Tuesday in January following and shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.

A director appointed to fill a vacancy occurring after the expiration of the term of a director shall serve until his <u>or her</u> successor is elected and qualified. At the next election of directors occurring thirty days or more after the appointment, a successor shall be elected who shall take office on the first Tuesday in January next and shall serve for the term for which he <u>or she</u> was elected.

Failure on the part of any irrigation district to hold one or more annual elections for selection of officers, or otherwise to provide district officers shall not dissolve the district or impair its powers, where later officers for the district are appointed or elected and qualify as such and exercise the powers and duties of their offices in the manner provided by law.

## Sec. 488. RCW 87.03.082 and 1961 c 192 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

Each director shall take and subscribe an official oath for the faithful discharge of the duties of his <u>or her</u> office, and shall execute a bond to the district in the sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his <u>or her</u> duties, which shall be approved by the judge of the superior court of the county where the district was organized, and the oath and bond shall be recorded in the office of the county clerk of that county and filed with the secretary of the board of directors. The secretary shall take and subscribe a written oath of office and execute a bond in the sum of not less than one thousand dollars to be fixed by the directors, which shall be approved and filed as in the case of the bond of a director. If a district is appointed fiscal agent of the United States to collect money for it, the secretary and directors and the district treasurer shall each execute such additional bonds as the secretary of the interior may require, conditioned for the faithful discharge of their

- 1 duties which shall be approved, recorded, and filed as other official
- 2 bonds. All such bonds shall be secured at the cost of the district.
- 3 **Sec. 489.** RCW 87.03.090 and 1931 c 60 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

The inspector is ((chairman)) chair of the election board, and may
First: Administer all oaths required in the progress of an
election.

Second: Appoint judges and clerks, if, during the progress of the 8 election, any judge or clerk cease to act. Any member of the board of 9 election, or any clerk thereof, may administer and certify oaths 10 required to be administered during the progress of an election. 11 board of election for each precinct may, if they deem it necessary, 12 before opening the polls, appoint two persons to act as clerks of the 13 election. Before opening the polls, each member of the board and each 14 15 clerk must take and subscribe an oath to faithfully perform the duties 16 imposed upon them by law. Any elector of the precinct may administer 17 and certify such oath. The polls must be opened at one o'clock p.m. on the afternoon of the election, and be kept open until eight o'clock 18 p.m., when the same must be closed. The provisions of the general 19 election law of this state, concerning the form of ballots to be used 20 shall not apply to elections held under this act: PROVIDED, That any 21 22 district elections called before this act shall take effect shall be 23 noticed and conducted in the manner prescribed by law in effect at the 24 time the election is called.

25 **Sec. 490.** RCW 87.03.100 and 1981 c 345 s 2 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

As soon as all the votes are read off and counted, a certificate shall be drawn upon each of the papers containing the poll list and tallies, or attached thereto, stating the number of votes each one voted for has received, and designating the office to fill which he or she was voted for, which number shall be written in figures and in words at full length. Each certificate shall be signed by the ((clerk[s])) clerks, ((judge[s])) judges, and the inspector. One of said certificates, with the poll list and the tally paper to which it is attached, shall be retained by the inspector, and preserved by him or her at least six months. The ballots, together with the other of

2728

29

30

31

32

33

3435

- said certificates, with the poll list and tally paper to which it is 1 2 attached, shall be sealed by the inspector, in the presence of the judges and clerks, and endorsed "Election returns of [naming the 3 precinct] precinct," and be directed to the secretary of the board of 4 5 directors, and shall be immediately delivered by the inspector, or by some other safe and responsible carrier designated by said inspector, 6 to said secretary, and the ballots shall be kept unopened for at least 7 8 six months, and if any person be of the opinion that the vote of any precinct has not been correctly counted, he or she may appear on the 9 day appointed for the board of directors to open and canvass the 10 11 returns, and demand a recount of the vote of the precinct that is so claimed to have been incorrectly counted. 12
- 13 **Sec. 491.** RCW 87.03.110 and 1913 c 165 s 4 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

The secretary of the board of directors must, as soon as the result is declared, enter in the records of such board a statement of such result, which statement must show:

- (1) The whole number of votes cast in the district;
- (2) The name of the persons voted for;

18 19

20

2526

27

2829

- (3) The office to fill which each person was voted for;
- 21 (4) The number of votes given in each precinct to each of such 22 persons;
- 23 (5) The number of votes given in each precinct for and against any proposition voted upon.

The board of directors must declare elected the person having the highest number of votes given for each office. The secretary must immediately make out, and deliver to such person a certificate of election signed by him or her and authenticated by the seal of the district.

- 30 **Sec. 492.** RCW 87.03.115 and 1983 c 262 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- The directors of the district shall organize as a board and shall elect a president from their number, and appoint a secretary, who shall keep a record of their proceedings. The office of the directors and principal place of business of the district shall be at some place in the county in which the organization was effected, to be designated by

the directors. The directors serving districts of five thousand acres 1 2 or more shall hold a regular monthly meeting at their office on the first Tuesday in every month, or on such other day in each month as the 3 board shall direct in its bylaws, and may adjourn any meeting from time 4 5 to time as may be required for the proper transaction of business. Directors serving districts of less than five thousand acres shall hold 6 7 at least quarterly meetings on a day designated by the board's bylaws, and may adjourn any meeting from time to time as may be required for 8 the proper transaction of business. Special meetings shall be called 9 and conducted in the manner required by chapter 42.30 RCW. 10 meetings of the directors must be public. A majority of the directors 11 12 shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and in all 13 matters requiring action by the board there shall be a concurrence of 14 at least a majority of the directors. All records of the board shall be open to the inspection of any electors during business hours. The 15 board shall have the power, and it shall be its duty, to adopt a seal 16 17 of the district, to manage and conduct the business and affairs of the district, to make and execute all necessary contracts, to employ and 18 appoint such agents, officers, and employees as may be necessary and 19 20 prescribe their duties, and to establish equitable bylaws, rules, and 21 regulations for the government and management of the district, and for 22 the equitable distribution of water to the lands within the district, upon the basis of the beneficial use thereof, and generally to perform 23 24 all such acts as shall be necessary to fully carry out the provisions 25 of this chapter: PROVIDED, That all water, the right to the use of which is acquired by the district under any contract with the United 26 27 States shall be distributed and apportioned by the district in accordance with the acts of congress, and rules and regulations of the 28 secretary of the interior until full reimbursement has been made to the 29 United States, and in accordance with the provisions of said contract 30 31 in relation thereto. The bylaws, rules, and regulations must be on 32 file and open to inspection of any elector during regular business hours. All leases, contracts, or other form of holding any interest in 33 any state or other public lands shall be, and the same are hereby 34 35 declared to be title to and evidence of title to lands and for all purposes within this act, shall be treated as the private property of 36 37 the lessee or owner of the contractual or possessory interest: PROVIDED, That nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the 38

title of the state or other public ownership, nor shall any lien for 1 2 such assessment attach to the fee simple title of the state or other public ownership. The board of directors shall have authority to 3 develop and to sell, lease, or rent the use of: (1) Water derived from 4 the operation of the district water facilities to such municipal and 5 quasi municipal entities, the state of Washington, and state entities 6 7 and agencies, public and private corporations and individuals located within and outside the boundaries of the district and on such terms and 8 conditions as the board of directors shall determine; and (2) power 9 10 derived from hydroelectric facilities authorized by RCW 87.03.015(1) as now or hereafter amended, to such municipal or quasi municipal 11 12 corporations and cooperatives authorized to engage in the business of 13 distributing electricity, electrical companies subject 14 jurisdiction of the utilities and transportation commission, and other irrigation districts and on such terms and conditions as the board of 15 directors shall determine: PROVIDED, No water shall be furnished for 16 17 use outside of said district until all demands and requirements for water for use in said district are furnished and supplied by said 18 AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That as soon as any public lands 19 district: situated within the limits of the district shall be acquired by any 20 21 private person, or held under any title of private ownership, the owner 22 thereof shall be entitled to receive his or her proportion of water as 23 in case of other land owners, upon payment by him or her of such sums 24 as shall be determined by the board, and at the time to be fixed by the 25 board, which sums shall be such equitable amount as such lands should pay having regard to placing said lands on the basis of equality with 26 27 other lands in the district as to benefits received, and giving credit if equitable for any sums paid as water rent by the occupant of said 28 lands prior to the vesting of private ownership, and such lands shall 29 also become subject to all taxes and assessments of the district 30 31 thereafter imposed.

Sec. 493. RCW 87.03.175 and 1923 c 138 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

32

3334

35

36

Said director shall forthwith consider said certified report and if he <u>or she</u> deem it advisable make, through the appropriate divisions of his <u>or her</u> department, additional studies of the project at the expense

- of the district, and as soon as practicable thereafter, but in any event within ninety days from the receipt of said certified report,
- 3 make his or her findings and submit the same to the district board.
- 4 **Sec. 494.** RCW 87.03.180 and 1923 c 138 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

In his or her findings said state director shall give generally his 6 7 or her conclusions regarding the supply of water available for the 8 project, the nature of the soil proposed to be irrigated and its susceptibility to irrigation, the duty of water for irrigation and the 9 10 probable need of drainage, the probable cost of works, water rights, 11 and other property necessary for the project, the conditions of land settlement therein, and the proper amount and dates of maturity of the 12 bonds proposed to be issued, and such other matters as he or she deems 13 pertinent to the success of the project, provided that said findings 14 15 and conclusions shall be advisory only and shall not be binding upon 16 the directors of the irrigation district.

- 17 **Sec. 495.** RCW 87.03.245 and 1919 c 180 s 8 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- The board of directors must allow the secretary as many deputies, to be appointed by them, as will, in the judgment of the board, enable him <u>or her</u> to complete the assessment within the time herein prescribed. The board must fix the compensation of such deputies for the time actually engaged.
- 24 **Sec. 496.** RCW 87.03.250 and 1921 c 129 s 12 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

On or before the first Tuesday in September in each year to and including the year 1923, and on or before the first Tuesday in November beginning with the year 1924 and each year thereafter, the secretary must complete his or her assessment roll and deliver it to the board, who must immediately give a notice thereof, and of the time the board of directors, acting as a board of equalization will meet to equalize assessments, by publication in a newspaper published in each of the counties comprising the district. The time fixed for the meeting shall not be less than twenty nor more than thirty days from the first

2627

28

29

30

31

32

- 1 publication of the notice, and in the meantime the assessment roll must
- 2 remain in the office of the secretary for the inspection of all persons
- 3 interested.

4

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

2829

30

3132

3334

35

36

**Sec. 497.** RCW 87.03.255 and 1921 c 129 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the day specified in the notice required by RCW 87.03.250 for the meeting, the board of directors, which is hereby constituted a board of equalization for that purpose, shall meet and continue in session from day to day as long as may be necessary, not to exceed ten days, exclusive of Sundays, to hear and determine such objections to the said assessment roll as may come before them; and the board may change the same as may be just. The secretary of the board shall be present during its session, and note all changes made at said hearing; and on or before the 30th day of October in each year to and including the year 1923, and on or before the 15th day of January beginning with the ((<del>[year]</del>)) year 1925 and each year thereafter he or she shall have the assessment roll completed as finally equalized by the board.

**Sec. 498.** RCW 87.03.260 and 1983 c 167 s 216 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of directors shall in each year before said roll is delivered by the secretary to the respective county treasurers, levy an assessment sufficient to raise the ensuing annual interest on the outstanding bonds, and all payments due or to become due in the ensuing year to the United States or the state of Washington under any contract between the district and the United States or the state of Washington accompanying which bonds of the district have not been deposited with the United States or the state of Washington as in this act provided. Beginning in the year preceding the maturity of the first series of the bonds of any issue, the board must from year to year increase said assessment for the ensuing years in an amount sufficient to pay and discharge the outstanding bonds as they mature. Similar levy and assessment shall be made for the expense fund which shall include operation and maintenance costs for the ensuing year. The board shall also at the time of making the annual levy, estimate the amount of all probable delinquencies on said levy and shall thereupon levy a sufficient amount to cover the same and a further amount sufficient to

cover any deficit that may have resulted from delinquent assessments for any preceding year. The board shall also, at the time of making the annual levy, estimate the amount of the assessments to be made against lands owned by the district, including local improvement assessments, and shall levy a sufficient amount to pay said assessments. All lands owned by the district shall be exempt from general state and county taxes: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That in the event any lands, and any improvements located thereon, acquired by the district by reason of the foreclosure of irrigation district assessments, shall be by said district resold on contract, then and in that event, said land, and any such improvements, shall be by the county assessor immediately placed upon the tax rolls for taxation as real property and shall become subject to general property taxes from and after the date of said contract, and the secretary of the said irrigation district shall be required to immediately report such sale within ten days from the date of said contract to the county assessor who shall cause the property to be entered on the tax rolls as of the first day of January following.

If the annual assessment roll of any district has not been delivered to the county treasurer on or before the 15th day of January in the year 1927, and in each year thereafter, he or she shall notify the secretary of the district by registered mail that said assessment roll must be delivered to the office of the county treasurer forthwith. If said assessment roll is not delivered within ten days from the date of mailing of said notice to the secretary of the district, or if said roll when delivered is not equalized and the required assessments levied as required by law, or if for any reason the required assessment

or levy has not been made, the county treasurer shall immediately notify the legislative authority of the county in which the office of the board of directors is situated, and said county legislative authority shall cause an assessment roll for the said district to be prepared and shall equalize the same if necessary and make the levy required by this chapter in the same manner and with like effect as if the same had been equalized and made by the said board of directors, and all expenses incident thereto shall be borne by the district. case of neglect or refusal of the secretary of the district to perform the duties imposed by law, then the treasurer of the county in which the office of the board of directors is situated must perform such duties, and shall be accountable therefor, on his or her official bond, as in other cases.

At the time of making the annual levy in the year preceding the final maturity of any issue of district bonds, the board of directors shall levy a sufficient amount to pay and redeem all bonds of said issue then remaining unpaid. All surplus remaining in any bond fund after all bonds are paid in full must be transferred to the surplus fund of the district.

Any surplus moneys in the surplus fund or any surplus moneys in the bond fund when so requested by the board of directors shall be invested by the treasurer of said county under the direction of said board of directors in United States bonds or bonds of the state of Washington, or any bonds pronounced by the treasurer of the state of Washington as valid security for the deposit of public funds, and in addition thereto any bonds or warrants of said district, all of which shall be kept in the surplus fund until needed by the district for the purposes authorized by law.

**Sec. 499.** RCW 87.03.270 and 2009 c 350 s 6 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

The assessment roll, before its equalization and adoption, shall be checked and compared as to descriptions and ownerships, with the county treasurer's land rolls. On or before the fifteenth day of January in each year the secretary must deliver the assessment roll or the respective segregation thereof to the county treasurer of each respective county in which the lands therein described are located, and

p. 393 SSB 5077.PL

said assessments shall become due and payable after the county treasurer has completed the property tax roll for the current year's collection and provided the notification required by RCW 84.56.020.

All assessments on said roll shall become delinquent on the first day of May following the filing of the roll unless the assessments are paid on or before the thirtieth day of April of said year: PROVIDED, That if an assessment is ten dollars or more for said year and if one-half of the assessment is paid on or before the thirtieth day of April, the remainder shall be due and payable on or before the thirty-first day of October following and shall be delinquent after that date. All delinquent assessments shall bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum, computed on a monthly basis and without compounding, from the date of delinquency until paid.

Upon receiving the assessment roll the county treasurer shall prepare therefrom an assessment book in which shall be written the description of the land as it appears in the assessment roll, the name of the owner or owners where known, and if assessed to the unknown owners, then the word "unknown", and the total assessment levied against each tract of land. Proper space shall be left in said book for the entry therein of all subsequent proceedings relating to the payment and collection of said assessments.

On or before April 1st of each year, the treasurer of the district shall send a statement of assessments due. County treasurers who collect irrigation district assessments may send the statement of irrigation district assessments together with the statement of general taxes.

Upon payment of any assessment the county treasurer must enter the date of said payment in said assessment book opposite the description of the land and the name of the person paying and give a receipt to such person specifying the amount of the assessment and the amount paid with the description of the property assessed.

It shall be the duty of the treasurer of the district to furnish upon request of the owner, or any person interested, a statement showing any and all assessments levied as shown by the assessment roll in his <u>or her</u> office upon land described in such request. All statements of irrigation district assessments covering any land in the district shall show the amount of the irrigation district assessment, the dates on which the assessment is due, the place of payment, and, if

the property was sold for delinquent assessments in a prior year, the amount of the delinquent assessment and the notation "certificate issued": PROVIDED, That the failure of the treasurer to render any statement herein required of him <u>or her</u> shall not render invalid any assessments made by any irrigation district.

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of any county, other than the county in which the office of the board of directors is located, to make monthly remittances to the county treasurer of the county in which the office of the board of directors is located covering all amounts collected by him <u>or her</u> for the irrigation district during the preceding month.

When the treasurer collects a delinquent assessment, the treasurer shall collect any other amounts due by reason of the delinquency, including accrued costs, which shall be deposited to the treasurer's operation and maintenance fund.

Sec. 500. RCW 87.03.272 and 1982 c 102 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 87.03.260, 87.03.270, 87.03.440, and 87.03.445, the board of directors of any district acting as fiscal agent for the United States or the state of Washington for the collection of any irrigation charges may authorize the secretary of the district to act as the exclusive collection agent for the collection of all nondelinquent irrigation assessments of the district pursuant to such rules and regulations as the board of directors may adopt.

When the secretary acts as collection agent, his <u>or her</u> official bond shall be of a sufficient amount as determined by the board of directors of the district to cover any amounts he <u>or she</u> may be handling while acting as collection agent, in addition to any other amount required by reason of his <u>or her</u> other duties.

The assessment roll of such district shall be delivered to the county treasurer in accordance with the provisions of RCW 87.03.260 and 87.03.270 and the assessment roll shall be checked and verified by the county treasurer as provided in RCW 87.03.270.

After the assessment roll has been checked and verified by the county treasurer, the secretary of the district shall proceed to publish the notice as required under RCW 87.03.270; except that the

notice shall provide that until the assessments and tolls become delinquent on November 1st they shall be due and payable in the office of the secretary of the district.

When the secretary of such district receives payments, he <u>or she</u> shall issue a receipt for such payments and shall be accountable on his <u>or her</u> official bond for the safekeeping of such funds and shall remit the same, along with an itemized statement of receipts, at least once each month to the county treasurer wherein the land is located on which the payment was made.

When the county treasurer receives the monthly statement of receipts from the secretary, he <u>or she</u> shall enter the payments shown thereon on the assessment roll maintained in his <u>or her</u> office.

On the fifteenth day of November of each year it shall be the duty of the secretary to transmit to the county treasurer the delinquency list which shall include the names, amounts, and such other information as the county treasurer shall require, and thereafter the secretary shall not accept any payment on the delinquent portion of any account. Upon receipt of the list of delinquencies, the county treasurer shall proceed under the provisions of this chapter as though he or she were the collection agent for such district to the extent of such delinquent accounts.

**Sec. 501.** RCW 87.03.280 and 1925 c 3 s 1 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

Where any district under contract with the United States has levied any assessment for the collection of money payable to the United States under such contract, and the secretary of the interior has by agreement with the board of directors of said district, authorized the extension or cancellation of any payments due to the United States by the cancellation of assessments already levied therefor but remaining unpaid, the board of directors of such district shall certify to the county treasurer of the county in which the land is located, a statement of the year and amounts assessed against each tract for which such cancellation has been authorized, and the county treasurer, upon receipt of such certificate, shall, in all cases where the assessment remains unpaid and the lands have not been sold, endorse upon the district's assessment roll, "Corrected under Certificate of Board of Directors" and shall deduct and cancel from the assessment against each

1 2

such tract the amount of such assessment so authorized to be canceled; 1 2 and in all cases where such cancellations have been certified to the county treasurer after such lands assessed have been sold and before 3 the period of redemption shall have expired, the county treasurer 4 5 shall, in those cases where the tract assessed has been sold to the district, and the district is the owner of the certificate of sale, 6 7 require the district to surrender its certificate of sale and shall thereupon deduct the amount of such cancellation plus the penalties 8 thereon upon the original assessment roll with an endorsement, 9 "Corrected under Certificate of Board of Directors" and he or she shall 10 thereupon issue to the district in lieu of the certificate surrendered, 11 12 a substitute certificate of sale for the corrected amount of such 13 assessment, if any, remaining uncanceled, and shall file a copy thereof 14 in the office of the county auditor as in the case of the original certificate surrendered, and such substitute certificate shall entitle 15 16 the holder thereof to all rights possessed under the original 17 certificate so corrected as to amount: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That such cancellation shall have the same effect as though the lands had 18 originally not been assessed for the amounts so deducted and shall not 19 operate to bar the district of the right in making subsequent annual 20 21 assessments to levy and collect against such tracts the amount of any 22 money due the United States, including the amount of any assessments so 23 canceled.

Sec. 502. RCW 87.03.440 and 1996 c 320 s 18 and 1996 c 214 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

2425

26

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

3536

37

The treasurer of the county in which is located the office of the district shall be ex officio treasurer of the district, and any county treasurer handling district funds shall be liable upon his or her official bond and to criminal prosecution for malfeasance and misfeasance, or failure to perform any duty as county or district treasurer. The treasurer of each county in which lands of the district are located shall collect and receipt for all assessments levied on lands within his or her county. There shall be deposited with the district treasurer all funds of the district. The district treasurer shall pay out such funds upon warrants issued by the county auditor against the proper funds of the district, except the sums to be paid out of the bond fund for interest and principal payments on bonds:

PROVIDED, That in those districts which designate their own treasurer, 1 2 the treasurer may issue the warrants or any checks when the district is authorized to issue checks. All warrants shall be paid in the order of 3 their issuance. The district treasurer shall report, in writing, on 4 5 the first Monday in each month to the directors, the amount in each fund, the receipts for the month preceding in each fund, and file the 6 7 report with the secretary of the board. The secretary shall report to the board, in writing, at the regular meeting in each month, the amount 8 9 of receipts and expenditures during the preceding month, and file the report in the office of the board. 10

The preceding paragraph of this section notwithstanding, the board of directors or board of control of an irrigation district which lies in more than one county and which had assessments in each of two of the preceding three years equal to at least five hundred thousand dollars, or a board of joint control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, may designate some other person having experience in financial or fiscal matters as treasurer of the district. In addition, the board of directors of an irrigation district which lies entirely within one county may designate some other person having experience in financial or fiscal matters as treasurer of the district if the district had assessments, tolls, and miscellaneous collections in each of two of the preceding three years equal to at least two million dollars or if the board has the approval of the county treasurer to designate some other person. If a board designates a treasurer, it shall require a bond with a surety company authorized to do business in the state of Washington in an amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars conditioned that he or she will faithfully perform the duties of his or her office as treasurer of the district. The premium on the bond shall be paid by the district. The designated treasurer shall collect and receipt for all irrigation district assessments on lands within the district and shall act with the same powers and duties and be under the same restrictions as provided by law for county treasurers acting in matters pertaining to irrigation districts, except the powers, duties, and restrictions in RCW 87.56.110 and 87.56.210 which shall continue to be those of county treasurers.

In those districts which have designated their own treasurers, the provisions of law pertaining to irrigation districts which require certain acts to be done and which refer to and involve a county

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

2425

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

3637

treasurer or the office of a county treasurer or the county officers charged with the collection of irrigation district assessments, except RCW 87.56.110 and 87.56.210 shall be construed to refer to and involve the designated district treasurer or the office of the designated district treasurer.

1 2

3

4

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

2829

32

33

34

3536

37

Any claim against the district for which it is liable under existing laws shall be presented to the board as provided in RCW 4.96.020 and upon allowance it shall be attached to a voucher and approved by the ((chairman)) chair and signed by the secretary and directed to the proper official for payment: PROVIDED, That in the event claimant's claim is for crop damage, the claimant in addition to filing his or her claim within the applicable period of limitations within which an action must be commenced and in the manner specified in RCW 4.96.020 must file with the secretary of the district, or in the secretary's absence one of the directors, not less than three days prior to the severance of the crop alleged to be damaged, a written preliminary notice pertaining to the crop alleged to be damaged. preliminary notice, so far as claimant is able, shall advise the district; that the claimant has filed a claim or intends to file a claim against the district for alleged crop damage; shall give the name and present residence of the claimant; shall state the cause of the damage to the crop alleged to be damaged and the estimated amount of damage; and shall accurately locate and describe where the crop alleged to be damaged is located. Such preliminary notice may be given by claimant or by anyone acting in his or her behalf and need not be verified. No action may be commenced against an irrigation district for crop damages unless claimant has complied with the provisions of RCW 4.96.020 and also with the preliminary notice requirements of this section.

30 **Sec. 503.** RCW 87.03.442 and 1961 c 276 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary or other authorized person shall issue receipts for all moneys received for deposit in such funds and he <u>or she</u> and any other person handling the funds shall furnish a surety bond to be approved by the board and the attorney for the district, in such amount as the board may designate and conditioned for the safekeeping of such funds and the premium thereon shall be paid by the district.

p. 399 SSB 5077.PL

Upon depositing any district funds the secretary shall demand and the depositary bank shall furnish a surety bond, to be approved by the board and the attorney, in an amount equal to the maximum deposit, conditioned for the prompt payment of the deposits upon demand, and the bond shall not be canceled during the time for which it was written. Or the depositary may deposit with the secretary or in some bank to the credit of the district in lieu of the bond, securities approved by the board of a market value in an amount not less than the amount of the maximum deposit. All depositaries which have qualified for insured deposits under any federal deposit insurance act need not furnish bonds or securities, except for so much of the deposit as is not so insured.

**Sec. 504.** RCW 87.03.570 and 1889-90 p 695 s 50 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of directors, at the time and place mentioned in said notice, or at such other time or times to which the hearing of said petition may be adjourned, shall proceed to hear the petition and all the objections thereto presented in writing by any person showing cause, as aforesaid, why said proposed change of the boundaries of the district should not be made. The failure by any person interested in said district, or in the matter of the proposed change of its boundaries, to show cause in writing, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken as an assent on his or her part to a change of the boundaries of the district as prayed for in said petition, or to such a change thereof as will include a part of said lands. And the filing of such petition with said board, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken as an assent on the part of each and all of such petitioners to such a change of said boundaries that they may include the whole or any portion of the lands described in said petition.

**Sec. 505.** RCW 87.03.610 and 1889-90 p 698 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:

A guardian, an executor or administrator of an estate, who is appointed as such under the laws of this state, and who, as such guardian, executor or administrator, is entitled to the possession of the lands belonging to the estate which he <u>or she</u> represents, may, on behalf of his <u>or her</u> ward or the estate which he <u>or she</u> represents, upon being thereunto authorized by the proper court, sign and

- 1 acknowledge the petition in this act mentioned, and may show cause, as
- 2 in this act mentioned, why the boundaries of the district should not be
- 3 changed.

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

3334

35

4 **Sec. 506.** RCW 87.03.660 and 1921 c 129 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

6 The board of directors, at the time and place mentioned in the 7 notice, or at the time or times to which the hearing of said petition 8 may be adjourned, shall proceed to hear the petition, and all objections thereto presented in writing, by any person showing cause, 9 as aforesaid, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. 10 The failure of any person interested in said district or consolidated 11 district to show cause, in writing, why the tract or tracts of land 12 mentioned in said petition should not be excluded from said district, 13 or the former district mentioned should not be excluded from the 14 15 consolidated district, as the case may be, shall be deemed and taken as 16 an assent by him or her to such exclusion, and the filing of such 17 petition with such board, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken as an assent by each and all of such petitioners to such exclusion. 18

19 **Sec. 507.** RCW 87.03.690 and 1889-90 p 703 s 71 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

A guardian, and executor or an administrator of an estate who is appointed as such under the laws of this state, and who, as such guardian, executor or administrator, is entitled to the possession of the lands belonging to the estate which he <u>or she</u> represents, may, on behalf of his <u>or her</u> ward or the estate which he <u>or she</u> represents, upon being thereto properly authorized by the proper court, sign and acknowledge the petition in this act mentioned, and may show cause, as in this act provided, why the boundaries of the district should not be changed.

**Sec. 508.** RCW 87.03.760 and 1988 c 202 s 86 are each amended to read as follows:

At the conclusion, or final adjournment, of the hearing provided for in RCW 87.03.755, the board of directors of the district shall have the power, by unanimous resolution to adopt the proposed plan, or such modification thereof as may be determined by the board, and reduce the

boundaries of the district to such area as, in the judgment of the 1 2 board, can be furnished with sufficient water for successful irrigation by the irrigation system of the district, and to exclude from the 3 district all lands lying outside of such reduced boundaries, and 4 5 provide for the repayment to the owners of any such excluded lands, respectively, of any sums paid for assessments levied by the district, 6 7 and to cancel all unpaid assessments levied by the district against the lands excluded and release such lands from further liability therefor. 8 Any person interested and feeling himself or herself aggrieved by the 9 adoption of such final resolution reducing the boundaries of the 10 district and excluding lands therefrom, shall have a right of appeal 11 12 from the action of the board to the superior court of the county in 13 which the district is situated, which appeal may be taken in the manner provided by law for appeals from justices' courts, and if upon the 14 hearing of such appeal it shall be determined by the court that the 15 irrigation system of the district will not furnish sufficient water for 16 17 the successful irrigation of the lands included within the reduced boundaries of the district, or that any lands have been excluded from 18 the district unnecessarily, arbitrarily, capriciously, or fraudulently 19 or without substantial reason for such exclusion, the court shall enter 20 21 a decree canceling and setting aside the proceedings of the board of 22 directors, otherwise the court shall enter a decree confirming the 23 action of the board. Any party to the proceedings on appeal in the 24 superior court, feeling himself or herself aggrieved by the decree of 25 the superior court confirming the action of the board of directors of the district reducing the boundaries of the district and excluding 26 27 lands therefrom, may seek appellate review within thirty days after the entry of the decree of the superior court in the manner provided by 28 If, at the expiration of thirty days from the entry of the final 29 resolution of the board of directors of the district reducing the 30 boundaries of the district and excluding lands therefrom, no appeal has 31 32 been taken to the superior court of the county in which the district is situated, or if, after hearing upon appeal the superior court shall 33 confirm the action of the district, and at the expiration of thirty 34 days from the entry of such decree, no appellate review is sought, the 35 boundaries of the district shall thereafter be in accordance with the 36 37 resolution of the board reducing the boundaries, and all lands excluded 38 from the district by such resolution shall be relieved from all further

liability for any indebtedness of the district or any unpaid assessments theretofore levied against such lands, and the owners of excluded lands, upon which assessments have been paid, shall be entitled to warrants of the district for all sums paid by reason of such assessments, payable from a special fund created for that purpose, for which levies shall be made upon the lands remaining in the district, as the board of directors may provide.

8 **Sec. 509.** RCW 87.03.765 and 1988 c 202 s 87 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

36

37

Whenever it shall appear, to the satisfaction of the director of ecology, that the irrigation system of any irrigation district, to which the department of ecology of the state of Washington under a contract with the district for the purchase of its bonds, has advanced funds for the purpose of constructing an irrigation system for the district, has been found incapable of furnishing sufficient water for the successful irrigation of all of the lands of such district, and that the board of directors of such district has reduced the boundaries thereof and excluded from the district, as provided in RCW 87.03.750 through 87.03.760, sufficient lands to render such irrigation system adequate for the successful irrigation of the lands of the district, and that more than thirty days have elapsed since the adoption of the resolution by the board of directors reducing the boundaries of the district and excluding lands therefrom, and no appeal has been taken from the action of the board, or that the action of the board has been confirmed by the superior court of the county in which the district is situated and no appeal has been taken to the supreme court or the court of appeals, or that upon review by the supreme court or the court of appeals the action of the board of directors of the district has been confirmed, the director of ecology shall be and he or she is hereby authorized to cancel and reduce the obligation of the district to the department of ecology, for the repayment of moneys advanced for the construction of an irrigation system for the district, to such amount as, in his or her judgment, the district will be able to pay from revenues derived from assessments upon the remaining lands of the district, and to accept, in payment of the balance of the obligation of the district, the authorized bonds of the district, in numerical order beginning with the lowest number, on the basis of the percentage of the

- 1 face value thereof fixed in contracts between the district and the
- 2 department of ecology, in an amount equal to said balance of the
- 3 obligation of the district, in full and complete satisfaction of all
- 4 claims of the department of ecology against the district.

**Sec. 510.** RCW 87.03.820 and 1973 c 150 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

Whenever as the result of abandonment of an irrigation district right-of-way real property held by an irrigation district is to be sold or otherwise disposed of, notice shall be given to the owners of lands adjoining that real property and such owners shall have a right of first refusal to purchase at the appraised price all or any part of the real property to be sold or otherwise disposed of which adjoins or is adjacent to their land.

Real property to be sold or otherwise disposed of under this section shall have been first appraised by the county assessor or by a person designated by him <u>or her</u>.

Notice under this section shall be sufficient if sent by registered mail to the owner, and at the address, as shown in the tax records of the county in which the land is situated. Notice under this section shall be in addition to any other notice required by law.

After sixty days from the date of sending of notice, if no applications for purchase have been received by the irrigation district or other person or entity sending notice, the rights of first refusal of owners of adjoining lands shall be deemed to have been waived, and the real property may be sold or otherwise disposed of.

If two or more owners of adjoining lands apply to purchase the same real property, or apply to purchase overlapping parts of the real property, the respective rights of the applicants may be determined in the superior court of the county in which the real property is situated; and the court may divide the real property in question between some or all of the applicants or award the whole to one applicant, as justice may require.

Any sale or other disposal of real property pursuant to chapters 87.52, 87.53, and 87.56 RCW shall be made in accordance with the requirements of this section.

1 **Sec. 511.** RCW 87.04.010 and 1961 c 192 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

An irrigation district comprising two hundred thousand or more 3 irrigation districts comprising less than two hundred 4 5 thousand acres which have followed the optional procedure specified in this amendatory act, shall be divided into divisions of as nearly equal 6 7 area as practical, consistent with being fair and equitable to the electors of the district. The number of divisions shall be the same as 8 the number of directors, which shall be numbered first, second, third, 9 10 etc. One director, who shall be an elector of the division, shall be elected for each division of the district by the electors of his or her 11 12 division. A district elector shall be considered an elector of the 13 division in which he or she holds title to or evidence of title to land. An elector holding title to or evidence of title to land in more 14 than one division shall be considered an elector of the division 15 nearest his or her place of residence. 16

Sec. 512. RCW 87.22.065 and 1929 c 120 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

Said notice shall state that the district (naming it) proposes to issue and dispose of a refunding bond issue specifying the amount; that proceedings have been instituted in the superior court of the state of Washington in and for the specified county to determine the maximum benefits to be received by the lands within the operation of said district from the issuance and disposal of said proposed bond issue, and further to determine the irrigable acreage which will be assessed for the payment of said bonds, shall state that a schedule of the lands involved together with a statement of the amount of maximum benefits received by the amount of irrigable acreage in each respectively, is on file in said proceedings and may be inspected by any interested person, shall state the time and place fixed for the hearing of the petition and shall state that any person interested in such proceedings may on or before the day fixed for said hearing file his or her written objections thereto with the clerk of said court, or he or she will be forever bound by such orders as the court shall make in such proceedings.

1 **Sec. 513.** RCW 87.22.215 and 1929 c 120 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

Any bondholder or group of bondholders shall have the right to request said county treasurer in writing to pay the interest and installments of principal of his <u>or her</u> or their bond or bonds to such agent as may be designated in said request and payment to said agent shall constitute a valid payment to the record owner or owners of said bond or bonds within the provisions of this chapter.

9 **Sec. 514.** RCW 87.25.030 and 1988 c 127 s 51 are each amended to read as follows:

If, after the investigation herein provided for, the director finds that the project of the district is feasible, that the bond issue proposed to be certified is necessary and in sufficient amount to complete the improvement contemplated and that the district shows a clear probability of successful operation, he or she shall submit a complete transcript, to be furnished and certified by the district, of the proceedings relating to the organization and establishment of the district and relating to or affecting the validity of the bond issue involved, to the attorney general, for his or her written opinion as to the legality of the same. If the attorney general finds that any of the matters submitted in the transcript are not legally sufficient he or she shall so state in his or her opinion to the director of ecology. The district shall then be given an opportunity, if possible, to correct the proceeding or thing complained of to the satisfaction of the attorney general. If the attorney general finds that all the matters submitted in the transcript as originally submitted or as subsequently corrected are legally sufficient said director shall thereupon file his or her report with the secretary of state and forward a copy to the secretary of the district, to be kept among the records of the district.

31 **Sec. 515.** RCW 87.25.060 and 1923 c 51 s 6 are each amended to read 32 as follows:

When the proposed bond issue has been finally approved by the director, he <u>or she</u> shall file a supplemental report with the secretary of state giving the numbers, date or dates of issue, and denominations

3

4 5

6 7

8

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

2526

2728

29

- of said bonds which shall then be entitled to certification as herein provided.
  - Sec. 516. RCW 87.25.100 and 1988 c 127 s 55 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever the bonds of any irrigation district have been certified, 5 as provided in this chapter, no expenditures shall be made from the 6 proceeds of such bonds, nor shall any liability chargeable against such 7 proceeds be incurred, until there shall have been filed with and 8 approved by the director of ecology a schedule of proposed expenditures 9 in such form as said director shall prescribe, and no expenditures from 10 11 the proceeds of said bonds shall be made for any purpose in excess of the amount allowed therefor in such schedule without the written 12 consent of said director: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That, if it shall be 13 necessary, the attorney general may employ competent attorneys to 14 15 assist him or her in the performance of his or her duties under this 16 chapter, said attorneys to be paid by the irrigation district for which 17 services are rendered from any of the funds of said district at such 18 time and in such manner as the attorney general shall require.

- 19 **Sec. 517.** RCW 87.52.030 and 1897 c 79 s 3 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
- 21 Upon the delivery of said petition the board of directors of said 22 irrigation district shall, at their next succeeding regular monthly 23 meeting, order an election, the date of which election shall be within twenty days from the date of said meeting of the board of directors and 24 25 which election shall be conducted as other elections of irrigation districts are conducted. At said election the qualified electors of 26 said irrigation district shall cast ballots which shall contain the 27 words "Disorganize, Yes," or "Disorganize, No." No person shall be 28 29 entitled to vote at any election held under the provisions of RCW 30 87.52.010 through 87.52.060 unless he or she is a qualified voter under the election laws of the state, and holds title or evidence of title to 31 land in said district. 32
- 33 **Sec. 518.** RCW 87.52.040 and 1897 c 79 s 4 are each amended to read 34 as follows:
- 35 If three-fifths of the votes cast at any election under the

provisions of RCW 87.52.010 through 87.52.060 shall contain the words 1 2 "Disorganize, Yes," then the board of directors shall present to the superior judge of the county in which said irrigation district is 3 located an application for an order of said superior court that such 4 irrigation district be declared disorganized and dissolved, and that 5 its affairs be liquidated and wound up, as provided for in RCW 6 87.52.010 through 87.52.060, and reciting that at an election of such 7 irrigation district, held as provided in RCW 87.52.010 through 8 87.52.060, three-fifths of the votes cast contained the words 9 "Disorganize, Yes," and such petition shall be certified to by the 10 directors of said district. They shall also file with said superior 11 12 court a statement, sworn to by the directors of said irrigation 13 district, showing all outstanding indebtedness of said irrigation 14 district, or if there be no such indebtedness, then the directors shall make oath to that effect. Notice of said application shall be given by 15 the clerk, which notice shall set forth the nature of the application, 16 17 and shall specify the time and place at which it is to be heard, and shall be published in a newspaper of the county printed and published 18 nearest to said irrigation district, once each week for four weeks, or 19 if no newspaper is published in the county, by publication in the 20 21 newspaper nearest thereto in the state. At the time and place 22 appointed in the notice, or at any other time to which it may be postponed by the judge, he or she shall proceed to consider the 23 24 application, and if satisfied that the provisions of RCW 87.52.010 25 through 87.52.060 have been complied with he or she shall enter an order declaring said irrigation district dissolved and disorganized. 26

## Sec. 519. RCW 87.52.060 and 1897 c 79 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the disorganization of any irrigation district under the provisions of RCW 87.52.010 through 87.52.060, the board of directors at the time of the disorganization shall be trustees of the creditors and of the property holders of said district for the purpose of collecting and paying all indebtedness of said district, in which actual construction work has been done, and shall have the power to sue and be sued. It shall be the duty of said board of directors, and they shall have the power and authority, to levy and collect a tax sufficient to pay all such indebtedness, which tax shall be levied and

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

collected in the manner prescribed by law for the levying and 1 2 collection of taxes of irrigation districts. Any balance of moneys of said district remaining over after all outstanding indebtedness and the 3 cost of the proceedings under RCW 87.52.010 through 87.52.060 have been 4 5 paid shall be divided and refunded to the assessment payers in said irrigation district, to each in proportion to the amount contributed by 6 7 him or her to the total amount of assessments collected by said district. Said board of directors shall report to the court from time 8 9 to time as the court may direct, and upon a showing to the court that all indebtedness has been paid, an order shall be entered discharging 10 said board of directors. Upon the entry of such order said board of 11 12 directors and all the officers of said district shall deliver over to 13 the clerk of said court all books, papers, records, and documents 14 belonging to said district, or under their control as officers thereof: PROVIDED, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to validate 15 or authorize the payment of any indebtedness of said district exceeding 16 17 the legal limitation of indebtedness specified by law for irrigation districts; or any indebtedness contracted by such irrigation district 18 or its officers without lawful authority. 19

20 **Sec. 520.** RCW 87.53.100 and 1951 c 237 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

2223

24

2526

2930

3132

3334

35

Upon the entry of final judgment, the court shall issue an order appointing a trustee for the district and shall deliver to him or her a certified copy of the order. The court shall fix the compensation of the trustee and the amount of his or her bond to be obtained at the cost of the district.

27 **Sec. 521.** RCW 87.53.120 and 1951 c 237 s 12 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

The trustee shall file with the clerk a report of the disposition made of the cash funds and of the sale and if the court finds the sale was fairly conducted, it shall enter an order confirming the sale, and the trustee shall execute and deliver to the purchaser an instrument conveying to him or her all property and rights of the district, free from all claims of the district or its creditors, which shall entitle the purchaser to immediate possession.

**Sec. 522.** RCW 87.53.150 and 1988 c 127 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any bonds of the district are held in the state reclamation revolving account, and, in the opinion of the director of ecology, the district is or will be unable to meet its obligations, and that the state's investment can be best preserved by the dissolution of the district the director may give his <u>or her</u> consent to dissolution under such stipulations and adjustments of the indebtedness as he <u>or she</u> deems best for the state.

Sec. 523. RCW 87.56.040 and 1925 ex.s. c 124 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Such action shall be one in rem and personal service of process shall not be required to be made on any interested person: PROVIDED, That the court shall be authorized in proper instances to order issuance and personal service of process specifying such time for appearance as the court shall require, AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That any owner of land within the district or any creditor of the district or their respective attorneys may file with the receiver provided for in this chapter, a written request that his or her name and address be placed on the receiver's mailing list and thereafter the receiver shall mail to such person at his or her given address at least ten days' written notice of all subsequent hearings before the court. Personal service of said notice may be made in any instance in lieu of mailing at the option of the receiver.

Sec. 524. RCW 87.56.180 and 1925 ex.s. c 124 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

The judgment shall also name a trustee to be nominated by the creditors representing a majority of the indebtedness who shall give bond conditioned for the faithful performance of his <u>or her</u> duties and the strict accounting of all funds received by him <u>or her</u> in such amount as the court shall determine, and who shall have authority to receive payment on account of said judgment and to satisfy said judgment against the several lands at the time payment thereon is made by the landowners in proportion to the amount of said payment. When any landowner shall make full payment of the amount of the judgment

- 1 apportioned against his <u>or her</u> land, he <u>or she</u> shall be entitled to
- 2 full satisfaction thereof of record.

20

2122

2324

2526

27

- 3 **Sec. 525.** RCW 87.56.190 and 1925 ex.s. c 124 s 24 are each amended 4 to read as follows:
- In case any landowner fails to pay the judgment against his <u>or her</u> land or any installment thereof, when the same shall become due and payable, said judgment may be enforced by the trustee named in the decree in the manner provided by law for the enforcement of judgments in the superior court, and the costs of execution and sale shall be charged to the defaulting land.
- 11 **Sec. 526.** RCW 87.56.203 and 1925 ex.s. c 124 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:
- The trustee named in the decree shall receive such compensation for his <u>or her</u> services as the court shall determine to be paid at such times as the court shall fix from funds collected on account of said judgment.
- 17 **Sec. 527.** RCW 87.56.210 and 1925 ex.s. c 124 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
  - If the judgment rendered by the court, upon stipulation, be not appealed from as in this chapter provided and the time for appeal has expired, or having been appealed from has been finally determined upon appeal, the court shall upon application of the receiver, order all evidences of indebtedness filed in the registry of the court under the provisions relating to judgment upon stipulation to be delivered to the office of the county treasurer, who shall have authority and it shall be his <u>or her</u> duty to cancel the same, and said evidences of indebtedness shall thereafter cease to be obligations of the district, and the district thereafter shall be discharged of said indebtedness.
- 29 **Sec. 528.** RCW 87.64.010 and 1983 c 167 s 243 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- Whenever the state shall now or hereafter own, the entire issue of the bonds of any irrigation, diking or drainage district, and in the judgment of the director of ecology such district is, or will be, unable to meet its obligations to the state as they mature, and in the

judgment of the director of ecology the investment of the state can be 1 2 made more secure by extending, without refunding, the time of payment of any or all said bonds and interest payments, or by the exchange of 3 the bonds held by the state for refunding bonds of such district issued 4 5 as in the manner provided by law at the same or a lower rate of interest and/or for a longer term, or by the cancellation of a portion 6 7 of the bonds held by the state and/or interest accrued thereon, and the 8 exchange of the remaining bonds held by the state for the refunding 9 bonds of the district issued in the manner provided by law at the same or a lower rate of interest and/or for the same or a longer term, the 10 director of ecology shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to 11 enter into contract with the district so extending the time of payment 12 of said bonds and interest payments, without refunding or to so 13 exchange the bonds held by the state for such refunding bonds or to 14 cancel a portion of the bonds held by the state and/or interest accrued 15 16 thereon, and exchange the remaining bonds held by the state for such 17 refunding bonds as in his or her judgment will be for the best interest of the state. 18

## 19 **Sec. 529.** RCW 87.64.020 and 1983 c 167 s 244 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

Whenever the state shall, now or hereafter, own a portion of the bonds of any irrigation, diking, or drainage district, and in the judgment of the director of ecology such district is, or will be, unable to meet its obligations as they mature, and in the judgment of the director of ecology the investment of the state can be made more secure by extending, without refunding, the time of payment of any or all said bonds and interest payments or by exchanging the bonds held by the state for the refunding bonds of the district issued in the manner provided by law at the same or a lower rate of interest and/or for a longer term, or by the cancellation of a portion of the bonds held by the state and/or interest accrued thereon, and the exchange of the remaining bonds held by the state for the refunding bonds of the district issued in the manner provided by law at the same or a lower rate of interest and/or for a longer term, the director of ecology shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into contract with the district so extending the time of payment of said bonds and interest payments, without refunding, or to so exchange the bonds held

21

2223

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

32

33

34

3536

by the state for such refunding bonds or to cancel a portion of the 1 2 bonds held by the state and/or interest accrued thereon, and exchange the remaining bonds held by the state for such refunding bonds as in 3 his or her judgment will be for the best interest of the state: 4 5 PROVIDED, That the owners of at least ninety percent of all the other bonds of said district shall make and execute the same arrangement with 6 7 the district: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That when, in addition to owning a portion of the first issue of bonds of any such irrigation, diking, 8 9 or drainage district, the state also owns all the outstanding second issue of bonds of such district, the director of ecology shall be and 10 he or she is hereby authorized and empowered to surrender and cancel 11 said second issue of bonds held by the state upon whatsoever terms and 12 conditions he or she shall deem to the best interest of the state: 13 PROVIDED FURTHER, That whenever the owners of at least ninety percent 14 of all other bonds of such district and/or other evidences of 15 indebtedness are willing to release their existing obligations against 16 17 said district and to substitute therefor a contract to pay such existing indebtedness in whole or in part from the proceeds of the sale 18 of lands owned by the district at the time of such settlement, or 19 acquired by the district through levies then existing, the director of 20 21 ecology shall be and he or she is hereby authorized and empowered to 22 cancel the bonds held by the state upon whatsoever terms that he or she 23 shall deem most beneficial for the state, or if deemed beneficial to 24 the state, he or she may release the state's bonds and join with the 25 other holders in the above mentioned contract for the sale of the district land as hereinbefore stated: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the 26 27 director of ecology be and he or she is hereby authorized to accept in any settlement made under this chapter, refunding bonds of any 28 irrigation district that may be issued in accordance with chapter 87.22 29 RCW, or any amendment thereto, and he or she is hereby authorized, when 30 31 in his or her judgment it is to the interest of the state, to 32 participate in the refunding of bonds of an irrigation district held under said chapter 87.22 RCW, or any amendment thereto. 33

34 **Sec. 530.** RCW 87.64.040 and 1988 c 127 s 64 are each amended to read as follows:

36

37

Whenever the department of ecology shall have heretofore entered, or shall hereafter enter, into a contract with an irrigation, diking,

- or drainage district and shall have expended moneys under said 1 2 contract, and said district shall be indebted to the state for the moneys so expended, and in the judgment of the director of ecology said 3 district shall have not received benefits equal to the amount of said 4 5 indebtedness, the director of ecology shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to settle and compromise the claim of the state against 6 7 said district upon such terms and for such an amount as he or she shall 8 deem fair and just to the state and the district.
- 9 **Sec. 531.** RCW 87.84.070 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 195 s 132 are each 10 amended to read as follows:

The directors shall be empowered to specially assess land located in the district for benefits thereto taking as a basis the last equalized assessment for county purposes: PROVIDED, That such assessment shall not exceed twenty-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value upon such assessed valuation without securing authorization by vote of the electors of the district at an election called for that purpose.

The board shall give notice of such an election, for the time and in the manner and form provided for irrigation district elections. The manner of conducting and voting at such an election, opening and closing polls, canvassing the votes, certifying the returns, and declaring the result shall be nearly as practicable the same as in irrigation district elections.

The special assessment provided for herein shall be due and payable at such times and in such amounts as designated by the district directors, which designation shall be made to the county auditor in writing, and the amount so designated shall be added to the general taxes, and entered upon the assessment rolls in his <u>or her</u> office, and collected therewith.

- 30 **Sec. 532.** RCW 88.08.060 and 1909 c 249 s 293 are each amended to read as follows:
- Every person not duly licensed thereto, who shall pilot or offer to pilot any vessel into, within or out of the waters of Juan de Fuca Strait or Puget Sound, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor: PROVIDED, That nothing herein shall prohibit a master of a vessel acting as his

11

1213

1415

16

17

18 19

2021

22

2324

2526

2728

or her own pilot, nor compel a master or owner of any vessel to take out a pilot license for that purpose.

3

2627

28

29

30

31

3233

34

35

Sec. 533. RCW 88.16.130 and 1977 ex.s. c 337 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person not holding a license as pilot under the provisions of 5 6 this chapter who pilots any vessel subject to the provisions of this 7 chapter on waters covered by this chapter shall pay to the board the 8 pilotage rates payable under the provisions of this chapter. master or owner of a vessel required to employ a pilot licensed under 9 10 the provisions of this chapter who refuses to do so when such a pilot is available shall be punished pursuant to RCW 88.16.150 as now or 11 hereafter amended and shall be imprisoned in the county jail of the 12 county wherein he or she is so convicted until said fine and the costs 13 14 of his or her prosecution are paid.

- 15 **Sec. 534.** RCW 88.24.010 and Code 1881 s 3271 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- Any person owning land adjoining any navigable waters or watercourse, within or bordering upon this state, may erect upon his or her own land any wharf or wharves, and may extend them so far into said waters or watercourses as the convenience of shipping may require; and he or she may charge for wharfage such rates as shall be reasonable: PROVIDED, That he or she shall at all times leave sufficient room in the channel for the ordinary purposes of navigation.
- 24 **Sec. 535.** RCW 88.24.020 and 1893 c 49 s 1 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
  - (1) Whenever any person shall be desirous of erecting any wharf at the terminus of any public highway, or at any accustomed landing place, he or she may apply to the county commissioners of the proper county, who, if they shall be satisfied that the public convenience requires said wharf, may authorize the same to be erected and kept up for any length of time not exceeding twenty years. And they shall annually prescribe the rates of wharfage and charges thereon, but there shall be no charge for the landing of passengers or their baggage.
  - (2) No such authority shall be granted to any person other than the owner of the land where the wharf is proposed to be erected, unless

- such owner shall neglect to apply for such authority; and whenever application shall be made for such authority by any person other than such owner, the board of county commissioners shall not grant the same unless proof shall be made that the applicant caused notice in writing of his or her intention to make such application, to be given by posting up at least three notices in public places in the neighborhood where the proposed wharf is to be erected and one notice at the county court house, twenty days prior to any regular session of the board of county commissioners at which application shall be made and by serving a copy of said notice in writing upon such owner of the land, if residing in the county, at least ten days before the session of the board of county commissioners at which the application is made.
  - (3) When such application is heard, if the owner of such land applies for such authority and files his or her undertaking with one or more sureties to be approved by the county commissioners in a sum not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, to be fixed by the county commissioners, conditioned that such person will erect said wharf within the time therein limited, to be fixed by the county commissioners, and maintain the same and keep said wharf according to law; and if default shall at any time be made in the condition of such undertaking damages not exceeding the penalty may be recovered by any person aggrieved before any court having competent jurisdiction, then said county commissioners shall authorize such owner of the land to erect and keep such wharf.
  - (4) If such owner of the land does not apply as aforesaid the commissioners may authorize the same to be erected and kept by such applicant upon his <u>or her</u> entering into an undertaking as required of such owner of the land.
- **Sec. 536.** RCW 88.24.030 and Code 1881 s 3273 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

Whenever any person or persons shall be desirous of erecting a wharf at the terminus of any street of any incorporated town or city in the state, he or she or they may apply to the municipal authorities of such town or city who, if they shall be satisfied that the public convenience requires said wharf, may authorize the same to be erected and kept in repair for any length of time not exceeding ten years; and every person building, owning or occupying a wharf in this state, upon

which wharfage is charged and received, shall be held accountable to the owner or owners, consignees or agents, for any and all damage done to property stored upon, or passing over said wharf, in consequence of the unfinished, incomplete, or insufficient condition of said wharf; and every such person shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous place on said wharf the established rates of wharfage, noting passengers and their baggage free.

Sec. 537. RCW 88.32.020 and 1907 c 236 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever the board of county commissioners of any such county shall have adjudged as provided in RCW 88.32.010, said board shall thereupon apply to the person, who, for the time being, shall be judge of the United States district court, for the district within which the county shall be situated, to name eleven reputable citizens and freeholders of such county and file a list thereof with said board of county commissioners. The persons so named, or a majority of them, shall act as a commission, and be known as the "river and harbor improvement commission of . . . . . . county", and shall receive no compensation, except their actual necessary expenses, including necessary clerical assistance, to be audited by the board of county commissioners; and they shall be deemed the agents of the county in the performance of the duties imposed upon them by RCW 88.32.010 through 88.32.220. Each member of such commission shall, before entering upon his or her duties, take and subscribe an oath, substantially as follows:

25	"State of Washington	
26		ss
27	County of	

I, the undersigned, a member of the river and harbor improvement commission of . . . . . county, to define and establish the assessment district and assess the costs of the following improvement (here give the general description of the improvement), do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that I will well and truly discharge my duties as a member of said commission." In case the person who is United States judge shall be unable or decline to act,

the board of county commissioners shall name the eleven persons to act as such commission.

Sec. 538. RCW 88.32.040 and 1907 c 236 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of such commission to define and establish an assessment district, within such county, comprising all the taxable real property, and also (with the limitations hereinafter expressed) the state shorelands, which shall be specially benefited by said river, lake, canal, or harbor improvement, and to apportion and assess the amount of separate, special, and particular benefits against each lot, block, parcel, or tract of land or shoreland within such district, by reason of such improvement. The commission in making the assessment shall include in the properties upon ((<del>[which]</del>)) which the assessment is laid, all shorelands of the state, whether unsold or under contract of sale and subject to sale by it and as against all purchasers from the state or under contract to purchase such lands, the assessment shall be a charge upon such land and the purchaser's interest therein. The county auditor shall certify to the state commissioner of public lands a schedule of the state shorelands so assessed and of the assessment thereon, and the purchaser shall from time to time pay to the proper county treasurer the sums due and unpaid under such assessment, and at the time of such payment the county treasurer shall give him or her, in addition to a regular receipt for such payment, a certificate that such payment has been made, which certificate the purchaser shall immediately file with the commissioner of public lands, and no patent from the state nor deed shall issue to such purchaser, nor shall any assignment of his or her contract to purchase be approved by the commissioner of public lands until every matured installment of such assessment shall have first been fully paid and satisfied: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That no such assessment shall create any charge against such shoreland or affect the title thereof as against the state, and the state shall be as free to forfeit or annul such contract and again sell such land as if the assessment had never been made, and in case of such forfeiture or annulment the state shall be free to sell again such land entirely disembarrassed and unencumbered of all right and claim of such former purchaser, and such purchaser shall have no right, interest, or claim upon or against such land or the state or

3

5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

3536

- 1 such new purchaser or at all, but every such sum paid by such former
- 2 purchaser upon such assessment shall be utterly forfeited as against
- 3 him <u>or her</u>, his <u>or her</u> personal representatives and assigns, and shall
- 4 inure to the benefit of such new purchaser.

**Sec. 539.** RCW 88.32.090 and 1988 c 202 s 90 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person who feels aggrieved by the final assessment made against any lot, block, or parcel of land owned by him or her may appeal therefrom to the superior court of such county. Such appeal shall be taken within the time, and substantially in the manner prescribed by the laws of this state for appeals from justice's courts. All notices of appeal shall be filed with the board of county commissioners, and served upon the prosecuting attorney of the county. The clerk of the board of county commissioners shall at appellant's expense certify to the superior court so much of the record, as appellant may request, and the cause shall be tried in the superior court de novo.

Any person aggrieved by any final order or judgment, made by the superior court concerning any assessment authorized by RCW 88.32.010 through 88.32.220, may seek appellate review of the order or judgment in accordance with the laws of this state relative to such review, except that review shall be sought within thirty days after the entry of such judgment.

Sec. 540. RCW 88.32.100 and 1907 c 236 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The final assessment shall be a lien, paramount to all other liens, except liens for taxes and other special assessments, upon the property assessed, from the time the assessment roll shall be approved by said board of county commissioners and placed in the hands of the county treasurer, as collector. After said roll shall have been delivered to the county treasurer for collection, he or she shall proceed to collect the same, in the manner as other taxes are collected: PROVIDED, That such treasurer shall give at least ten days' notice in the official newspaper (and shall mail a copy of such notice to the owner of the property assessed, when the post office address of such owner is known, but failure to mail such notice shall not be fatal when publication thereof is made), that such roll has been certified to him or her for

- collection, and that unless payment be made within thirty days from the date of such notice, that the sum charged against each lot or parcel of land shall be paid in not more than ten equal annual payments, with interest upon the whole sum so charged at a rate not to exceed seven percent per annum. Said interest shall be paid semiannually, and the county treasurer shall proceed to collect the amount due each year by the publication of notice as hereinabove provided.
- 8 **Sec. 541.** RCW 88.32.140 and 1983 c 167 s 245 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- (1) In all cases, the county, as the agent of the local improvement 10 11 district, shall, by resolution of its county legislative authority, cause to be issued in the name of the county, the bonds for such local 12 improvement district for the whole estimated cost of such improvement, 13 less such amounts as shall have been paid within the thirty days 14 provided for redemption, as hereinabove specified. Such bonds shall be 15 16 called "Local Improvement Bonds, District No. . . . . County of . . . . . State of Washington", and shall be payable not more than 17 ten years after date, and shall be subject to annual call by the county 18 treasurer, in such manner and amounts as he or she may have cash on 19 20 hand to pay the same in the respective local improvement fund from 21 which such bonds are payable, interest to be paid at the office of the county treasurer. Such bonds shall be issued and delivered to the 22 23 contractor for the work from month to month in such amounts as the 24 engineer of the government, in charge of the improvement, shall certify to be due on account of work performed, or, if said county legislative 25 26 authority resolves so to do, such bonds may be offered for sale after thirty days public notice thereof given, to be delivered to the highest 27 bidder therefor, but in no case shall such bonds be sold for less than 28 par, the proceeds to be applied in payment for such improvement: 29 30 PROVIDED, That unless the contractor for the work shall agree to take 31 such bonds in payment for his or her work at par, such work shall not be begun until the bonds shall have been sold and the proceeds shall 32 have been paid into a fund to be called "Local Improvement Fund No. 33 . . . ., County of . . . . . . ", and the owner or owners of such bonds 34 35 shall look only to such fund for the payment of either the principal or 36 interest of such bonds.

Such bonds shall be issued in denominations of one hundred dollars each, and shall be substantially in the following form:

3 "Local Improvement Bond, District Number . . . of the County of 4 . . . . . . State of Washington.

5

7

8

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

2829

30

3132

3334

35

36

6 No. .... N.B. .... \$......

"This bond is payable ten years after date, and is subject to annual call by the county treasurer at the expiration of any year before maturity in such manner and amounts as he or she may have cash on hand to pay the same in the said fund from which the same is payable, and shall bear interest at the rate of . . . . percent per annum, payable semiannually; both principal and interest payable at the office of the county treasurer. The county legislative authority of said county, as the agent of said local improvement district No. . . . , established by resolution No. . . . , has caused this bond to be issued in the name of said county, as the bond of said local improvement district, the proceeds thereof to be applied in part payment of so much of the cost of the improvement of the rivers, lakes, canals, or harbors of . . . . . county, under resolution No. . . . . , as is to be borne by the owners of property in said local improvement district, and the said local improvement fund, district No. . . . of . . . . . county, has been established by resolution for said purpose; and the owner or owners of this bond shall look only to said fund for the payment of either the principal or interest of this bond.

"The call for the payment of this bond or any bond, issued on account of said improvement, may be made by the county treasurer by publishing the same in an official newspaper of the county for ten consecutive issues, beginning not more than twenty days before the expiration of any year from date hereof, and if such call be made, interest on this bond shall cease at the date named in such call.

"This bond is one of a series of . . . . . bonds, aggregating in all the principal sum of . . . . . dollars, issued for said local improvement district, all of which bonds are subject to the same terms and conditions as herein expressed.

"In witness whereof the said county of . . . . . has caused these presents to be signed by its ((chairman)) chair of its county legislative authority, and countersigned by its county auditor and sealed with its corporate seal, attested by its county clerk, this . . . day of . . . . . , in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and . . . . . . . . .

21 ((Chairman)) Chair County Legislative

22 Authority.

- 23 Countersigned, . . . . . County Auditor.
- 24 Attest, . . . . . Clerk."

3

4

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

- 25 The bonds may be in any form, including bearer bonds or registered 26 bonds as provided in RCW 39.46.030.
- 27 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, such bonds may 28 be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.
- 29 **Sec. 542.** RCW 88.32.160 and 1983 c 167 s 246 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

Each and every bond issued for any such improvement shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair of the county legislative authority and the county auditor, sealed with the corporate seal of the county, and attested by the county clerk. The bonds issued for each local improvement district shall be in the aggregate for such an amount as authorized by the resolution of the county legislative authority with

- 1 reference to such river, lake, canal or harbor improvement, and each
- 2 issue of such bonds shall be numbered consecutively, beginning with
- 3 number 1.

5

7

8

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

36

**Sec. 543.** RCW 88.32.170 and 1983 c 167 s 247 are each amended to read as follows:

The owner of any lot or parcel of land charged with any assessment as provided for hereinabove, may redeem the same from all liability by paying the entire assessment charged against such lot or parcel of land, or part thereof, without interest, within thirty days after notice to him or her of such assessment, as herein provided, or may redeem the same at any time after the bonds above specified shall have been issued, by paying the full amount of all the principal and interest to the end of the interest year then expiring, or next to expire. The county treasurer shall pay the interest on the bonds authorized to be issued under RCW 88.32.010 through 88.32.220 out of the respective local improvement funds from which they are payable, and whenever there shall be sufficient money in any local improvement fund, against which bonds have been issued under the provisions of RCW 88.32.010 through 88.32.220, over and above the amount necessary for the payment of interest on all unpaid bonds, and sufficient to pay the principal of one or more bonds, the county treasurer shall call in and pay such bonds, provided that such bonds shall be called in and paid in their numerical order: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That such call shall be made by publication in the county official newspaper, on the day following the delinquency of the installment of the assessment, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and shall state that bonds numbers . . . . . (giving the serial number or numbers of the bonds called), will be paid on the day the interest payment on said bonds shall become due, and interest upon such bonds shall cease upon such date. If the county shall fail, neglect, or refuse to pay said bonds or promptly to collect any of said assessments when due, the owner of any such bonds may proceed in his or her own name to collect such assessment and foreclose the lien thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, and shall recover in addition to the amount of such bonds and interest thereon, five percent, together with the costs of such suit. number of owners of such bonds for any single improvement, may join as

plaintiffs and any number of owners of the property on which the same are a lien may be joined as defendants in such suit.

**Sec. 544.** RCW 88.32.190 and 1907 c 236 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

In every case of such joint action, the preliminary procedure of RCW 88.32.010 having been first had in each county severally, the board of county commissioners of the several counties proposing to join shall unite in such an application as is prescribed in RCW 88.32.020, and the application shall be made to any person, who, for the time being, shall be a judge of the United States district court in any district in which such counties, or any of them, may lie, and the list mentioned in RCW 88.32.020 shall be made in as many counterparts as there are counties so joining, and one counterpart shall be filed with the board of county commissioners of each county, and if the person who is such United States judge shall decline or be unable to act, then, the board of such counties shall meet in joint session, at the county seat of such one of the counties as shall be agreed upon and shall organize as a joint board by appointing a ((chairman)) chair and clerk, and by resolution in which a majority of all the commissioners present, and at least one commissioner from each county, shall concur, name the eleven persons for the commission, which eleven in such case shall be citizens of the counties concerned, and as nearly as may be the same number from each county. A counterpart of such resolution shall be recorded in the minutes of the proceedings of the board of each county. The commission shall make as many assessment rolls as there are counties joining and one counterpart roll shall be certified by such ((chairman)) chair and clerk of the joint board, and by such clerk filed with the board of each of such counties.

29 **Sec. 545.** RCW 88.32.200 and 1907 c 236 s 15 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

For purposes of a board of equalization, said boards shall from time to time meet as a joint board as aforesaid, and have a ((chairman)) chair and clerk as aforesaid, and for all purposes under RCW 88.32.070 and 88.32.080, in case of counties joining, the word board wherever occurring in said sections shall be interpreted to mean such joint board, and the word clerk shall be deemed to mean the clerk

3

5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

2728

31

32

33

3435

- of such joint board, and the posting of notices shall be in at least ten public places in each county, and the publication of the same shall be in a newspaper of each county, and the objections mentioned in RCW 88.32.080 shall be filed with the clerk of the joint board, who shall cause a copy thereof, certified by him or her to be filed with the clerk of the board of county commissioners of the county where the real estate of the party objecting is situated.
- **Sec. 546.** RCW 88.32.210 and 1907 c 236 s 16 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

The minutes of the proceedings of the joint board and the assessment roll as finally settled by such board shall be made up in as many counterparts as there are counties joining as aforesaid, and shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair and clerk of said board, and one of said counterparts so signed shall be filed by said clerk with the clerk of the board of county commissioners of each of said counties, and any appeals and subsequent proceedings under RCW 88.32.090 to 88.32.170, inclusive, as far as relates to real estate in any individual county, shall be as nearly as may be the same as if the local improvement district and bond issue concerned that county only.

**Sec. 547.** RCW 89.08.010 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 184 s 2 are each 21 amended to read as follows:

It is hereby declared, as a matter of legislative determination:

(1) That the lands of the state of Washington are among the basic assets of the state and that the preservation of these lands is necessary to protect and promote the health, safety, and general welfare of its people; that improper land-use practices have caused and have contributed to, and are now causing and contributing to, a progressively more serious erosion of the lands of this state by wind and water; that the breaking of natural grass, plant, and forest cover have interfered with the natural factors of soil stabilization, causing loosening of soil and exhaustion of humus, and developing a soil condition that favors erosion; that the topsoil is being blown and washed off of lands; that there has been an accelerated washing of sloping lands; that these processes of erosion by wind and water speed up with removal of absorptive topsoil, causing exposure of less absorptive and less protective but more erosive subsoil; that failure

- by any land occupier to conserve the soil and control erosion upon his or her lands may cause a washing and blowing of soil from his or her lands onto other lands and makes the conservation of soil and control of erosion on such other lands difficult or impossible, and that extensive denuding of land for development creates critical erosion areas that are difficult to effectively regenerate and the resulting sediment causes extensive pollution of streams, ponds, lakes, and other waters.
- (2) That the consequences of such soil erosion in the form of soil blowing and soil washing are the silting and sedimentation of stream channels, reservoirs, dams, ditches, and harbors, and loading the air with soil particles; the loss of fertile soil material in dust storms; the piling up of soil on lower slopes and its deposit over alluvial plains; the reduction in productivity or outright ruin of rich bottom lands by overwash of poor subsoil material, sand, and gravel swept out of the hills; deterioration of soil and its fertility, deterioration of crops grown thereon, and declining acre yields despite development of scientific processes for increasing such yields; loss of soil and water which causes destruction of food and cover for wildlife; a blowing and washing of soil into streams which silts over spawning beds, and destroys water plants, diminishing the food supply of fish; a diminishing of the underground water reserve, which causes water shortages, intensifies periods of drought, and causes crop failures; an increase in the speed and volume of rainfall run-off, causing severe and increasing floods, which bring suffering, disease, and death; impoverishment of families attempting to farm eroding and eroded lands; damage to roads, highways, railways, buildings, and other property from floods and from dust storms; and losses in navigation, hydroelectric power, municipal water supply, irrigation developments, farming, and grazing.
  - (3) That to conserve soil resources and control and prevent soil erosion and prevent flood water and sediment damages, and further agricultural and nonagricultural phases of the conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water, it is necessary that land-use practices contributing to soil wastage and soil erosion be discouraged and discontinued, and appropriate soil-conserving land-use practices, and works of improvement for flood prevention of agricultural and nonagricultural phases of the conservation,

2

3

45

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

development, utilization, and disposal of water be adopted and carried 1 2 out; that among the procedures necessary for widespread adoption, are the carrying on of engineering operations such as the construction of 3 terraces, terrace outlets, check-dams, desilting basins, flood water 4 5 retarding structures, channel floodways, dikes, ponds, ditches, and the like; the utilization of strip cropping, contour cultivating, and 6 7 contour furrowing; land irrigation; seeding and planting of waste, sloping, abandoned, or eroded lands to water-conserving and erosion-8 9 preventing plants, trees, and grasses; forestation and reforestation; rotation of crops; soil stabilizations with trees, grasses, legumes, 10 and other thick-growing, soil-holding crops, retardation of run-off by 11 12 increasing absorption of rainfall; and retirement from cultivation of 13 steep, highly erosive areas and areas now badly gullied or otherwise 14 eroded.

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

(4) Whereas, there is a pressing need for the conservation of renewable resources in all areas of the state, whether urban, suburban, or rural, and that the benefits of resource practices, programs, and projects, as carried out by the state conservation commission and by the conservation districts, should be available to all such areas; therefore, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the legislature to provide for the conservation of the renewable resources of this state, and for the control and prevention of soil erosion, and for the prevention of flood water and sediment damages, and for furthering agricultural and nonagricultural phases of conservation, development, utilization, and disposal of water, and thereby to preserve natural resources, control floods, prevent impairment of dams and reservoirs, assist in maintaining the navigability of rivers and harbors, preserve wildlife, protect the tax base, protect public lands, and protect and promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the people of this To this end all incorporated cities and towns heretofore excluded from the boundaries of a conservation district established pursuant to the provisions of the state conservation district law, as amended, may be approved by the conservation commission as being included in and deemed a part of the district upon receiving a petition for annexation signed by the governing authority of the city or town and the conservation district within the exterior boundaries of which it lies in whole or in part or to which it lies closest.

**Sec. 548.** RCW 89.08.170 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 184 s 18 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

If the secretary of state finds that the name of the proposed district is such as will not be confused with that of any other district, he or she shall enter the application and statement in his or her records. If he or she finds the name may be confusing, he or she shall certify that fact to the commission, which shall submit a new name free from such objections, and he or she shall enter the application and statement as modified, in his or her records. Thereupon the district shall be considered organized into a body corporate.

The secretary of state shall then issue to the supervisors a certificate of organization of the district under the seal of the state, and shall record the certificate in his <u>or her</u> office. Proof of the issuance of the certificate shall be evidence of the establishment of the district, and a certified copy of the certificate shall be admissible as evidence and shall be proof of the filing and contents thereof. The name of a conservation district may be changed upon recommendation by the supervisors of a district and approval by the state conservation commission and the secretary of state. The new name shall be recorded by the secretary of state following the same general procedure as for the previous name.

**Sec. 549.** RCW 89.08.180 and 1999 c 305 s 6 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

Territory may be added to an existing district upon filing a petition as in the case of formation with the commission by twenty percent of the voters of the affected area to be included. The same procedure shall be followed as for the creation of the district.

As an alternate procedure, the commission may upon the petition of a majority of the voters in any one or more districts or in unorganized territory adjoining a conservation district change the boundaries of a district, or districts, if such action will promote the practical and feasible administration of such district or districts.

Upon petition of the boards of supervisors of two or more districts, the commission may approve the combining of all or parts of such districts and name the district, or districts, with the approval

of the name by the secretary of state. A public hearing and/or a referendum may be held if deemed necessary or desirable by the commission in order to determine the wishes of the voters.

When districts are combined, the joint boards of supervisors will first select a ((chairman)) chair, secretary, and other necessary officers and select a regular date for meetings. All elected supervisors will continue to serve as members of the board until the expiration of their current term of office, and/or until the election date nearest their expiration date. All appointed supervisors will continue to serve until the expiration of their current term of office, at which time the commission will make the necessary appointments. In the event that more than two districts are combined, a similar procedure will be set up and administered by the commission.

When districts are combined or territory is moved from one district to another, the property, records, and accounts of the districts involved shall be distributed to the remaining district or districts as approved by the commission. A new certificate of organization, naming and describing the new district or districts, shall be issued by the secretary of state.

**Sec. 550.** RCW 89.08.200 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 184 s 21 are each 21 amended to read as follows:

The term of office of each supervisor shall be three years and until his <u>or her</u> successor is appointed or elected and qualified, except that the supervisors first appointed shall serve for one and two years respectively from the date of their appointments, as designated in their appointments.

In the case of elected supervisors, the term of office of each supervisor shall be three years and until his <u>or her</u> successor is elected and qualified, except that for the first election, the one receiving the largest number of votes shall be elected for three years; the next largest two years; and the third largest one year. Successors shall be elected for three-year terms.

Vacancies in the office of appointed supervisors shall be filled by the state conservation commission. Vacancies in the office of elected supervisors shall be filled by appointment made by the remaining supervisors for the unexpired term. A majority of the supervisors shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of a majority is required for any official action or determination.

Supervisors shall serve without compensation, but they shall be entitled to expenses, including traveling expenses, necessarily incurred in discharge of their duties. A supervisor may be removed by the state conservation commission upon notice and hearing, for neglect of duty or malfeasance in office, but for no other reason.

9 The governing board shall designate a ((chairman)) chair from time 10 to time.

**Sec. 551.** RCW 89.08.210 and 2000 c 45 s 1 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

The supervisors may employ a secretary, treasurer, technical experts, and such other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and temporary, as they may require, and determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation. It may call upon the attorney general for legal services, or may employ its own counsel and legal staff. The supervisors may delegate to their ((chairman)) chair, to one or more supervisors, or to one or more agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper. The supervisors shall furnish to the commission, upon request, copies of such internal rules, regulations, orders, contracts, forms, and other documents as they shall adopt or employ, and such other information concerning their activities as the commission may require in the performance of its duties under chapter 184, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. The supervisors shall provide for the execution of surety bonds for officers and all employees who shall be entrusted with funds or property.

The supervisors shall provide for the keeping of a full and accurate record of all proceedings, resolutions, regulations, and orders issued or adopted. The supervisors shall provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements in accordance with procedures prescribed by regulations of the commission.

The board may invite the legislative body of any municipality or county near or within the district, to designate a representative to advise and consult with it on all questions of program and policy which may affect the property, water supply, or other interests of such municipality or county. The governing body of a district shall appoint

- 1 such advisory committees as may be needed to assure the availability of
- 2 appropriate channels of communication to the board of supervisors, to
- 3 persons affected by district operations, and to local, regional, state
- 4 and interstate special-purpose districts and agencies responsible for
- 5 community planning, zoning, or other resource development activities.
- 6 The district shall keep such committees informed of its work, and such
- 7 advisory committees shall submit recommendations from time to time to
- 8 the board of supervisors.
- 9 **Sec. 552.** RCW 89.12.020 and 1943 c 275 s 3 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 As used in this chapter,

16

17

2021

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

33

- The term "secretary" shall mean the secretary of the interior of the United States, or his <u>or her</u> duly authorized representative.
  - The term "appraised value" shall mean the value of lands within the scope of this chapter appraised or reappraised by the secretary without reference to or increment on account of the irrigation works built or to be built by the United States.
- 18 The term "district" shall mean an irrigation or reclamation 19 district governed by this chapter as provided in RCW 89.12.030.
  - The term "federal reclamation laws" shall mean the act of congress of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388) and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto including the act of congress entitled "An Act to amend the Act approved May 27, 1937 (Ch. 269, 50 Stat. 208), by providing substitute and additional authority for the prevention of speculation in lands of the Columbia Basin project, and substitute an additional authority related to the settlement and development of the project, and for other purposes, enacted and approved in the Seventy-Eighth Session."
  - The term "lands" shall mean, unless otherwise indicated, lands within the boundaries of a district contracting or intending to contract with the United States under the terms of this chapter.
  - The term "owner," "landowner," and "any one landowner" shall mean any person, corporation, joint stock association or family owning lands that are within the scope of this chapter.
- The term "family" shall mean a group consisting of either or both husband and wife, together with their children under eighteen years of age, or all of such children if both parents are dead, the term "their

- 1 children" including the issue and lawfully adopted children of either
- 2 or both husband and wife. Within the meaning of this chapter, lands
- 3 shall be deemed to be held by a family if held as separate property of
- 4 husband or wife, or if held as a part or all of their community
- 5 property, or if they are the property of any or all of their children
- 6 under eighteen years of age.

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

30

31

- 7 **Sec. 553.** RCW 89.12.050 and 2009 c 145 s 3 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
  - (1) A district may enter into repayment and other contracts with the United States under the terms of the federal reclamation laws in matters relating to federal reclamation projects, and may with respect to lands within its boundaries include in the contract, among others, an agreement that:
  - (a) The district will not deliver water by means of the project works provided by the United States to or for excess lands not eligible therefor under applicable federal law.
  - (b) As a condition to receiving water by means of the project works, each excess landowner in the district, unless his <u>or her</u> excess lands are otherwise eligible to receive water under applicable federal law, shall be required to execute a recordable contract covering all of his or her excess lands within the district.
  - (c) All excess lands within the district not eligible to receive water by means of the project works shall be subject to assessment in the same manner and to the same extent as lands eligible to receive water, subject to such provisions as the secretary may prescribe for postponement in payment of all or part of the assessment but not beyond a date five years from the time water would have become available for such lands had they been eligible therefor.
  - (d) The secretary is authorized to amend any existing contract, deed, or other document to conform to the provisions of applicable federal law as it now exists. Any such amendment may be filed for record under RCW 89.12.080.
- 33 (2) A district may enter into a contract with the United States for 34 the transfer of operations and maintenance of the works of a federal 35 reclamation project, but the contract does not impute to the district 36 negligence for design or construction defects or deficiencies of the 37 transferred works.

1 **Sec. 554.** RCW 89.12.150 and 1988 c 128 s 75 are each amended to read as follows:

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

36

From and after the date that the consent of the United States shall be given thereto by act of congress, the department of natural resources is authorized, upon request from the secretary of the interior, to cause an appraisal to be made by the board of natural resources of state lands in any division of any federal reclamation project which the secretary of the interior shall advise the department that he or she desires to have subdivided into farm units of class referred to in RCW 89.12.140, and also to cause to be appraised by the board of natural resources such public lands of the United States on the same project, or elsewhere in the state of Washington, as the secretary of the interior may propose to exchange for such state land, and when the secretary of the interior shall have secured from congress authority to make such exchange the department is authorized to exchange such state lands in any federal reclamation project for public lands of the United States on the same project or elsewhere in the state of Washington of approximately equal appraised valuation, and in making such exchange is authorized to execute suitable instruments in writing conveying or relinquishing to the United States such state lands and accepting in lieu thereof such public land of approximately equal appraised valuation.

23 **Sec. 555.** RCW 89.16.040 and 1981 c 216 s 2 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

From the moneys appropriated from the reclamation account there shall be paid, upon vouchers approved by the director of ecology, the administrative expenses of the director under this chapter and such amounts as are found necessary for the investigation and survey of reclamation projects proposed to be financed in whole or in part by the director, and such amounts as may be authorized by him or her for the reclamation of lands in diking, diking improvement, drainage, drainage improvement, diking and drainage, diking and drainage improvement, irrigation and irrigation improvement districts, and such other districts as are authorized by law for the reclamation or development of waste or undeveloped lands or the rehabilitation of existing reclamation projects, and all such districts and improvement districts

shall, for the purposes of this chapter be known as reclamation districts.

Sec. 556. RCW 89.16.045 and 1972 ex.s. c 51 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the director of ecology may, by written contract with a reclamation district, loan moneys from the reclamation account to said district for use in financing a project of construction, reconstruction or improvement of district facilities, or a project of additions to such facilities. such contract shall exceed fifty thousand dollars per project or a term of ten years, or provide for an interest rate of more than eight percent per annum. The director shall not execute any contract as provided in this section until he or she determines that the project for which the moneys are furnished is within the scope of the district's powers to undertake, that the project is feasible, that its construction is in the best interest of the state and the district, and that the district proposing the project is in a sound financial condition and capable of repaying the loan with interest in not more than ten annual payments. Any district is empowered to enter into a contract, as provided for in this section, and to levy assessments based on the special benefits accruing to lands within the district as are necessary to satisfy the contract, when a resolution of the governing body of the reclamation district authorizing its execution is approved by the body: PROVIDED, That no district shall be empowered to execute with the director any such contract during the term of any previously executed contract authorized by this section.

27 **Sec. 557.** RCW 89.16.050 and 1983 c 167 s 248 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

In carrying out the purposes of this chapter, the director of the department of ecology of the state of Washington shall be authorized and empowered:

To make surveys and investigations of the wholly or partially unreclaimed and undeveloped lands in this state and to determine the relative agricultural values, productiveness and uses, and the feasibility and cost of reclamation and development thereof;

3

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

2526

29

30

31

32

3334

To formulate and adopt a sound policy for the reclamation and development of the agricultural resources of the state, and from time to time select for reclamation and development such lands as may be deemed advisable, and the director may in his <u>or her</u> discretion advise as to the formation and assist in the organization of reclamation districts under the laws of this state;

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

To purchase the bonds of any reclamation district whose project is approved by the director and which is found to be upon a sound financial basis, to contract with any such district for making surveys and furnishing engineering plans and supervision for the construction of its project, or for constructing or completing its project and to advance money to the credit of the district for any or all of such purposes, and to accept the bonds, notes, or warrants of such district in payment therefor, and to expend the moneys appropriated from the reclamation account in the purchase of such bonds, notes, or warrants or in carrying out such contracts: PROVIDED, That interest not to exceed the annual rate provided for in the bonds, notes, or warrants agreed to be purchased, shall be charged and received for all moneys advanced to the district prior to the delivery of the bonds, notes, or warrants and the amount of such interest shall be included in the purchase price of such bonds, notes, or warrants: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no district, the bonds, notes, or warrants of which have been purchased by the state under the provisions of the state reclamation act, shall thereafter during the life of said bonds, notes, or warrants make expenditures of any kind from the bond or warrant funds of the district or incur obligations chargeable against such funds or issue any additional notes without previous written approval of the director of ecology of the state of Washington, and any obligations incurred without such approval shall be void;

To sell and dispose of any reclamation district bonds acquired by the director, at public or private sale, and to pay the proceeds of such sale into the reclamation account: PROVIDED, That such bonds shall not be sold for less than the purchase price plus accrued interest, except in case of a sale to an agency supplied with money by the United States of America, or to the United States of America in furtherance of refunding operations of any irrigation district, diking or drainage district, or diking or drainage improvement district, now pending or hereafter carried on by such district, in which case the

director shall have authority to sell any bonds of such district owned by the state of Washington under the provisions of the state reclamation act, to the United States of America, or other federal agency on such terms as said United States of America, or other federal agency shall prescribe for bonds of the same issue of such district as that held by the state of Washington in connection with such refunding operations;

To borrow money upon the security of any bonds, including refunding bonds, of any reclamation district, acquired by the director, on such terms and rate of interest and over such period of time as the director may see fit, and to hypothecate and pledge reclamation district bonds or refunding bonds acquired by the director as security for such loan. Such loans shall have, as their sole security, the bonds so pledged and the revenues therefrom, and the director shall not have authority to pledge the general credit of the state of Washington: PROVIDED, That in reloaning any money so borrowed, or obtained from a sale of bonds it shall be the duty of the director to fix such rates of interest as will prevent impairment of the reclamation revolving account;

To purchase delinquent general tax or delinquent special assessment certificates chargeable against lands included within any reclamation district obligated to the state under the provisions of the state reclamation act, and to purchase lands included in such districts and placed on sale on account of delinquent taxes or delinquent assessments with the same rights, privileges, and powers with respect thereto as a private holder and owner of said certificates, or as a private purchaser of said lands: PROVIDED, That the director shall be entitled to a delinquent tax certificate upon application to the proper county treasurer therefor without the necessity of a resolution of the county legislative authority authorizing the issuance of certificates of delinquency required by law in the case of the sale of such certificates to private purchasers;

To sell said delinquent certificates or the lands acquired at sale on account of delinquent taxes or delinquent assessments at public or private sale, and on such conditions as the director shall determine;

To, whenever the director shall deem it advisable, require any district with which he <u>or she</u> may contract, to provide such safeguards as he <u>or she</u> may deem necessary to assure bona fide settlement and development of the lands within such district, by securing from the

owners of lands therein agreements to limit the amount of their holdings to such acreage as they can properly farm and to sell their excess land holdings at reasonable prices;

To employ all necessary experts, assistants, and employees and fix their compensation and to enter into any and all contracts and agreements necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter;

To have the assistance, cooperation and services of, and the use of the records and files in, all the departments and institutions of the state, particularly the office of the commissioner of public lands, the state department of agriculture, Washington State University, and the University of Washington; and all state officers and the governing authorities of all state institutions are hereby authorized and directed to cooperate with the director in furthering the purpose of this chapter;

To cooperate with the United States in any plan of land reclamation, land settlement or agricultural development which the congress of the United States may provide and which may effect the development of agricultural resources within the state of Washington, and the director shall have full power to carry out the provisions of any cooperative land settlement act that may be enacted by the United States.

**Sec. 558.** RCW 89.30.025 and 1927 c 254 s 9 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

Lands held by private persons under possessory rights from the federal government may be included within the operation of the district, and as soon as such lands are held under title of private ownership, the owner thereof shall be entitled to receive his or her proportion of water as in case of other landowners upon payment by him or her of such sums as shall be determined by the district board and at the time to be fixed by said district board, which sum shall be such equitable amount as such lands should pay having regard to placing said lands on the basis of equality with other lands in the district as to benefits received, and giving credit if equitable for any sums paid as water rent by the occupant of said lands prior to the vesting of private ownership, and such lands shall also become subject to all taxes and assessments of the district thereafter imposed.

**Sec. 559.** RCW 89.30.034 and 1927 c 254 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

The petition for organization of such reclamation district shall consist of any number of separate instruments of uniform similarity, numbered consecutively. For convenience, lands represented on said instruments may be grouped separately according to the county in which said lands are situated. No petitioner shall have the right to withdraw his <u>or her</u> name from the petition after the same has been filed with said county board.

**Sec. 560.** RCW 89.30.055 and 1988 c 127 s 70 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

Upon the giving of notice of hearing on the petition by the clerk of the county board aforesaid, there is hereby authorized and created a commission composed of the ((chairman)) chair of the board of county commissioners of each of the counties in which any of the lands to be included in the proposed reclamation district are situated, and of the state director of ecology, which commission shall consider and determine said petition.

- **Sec. 561.** RCW 89.30.058 and 1988 c 127 s 71 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
  - The state director of ecology shall be ex officio ((chairman)) chair of said commission, and the clerk of the county board of the county in which the petition is filed, shall be ex officio clerk of said commission. A majority of the members of said commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction or exercise of any of its powers, functions, duties and business.
- **Sec. 562.** RCW 89.30.109 and 1927 c 254 s 37 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the clerk of the board of county commissioners of every county in which any lands included in the district are situated forthwith to certify and file for record in the county auditor's office of his <u>or her</u> county, a statement to the effect that, under the provisions of this chapter, certain lands (describing them in township and range and in case of smaller bodies of land in legal subdivisions or fractions thereof) were, by order of the board of

- county commissioners of . . . . . county (naming the county) entered on the . . . day of . . . . . (naming the day, month and year) included in the . . . reclamation district (using the name designated in the order of the county board establishing the district). Said statement certified by the clerk of the county board shall be entitled to record in the office of the county auditor without payment of filing or recording fee.
- **Sec. 563.** RCW 89.30.229 and 1927 c 254 s 77 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- Except as herein otherwise provided, the term of the office of director shall be six years from and after the second Monday in January next succeeding his <u>or her</u> election.
- **Sec. 564.** RCW 89.30.259 and 1927 c 254 s 87 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

- Each director shall take and subscribe an official oath for the faithful discharge of the duties of his <u>or her</u> office and shall execute an official bond to the district in the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars conditioned for the faithful discharge of his <u>or her</u> office, which bond shall be approved by the judge of the superior court of the county where the organization of the district was effected, and said oath and bond shall be recorded in the office of the clerk of the superior court and filed with the secretary of the district.
- **Sec. 565.** RCW 89.30.265 and 1927 c 254 s 89 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

In case any district authorized in this chapter is appointed fiscal agent of the United States or is authorized by the United States in connection with any irrigation project in which the United States is interested to make collections of money for or on behalf of the United States, such secretary and each such director and the county treasurer of the county where the organization of the district was effected shall each execute a further additional official bond in such sum respectively as the secretary of the interior may require conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his <u>or her</u> respective office and the faithful discharge by the district of its duties as

- 1 fiscal or other agent of the United States in such appointment or
- 2 authorization; such additional bonds to be approved, recorded, filed,
- 3 and paid for as herein provided for other official bonds.

**Sec. 566.** RCW 89.30.301 and 1927 c 254 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:

No director or any other officer named in this chapter shall in any manner be interested, directly or indirectly in any contract awarded or to be awarded by the board, or in the profits to be derived therefrom; and for any violation of this provision, such officer shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and such conviction shall work a forfeiture of his <u>or her</u> office, and he <u>or she</u> shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by both fine and imprisonment: PROVIDED, That nothing in this section contained shall be construed to prevent any district officer from being employed by the district as a day laborer.

**Sec. 567.** RCW 89.30.304 and 1927 c 254 s 102 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

Every person, upon the expiration or sooner termination of his <u>or</u> <u>her</u> term of office as an officer of the district, shall immediately turn over and deliver, under oath, to his <u>or her</u> successor in office, all records, books, papers, and other property under his <u>or her</u> control and belonging to such office. In case of the death of any officer, his <u>or her</u> legal representative shall turn over and deliver such records, books, papers, and other property to the successor in office of such deceased person.

**Sec. 568.** RCW 89.30.307 and 1927 c 254 s 103 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

Every person hired by the district and having in his <u>or her</u> custody or under his <u>or her</u> control, in connection with his <u>or her</u> contract of hire, any records, books, papers, or other property belonging to the district shall immediately upon the expiration of his <u>or her</u> services, turn over and deliver, under oath, to the district board or any member thereof, all such records, books, papers, or other property. Any

1 person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty

2

18 19

20

2122

2324

of a misdemeanor.

- 3 **Sec. 569.** RCW 89.30.313 and 1927 c 254 s 105 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- Any county treasurer collecting or handling funds of the district shall be liable upon his <u>or her</u> official bond and to criminal prosecution for malfeasance, misfeasance, or nonfeasance in office relative to any of his <u>or her</u> duties prescribed herein.
- 9 **Sec. 570.** RCW 89.30.316 and 1927 c 254 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:
- It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of each county in which lands of the district are located to collect and receipt for all assessments and taxes levied as in this chapter provided, and he <u>or she</u> shall account to the district for all interest received on such funds from any public depositary with which the same may be deposited.
- 16 **Sec. 571.** RCW 89.30.322 and 1927 c 254 s 108 are each amended to read as follows:
  - Any claim against the district shall be presented to the district board for allowance or rejection. Upon allowance the claim shall be attached to a voucher verified by the claimant or his or her agent and approved by the president and countersigned by the secretary and directed to the county auditor of the county in which the organization of the reclamation district was effected, for the issuance of a warrant against the proper fund of the district in payment of said claim.
- 25 **Sec. 572.** RCW 89.30.325 and 1983 c 167 s 249 are each amended to read as follows:
- Said county treasurer shall pay out the moneys received or deposited with him <u>or her</u> or any portion thereof upon warrants issued by the county auditor against the proper funds of the district except the sums to be paid out of the bond fund for principal and interest payments on bonds.
- 32 **Sec. 573.** RCW 89.30.328 and 1927 c 254 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

- The said treasurer shall report in writing during the first week in each month to the board of directors of the district the amount of money held by him <u>or her</u>, the amount in each fund, the amount of receipts for the month preceding in each fund, and the amount or amounts paid out of each fund, and said report shall be filed with the secretary of the district.
- 7 **Sec. 574.** RCW 89.30.352 and 1927 c 254 s 118 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 The registration clerk of any county voting precinct, partially included in a reclamation district voting precinct, is hereby authorized and it shall be his <u>or her</u> duty to prepare and certify at the expense of the district a poll list of all registered voters of said reclamation district voting precinct and to attach the same to the poll books for his <u>or her</u> county voting precinct.
- 15 **Sec. 575.** RCW 89.30.367 and 1927 c 254 s 123 are each amended to read as follows:
- 17 Immediately upon conclusion of the canvass of the returns of the 18 reclamation district election held in the precincts located in his <u>or</u> 19 <u>her</u> county, the county auditor shall mail to the ((<del>chairman</del>)) <u>chair</u> of 20 said district board, an abstract of the result of said district 21 election in his <u>or her</u> county.
- 22 **Sec. 576.** RCW 89.30.382 and 1927 c 254 s 128 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
- Any qualified resident elector of any director district which is entitled at that time to elect a candidate for the office of reclamation district director may become a candidate for such office by filing, at least thirty days prior to the election, his <u>or her</u> declaration of candidacy with the county auditor of his <u>or her</u> county and by paying a fee of one dollar for said filing.
- 30 **Sec. 577.** RCW 89.30.565 and 1927 c 254 s 189 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 The proceeds of bond sales for cash shall be paid by the purchaser 33 to the county treasurer of the county in which the organization of the

- 1 district was effected or to his <u>or her</u> duly authorized agent and 2 credited to the proper fund.
- 3 **Sec. 578.** RCW 89.30.604 and 1927 c 254 s 202 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

The secretary shall be present during the sessions of the board of equalization, and note all changes made in the valuation of property and in the names of the persons whose property is assessed and on or before the first day of January next following, he <u>or she</u> shall complete the assessment roll as finally equalized by the board and deliver the segregations of the same to the respective county treasurers concerned.

- 12 **Sec. 579.** RCW 89.30.625 and 1927 c 254 s 209 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- In case of the neglect or refusal of the secretary of the reclamation district to perform the duties imposed by law, then the treasurer of the county in which the organization of the reclamation district was effected may perform such duties and shall be accountable therefor on his <u>or her</u> official bond as in other cases.
- 19 **Sec. 580.** RCW 89.30.649 and 1927 c 254 s 217 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of the county in which any land in the general improvement or divisional district is located, to furnish upon request of the owner or any person interested, a statement showing any and all assessments levied as shown by the assessment roll in his <u>or her</u> office upon land described in such request and all statements of general taxes covering any land in such district shall be accompanied by a statement showing the condition of district assessments against such lands: PROVIDED, That the failure of the county treasurer to render any statement herein required of him <u>or her</u>, shall not render invalid any assessments made for any general improvement or divisional district or proceeding had for the enforcement and collection of such assessments pursuant to this chapter.

**Sec. 581.** RCW 89.30.652 and 1927 c 254 s 218 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of any county other than the county in which the organization of the reclamation district was effected to make monthly remittances to the county treasurer of the county in which the organization of the reclamation district was effected, covering all amounts collected by him or her for any said general improvement or divisional district during the preceding month.

**Sec. 582.** RCW 89.30.655 and 1927 c 254 s 219 are each amended to read as follows:

On or before the thirtieth day of June in each year each respective county treasurer concerned shall post the delinquency list which must contain the names of persons and the descriptions of the property delinquent and the amount of assessments, interest, and costs opposite each name and the description in all cases where payment of fifty percent or more of the assessment against any tract of land has not been made on or before the thirty-first day of May next preceding. Likewise on or before the fifteenth day of December in each year he or she must post the delinquency list of all persons delinquent in the payment of the final installment of the fifty percent of said assessments as in this chapter provided.

**Sec. 583.** RCW 89.30.670 and 1927 c 254 s 224 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

On the day fixed for the sale or on some subsequent day to which the treasurer may have postponed it, of which postponement he or she must give notice at the time of making such postponement, and between the hours of ten o'clock a.m. and three o'clock p.m., the county treasurer making the sale must commence the same beginning at the head of the list and continuing alphabetically or in numerical order of the parcels, lots, and blocks until completed.

**Sec. 584.** RCW 89.30.676 and 1927 c 254 s 226 are each amended to read as follows:

The owner or person in possession of any real estate offered for sale for assessments thereon may designate in writing to the county treasurer by whom the sale is to be made and prior to the sale, what

- 1 portion of the property he or she wishes sold, if less than the whole,
- 2 but if the owner or possessor does not, then the treasurer may
- 3 designate it and the person who will take the least quantity of the
- 4 land or in case an undivided interest is assessed then the smallest
- 5 portion of the interest, and pay the assessment, interest, and cost due
- 6 including one dollar to the treasurer for a duplicate of the
- 7 certificate of sale, is the purchaser. The treasurer shall account to
- 8 the district for said one dollar.
- 9 **Sec. 585.** RCW 89.30.685 and 1927 c 254 s 229 are each amended to read as follows:
- In case the district is the purchaser, the treasurer shall make an
- 12 entry "sold to the district", and he or she shall receive proper credit
- 13 for the amount of the sale in his <u>or her</u> settlement with the district.
- 14 **Sec. 586.** RCW 89.30.700 and 1927 c 254 s 234 are each amended to read as follows:
- 16 All moneys received by the reclamation district for transfers of
- 17 certificates of sale, or through sale or lease of property acquired on
- 18 account of sales for delinquent assessments, shall be paid to the
- 19 county treasurer of the county in which the lands involved are situated
- 20 and by him or her credited to the funds for which the assessments were
- 21 levied in proportion to the right of each fund respectively.
- 22 Sec. 587. RCW 89.30.709 and 1927 c 254 s 237 are each amended to
- 23 read as follows:
- 24 The certificate of sale must be signed by the treasurer making the
- 25 sale and filed in his or her office. A duplicate of said certificate
- 26 shall be delivered to any purchaser, other than the district.
- 27 **Sec. 588.** RCW 89.30.721 and 1927 c 254 s 241 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- 29 A redemption of the property sold may be made by the owner or any
- 30 person on behalf and in the name of the owner or by any party in
- 31 interest within one year from the date of purchase by paying the amount
- 32 of the purchase price, cost of certificate and interest and the amount
- 33 of any assessments which any such purchaser may have paid thereon after
- 34 purchase by him or her together with like interest on such amount, and

- 1 if the reclamation district is the purchaser, the redemptioner shall
- 2 pay in addition to the purchase price and interest, the amount of any
- 3 assessments levied against said land during the period of redemption
- 4 and which are at that time delinquent.
- 5 **Sec. 589.** RCW 89.30.724 and 1927 c 254 s 242 are each amended to read as follows:
- 7 Redemption must be made in gold or silver coin, as provided for the
- 8 collection of state and county taxes, and the county treasurer must
- 9 credit the amount paid to the person named in the certificate or his or
- 10 her assignee and pay it on demand to such person or his or her
- 11 assignee. No redemption shall be made except to the county treasurer
- 12 of the county in which the land is situated.
- 13 **Sec. 590.** RCW 89.30.730 and 1927 c 254 s 244 are each amended to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 If the property is not redeemed within one year from the date of
- 16 sale, the county treasurer of the county in which the land sold is
- 17 situated, must make to the purchaser or his or her assignee a deed of
- 18 the property reciting in the deed substantially the matters contained
- in the certificate and that no person redeemed the property during the
- 20 time allowed by law for its redemption.
- 21 **Sec. 591.** RCW 89.30.790 and 1927 c 254 s 264 are each amended to
- 22 read as follows:
- 23 Any officer of the district collecting tolls as herein provided,
- 24 shall be required to give a surety bond in double the probable amount
- 25 of monthly collections conditioned that he or she will faithfully
- 26 account to the reclamation district for all tolls collected under the
- 27 provisions of this chapter.
- 28 Sec. 592. RCW 90.03.040 and 1917 c 117 s 4 are each amended to
- 29 read as follows:
- The beneficial use of water is hereby declared to be a public use,
- 31 and any person may exercise the right of eminent domain to acquire any
- 32 property or rights now or hereafter existing when found necessary for
- 33 the storage of water for, or the application of water to, any
- 34 beneficial use, including the right to enlarge existing structures

employed for the public purposes mentioned in this chapter and use the 1 2 same in common with the former owner, and including the right and power to condemn an inferior use of water for a superior use. 3 condemnation proceedings the court shall determine what use will be for 4 the greatest public benefit, and that use shall be deemed a superior 5 one: PROVIDED, That no property right in water or the use of water 6 7 shall be acquired hereunder by condemnation for irrigation purposes, which shall deprive any person of such quantity of water as may be 8 9 reasonably necessary for the irrigation of his or her land then under 10 irrigation to the full extent of the soil, by the most economical method of artificial irrigation applicable to such land according to 11 12 the usual methods of artificial irrigation employed in the vicinity where such land is situated. In any case, the court shall determine 13 what is the most economical method of irrigation. Such property or 14 rights shall be acquired in the manner provided by law for the taking 15 of private property for public use by private corporations. 16

**Sec. 593.** RCW 90.03.070 and 1987 c 109 s 70 are each amended to read as follows:

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

33

3435

36

It shall be the duty of the water master, acting under the direction of the department, to divide in whole or in part, the water supply of his or her district among the several water conduits and reservoirs using said supply, according to the right and priority of each, respectively. He or she shall divide, regulate, and control the use of water within his or her district by such regulation of headgates, conduits, and reservoirs as shall be necessary to prevent the use of water in excess of the amount to which the owner of the right is lawfully entitled. Whenever, in the pursuance of his or her duties, the water master regulates a headqate of a water conduit or the controlling works of a reservoir, he or she shall attach to such headgate or controlling works a written notice, properly dated and signed, stating that such headgate or controlling works has been properly regulated and is wholly under his or her control and such notice shall be a legal notice to all parties. In addition to dividing the available waters and supervising the stream ((patrolmen)) patroller in his or her district, he or she shall enforce such rules and regulations as the department shall from time to time prescribe.

The county or counties in which water master districts are created shall deputize the water masters appointed hereunder, and may without charge provide to each water master suitable office space, supplies, equipment, and clerical assistance as are necessary to the water master in the performance of his <u>or her</u> duties.

- **Sec. 594.** RCW 90.03.210 and 2009 c 332 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) During the pendency of such adjudication proceedings prior to judgment or upon review by an appellate court, the stream or other water involved shall be regulated or partially regulated according to the schedule of rights specified in the department's report upon an order of the court authorizing such regulation: PROVIDED, Any interested party may file a bond and obtain an order staying the regulation of said stream as to him or her, in which case the court shall make such order regarding the regulation of the stream or other water as he or she may deem just. The bond shall be filed within five days following the service of notice of appeal in an amount to be fixed by the court and with sureties satisfactory to the court, conditioned to perform the judgment of the court.
  - (2) Any appeal of a decision of the department on an application to change or transfer a water right subject to an adjudication that is being litigated actively shall be conducted as follows:
  - (a) The appeal shall be filed with the court conducting the adjudication and served under RCW 34.05.542(3). The content of the notice of appeal shall conform to RCW 34.05.546. Standing to appeal shall be based on the requirements of RCW 34.05.530 and is not limited to parties to the adjudication.
  - (b) If the appeal includes a challenge to the portion of the department's decision that pertains to tentative determinations of the validity and extent of the water right, review of those tentative determinations shall be conducted by the court consistent with the provisions of RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598, except that the review shall be de novo.
  - (c) If the appeal includes a challenge to any portion of the department's decision other than the tentative determinations of the validity and extent of the right, the court must certify to the pollution control hearings board for review and decision those portions

- 1 of the department's decision. Review by the pollution control hearings
- 2 board shall be conducted consistent with chapter 43.21B RCW and the
- 3 board's implementing regulations, except that the requirements for
- 4 filing, service, and content of the notice of appeal shall be governed
- 5 by (a) of this subsection. Any party to an appeal may move the court
- 6 to certify portions of the appeal to the pollution control hearings
- 7 board, but the appellant must file a motion for certification no later
- 8 than ninety days after the appeal is filed under this section.

13

14

- 9 (d) Appeals shall be scheduled to afford all parties full opportunity to participate before the superior court and the pollution control hearings board.
  - (e) Any person wishing to appeal the decision of the board made under (c) of this subsection shall seek review of the decision in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, except that the petition for review must be filed with the superior court conducting the adjudication.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or modify any treaty or other federal rights of an Indian tribe, or the rights of any federal agency or other person or entity arising under federal law. Nothing in this section is intended or shall be construed as affecting or modifying any existing right of a federally recognized Indian tribe to protect from impairment its federally reserved water rights in federal court.
- 23 **Sec. 595.** RCW 90.03.220 and 1917 c 117 s 24 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
- Whenever proceedings shall be instituted for the determination of the rights to the use of water, any defendant who shall fail to appear in such proceedings, after legal service, and submit proof of his <u>or</u> her claim, shall be estopped from subsequently asserting any right to the use of such water embraced in such proceeding, except as determined by such decree.
- 31 **Sec. 596.** RCW 90.03.250 and 1987 c 109 s 83 are each amended to read as follows:
- Any person, municipal corporation, firm, irrigation district, association, corporation or water users' association hereafter desiring to appropriate water for a beneficial use shall make an application to the department for a permit to make such appropriation, and shall not

use or divert such waters until he or she has received a permit from the department as in this chapter provided. The construction of any ditch, canal or works, or performing any work in connection with said construction or appropriation, or the use of any waters, shall not be an appropriation of such water nor an act for the purpose of appropriating water unless a permit to make said appropriation has first been granted by the department: PROVIDED, That a temporary permit may be granted upon a proper showing made to the department to be valid only during the pendency of such application for a permit unless sooner revoked by the department: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That nothing in this chapter contained shall be deemed to affect RCW 90.40.010 through 90.40.080 except that the notice and certificate therein provided for in RCW 90.40.030 shall be addressed to the department, and the department shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by RCW 90.40.030. 

**Sec. 597.** RCW 90.03.270 and 1987 c 109 s 85 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt of an application it shall be the duty of the department to make an endorsement thereon of the date of its receipt, and to keep a record of same. If upon examination, the application is found to be defective, it shall be returned to the applicant for correction or completion, and the date and the reasons for the return thereof shall be endorsed thereon and made a record in his or her office. No application shall lose its priority of filing on account of such defects, provided acceptable maps, drawings, and such data as is required by the department shall be filed with the department within such reasonable time as it shall require.

**Sec. 598.** RCW 90.03.410 and 1971 ex.s. c 152 s 8 are each amended 29 to read as follows:

(1) Any person or persons who shall willfully interfere with, or injure or destroy any dam, dike, headgate, weir, canal or reservoir, flume, or other structure or appliance for the diversion, carriage, storage, apportionment, or measurement of water for irrigation, reclamation, power, or other beneficial uses, or who shall willfully use or conduct water into or through his or her ditch, which has been lawfully denied him or her by the water master or other competent

authority, or shall willfully injure or destroy any telegraph, telephone, or electric transmission line, or any other property owned, occupied, or controlled by any person, association, or corporation, or by the United States and used in connection with said beneficial use of water, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor or, if there is actual physical injury to or destruction of any real or personal property, of property destruction and shall incur the penalties set forth in RCW 9.61.070.

- (2) Any person or persons who shall willfully or unlawfully take or use water, or conduct the same into his <u>or her</u> ditch or to his <u>or her</u> land, or land occupied by him <u>or her</u>, and for such purpose shall cut, dig, break down, or open any headgate, bank, embankment, canal or reservoir, flume, or conduit, or interfere with, injure, or destroy any weir, measuring box, or other appliance for the apportionment and measurement of water, or unlawfully take or cause to run or pour out of such structure or appliance any water, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor or, if there is actual physical injury to or destruction of any real or personal property, of property destruction and shall incur the penalties set forth in RCW 9.61.070.
- (3) The use of water through such structure or structures, appliance or appliances hereinbefore named after its or their having been interfered with, injured or destroyed, shall be prima facie evidence of the guilt of the person using it.
- **Sec. 599.** RCW 90.03.440 and 1987 c 109 s 97 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

When two or more persons, joint owners in an irrigation ditch or reservoir, not incorporated, or their lessees, are unable to agree relative to the division or distribution of water received through their ditch or from their reservoir, and where there is no disagreement as to the ownership of said water, it shall be lawful for any such owner or owners, his or her or their lessee or lessees, or either of them, to apply to the department, in writing, setting forth such fact and giving such information as shall enable the department to estimate the probable expense of such service, asking the department to appoint some suitable person to take charge of such ditch or reservoir for the purpose of making a just division or distribution of the water from the same to the parties entitled to the use thereof. The department shall upon the receipt of such application notify the applicant of the

probable expense of such division and upon receipt of certified check for said amount, the department shall appoint a suitable person to make such division. The person so appointed shall take exclusive charge of such ditch or reservoir for the purpose of dividing the water therefrom in accordance with the established rights of the diverters therefrom, and continue the said work until the necessity therefor shall cease to The expense of such investigation and division shall be a charge upon all of the co-owners and the person advancing the payment to the department shall be entitled to recover in any court of competent jurisdiction from his or her co-owners their proportionate share of the expense.

**Sec. 600.** RCW 90.03.450 and 1919 c 71 s 5 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

Upon the failure of any co-owner to pay his or her proportionate share of such expense as mentioned in RCW 90.03.430 within thirty days after receiving a statement of the same as performed by his or her co-owner or owners, such person or persons so performing such labor may secure payment of said claim by filing an itemized and sworn statement thereof, setting forth the date of the performance and the nature of the labor so performed, with the county auditor of the county wherein said ditch is situated, and when so filed it shall constitute a valid lien against the interest of such person or persons who shall fail to perform their proportionate share of the work requisite to the proper maintenance of said ditch, which said lien when so taken may be enforced in the same manner as provided by law for the enforcement of mechanics' and builders' liens.

**Sec. 601.** RCW 90.08.040 and 1977 c 22 s 1 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

Where water rights of a stream have been adjudicated a stream ((patrolman)) patroller shall be appointed by the director of the department of ecology upon application of water users having adjudicated water rights in each particular water resource making a reasonable showing of the necessity therefor, which application shall have been approved by the district water master if one has been appointed, at such time, for such stream, and for such periods of

service as local conditions may indicate to be necessary to provide the most practical supervision and to secure to water users and owners the best protection in their rights.

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

2526

2728

31

32

3334

35

36

The stream ((patrolman)) patroller shall have the same powers as a water master appointed under RCW 90.03.060, but his or her district shall be confined to the regulation of waters of a designated stream or streams. Such ((patrolman)) patroller shall be under the supervision of the director or his or her designated representative. He or she shall also enforce such special rules and regulations as the director may prescribe from time to time.

11 **Sec. 602.** RCW 90.08.050 and 1977 c 22 s 2 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

Each stream ((patrolman)) patroller shall receive a wage per day for each day actually employed in the duties of his or her office, or if employed by the month, he or she shall receive a salary per month, which wage or salary shall be fixed in the manner provided by law for the fixing of the salaries or compensation of other state officers or employees, plus travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended, to be paid by the county in which the work is performed. In case the service extends over more than one county, each county shall pay its equitable part of such wage to be apportioned by the director. He or she shall be reimbursed for actual necessary expenses when absent from his or her designated headquarters in the performance of his or her duties, such expense to be paid by the county in which he or she renders the service. The accounts of the stream ((patrolman)) patroller shall be audited and certified by the director and the county auditor shall issue a warrant therefor upon the current expense fund.

29 **Sec. 603.** RCW 90.08.060 and 1977 c 22 s 3 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

The salary of the stream ((patrolman)) patroller shall be borne by the water users receiving the benefits and shall be paid to the county or counties in the following manner:

The county or counties may assess each water user for his <u>or her</u> proportionate share of the total stream ((<del>patrolman</del>)) <u>patroller</u> expense in the same ratio that the amount of water diverted by him <u>or her</u> bears

- to the total amount diverted from the stream during each season, on an 1 2 annual basis, to recover all such county expenses. ((patrolman)) patroller shall keep an accurate record of the amount of 3 4 water diverted by each water user coming under his or her supervision. 5 On the first of each month the stream ((patrolman)) patroller shall present his or her record of water diversion to the county or counties 6 7 for the preceding month. Where the water users are organized into an 8 irrigation district or water users' association, such organization may 9 enter into an agreement with the county or counties for direct payment 10 to the stream ((<del>patrolman</del>)) patroller in order to minimize administrative costs. 11
- 12 **Sec. 604.** RCW 90.08.070 and 1977 c 22 s 4 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- 14 Upon failure of any water user to pay his <u>or her</u> proportionate 15 share of the expense referred to in RCW 90.08.050 and 90.08.060, the 16 county or counties shall be entitled to sue for and recover any such 17 unpaid portion in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- 18 **Sec. 605.** RCW 90.14.061 and 1988 c 127 s 74 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

Filing of a statement of a claim shall take place and be completed upon receipt by the department of ecology, at its office in Olympia, of an original statement signed by the claimant or his or her authorized agent, and two copies thereof. Any person required to file hereunder may file through a designated representative. A company, district, public or municipal corporation, or the United States when furnishing to persons water pertaining to water rights required to be filed under RCW 90.14.041, shall have the right to file one claim on behalf of said persons on a form prepared by the department for the total benefits of each person served; provided that a separate claim shall be filed by such company, district, public or private corporation, or the United States for each operating unit of the filing entity providing such water and for each water source. Within thirty days after receipt of a statement of claim the department shall acknowledge the same by a notation on one copy indicating receipt thereof and the date of receipt, together with the wording of the first sentence of RCW 90.14.081, and shall return said copy by certified or registered mail

20

21

22

23

2425

26

2728

29

30

31

32

3334

35

- to the claimant at the address set forth in the statement of claim. No statement of claim shall be accepted for filing by the department of
- 3 ecology unless accompanied by a two dollar filing fee.

Sec. 606. RCW 90.14.101 and 1988 c 127 s 76 are each amended to read as follows:

To insure that all persons referred to in RCW 90.14.031 and 90.14.041 are notified of the registration provisions of this chapter, the department of ecology is directed to give notice of the registration provisions of this chapter as follows:

- (1) It shall cause a notice in writing to be placed in a prominent and conspicuous place in all newspapers of the state having a circulation of more than fifty thousand copies for each week day, and in at least one newspaper published in each county of the state, at least once each year for five consecutive years.
- (2) It shall cause a notice substantially the same as a notice in writing to be broadcast by each commercial television station operating in the United States and viewed in the state, and by at least one commercial radio station operating from each county of the state having such a station regularly at six month intervals for five consecutive years.
- (3) It shall cause a notice in writing to be placed in a prominent and conspicuous location in each county court house in the state.
- (4) The county treasurer of each county shall enclose with each mailing of one or more statements of taxes due issued in 1972 a copy of a notice in writing and a declaration that it shall be the duty of the recipient of the statement of taxes due to forward the notice to the beneficial owner of the property. A sufficient number of copies of the notice and declaration shall be supplied to each county treasurer by the director of ecology before the fifteenth day of January, 1972. In the implementation of this subsection the department of ecology shall provide reimbursement to the county treasurer for the reasonable additional costs, if any there may be, incurred by said treasurer arising from the inclusion of a notice in writing as required herein.
- (5) It shall provide copies of the notice in writing to the press services with offices located in Thurston county during January of the years 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, and 1974.

The director of the department may also in his <u>or her</u> discretion give notice in any other manner which will carry out the purposes of this section. Where notice in writing is given pursuant to subsections (1) and (3) of this section, RCW 90.14.041, 90.14.051, and 90.14.071 shall be set forth and quoted in full.

Sec. 607. RCW 90.14.130 and 1987 c 109 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

When it appears to the department of ecology that a person entitled to the use of water has not beneficially used his or her water right or some portion thereof, and it appears that said right has or may have reverted to the state because of such nonuse, as provided by RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, or 90.14.180, the department of ecology shall notify such person by order: PROVIDED, That where a company, association, district, or the United States has filed a blanket claim under the provisions of RCW 90.14.060 for the total benefits of those served by it, the notice shall be served on such company, association, district or the United States and not upon any of its individual water users who may not have used the water or some portion thereof which they were entitled to use. The order shall contain: (1) A description of the water right, including the approximate location of the point of diversion, the general description of the lands or places where such waters were used, the water source, the amount involved, the purpose of use, and the apparent authority upon which the right is based; (2) a statement that unless sufficient cause be shown on appeal the water right will be declared relinquished; and (3) a statement that such order may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board. Any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal it to the pollution control hearings board pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310. The order shall be served by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the person and be posted at the point of division or withdrawal. The order by itself shall not alter the recipient's right to use water, if any.

Sec. 608. RCW 90.14.170 and 1967 c 233 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person entitled to divert or withdraw waters of the state by virtue of his <u>or her</u> ownership of land abutting a stream, lake, or watercourse, who abandons the same, or who voluntarily fails, without

1 2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

2829

30

31

3233

3435

sufficient cause, to beneficially use all or any part of said right to withdraw or divert said water for any period of five successive years after July 1, 1967, shall relinquish such right or portion thereof, and such right or portion thereof shall revert to the state, and the waters affected by said right shall become available for appropriation in accordance with the provisions of RCW 90.03.250.

**Sec. 609.** RCW 90.24.020 and 1939 c 107 s 3 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

Such petition shall contain a complete description of the property surrounding said lake with the number of front feet contained in each tract with the name of the owner thereof and his or her address together with a brief statement of the reasons and necessity for such application; that the level sought to be established will in no wise interfere with the navigability of said lake or in any manner affect or interfere with fish or game fish which may be then contained or may thereafter be deposited in said lake, but that in order to protect fish or game fish in said lake the construction of fish ladders or other devices may be required to conserve and protect such fish or game fish, then in that event the property owners to be benefited by the establishment of said water level in such lake shall be required to pay the cost thereof, in proportion to lineal feet of water front owned by each.

**Sec. 610.** RCW 90.24.050 and 1988 c 127 s 82 are each amended to read as follows:

In the event the court shall find that to protect fish and game fish in said lake that fish ladders or other devices should be constructed therein or that other construction shall be necessary in order to maintain the determined lake level, the court shall find the proper device to be constructed, the probable cost thereof and by its order and judgment shall apportion the cost thereof among the persons whose property abuts on said lake in proportion to the lineal feet of waterfront owned by each, which sum so found shall constitute a lien against said real property and shall be paid to the county treasurer and by him or her placed in a special fund to be known as "Lake . . . . . Improvement Fund." The director of ecology shall appoint

a suitable person to be compensated by the property owners to regulate the determined level as decreed by the court.

Sec. 611. RCW 90.44.110 and 1987 c 109 s 114 are each amended to read as follows:

No public groundwaters that have been withdrawn shall be wasted without economical beneficial use. The department shall require all wells producing waters which contaminate other waters to be plugged or capped. The department shall also require all flowing wells to be so capped or equipped with valves that the flow of water can be completely stopped when the wells are not in use under the terms of their respective permits or approved declarations of vested rights. Likewise, the department shall also require both flowing and nonflowing wells to be so constructed and maintained as to prevent the waste of public groundwaters through leaky casings, pipes, fittings, valves, or pumps--either above or below the land surface: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the withdrawal of reasonable quantities of public groundwater in connection with the construction, development, testing, or repair of a well shall not be construed as waste; also, that the inadvertent loss of such water owing to breakage of a pump, valve, pipe, or fitting shall not be construed as waste if reasonable diligence is shown by the permittee in effecting the necessary repair.

In the issuance of an original permit, or of an amendment to an original permit or certificate of vested right to withdraw and appropriate public groundwaters under the provisions of this chapter, the department may, as in his <u>or her</u> judgment is necessary, specify for the proposed well or wells or other works a manner of construction adequate to accomplish the provisions of this section.

28 **Sec. 612.** RCW 90.44.130 and 1987 c 109 s 116 are each amended to read as follows:

As between appropriators of public groundwater, the prior appropriator shall as against subsequent appropriators from the same groundwater body be entitled to the preferred use of such groundwater to the extent of his <u>or her</u> appropriation and beneficial use, and shall enjoy the right to have any withdrawals by a subsequent appropriator of groundwater limited to an amount that will maintain and provide a safe sustaining yield in the amount of the prior appropriation. The

3

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

30

31

32

3334

35

department shall have jurisdiction over the withdrawals of groundwater and shall administer the groundwater rights under the principle just set forth, and it shall have the jurisdiction to limit withdrawals by appropriators of groundwater so as to enforce the maintenance of a safe sustaining yield from the groundwater body. For this purpose, the department shall have authority and it shall be its duty from time to adequate factual data become available, to designate groundwater areas or subareas, to designate separate depth zones within any such area or subarea, or to modify the boundaries of such existing area, or subarea, or zones to the end that the withdrawals therefrom may be administratively controlled as prescribed in RCW 90.44.180 in order that overdraft of public groundwaters may be prevented so far as is feasible. Each such area or zone shall, as nearly as known facts permit, be so designated as to enclose a single and distinct body of public groundwater. Each such subarea may be so designated as to enclose all or any part of a distinct body of public groundwater, as the department deems will most effectively accomplish the purposes of this chapter.

1 2

3

45

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

38

Designation of, or modification of the boundaries of such a groundwater area, subarea, or zone may be proposed by the department on its own motion or by petition to the department signed by at least fifty or one-fourth, whichever is the lesser number, of the users of groundwater in a proposed groundwater area, subarea, or zone. Before any proposed groundwater area, subarea, or zone shall be designated, or before the boundaries or any existing groundwater area, subarea, or zone shall be modified the department shall publish a notice setting (1)In terms of the appropriate legal subdivisions a description of all lands enclosed within the proposed area, subarea, or zone, or within the area, subarea, or zone whose boundaries are proposed to be modified; (2) the object of the proposed designation or modification of boundaries; and (3) the day and hour, and the place where written objections may be submitted and heard. Such notice shall be published in three consecutive weekly issues of a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties containing all or the greater portion of the lands involved, and the newspaper of publication shall be selected by the department. Publication as just prescribed shall be construed as sufficient notice to the landowners and water users concerned.

Objections having been heard as herein provided, the department shall make and file in its office written findings of fact with respect to the proposed designation or modification and, if the findings are in the affirmative, shall also enter a written order designating the groundwater area, or subarea, or zone or modifying the boundaries of the existing area, subarea, or zone. Such findings and order shall also be published substantially in the manner herein prescribed for notice of hearing, and when so published shall be final and conclusive unless an appeal therefrom is taken within the period and in the manner prescribed by RCW 43.21B.310. Publication of such findings and order shall give force and effect to the remaining provisions of this section and to the provisions of RCW 90.44.180, with respect to the particular area, subarea, or zone.

Priorities of right to withdraw public groundwater shall be established separately for each groundwater area, subarea, or zone and, as between such rights, the first in time shall be the superior in right. The priority of the right acquired under a certificate of groundwater right shall be the date of filing of the original application for a withdrawal with the department, or the date or approximate date of the earliest beneficial use of water as set forth in a certificate of a vested groundwater right, under the provisions of RCW 90.44.090.

Within ninety days after the designation of a groundwater area, subarea, or zone as herein provided, any person, firm, or corporation then claiming to be the owner of artificially stored groundwater within such area, subarea, or zone shall file a certified declaration to that effect with the department on a form prescribed by the department. Such declaration shall cover: (1) The location and description of the works by whose operation such artificial groundwater storage purported to have been created, and the name or names of the owner or owners thereof; (2) a description of the lands purported to be underlain by such artificially stored groundwater, and the name or names of the owner or owners thereof; (3) the amount of such water claimed; (4) the date or approximate date of the earliest artificial storage; (5) evidence competent to show that the water claimed is in fact water that would have been dissipated naturally except for artificial improvements by the claimant; and (6) such additional factual information as reasonably may be required by the department.

If any of the purported artificially stored groundwater has been or then is being withdrawn, the claimant also shall file (1) the declarations which this chapter requires of claimants to a vested right to withdraw public groundwaters, and (2) evidence competent to show that none of the water withdrawn under those declarations is in fact public groundwater from the area, subarea, or zone concerned: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That in case of failure to file a declaration within the ninety-day period herein provided, the claimant may apply to the department for a reasonable extension of time, which shall not exceed two additional years and which shall be granted only upon a showing of good cause for such failure. 

Following publication of the declaration and findings—as in the case of an original application, permit, or certificate of right to appropriate public groundwaters—the department shall accept or reject such declaration or declarations with respect to ownership or withdrawal of artificially stored groundwater. Acceptance of such declaration or declarations by the department shall convey to the declarant no right to withdraw public groundwaters from the particular area, subarea, or zone, nor to impair existing or subsequent rights to such public waters.

Any person, firm, or corporation hereafter claiming to be the owner of groundwater within a designated groundwater area, subarea, or zone by virtue of its artificial storage subsequent to such designation shall, within three years following the earliest artificial storage file a declaration of claim with the department, as herein prescribed for claims based on artificial storage prior to such designation: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That in case of such failure the claimant may apply to the department for a reasonable extension of time, which shall not exceed two additional years and which shall be granted upon a showing of good cause for such failure.

Any person, firm, or corporation hereafter withdrawing groundwater claimed to be owned by virtue of artificial storage subsequent to designation of the relevant groundwater area, subarea, or zone shall, within ninety days following the earliest such withdrawal, file with the department the declarations required by this chapter with respect to withdrawals of public groundwater.

1 **Sec. 613.** RCW 90.48.095 and 1991 c 200 s 1103 are each amended to read as follows:

In carrying out the purposes of this chapter or chapter 90.56 RCW the department shall, in conjunction with either the adoption of rules, consideration of an application for a waste discharge permit or the termination or modification of such permit, or proceedings adjudicative hearings, have the authority to issue process and subpoena witnesses effective throughout the state on its own behalf or that of an interested party, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath and, in connection therewith require the production for examination of any books or papers relating to the matter under consideration by the department. In case of disobedience on the part of any person to comply with any subpoena issued by the department, or on the refusal of any witness to testify to any matters regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, it shall be the duty of the superior court of any county, or of the judge thereof, on application of the department, to compel obedience by proceedings for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from such court or a refusal to testify therein. In connection with the authority granted under this section no witness or other person shall be required to divulge trade secrets or secret processes. Persons responding to a subpoena as provided herein shall be entitled to fees as are witnesses in superior court.

Sec. 614. RCW 90.58.170 and 1994 c 253 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

A shorelines hearings board sitting as a quasi-judicial body is hereby established within the environmental <u>and land use</u> hearings office under RCW 43.21B.005. The shorelines hearings board shall be made up of six members: Three members shall be members of the pollution control hearings board; two members, one appointed by the association of Washington cities and one appointed by the association of county commissioners, both to serve at the pleasure of the associations; and the commissioner of public lands or his or her designee. The ((chairman)) chair of the pollution control hearings board shall be the ((chairman)) chair of the shorelines hearings board. Except as provided in RCW 90.58.185, a decision must be agreed to by at

3

45

6 7

8

9

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

3536

- 1 least four members of the board to be final. The members of the
- 2 shorelines ((<del>[hearings]</del>)) <u>hearings</u> board shall receive the
- 3 compensation, travel, and subsistence expenses as provided in RCW
- 4 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

8

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

36

37

5 **Sec. 615.** RCW 91.08.030 and 1911 c 23 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

The plan of such proposed waterway shall be presented to the board by a written petition of owners of lands which it is represented will be improved by the construction, deepening or widening of such waterway; and such petition shall be signed by the owners of thirtyfive percent or more of the area of lands in the district, and shall be verified by one or more of the petitioners to the effect that the signatures attached are the genuine signature of the persons or corporations signing the same. Each petitioner shall add a description of the lands he or she owns. If petitioners are unmarried persons they shall so state. If lands are owned by married persons, husband and wife shall join in the petition. If a petitioner is a corporation, the signature shall be accompanied by a certified copy of a resolution of the board of directors or trustees of the corporation authorizing the person signing the petition for the corporation to execute it. lands included in the petition are owned by minors, insane persons, or other persons under guardianship in this state, the petition may be signed by the guardians of such persons: PROVIDED, That the signature be accompanied by a certified copy of an order of the superior court having the guardianship of such person in charge, authorizing the guardian to sign the petition. A petition may consist of one or more separate papers or sheets which are identified with the subject matter.

The petitioners shall file with the board, with their petition, a map of the lands in the district and a statement showing each separate ownership of lands as shown by the public records of the county, and their location in the county, with the names of the owners as shown by such records, and the location of the proposed waterway if a new waterway is to be constructed. If an existing waterway is to be deepened the map shall show its location, and if it is to be widened the map shall show its location and the extent to which it is to be widened. With the petition there shall also be presented satisfactory evidence from the real property records of the county that the

petitioners are severally the owners in fee simple of their respective 1 2 tracts of land, and that all taxes and assessments due thereon are If it is proposed that any lands in the district shall be filled 3 with the material dug or dredged from such waterway, the petition shall 4 5 so state, and the map of the district and plan of the improvement shall show the location, depth, and yardage of such fill. The petition may 6 7 also fix the price per cubic yard at which such fill shall be charged to the land filled, which charge shall be added to the assessment for 8 9 the improvement to be made upon such lands and be paid as a part thereof. If the price of filling is not fixed by the petition it may 10 11 be fixed by the board.

At any time after the filing of such petition one or more of the 12 petitioners may file and record in the office of the auditor of the 13 county, notice of the pendency of the proceeding, describing the 14 boundaries of the proposed district, and from the time of such filing 15 16 all persons shall be deemed to have notice of the pendency of the 17 proceeding and be bound thereby. Upon the hearing upon such petition, hereinafter provided, if the same be denied any person interested may 18 19 file in the office of said county auditor a certified copy of the order 20 denying the same, whereupon the auditor shall enter the discharge of the notice of the pendency of the proceeding on the margin of the 21 record thereof. And the like discharge may be filed whenever the 22 23 proceeding is terminated for any other reason.

Sec. 616. RCW 91.08.080 and 1911 c 23 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

At the time and place prescribed in the said notice any owner of land within said proposed improvement district may file with the board his or her written consent to the proposed improvement, and he or she shall then be considered as a petitioner; and if the owners of more than one half of the lands within the district, including the lands represented by the petition, shall assent to the prayer of said petition, the board shall then proceed to hear and consider any objections which may have been filed at that or any previous time, and may adjourn such hearing from day to day. If the board after full hearing on the merits of the proposed waterway shall be satisfied that the same will be of benefit to the public interests, and that private benefit will result to the lands within the district sufficient to

24

2526

2728

29

3031

32

33

34

3536

**Sec. 617.** RCW 91.08.130 and 1911 c 23 s 11 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

The board shall file a petition, verified by its ((chairman)) chair and signed by the prosecuting attorney, in the superior court of the county, praying that the property described may be taken or damaged for the purpose specified and that compensation therefor be ascertained by a jury or by the court in case a jury be waived. Such petition shall allege the creation of the waterway district and contain a copy of the order directing the proceeding, a reasonably accurate description of the lots or parcels of land or other property which will be taken or damaged, and the names of the owners and occupants of said lands and of said persons having any interest therein so far as known to the said board, or as appears from the records in the office of the county auditor.

**Sec. 618.** RCW 91.08.150 and 1911 c 23 s 13 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

In case the land or other property sought to be taken or damaged is state land, the summons and copy of petition shall be served upon the commissioner of public lands; if it is county land it shall be served upon the county auditor, and if school land, upon the county auditor and the ((chairman)) chair of the board of directors of the school district. Service upon other parties defendant, public or private, shall be made in the same manner as is or shall be provided by law for service of summons in other civil actions. If the state is made a defendant the attorney general shall represent it. If the county is a defendant the court shall appoint an attorney to represent it at all stages of the proceedings, and may allow him or her compensation for his or her services as costs of the proceeding.

**Sec. 619.** RCW 91.08.170 and 1911 c 23 s 15 are each amended to 1 2 read as follows:

The jury or court shall also ascertain the just compensation to be 3 4 paid to any person found to have an interest in any lot or parcel of 5 land or property which may be taken or damaged for such improvement, whether or not such person's name or such lot or parcel of land or 6 7 other property is mentioned or described in said petition: PROVIDED, 8 That such person shall first be admitted as a party defendant to such suit by such court and shall file a statement of his or her interest in, and a description of, the lot or parcel of land or other property in respect to which he or she claims compensation.

12 Sec. 620. RCW 91.08.220 and 1911 c 23 s 20 are each amended to read as follows: 13

The court shall have power at any time, upon proof that any defendant who has not been served with process has ceased to be an owner since the filing of such petition, to substitute the new owner as a defendant, and after due service of the summons and petition upon him or her proceed as though he or she had been a party in the first instance; and the court may upon any finding of the jury, or at any time during the course of the proceedings, enter every such order, rule, judgment, or decree as the nature of the case may require.

22 Sec. 621. RCW 91.08.250 and 1988 c 202 s 94 are each amended to read as follows: 23

Any final judgment rendered by said court upon the findings of the court or a jury, shall be the lawful and sufficient condemnation of the land or property to be taken, or of the right to damage the same in the manner proposed, upon the payment of the amount of such findings and all costs which shall be taxed as in other civil cases: PROVIDED, That in case any defendant recovers no award, no costs shall be taxed. judgment shall be final and conclusive as to the damages caused by such improvement, unless appellate review is sought, and no review shall delay proceedings under the order of said board if it shall pay into court for the owners and parties interested, as directed by the court, the amount of the judgment and costs; but such board after making such payment into court shall be liable to such owner or owners, or parties interested, for the payment of any further compensation which may at

9

10

11

14 15

16

17

18 19

20 21

24 25

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33 34

35

any time be finally awarded to such parties seeking review in said 1 2 proceeding, and his or her costs, and shall pay the same on the rendition of judgment therefor and abide any rule or order of the court 3 in relation to the matter in controversy. In case of review by the 4 5 supreme court or the court of appeals of the state, the money so paid into the superior court by the board, as aforesaid, shall remain in the 6 7 custody of said superior court until the final determination of the proceedings. If the owner of the land, real estate, premises, or other 8 9 property, accepts the sum awarded by the jury or the court, he or she 10 shall be deemed thereby to have waived conclusively appellate review and final judgment may be rendered in the superior court as in other 11 12 cases.

## 13 **Sec. 622.** RCW 91.08.250 and 1988 c 202 s 94 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

2526

27

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

36

Any final judgment rendered by said court upon the findings of the court or a jury, shall be the lawful and sufficient condemnation of the land or property to be taken, or of the right to damage the same in the manner proposed, upon the payment of the amount of such findings and all costs which shall be taxed as in other civil cases: PROVIDED, That in case any defendant recovers no award, no costs shall be taxed. Such judgment shall be final and conclusive as to the damages caused by such improvement, unless appellate review is sought, and no review shall delay proceedings under the order of said board if it shall pay into court for the owners and parties interested, as directed by the court, the amount of the judgment and costs; but such board after making such payment into court shall be liable to such owner or owners, or parties interested, for the payment of any further compensation which may at any time be finally awarded to such parties seeking review in said proceeding, and his or her costs, and shall pay the same on the rendition of judgment therefor and abide any rule or order of the court in relation to the matter in controversy. In case of review by the supreme court or the court of appeals of the state, the money so paid into the superior court by the board, as aforesaid, shall remain in the custody of said superior court until the final determination of the proceedings. If the owner of the land, real estate, premises, or other property, accepts the sum awarded by the jury or the court, he or she

- 1 shall be deemed thereby to have waived conclusively appellate review
- 2 and final judgment may be rendered in the superior court as in other
- 3 cases.

5

6 7

8

9

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18 19

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

3435

36

Sec. 623. RCW 91.08.280 and 1911 c 23 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

Said commissioners, before entering upon their duties, shall take and subscribe an oath that they will faithfully perform the duties of the office to which they are appointed, and will to the best of their abilities make true and impartial assessments according to the law. Every commissioner shall receive compensation at the rate of five dollars per day for each day actually spent in making the assessment herein provided for, upon his or her filing in the proceeding a verified statement showing the number of days he or she has actually spent therein; and upon the approval of said statement by the judge of the court in which the proceeding is pending, the board shall issue a warrant in the amount so approved, upon the special fund created to pay the awards and costs of said proceeding; and the fees of such commissioners so paid, and all expenses returned by them and allowed by the court shall be included in the cost and expense of such proceeding.

20 **Sec. 624.** RCW 91.08.340 and 1911 c 23 s 32 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

Any person interested in any property assessed and desiring to object to the assessment thereon, shall file his or her objections to such report at any time before the day set for hearing said roll, and serve a copy thereof upon the prosecuting attorney. As to all property to the assessment upon which no objections are filed and served, as herein provided, default may be entered and the assessment confirmed by On the hearing of objections the report commissioners shall be competent evidence to support the assessment, but either party may introduce such other evidence as may tend to establish the right of the matter. The hearing shall be conducted as in other cases at law tried by the court without a jury; and if it shall appear that the property of the objector is assessed more or less than it will be benefited, or more or less than its proportionate share of the cost of the condemnation and improvement, the court shall so find, and it shall also find the amount in which said property ought to

- 1 be assessed and correct the assessment accordingly. Judgment shall be
- 2 entered confirming the assessment roll as originally filed or as
- 3 corrected, as the case may require.

2223

2425

2627

28

29

30

31

4 **Sec. 625.** RCW 91.08.370 and 1911 c 23 s 35 are each amended to read as follows:

6 The clerk of the court in which such judgment is rendered shall certify a copy of the assessment roll as confirmed, and of the judgment 7 8 confirming the same, to the treasurer of the county, or if there has been an appeal taken from any part of such judgment, then he or she 9 shall certify such part of the roll and judgment as is not included in 10 11 such appeal, and the remainder when final judgment is entered: PROVIDED, That if upon such appeal the judgment of the superior court 12 shall be affirmed, the assessments on such property as to which appeal 13 has been taken shall bear interest at the same rate and from the same 14 15 date which other assessments not paid within the time hereafter 16 provided shall bear. Such copy of the assessment roll shall be 17 sufficient warrant to the county treasurer to collect the assessments 18 therein specified in the manner hereinafter provided.

19 **Sec. 626.** RCW 91.08.390 and 1911 c 23 s 37 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

The owner of any land charged with an assessment under this chapter, may discharge the same from all liability for the cost of such condemnation and improvement by paying the entire assessment charged against his <u>or her</u> land, without interest, within the time fixed by the notice of the county treasurer for the payment thereof; or within said time he <u>or she</u> may pay a part of such assessment and allow the remainder to continue as an assessment upon his <u>or her</u> land to be collected and paid as hereinafter provided; or within said time he <u>or she</u> may pay the entire assessment per square foot upon any part of his <u>or her</u> land, providing that he <u>or she</u> shall when paying such partial assessment give to the treasurer a description of the tract paid for.

- 32 **Sec. 627.** RCW 91.08.400 and 1911 c 23 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
- When any assessment shall be paid either in full or in part only,

- 1 within the time for payment without interest fixed by his or her
- 2 notice, the treasurer shall note the fact of such payment opposite the
- 3 assessment.

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

29

30

31

32

3334

35

36

Sec. 628. RCW 91.08.410 and 1981 c 156 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

Immediately after the expiration of the time fixed by his or her notice for payment of assessments without interest, the treasurer shall divide the several assessments which remain unpaid in whole or in part into ten equal amounts or installments, as near as may be, without fractional cents, and enter said installments upon the roll opposite several assessments, numbering the same from one to ten successively. And thereafter said treasurer shall annually for ten years, before the time fixed by law for the collection of state and county taxes, add one of the said assessment installments with interest for one year from the expiration of the time for payment without interest, or of the anniversary thereof, at a rate determined by the board on the entire unpaid assessment, to the tax levied upon the property assessed, where said tax appears upon the county tax roll, and collect said installment and interest, without reduction of percentage for prepayment, at the same time and in the same manner as state and county taxes are collected. And after delinquency said installments and interest shall be subject to the same charges for increased interest and penalties as are other delinquent taxes. But no tax sale of lands assessed under this chapter shall discharge the same from the lien of any unpaid installments of the assessment against it until all installments and interest are fully paid.

27 **Sec. 629.** RCW 91.08.430 and 1981 c 156 s 35 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

The owner of any lands assessed under this chapter may at any time after the time fixed by the treasurer's notice for payment without interest, discharge his <u>or her</u> lands from the unpaid assessment by paying the principal of all installments unpaid with interest thereon at a rate determined by the board to the next anniversary of the time fixed as aforesaid; or he <u>or she</u> may pay one or more installments, with like interest, beginning with installment number ten and continuing in the inverse numerical order of installments. The successor in title to

- any part of his or her lands may have the proportionate assessment 1 2 segregated on the roll and charged to such part upon his or her
- producing to the treasurer his or her recorded deed to such part. 3

11

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

4 Sec. 630. RCW 91.08.460 and 1911 c 23 s 44 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Immediately after expiration of the time fixed by the treasurer for 7 the payment of assessments levied under this chapter, he or she shall report to the board in writing the sum collected by him or her and in his or her hands to the credit of the assessment roll; and thereafter 9 10 and on or before the first days of January and July in each year he or she shall make written reports to said board of the sums collected by him or her upon said roll, stating in detail the amount of principal, 12 13 interest, and penalty so collected, the amount of principal remaining uncollected, and also, in detail, the principal and interest paid out 14 15 by him or her under authority of the board, and the balance in his or 16 her hands to the credit of the roll.

**Sec. 631.** RCW 91.08.500 and 1985 c 469 s 98 are each amended to 17 18 read as follows:

The treasurer shall pay the interest on the bonds authorized to be issued by this chapter, on presentation of matured coupons therefor, out of the funds of the district in his or her hands. Whenever there shall be sufficient money in any such fund (not less than one thousand dollars) over and above sufficient for the payment of matured interest on all outstanding bonds, to pay the principal of one or more bonds, the treasurer shall call in and pay the bonds in their numerical order: PROVIDED, That the call for bonds shall be made by publication in the official newspaper of the county within five days after the semiannual interest period, and shall state that bonds numbered . . . . . . . . . (giving the serial numbers of the bonds called) will be paid on presentation; and that after a date named, not more than fifteen days thereafter, interest on the bonds called shall cease.

- Sec. 632. RCW 91.08.510 and 1983 c 167 s 269 are each amended to 32 read as follows: 33
- 34 The owner of any bond issued under authority of this chapter shall 35 not have any claim therefor against any person, body, or corporation,

- 1 except from the special assessment made for the improvement for which
- 2 such bond was issued; but his <u>or her</u> remedy in case of nonpayment shall
- 3 be confined to the enforcement of such assessment. A copy of this
- 4 section shall be plainly written, printed, or engraved on each bond so
- 5 issued.

- 6 **Sec. 633.** RCW 91.08.550 and 1911 c 23 s 54 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 The indebtedness of any such district on contracts, or upon employment or for supplies, shall be paid by warrants on the district 9 10 fund only, to be issued by the board upon allowed written claims. warrants shall be in form the same as county warrants, or as nearly the 11 same as may be practicable; shall draw the legal rate of interest from 12 13 the date of their presentation to the county treasurer for payment, and 14 shall be signed by the ((chairman)) chair and attested by the clerk: 15 PROVIDED, That no warrants shall be issued in payment of
- 17 **Sec. 634.** RCW 91.08.560 and 1911 c 23 s 55 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

indebtedness of such district for less than the face or par value.

- All warrants issued under RCW 91.08.550 may be presented by the 19 20 holders thereof to the county treasurer, who shall pay them or endorse 21 thereon the date of presentation for payment and if the same are not paid, and the reason for their nonpayment; and no warrant shall draw 22 interest until it is so presented and endorsed by the county treasurer. 23 24 It shall be the duty of the treasurer from time to time, when he or she 25 has sufficient funds in his or her hands for the purpose, to give 26 notice to warrant holders to present their warrants for payment; such notice to be given by advertisement in the county newspaper. And 27 28 thirty days after the first publication of said notice the warrants 29 called shall cease to bear interest. Said notice shall be published 30 once each week for two weeks consecutively, and such warrants shall be 31 called and paid in the order of their endorsement.
- 32 **Sec. 635.** RCW 91.08.590 and 1911 c 23 s 59 are each amended to read as follows:
- Any defendant in a condemnation proceeding under this chapter, whose remaining land, or whose other lands in the district, shall be

assessed for benefits arising from the improvement, may pay his or her assessments in full, if they be less than his or her condemnation judgment, at or before the time fixed by the treasurer for the payment of assessments without interest, by satisfying his or her judgment upon the judgment docket and producing to the treasurer the certificate of the county clerk that the judgment has been satisfied. And if his or her assessments be greater than his or her condemnation judgments he or she may, within the same time, pay his or her assessment to the extent of his or her judgment by the like satisfaction and the like production of the clerk's certificate to the treasurer. In each case the treasurer shall note the payment and the manner thereof on the assessment roll and report the same to the board. 

**Sec. 636.** RCW 91.08.600 and 1911 c 23 s 60 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

At any time before the completion of excavations required for the construction, deepening, or widening of a waterway under this chapter, when there will be surplus material dug or dredged from such waterway, any owner of land within the district, for the filling of whose land no provision has theretofore been made, may have such surplus material delivered upon his or her land for filling purposes upon paying the cost of such delivery in a sum to be fixed by the board. The sum so fixed shall be paid to the treasurer at such time and in such manner as the board may prescribe, and shall be credited to the district fund.

24 Sec. 637. RCW 91.08.620 and 1911 c 23 s 62 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

Should any sum of money paid into court as compensation or damages for land or property taken or damaged in any condemnation proceeding under this chapter be uncalled for the period of two years, the county clerk shall satisfy the judgment therefor and pay the money in his or her hands to the treasurer for the road fund of the county. But upon application to the board of county commissioners within four years after such payment, the party entitled thereto shall be paid such money by the county without interest: PROVIDED, That if any such party, being a natural person, was under legal disabilities when such money was paid to the treasurer, the time within which he or she or his or

- 1 <u>her</u> legal representatives shall make application for the payment
- 2 thereof shall not expire until one year after his or her death or the
- 3 removal of his <u>or her</u> disabilities.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 638.** Section 42 of this act expires December 1,
- 5 2013.
- 6 NEW\_SECTION. Sec. 639. Section 43 of this act takes effect
- 7 December 1, 2013.

--- END ---