
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1249

State of Washington

62nd Legislature

2011 Regular Session

By House Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Representatives Cody, Pettigrew, Hunter, and Darneille; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

READ FIRST TIME 01/21/11.

1 AN ACT Relating to ensuring efficient and economic medicaid nursing
2 facility payments; amending RCW 74.46.431, 74.46.435, 74.46.437,
3 74.46.485, 74.46.496, 74.46.501, 74.46.506, 74.46.515, and 74.46.521;
4 repealing RCW 74.46.433; providing an effective date; and declaring an
5 emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 74.46.431 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 3 are each amended
8 to read as follows:

9 (1) Nursing facility medicaid payment rate allocations shall be
10 facility-specific and shall have (~~seven~~) six components: Direct
11 care, therapy care, support services, operations, property, and
12 financing allowance(~~(, and variable return)~~). The department shall
13 establish and adjust each of these components, as provided in this
14 section and elsewhere in this chapter, for each medicaid nursing
15 facility in this state.

16 (2) Component rate allocations in therapy care and support services
17 for all facilities shall be based upon a minimum facility occupancy of
18 eighty-five percent of licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are
19 set up or in use. Component rate allocations in operations, property,

1 and financing allowance for essential community providers shall be
2 based upon a minimum facility occupancy of (~~eighty-five~~) eighty-seven
3 percent of licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are set up or in
4 use. Component rate allocations in operations, property, and financing
5 allowance for small nonessential community providers shall be based
6 upon a minimum facility occupancy of (~~ninety~~) ninety-two percent of
7 licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are set up or in use.
8 Component rate allocations in operations, property, and financing
9 allowance for large nonessential community providers shall be based
10 upon a minimum facility occupancy of (~~ninety-two~~) ninety-five percent
11 of licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are set up or in use.
12 For all facilities, the component rate allocation in direct care shall
13 be based upon actual facility occupancy. The median cost limits used
14 to set component rate allocations shall be based on the applicable
15 minimum occupancy percentage. In determining each facility's therapy
16 care component rate allocation under RCW 74.46.511, the department
17 shall apply the applicable minimum facility occupancy adjustment before
18 creating the array of facilities' adjusted therapy costs per adjusted
19 resident day. In determining each facility's support services
20 component rate allocation under RCW 74.46.515(3), the department shall
21 apply the applicable minimum facility occupancy adjustment before
22 creating the array of facilities' adjusted support services costs per
23 adjusted resident day. In determining each facility's operations
24 component rate allocation under RCW 74.46.521(3), the department shall
25 apply the minimum facility occupancy adjustment before creating the
26 array of facilities' adjusted general operations costs per adjusted
27 resident day.

28 (3) Information and data sources used in determining medicaid
29 payment rate allocations, including formulas, procedures, cost report
30 periods, resident assessment instrument formats, resident assessment
31 methodologies, and resident classification and case mix weighting
32 methodologies, may be substituted or altered from time to time as
33 determined by the department.

34 (4)(a) Direct care component rate allocations shall be established
35 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months.
36 Effective July 1, 2009, the direct care component rate allocation shall
37 be rebased, (~~using the adjusted cost report data for the calendar year~~
38 ~~two years immediately preceding the rate rebase period,~~) so that

1 adjusted cost report data for calendar year 2007 is used for July 1,
2 2009, through June 30, (~~(2012))~~ 2013. Beginning July 1, (~~(2012))~~ 2013,
3 the direct care component rate allocation shall be rebased biennially
4 during every (~~even-numbered~~) odd-numbered year thereafter using
5 adjusted cost report data from two years prior to the rebase period, so
6 adjusted cost report data for calendar year (~~(2010))~~ 2011 is used for
7 July 1, (~~(2012))~~ 2013, through June 30, (~~(2014))~~ 2015, and so forth.

8 (b) Direct care component rate allocations established in
9 accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic
10 trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial
11 appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or
12 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be
13 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors
14 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to
15 the direct care component rate allocation established in accordance
16 with this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions factor or
17 factors for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations
18 act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in any
19 earlier biennial appropriations act shall be applied solely or
20 compounded to the direct care component rate allocation established in
21 accordance with this chapter.

22 (5)(a) Therapy care component rate allocations shall be established
23 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months.
24 Effective July 1, 2009, the therapy care component rate allocation
25 shall be cost rebased, so that adjusted cost report data for calendar
26 year 2007 is used for July 1, 2009, through June 30, (~~(2012))~~ 2013.
27 Beginning July 1, (~~(2012))~~ 2013, the therapy care component rate
28 allocation shall be rebased biennially during every (~~even-numbered~~)
29 odd-numbered year thereafter using adjusted cost report data from two
30 years prior to the rebase period, so adjusted cost report data for
31 calendar year (~~(2010))~~ 2011 is used for July 1, (~~(2012))~~ 2013, through
32 June 30, (~~(2014))~~ 2015, and so forth.

33 (b) Therapy care component rate allocations established in
34 accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic
35 trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial
36 appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or
37 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be
38 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors

1 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to
2 the therapy care component rate allocation established in accordance
3 with this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions factor or
4 factors for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations
5 act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in any
6 earlier biennial appropriations act shall be applied solely or
7 compounded to the therapy care component rate allocation established in
8 accordance with this chapter.

9 (6)(a) Support services component rate allocations shall be
10 established using adjusted cost report data covering at least six
11 months. Effective July 1, 2009, the support services component rate
12 allocation shall be cost rebased, so that adjusted cost report data for
13 calendar year 2007 is used for July 1, 2009, through June 30, (~~2012~~)
14 2013. Beginning July 1, (~~2012~~) 2013, the support services component
15 rate allocation shall be rebased biennially during every (~~even-~~
16 ~~numbered~~) odd-numbered year thereafter using adjusted cost report data
17 from two years prior to the rebase period, so adjusted cost report data
18 for calendar year (~~2010~~) 2011 is used for July 1, (~~2012~~) 2013,
19 through June 30, (~~2014~~) 2015, and so forth.

20 (b) Support services component rate allocations established in
21 accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic
22 trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial
23 appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or
24 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be
25 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors
26 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to
27 the support services component rate allocation established in
28 accordance with this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions
29 factor or factors for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial
30 appropriations act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors
31 defined in any earlier biennial appropriations act shall be applied
32 solely or compounded to the support services component rate allocation
33 established in accordance with this chapter.

34 (7)(a) Operations component rate allocations shall be established
35 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months.
36 Effective July 1, 2009, the operations component rate allocation shall
37 be cost rebased, so that adjusted cost report data for calendar year
38 2007 is used for July 1, 2009, through June 30, (~~2012~~) 2013.

1 Beginning July 1, (~~(2012)~~) 2013, the operations care component rate
2 allocation shall be rebased biennially during every (~~(even-numbered)~~)
3 odd-numbered year thereafter using adjusted cost report data from two
4 years prior to the rebase period, so adjusted cost report data for
5 calendar year (~~(2010)~~) 2011 is used for July 1, (~~(2012)~~) 2013, through
6 June 30, (~~(2014)~~) 2015, and so forth.

7 (b) Operations component rate allocations established in accordance
8 with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and
9 conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial
10 appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or
11 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be
12 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors
13 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to
14 the operations component rate allocation established in accordance with
15 this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions factor or factors
16 for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations act, no
17 economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in any earlier
18 biennial appropriations act shall be applied solely or compounded to
19 the operations component rate allocation established in accordance with
20 this chapter.

21 (8) Total payment rates under the nursing facility medicaid payment
22 system shall not exceed facility rates charged to the general public
23 for comparable services.

24 (9) The department shall establish in rule procedures, principles,
25 and conditions for determining component rate allocations for
26 facilities in circumstances not directly addressed by this chapter,
27 including but not limited to: Inflation adjustments for partial-period
28 cost report data, newly constructed facilities, existing facilities
29 entering the medicaid program for the first time or after a period of
30 absence from the program, existing facilities with expanded new bed
31 capacity, existing medicaid facilities following a change of ownership
32 of the nursing facility business, facilities temporarily reducing the
33 number of set-up beds during a remodel, facilities having less than six
34 months of either resident assessment, cost report data, or both, under
35 the current contractor prior to rate setting, and other circumstances.

36 (10) The department shall establish in rule procedures, principles,
37 and conditions, including necessary threshold costs, for adjusting

1 rates to reflect capital improvements or new requirements imposed by
2 the department or the federal government. Any such rate adjustments
3 are subject to the provisions of RCW 74.46.421.

4 (11) Effective July 1, 2010, there shall be no rate adjustment for
5 facilities with banked beds. For purposes of calculating minimum
6 occupancy, licensed beds include any beds banked under chapter 70.38
7 RCW.

8 (12) Facilities obtaining a certificate of need or a certificate of
9 need exemption under chapter 70.38 RCW after June 30, 2001, must have
10 a certificate of capital authorization in order for (a) the
11 depreciation resulting from the capitalized addition to be included in
12 calculation of the facility's property component rate allocation; and
13 (b) the net invested funds associated with the capitalized addition to
14 be included in calculation of the facility's financing allowance rate
15 allocation.

16 **Sec. 2.** RCW 74.46.435 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 5 are each amended
17 to read as follows:

18 (1) The property component rate allocation for each facility shall
19 be determined by dividing the sum of the reported allowable prior
20 period actual depreciation, subject to department rule, adjusted for
21 any capitalized additions or replacements approved by the department,
22 and the retained savings from such cost center, by the greater of a
23 facility's total resident days in the prior period or resident days as
24 calculated on ((~~eighty-five~~)) eighty-seven percent facility occupancy
25 for essential community providers, ((~~ninety~~)) ninety-two percent
26 occupancy for small nonessential community providers, or ((~~ninety-two~~))
27 ninety-five percent facility occupancy for large nonessential community
28 providers. If a capitalized addition or retirement of an asset will
29 result in a different licensed bed capacity during the ensuing period,
30 the prior period total resident days used in computing the property
31 component rate shall be adjusted to anticipated resident day level.

32 (2) A nursing facility's property component rate allocation shall
33 be rebased annually, effective July 1st, in accordance with this
34 section and this chapter.

35 (3) When a certificate of need for a new facility is requested, the
36 department, in reaching its decision, shall take into consideration

1 per-bed land and building construction costs for the facility which
2 shall not exceed a maximum to be established by the secretary.

3 (4) The property component rate allocations calculated in
4 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary
5 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

6 **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.46.437 and 2001 1st sp.s. c 8 s 8 are each amended
7 to read as follows:

8 (1) (~~Beginning July 1, 1999,~~) The department shall establish for
9 each medicaid nursing facility a financing allowance component rate
10 allocation. The financing allowance component rate shall be rebased
11 annually, effective July 1st, in accordance with the provisions of this
12 section and this chapter.

13 (2) (~~Effective July 1, 2001,~~) The financing allowance (~~shall~~
14 ~~be~~) is determined by multiplying the net invested funds of each
15 facility by (~~(.10)~~) .04, and dividing by the greater of a nursing
16 facility's total resident days from the most recent cost report period
17 or resident days calculated on (~~(eighty-five)~~) eighty-seven percent
18 facility occupancy(~~(. Effective July 1, 2002, the financing allowance~~
19 ~~component rate allocation for all facilities, other than essential~~
20 ~~community providers, shall be set by using the greater of a facility's~~
21 ~~total resident days from the most recent cost report period or resident~~
22 ~~days calculated at ninety percent facility occupancy. However, assets~~
23 ~~acquired on or after May 17, 1999, shall be grouped in a separate~~
24 ~~financing allowance calculation that shall be multiplied by .085. The~~
25 ~~financing allowance factor of .085 shall not be applied to the net~~
26 ~~invested funds pertaining to new construction or major renovations~~
27 ~~receiving certificate of need approval or an exemption from certificate~~
28 ~~of need requirements under chapter 70.38 RCW, or to working drawings~~
29 ~~that have been submitted to the department of health for construction~~
30 ~~review approval, prior to May 17, 1999)) for essential community
31 providers, ninety-two percent facility occupancy for small nonessential
32 community providers, or ninety-five percent occupancy for large
33 nonessential community providers. If a capitalized addition,
34 renovation, replacement, or retirement of an asset will result in a
35 different licensed bed capacity during the ensuing period, the prior
36 period total resident days used in computing the financing allowance
37 shall be adjusted to the greater of the anticipated resident day level~~

1 or (~~eighty-five~~) eighty-seven percent of the new licensed bed
2 capacity for essential community providers, ninety-two percent facility
3 occupancy for small nonessential community providers, or ninety-five
4 percent occupancy for large nonessential community providers.
5 (~~Effective July 1, 2002, for all facilities, other than essential~~
6 ~~community providers, the total resident days used to compute the~~
7 ~~financing allowance after a capitalized addition, renovation,~~
8 ~~replacement, or retirement of an asset shall be set by using the~~
9 ~~greater of a facility's total resident days from the most recent cost~~
10 ~~report period or resident days calculated at ninety percent facility~~
11 ~~occupancy.))~~

12 (3) In computing the portion of net invested funds representing the
13 net book value of tangible fixed assets, the same assets, depreciation
14 bases, lives, and methods referred to in (~~RCW 74.46.330, 74.46.350,~~
15 ~~74.46.360, 74.46.370, and 74.46.380~~) department rule, including owned
16 and leased assets, shall be utilized, except that the capitalized cost
17 of land upon which the facility is located and such other contiguous
18 land which is reasonable and necessary for use in the regular course of
19 providing resident care (~~shall~~) must also be included. Subject to
20 provisions and limitations contained in this chapter, for land
21 purchased by owners or lessors before July 18, 1984, capitalized cost
22 of land (~~shall be~~) is the buyer's capitalized cost. For all partial
23 or whole rate periods after July 17, 1984, if the land is purchased
24 after July 17, 1984, capitalized cost (~~shall be~~) is that of the owner
25 of record on July 17, 1984, or buyer's capitalized cost, whichever is
26 lower. In the case of leased facilities where the net invested funds
27 are unknown or the contractor is unable to provide necessary
28 information to determine net invested funds, the secretary (~~shall~~
29 ~~have~~) has the authority to determine an amount for net invested funds
30 based on an appraisal conducted according to (~~RCW 74.46.360(1)~~)
31 department rule.

32 (4) (~~Effective July 1, 2001, for the purpose of calculating a~~
33 ~~nursing facility's financing allowance component rate, if a contractor~~
34 ~~has elected to bank licensed beds prior to May 25, 2001, or elects to~~
35 ~~convert banked beds to active service at any time, under chapter 70.38~~
36 ~~RCW, the department shall use the facility's new licensed bed capacity~~
37 ~~to recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting and revise the~~
38 ~~financing allowance component rate, as needed, effective as of the date~~

1 ~~the beds are banked or converted to active service. However, in no~~
2 ~~case shall the department use less than eighty five percent occupancy~~
3 ~~of the facility's licensed bed capacity after banking or conversion.~~
4 ~~Effective July 1, 2002, in no case, other than for essential community~~
5 ~~providers, shall the department use less than ninety percent occupancy~~
6 ~~of the facility's licensed bed capacity after conversion.~~

7 (5)) The financing allowance rate allocation calculated in
8 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary
9 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

10 **Sec. 4.** RCW 74.46.485 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 9 are each amended
11 to read as follows:

12 (1) The department shall:

13 (a) Employ the resource utilization group III case mix
14 classification methodology. The department shall use the forty-four
15 group index maximizing model for the resource utilization group III
16 grouper version 5.10, but the department may revise or update the
17 classification methodology to reflect advances or refinements in
18 resident assessment or classification, subject to federal requirements.
19 The department may adjust the case mix index for any of the lowest ten
20 resource utilization group categories beginning with PA1 through PE2 to
21 any case mix index that aids in achieving the purpose and intent of RCW
22 74.39A.007 and cost-efficient care; and

23 (b) Implement minimum data set 3.0 under the authority of this
24 section and RCW 74.46.431(3). The department must notify nursing home
25 contractors twenty-eight days in advance the date of implementation of
26 the minimum data set 3.0. In the notification, the department must
27 identify for all semiannual rate settings following the date of minimum
28 data set 3.0 implementation a previously established semiannual case
29 mix adjustment established for the semiannual rate settings that will
30 be used for semiannual case mix calculations in direct care until
31 minimum data set 3.0 is fully implemented. (~~After the department has~~
32 ~~fully implemented minimum data set 3.0, it must adjust any semiannual~~
33 ~~rate setting in which it used the previously established case mix~~
34 ~~adjustment using the new minimum data set 3.0 data.))~~

35 (2) A default case mix group shall be established for cases in
36 which the resident dies or is discharged for any purpose prior to

1 completion of the resident's initial assessment. The default case mix
2 group and case mix weight for these cases shall be designated by the
3 department.

4 (3) A default case mix group may also be established for cases in
5 which there is an untimely assessment for the resident. The default
6 case mix group and case mix weight for these cases shall be designated
7 by the department.

8 **Sec. 5.** RCW 74.46.496 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 10 are each
9 amended to read as follows:

10 (1) Each case mix classification group shall be assigned a case mix
11 weight. The case mix weight for each resident of a nursing facility
12 for each calendar quarter or six-month period during a calendar year
13 shall be based on data from resident assessment instruments completed
14 for the resident and weighted by the number of days the resident was in
15 each case mix classification group. Days shall be counted as provided
16 in this section.

17 (2) The case mix weights shall be based on the average minutes per
18 registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, and certified nurse aide,
19 for each case mix group, and using the United States department of
20 health and human services 1995 nursing facility staff time measurement
21 study stemming from its multistate nursing home case mix and quality
22 demonstration project. Those minutes shall be weighted by statewide
23 ratios of registered nurse to certified nurse aide, and licensed
24 practical nurse to certified nurse aide, wages, including salaries and
25 benefits, which shall be based on 1995 cost report data for this state.

26 (3) The case mix weights shall be determined as follows:

27 (a) Set the certified nurse aide wage weight at 1.000 and calculate
28 wage weights for registered nurse and licensed practical nurse average
29 wages by dividing the certified nurse aide average wage into the
30 registered nurse average wage and licensed practical nurse average
31 wage;

32 (b) Calculate the total weighted minutes for each case mix group in
33 the resource utilization group III classification system by multiplying
34 the wage weight for each worker classification by the average number of
35 minutes that classification of worker spends caring for a resident in
36 that resource utilization group III classification group, and summing
37 the products;

1 (c) Assign ((a)) the lowest case mix weight ((of 1.000)) to the
2 resource utilization group III classification group with the lowest
3 total weighted minutes and calculate case mix weights by dividing the
4 lowest group's total weighted minutes into each group's total weighted
5 minutes and rounding weight calculations to the third decimal place.

6 (4) The case mix weights in this state may be revised if the United
7 States department of health and human services updates its nursing
8 facility staff time measurement studies. The case mix weights shall be
9 revised, but only when direct care component rates are cost-rebased as
10 provided in subsection (5) of this section, to be effective on the July
11 1st effective date of each cost-rebased direct care component rate.
12 However, the department may revise case mix weights more frequently if,
13 and only if, significant variances in wage ratios occur among direct
14 care staff in the different caregiver classifications identified in
15 this section.

16 (5) Case mix weights shall be revised when direct care component
17 rates are cost-rebased as provided in RCW 74.46.431(4).

18 **Sec. 6.** RCW 74.46.501 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 11 are each
19 amended to read as follows:

20 (1) From individual case mix weights for the applicable quarter,
21 the department shall determine two average case mix indexes for each
22 medicaid nursing facility, one for all residents in the facility, known
23 as the facility average case mix index, and one for medicaid residents,
24 known as the medicaid average case mix index.

25 (2)(a) In calculating a facility's two average case mix indexes for
26 each quarter, the department shall include all residents or medicaid
27 residents, as applicable, who were physically in the facility during
28 the quarter in question based on the resident assessment instrument
29 completed by the facility and the requirements and limitations for the
30 instrument's completion and transmission (January 1st through March
31 31st, April 1st through June 30th, July 1st through September 30th, or
32 October 1st through December 31st).

33 (b) The facility average case mix index shall exclude all default
34 cases as defined in this chapter. However, the medicaid average case
35 mix index shall include all default cases.

36 (3) Both the facility average and the medicaid average case mix
37 indexes shall be determined by multiplying the case mix weight of each

1 resident, or each medicaid resident, as applicable, by the number of
2 days, as defined in this section and as applicable, the resident was at
3 each particular case mix classification or group, and then averaging.

4 (4) In determining the number of days a resident is classified into
5 a particular case mix group, the department shall determine a start
6 date for calculating case mix grouping periods as specified by rule.

7 (5) The cutoff date for the department to use resident assessment
8 data, for the purposes of calculating both the facility average and the
9 medicaid average case mix indexes, and for establishing and updating a
10 facility's direct care component rate, shall be one month and one day
11 after the end of the quarter for which the resident assessment data
12 applies.

13 (6)(a) Although the facility average and the medicaid average case
14 mix indexes shall both be calculated quarterly, the cost-rebasing
15 period facility average case mix index will be used throughout the
16 applicable cost-rebasing period in combination with cost report data as
17 specified by RCW 74.46.431 and 74.46.506, to establish a facility's
18 allowable cost per case mix unit. To allow for the transition to
19 minimum data set 3.0 and implementation of resource utilization group
20 IV for the July 1, 2011, through July 1, 2012, cost-rebasing periods
21 the department may determine the calendar quarter or quarters upon
22 which the facility average case mix must be calculated. A facility's
23 medicaid average case mix index shall be used to update a nursing
24 facility's direct care component rate semiannually.

25 (b) The facility average case mix index used to establish each
26 nursing facility's direct care component rate shall be based on an
27 average of calendar quarters of the facility's average case mix indexes
28 from the four calendar quarters occurring during the cost report period
29 used to rebase the direct care component rate allocations as specified
30 in RCW 74.46.431. To allow for the transition to minimum data set 3.0
31 and implementation of resource utilization group IV for the July 1,
32 2011, through July 1, 2012, cost-rebasing periods the department may
33 determine the calendar quarter or quarters upon which the facility
34 average case mix must be calculated.

35 (c) The medicaid average case mix index used to update or
36 recalibrate a nursing facility's direct care component rate
37 semiannually shall be from the calendar six-month period commencing
38 nine months prior to the effective date of the semiannual rate. For

1 example, July 1, 2010, through December 31, 2010, direct care component
2 rates shall utilize case mix averages from the October 1, 2009, through
3 March 31, 2010, calendar quarters, and so forth.

4 **Sec. 7.** RCW 74.46.506 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 12 are each
5 amended to read as follows:

6 (1) The direct care component rate allocation corresponds to the
7 provision of nursing care for one resident of a nursing facility for
8 one day, including direct care supplies. Therapy services and
9 supplies, which correspond to the therapy care component rate, shall be
10 excluded. The direct care component rate includes elements of case mix
11 determined consistent with the principles of this section and other
12 applicable provisions of this chapter.

13 (2) The department shall determine and update semiannually for each
14 nursing facility serving medicaid residents a facility-specific per-
15 resident day direct care component rate allocation, to be effective on
16 the first day of each six-month period. In determining direct care
17 component rates the department shall utilize, as specified in this
18 section, minimum data set resident assessment data for each resident of
19 the facility, as transmitted to, and if necessary corrected by, the
20 department in the resident assessment instrument format approved by
21 federal authorities for use in this state.

22 (3) The department may question the accuracy of assessment data for
23 any resident and utilize corrected or substitute information, however
24 derived, in determining direct care component rates. The department is
25 authorized to impose civil fines and to take adverse rate actions
26 against a contractor, as specified by the department in rule, in order
27 to obtain compliance with resident assessment and data transmission
28 requirements and to ensure accuracy.

29 (4) Cost report data used in setting direct care component rate
30 allocations shall be for rate periods as specified in RCW
31 74.46.431(4)(a).

32 (5) The department shall rebase each nursing facility's direct care
33 component rate allocation as described in RCW 74.46.431, adjust its
34 direct care component rate allocation for economic trends and
35 conditions as described in RCW 74.46.431, and update its medicaid
36 average case mix index as described in RCW 74.46.496 and 74.46.501,
37 consistent with the following:

1 (a) Adjust total direct care costs reported by each nursing
2 facility for the applicable cost report period specified in RCW
3 74.46.431(4)(a) to reflect any department adjustments, and to eliminate
4 reported resident therapy costs and adjustments, in order to derive the
5 facility's total allowable direct care cost;

6 (b) Divide each facility's total allowable direct care cost by its
7 adjusted resident days for the same report period, to derive the
8 facility's allowable direct care cost per resident day;

9 (c) Divide each facility's adjusted allowable direct care cost per
10 resident day by the facility average case mix index for the applicable
11 quarters specified by RCW 74.46.501(6)(b) to derive the facility's
12 allowable direct care cost per case mix unit;

13 (d) Divide nursing facilities into at least two and, if applicable,
14 three peer groups: Those located in nonurban counties; those located
15 in high labor-cost counties, if any; and those located in other urban
16 counties;

17 (e) Array separately the allowable direct care cost per case mix
18 unit for all facilities in nonurban counties; for all facilities in
19 high labor-cost counties, if applicable; and for all facilities in
20 other urban counties, and determine the median allowable direct care
21 cost per case mix unit for each peer group;

22 (f) Determine each facility's semiannual direct care component rate
23 as follows:

24 (i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater
25 than one hundred (~~(twelve)~~) ten percent of the peer group median
26 established under (e) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per
27 case mix unit equal to one hundred (~~(twelve)~~) ten percent of the peer
28 group median, and shall have a direct care component rate allocation
29 equal to the facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by
30 that facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable
31 six-month period specified in RCW 74.46.501(6)(c);

32 (ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less
33 than or equal to one hundred (~~(twelve)~~) ten percent of the peer group
34 median established under (e) of this subsection shall have a direct
35 care component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost
36 per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case
37 mix index from the applicable six-month period specified in RCW
38 74.46.501(6)(c).

1 (6) The direct care component rate allocations calculated in
2 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary
3 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

4 (7) Costs related to payments resulting from increases in direct
5 care component rates, granted under authority of RCW 74.46.508 for a
6 facility's exceptional care residents, shall be offset against the
7 facility's examined, allowable direct care costs, for each report year
8 or partial period such increases are paid. Such reductions in
9 allowable direct care costs shall be for rate setting, settlement, and
10 other purposes deemed appropriate by the department.

11 **Sec. 8.** RCW 74.46.515 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 15 are each
12 amended to read as follows:

13 (1) The support services component rate allocation corresponds to
14 the provision of food, food preparation, dietary, housekeeping, and
15 laundry services for one resident for one day.

16 (2) The department shall determine each medicaid nursing facility's
17 support services component rate allocation using cost report data
18 specified by RCW 74.46.431(6).

19 (3) To determine each facility's support services component rate
20 allocation, the department shall:

21 (a) Array facilities' adjusted support services costs per adjusted
22 resident day, as determined by dividing each facility's total allowable
23 support services costs by its adjusted resident days for the same
24 report period, increased if necessary to a minimum occupancy provided
25 by RCW 74.46.431(2), for each facility from facilities' cost reports
26 from the applicable report year, for facilities located within urban
27 counties, and for those located within nonurban counties and determine
28 the median adjusted cost for each peer group;

29 (b) Set each facility's support services component rate at the
30 lower of the facility's per resident day adjusted support services
31 costs from the applicable cost report period or the adjusted median per
32 resident day support services cost for that facility's peer group,
33 either urban counties or nonurban counties, plus (~~ten~~) eight percent;
34 and

35 (c) Adjust each facility's support services component rate for
36 economic trends and conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(6).

1 (4) The support services component rate allocations calculated in
2 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary
3 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

4 **Sec. 9.** RCW 74.46.521 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 16 are each
5 amended to read as follows:

6 (1) The operations component rate allocation corresponds to the
7 general operation of a nursing facility for one resident for one day,
8 including but not limited to management, administration, utilities,
9 office supplies, accounting and bookkeeping, minor building
10 maintenance, minor equipment repairs and replacements, and other
11 supplies and services, exclusive of direct care, therapy care, support
12 services, property, financing allowance, and variable return.

13 (2) The department shall determine each medicaid nursing facility's
14 operations component rate allocation using cost report data specified
15 by RCW 74.46.431(7)(a). Operations component rates for essential
16 community providers shall be based upon a minimum occupancy of
17 (~~eighty-five~~) eighty-seven percent of licensed beds. Operations
18 component rates for small nonessential community providers shall be
19 based upon a minimum occupancy of (~~ninety~~) ninety-two percent of
20 licensed beds. Operations component rates for large nonessential
21 community providers shall be based upon a minimum occupancy of
22 (~~ninety-two~~) ninety-five percent of licensed beds.

23 (3) For all calculations and adjustments in this subsection, the
24 department shall use the greater of the facility's actual occupancy or
25 an (~~imputed~~) occupancy equal to (~~eighty-five~~) eighty-seven percent
26 for essential community providers, (~~ninety~~) ninety-two percent for
27 small nonessential community providers, or (~~ninety-two~~) ninety-five
28 percent for large nonessential community providers. To determine each
29 facility's operations component rate the department shall:

30 (a) Array facilities' adjusted general operations costs per
31 adjusted resident day, as determined by dividing each facility's total
32 allowable operations cost by its adjusted resident days for the same
33 report period for facilities located within urban counties and for
34 those located within nonurban counties and determine the median
35 adjusted cost for each peer group;

36 (b) Set each facility's operations component rate at the lower of:

1 (i) The facility's per resident day adjusted operations costs from
2 the applicable cost report period adjusted if necessary for minimum
3 occupancy; or

4 (ii) The adjusted median per resident day general operations cost
5 for that facility's peer group, urban counties or nonurban counties;
6 and

7 (c) Adjust each facility's operations component rate for economic
8 trends and conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(7)(b).

9 (4)(a) Effective March 1, 2011, through June 30, 2011, the
10 department shall calculate the operations component rate using an
11 economic and efficiency adjustment factor in accordance with this
12 subsection. To calculate the most efficient and economically operated
13 nursing facilities, the department shall rank, without using peer
14 groups, all facilities in numerical order from highest to lowest
15 according to each facility's examined and documented, but unlidged
16 operations per resident day cost from the most recent cost report
17 period. The ranking must then be divided into four quartiles, each
18 containing, as nearly as possible, an equal number of facilities. The
19 department shall assign the following percentages to each quartile:

20 (i) One hundred percent to facilities in the lowest quartile;

21 (ii) Eighty-eight percent to facilities in the next lowest
22 quartile;

23 (iii) Seventy-eight percent to facilities in the next highest
24 quartile; and

25 (iv) Sixty-eight percent to facilities in the highest quartile.

26 (b) For all calculations and adjustments in this subsection, the
27 department shall use the greater of the facility's actual occupancy or
28 occupancy equal to eighty-seven percent for essential community
29 providers, ninety-two percent for small nonessential community
30 providers, or ninety-five percent for large nonessential community
31 providers. To determine each facility's operation component rate the
32 department shall set each facility's operations component rate at lower
33 of:

34 (i) The rate determined under subsection (3)(b) of this section; or

35 (ii) The facility's per resident day adjusted operations costs from
36 the applicable cost report period multiplied by its economic and
37 efficiency percentage determined under (a)(i) through (iv) of this
38 subsection.

1 (5) The operations component rate allocations calculated in
2 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary
3 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** RCW 74.46.433 (Variable return component
5 rate allocation) and 2010 1st sp.s. c 34 s 4, 2006 c 258 s 3, 2001 1st
6 sp.s. c 8 s 6, & 1999 c 353 s 9 are each repealed.

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** This act is necessary for the immediate
8 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
9 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
10 March 1, 2011.

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