# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1010

59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 8, 2006 Yeas 98 Nays 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 7, 2006 Yeas 46 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL  $1010~\mbox{as}$  passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

### Chief Clerk

# President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

# ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1010

#### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2006 Regular Session

## State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Technology, Energy & Communications (originally sponsored by Representatives Morris, Hudgins, Morrell, Linville, B. Sullivan, McCoy and Chase)

READ FIRST TIME 02/28/05.

1 AN ACT Relating to electric utility planning; and adding a new 2 chapter to Title 19 RCW.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature to 4 NEW SECTION. 5 encourage the development of new safe, clean, and reliable energy resources to meet demand in Washington for affordable and reliable 6 electricity. To achieve this end, the legislature finds it essential 7 8 that electric utilities in Washington develop comprehensive resource plans that explain the mix of generation and demand-side resources they 9 10 plan to use to meet their customers' electricity needs in both the 11 short term and the long term. The legislature intends that information 12 obtained from integrated resource planning under this chapter will be used to assist in identifying and developing new energy generation, 13 conservation and efficiency resources, and related infrastructure to 14 15 meet the state's electricity needs.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply 17 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 18 (1) "Commission" means the utilities and transportation commission. 1 (2) "Conservation and efficiency resources" means any reduction in 2 electric power consumption that results from increases in the 3 efficiency of energy use, production, transmission, or distribution.

(3) "Consumer-owned utility" includes a municipal electric utility 4 5 formed under Title 35 RCW, a public utility district formed under Title 54 RCW, an irrigation district formed under chapter 87.03 RCW, a 6 7 cooperative formed under chapter 23.86 RCW, a mutual corporation or association formed under chapter 24.06 RCW, a port district formed 8 9 under Title 53 RCW, or a water-sewer district formed under Title 57 RCW, that is engaged in the business of distributing electricity to one 10 or more retail electric customers in the state. 11

12 (4) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and13 economic development.

14 (5) "Electric utility" means a consumer-owned or investor-owned 15 utility.

16 (6) "Full requirements customer" means an electric utility that 17 relies on the Bonneville power administration for all power needed to 18 supply its total load requirement other than that served by 19 nondispatchable generating resources totaling no more than six 20 megawatts or renewable resources.

(7) "Governing body" means the elected board of directors, citycouncil, commissioners, or board of any consumer-owned utility.

(8) "High efficiency cogeneration" means the sequential production of electricity and useful thermal energy from a common fuel source, where, under normal operating conditions, the facility has a useful thermal energy output of no less than thirty-three percent of the total energy output.

(9) "Integrated resource plan" means an analysis describing the mix of generating resources and conservation and efficiency resources that will meet current and projected needs at the lowest reasonable cost to the utility and its ratepayers and that complies with the requirements specified in section 3(1) of this act.

33 (10) "Investor-owned utility" means a corporation owned by 34 investors that meets the definition in RCW 80.04.010 and is engaged in 35 distributing electricity to more than one retail electric customer in 36 the state.

37 (11) "Lowest reasonable cost" means the lowest cost mix of 38 generating resources and conservation and efficiency resources

p. 2

determined through a detailed and consistent analysis of a wide range 1 2 of commercially available resources. At a minimum, this analysis must consider resource cost, market-volatility risks, demand-side resource 3 uncertainties, resource dispatchability, resource effect on system 4 5 operation, the risks imposed on the utility and its ratepayers, public policies regarding resource preference adopted by Washington state or б 7 the federal government, and the cost of risks associated with environmental effects including emissions of carbon dioxide. 8

9 (12) "Plan" means either an "integrated resource plan" or a 10 "resource plan."

(13) "Renewable resources" means electricity generation facilities 11 12 fueled by: (a) Water; (b) wind; (c) solar energy; (d) geothermal 13 energy; (e) landfill gas; (f) biomass energy utilizing animal waste, solid organic fuels from wood, forest, or field residues or dedicated 14 energy crops that do not include wood pieces that have been treated 15 with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or 16 17 copper-chrome-arsenic; (g) byproducts of pulping or wood manufacturing processes, including but not limited to bark, wood chips, sawdust, and 18 lignin in spent pulping liquors; (h) ocean thermal, wave, or tidal 19 20 power; or (i) gas from sewage treatment facilities.

(14) "Resource plan" means an assessment that estimates electricity loads and resources over a defined period of time and complies with the requirements in section 3(2) of this act.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Each electric utility must develop a plan 25 consistent with this section.

26 (1) Utilities with more than twenty-five thousand customers that 27 are not full requirements customers shall develop or update an integrated resource plan by September 1, 2008. At a minimum, progress 28 reports reflecting changing conditions and the progress of the 29 integrated resource plan must be produced every two years thereafter. 30 31 An updated integrated resource plan must be developed at least every four years subsequent to the 2008 integrated resource plan. 32 The 33 integrated resource plan, at a minimum, must include:

(a) A range of forecasts, for at least the next ten years, of
 projected customer demand which takes into account econometric data and
 customer usage;

1 (b) An assessment of commercially available conservation and 2 efficiency resources. Such assessment may include, as appropriate, 3 high efficiency cogeneration, demand response and load management 4 programs, and currently employed and new policies and programs needed 5 to obtain the conservation and efficiency resources;

6 (c) An assessment of commercially available, utility scale 7 renewable and nonrenewable generating technologies;

8 (d) A comparative evaluation of renewable and nonrenewable 9 generating resources, including transmission and distribution delivery 10 costs, and conservation and efficiency resources using "lowest 11 reasonable cost" as a criterion;

12 (e) The integration of the demand forecasts and resource 13 evaluations into a long-range assessment describing the mix of supply 14 side generating resources and conservation and efficiency resources 15 that will meet current and projected needs at the lowest reasonable 16 cost and risk to the utility and its ratepayers; and

(f) A short-term plan identifying the specific actions to be takenby the utility consistent with the long-range integrated resource plan.

(2) All other utilities may elect to develop a full integrated
resource plan as set forth in subsection (1) of this section or, at a
minimum, shall develop a resource plan that:

22 (a) Estimates loads for the next five and ten years;

(b) Enumerates the resources that will be maintained and/or acquired to serve those loads; and

(c) Explains why the resources in (b) of this subsection were
chosen and, if the resources chosen are not renewable resources or
conservation and efficiency resources, why such a decision was made.

(3) An electric utility that is required to develop a resource plan
under this section must complete its initial plan by September 1, 2008.

30 (4) Resource plans developed under this section must be updated on31 a regular basis, at a minimum on intervals of two years.

32 (5) Plans shall not be a basis to bring legal action against33 electric utilities.

34 (6) Each electric utility shall publish its final plan either as
35 part of an annual report or as a separate document available to the
36 public. The report may be in an electronic form.

p. 4

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) Investor-owned utilities shall submit integrated resource plans to the commission. The commission shall establish by rule the requirements for preparation and submission of integrated resource plans.

5 (2) The commission may adopt additional rules as necessary to 6 clarify the requirements of section 3 of this act as they apply to 7 investor-owned utilities.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) The governing body of a consumer-owned 9 utility that develops a plan under this chapter shall encourage 10 participation of its consumers in development of the plans and progress 11 reports and approve the plans and progress reports after it has 12 provided public notice and hearing.

(2) Each consumer-owned utility shall transmit a copy of its plan to the department by September 1, 2008, and transmit subsequent progress reports or plans to the department at least every two years thereafter. The department shall develop, in consultation with utilities, a common cover sheet that summarizes the essential data in their plans or progress reports.

(3) Consumer-owned utilities may develop plans of a similar type jointly with other consumer-owned utilities. Data and assessments included in joint reports must be identifiable to each individual utility.

23 (4) To minimize duplication of effort and maximize efficient use of 24 utility resources, in developing their plans under section 3 of this act, consumer-owned utilities are encouraged to use resource planning 25 26 concepts, techniques, and information provided to and by organizations such as the United States department of energy, the Northwest planning 27 and conservation council, Pacific Northwest utility conference 28 committee, and other state, regional, national, and international 29 30 entities, and, for the 2008 plan, as appropriate, are encouraged to use 31 and be consistent with relevant determinations required under Title XII - Electricity; Subtitle E, Sections 1251 - 1254 of the federal 32 33 energy policy act of 2005.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. The department shall review the plans of 35 consumer-owned utilities and investor-owned utilities, and data 36 available from other state, regional, and national sources, and prepare

p. 5

an electronic report to the legislature aggregating the data and 1 2 assessing the overall adequacy of Washington's electricity supply. The report shall include a statewide summary of utility load forecasts, 3 load/resource balance, and utility plans for the development of thermal 4 generation, renewable resources, and conservation and efficiency 5 resources. The commission shall provide the department with data 6 7 summarizing the plans of investor-owned utilities for use in the 8 department's statewide summary. The department may submit its report within the biennial report required under RCW 43.21F.045. 9

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Sections 1 through 6 of this act constitute 11 a new chapter in Title 19 RCW.

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